

Name: Mina Sabry Abdelmessih

ID: 686876

Report: Pressure Sensor

Contents:

- ❖ 1. Case Study
- ❖ 2. Method
- ❖ 3. Requirments
- ❖ 4. Space Exploration
- ❖ 5. System Analysis
- ❖ 6. System Design

## **1.Case Study:**

### **Problem:**

There is a danger for the airplane if pressure is above than 20.

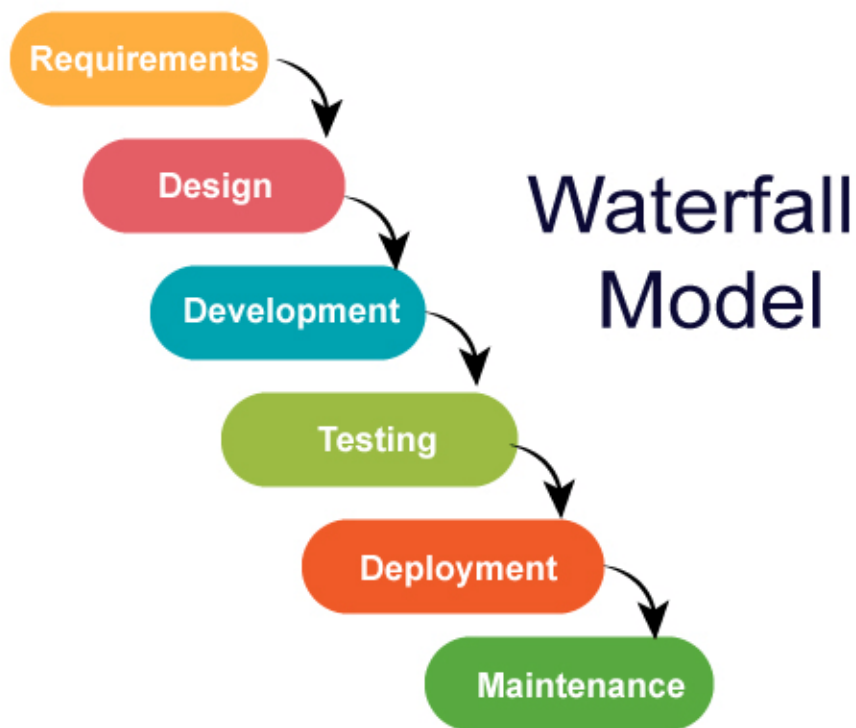
### **Target:**

Build an embedded system to measure the pressure and make an alarm for a while if pressure more than Threshold.

### **How?:**

We will make a pressure system using STM32 to measure pressure and and make alarm for a 60 seconds if above than 20.

## 2.Method

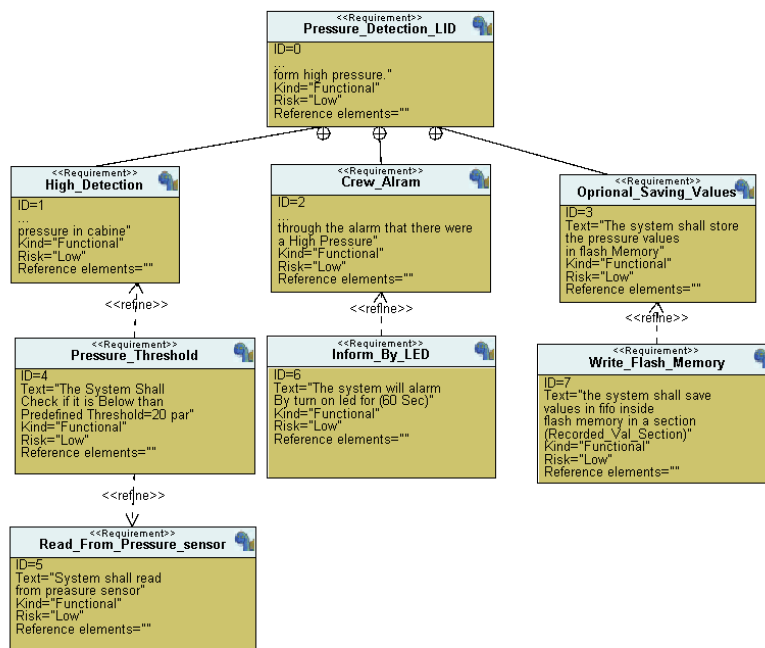


Using waterfall:

Why?

1. Requirements are clear and fixed that may not change.
2. There are no ambiguous requirements (no confusion).
3. It is good to use this model when the technology is well understood.
4. The project is short and cost is low.
5. Risk is zero or minimum.

### 3.Requirments



The Main is Pressure\_Detection\_LID: The system shall protect the crew form high pressure.

Pressure\_Detection\_LID contains: of High\_Detection & Crew\_Alam & Opriional\_Saving\_Values.

1.High\_Detection: The system shall check pressure in cabine & contains: Pressure\_Threshold & Read\_From\_Pressure\_sensor.

Pressure\_Threshold: The System Shall Check if it is Below than Predefined Threshold=20 par.

Read\_From\_Pressure\_sensor: System shall read from preasure sensor.

2. Crew\_Alam: The system shall inform the crew through the alarm that there were a High Pressure & contains: Inform\_By\_LED.

Inform\_By\_LED: The system will alarm By turn on led for (60 Sec).

3. Oprional\_Saving\_Values. The system shall store the pressure values in flash Memory & contains: Write\_Flash\_Memory.

Write\_Flash\_Memory: the system shall save values in fifo inside flash memory in a section(Recorded\_Val\_Section).

## 4.Space Exploration:

Using:**STM32F103C6:**

Mainstream Performance line, Arm Cortex-M3 MCU with 32 Kbytes of Flash memory, 72 MHz CPU

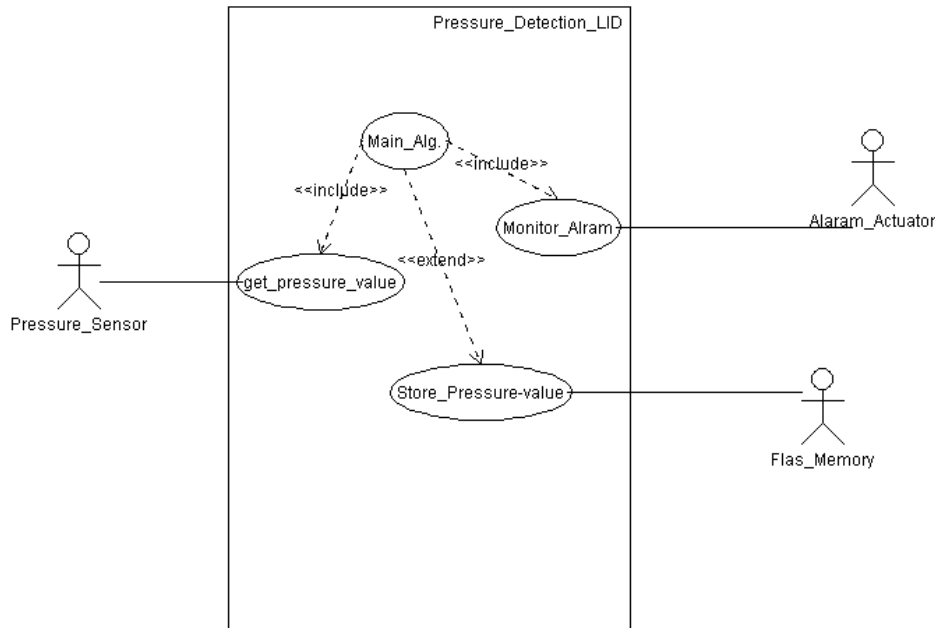
1 Method: Scaling up number before and down after calculation. Yes Accuracy is down and Timing in micro seconds.

2 Method: Partition of float number into mantissa and fraction (Float to Fixed conversion ) than do calculation. Accuracy is good but took too much time near 7-8 microsecond for single float multiplication.

For my requirements any method will be okay, condition- Accuracy should be good and Float Multiplication time should below 1 microsecond.

## 5. System Analysis:

### 1. Use Case Diagram:



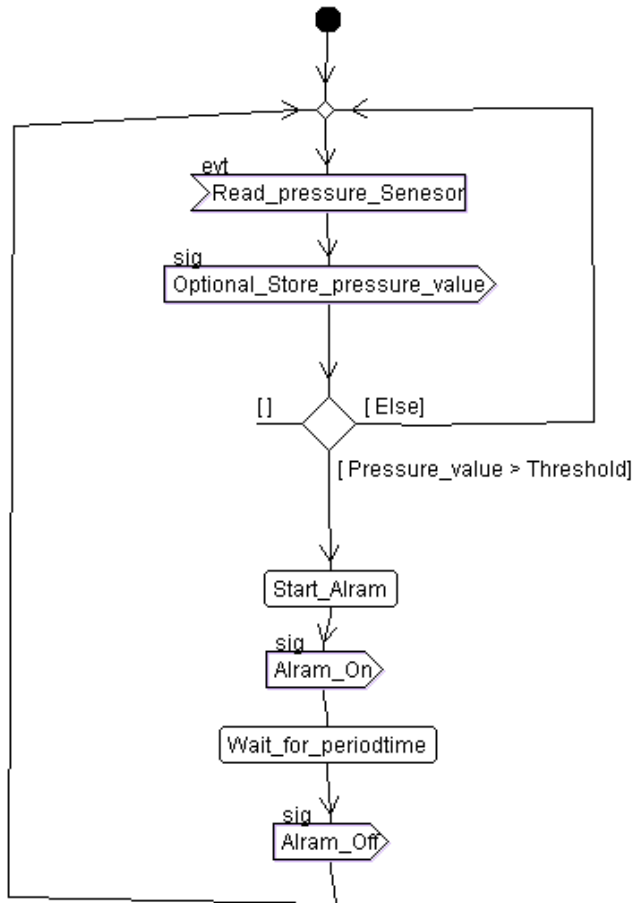
There are 3 actuators: 1. Pressure\_Sensor

2. Alarm\_Actuator

3. Flas\_Memory

Main\_Alg. **Includes** each of get\_pressure\_value & Monitor\_Alam & **extends** Store\_Pressure-value (because it is an **optional**).

## 2. Activity Diagram:



At first it is **event** Read\_pressure\_Senesor :measure the pressure degree .

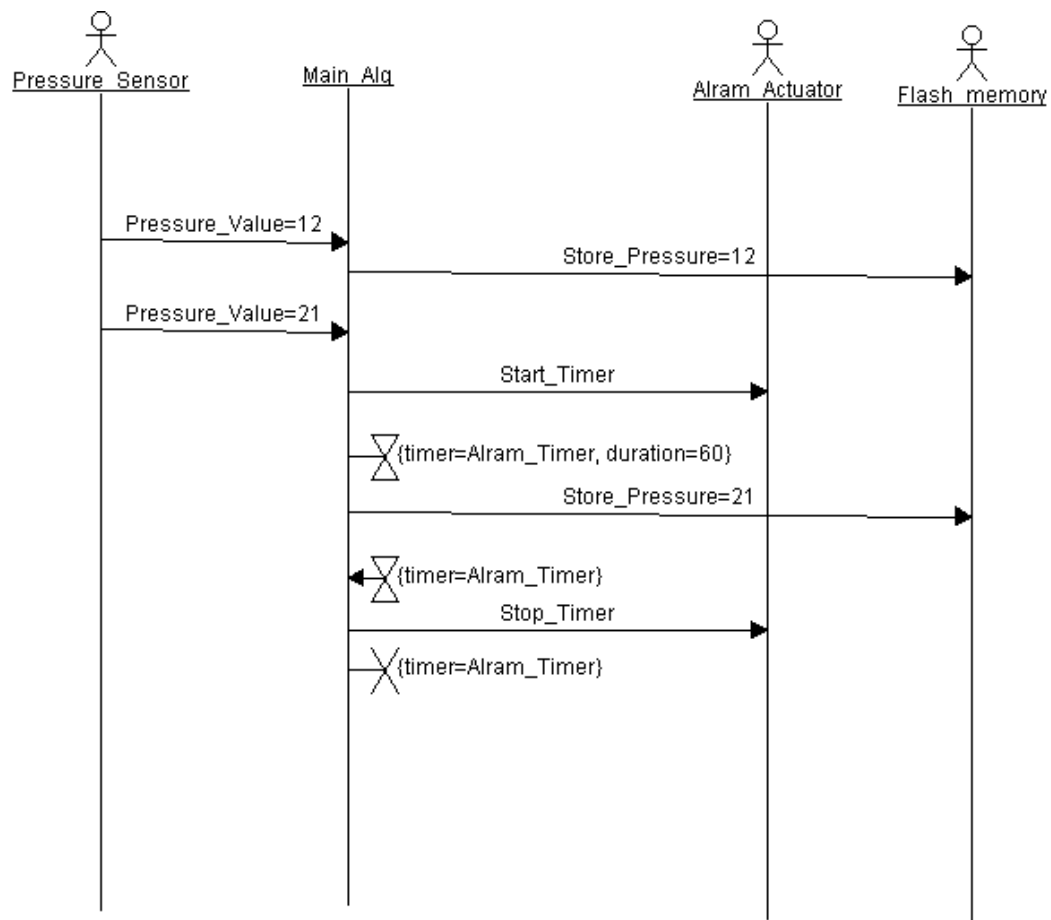
and get **signal** Optional\_Store\_pressure\_value:store the value at flash memory.



And there is a conditional test if [ Pressure\_value > Threshold] then send signal Alram\_On and Wait\_for\_periodtime:wait for 60 sec. Then send signal Alram\_Off then go to first step.

Else: Go to first step.

### 3. Sequence Diagram:



There are 3 Actuators: Pressure\_Sensor & Alram\_Actuator & Flash\_memory.

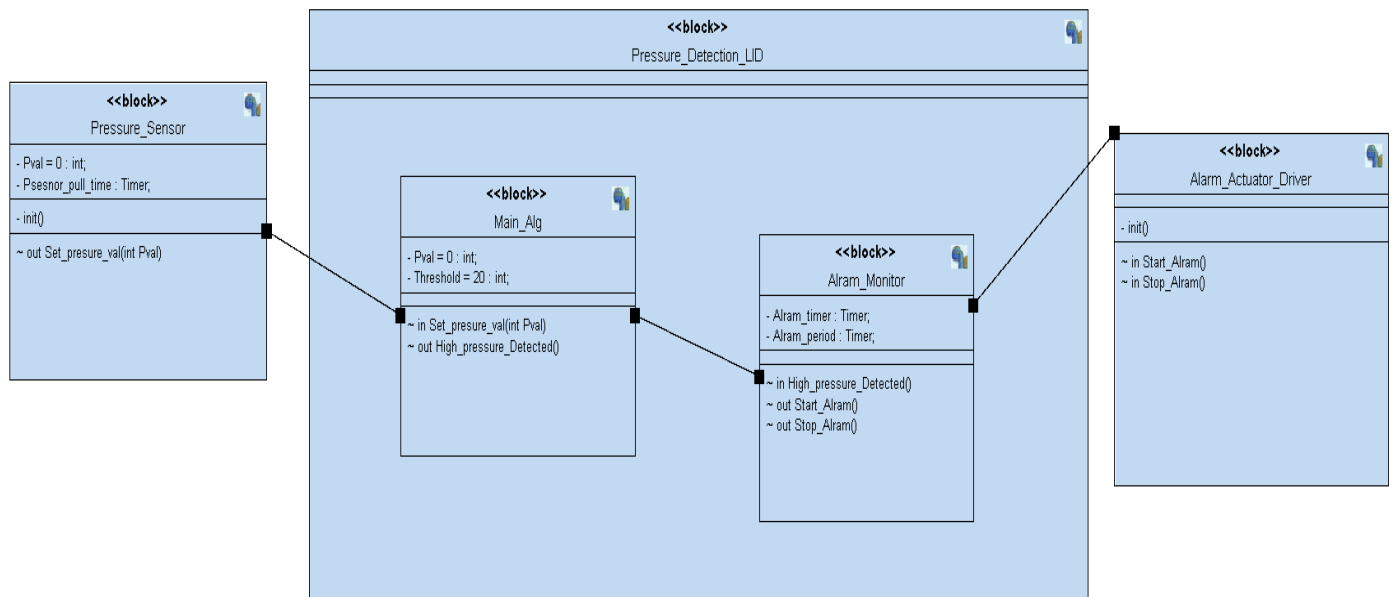
Main\_alg: is the code

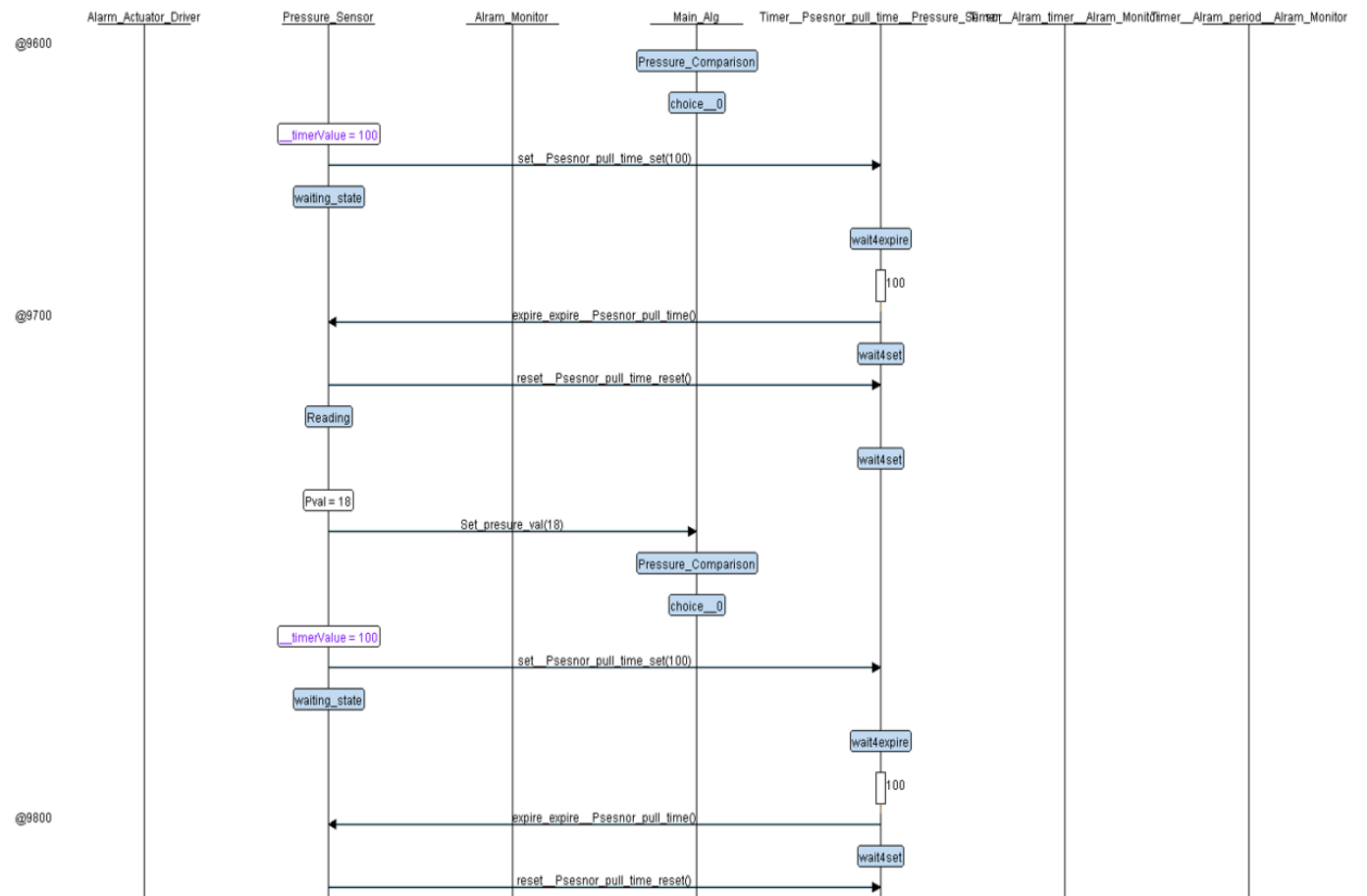
First: Pressure\_Sensor measure the pressure than  
Send to Main\_alg: compare it to 20

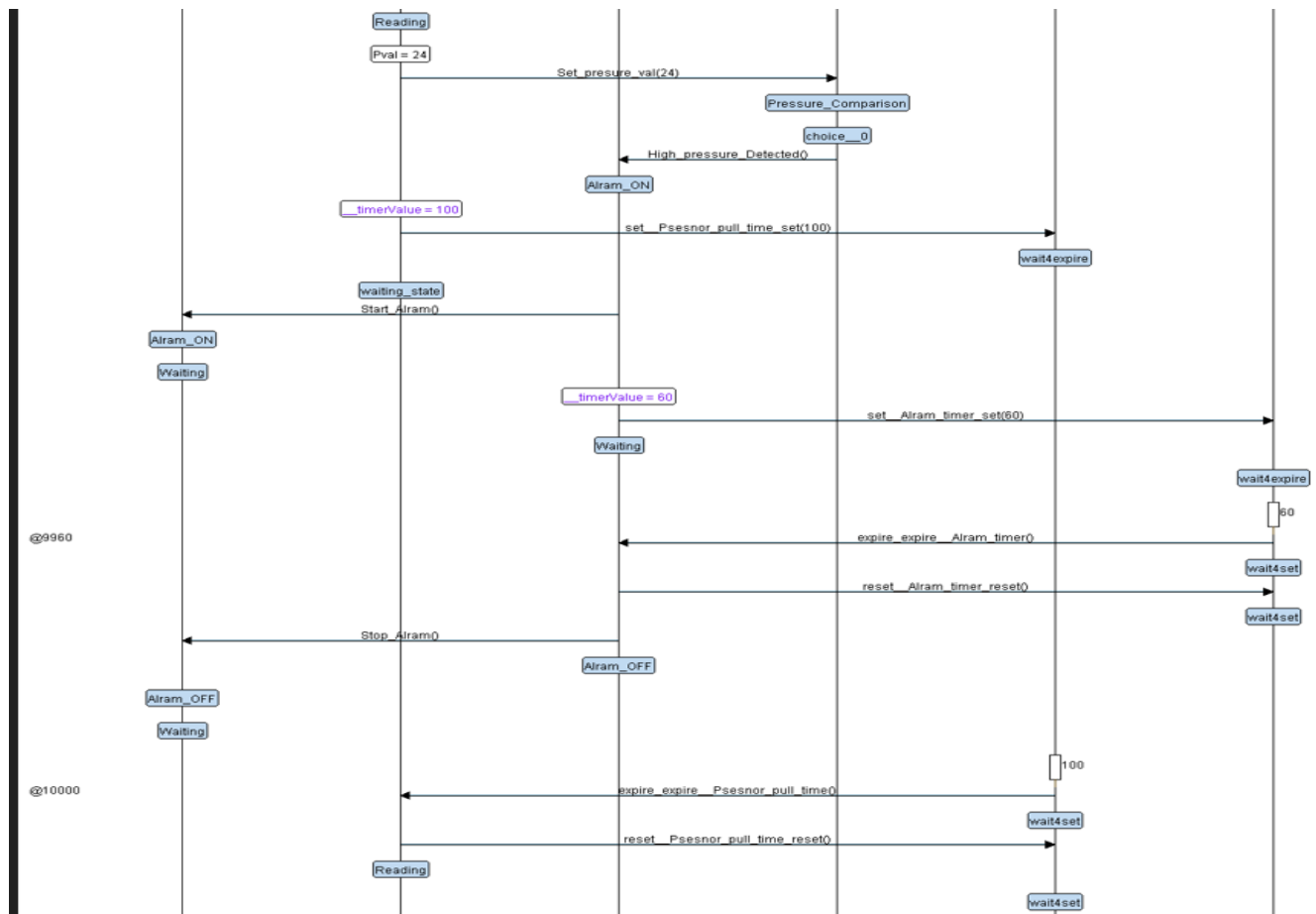
**IF Greater than 20:** will send to Alram\_Actuator to start timer for 60 secs then send to Flash\_memory to store the value than Alram\_Actuator send to Main\_alg that's time is finished and Main\_alg send to it back to rest timer.

**Else:** Send to Flash\_memory to store the value.

## 6.System Design:







## Steps:

1. Pressure\_Sensor sends Random value to Main\_Algorithm.

2. Main\_Algorithm compares the random value.

[IF it is more than 20]

. Main\_Algorithm sends (High\_pressure\_Detection) to Alarm\_Monitor

. Alarm\_Monitor sends (Alarm\_ON) to Alarm\_Actuator.

. Pressure\_Sensor starts timer of 100 Seconds.

.Aram\_Monitor starts timer of 60 seconds.

Aram\_Monitor sends to Aram\_Driver (Aram\_ON)

.Aram\_Monitor timer expires.

.Aram\_Monitor timer reset.

.Aram\_Monitor sends to Aram\_Driver (Aram\_OFF)

.Pressure\_Sensor timer expires.

.Pressure\_Sensor timer reset.

[Else]

. Pressure\_Sensor start timer of 100 Seconds.

.Pressure\_Sensor timer expires.

.Pressure\_Sensor timer reset.