

SUBHEADER

PROCEEDING

NOTES_{TeX}

AN ALL-IN-ONE NOTES PACKAGE FOR STUDENTS

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This is a very cool abstract. Additional package are listed right under the required packages in `NotesTeX.sty`. These are divided into font styling packages and mathematical and physics related packages. The list of packages are also reiterated here and their links are in the sidenotes.

KEYWORDS: dska kdlsöa dkwöla dsads

Dedicated to your Momma



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INTRODUCTION

SECTION 1

Required Packages

```
1 import numpy as np
2
3 def incmatrix(genl1, genl2):
4     string = "Hello World"
5     m = len(genl1)
6     n = len(genl2)
7     M = None #to become the incidence matrix dsjklasd dsa
8             ↪ dsadasda da dsadadadas
9     VT = np.zeros((n*m, 1), int) #dummy variable
10
11     #compute the bitwise xor matrix
12     M1 = bitxormatrix(genl1)
13     M2 = np.triu(bitxormatrix(genl2), 1)
14
15     for i in range(m-1):
16         for j in range(i+1, m):
17             [r, c] = np.where(M2 == M1[i, j])
18             for k in range(len(r)):
19                 VT[(i)*n + r[k]] = 1;
20                 VT[(i)*n + c[k]] = 1;
21                 VT[(j)*n + r[k]] = 1;
22                 VT[(j)*n + c[k]] = 1;
23
24             if M is None:
25                 M = np.copy(VT)
26             else:
27                 M = np.concatenate((M, VT), 1)
28
29             VT = np.zeros((n*m, 1), int)
30
31     return M
32
```

For *NotesTeX*, the following packages are required

marginnote, sidenotes, fancyhdr, titlesec, geometry, and
tcolorbox.

| Section 1. Required Packages

The role of each packages is discussed in Part 2. Briefly, the marginnote, sidenote, titlesec, and tcolorbox packages are required to create the `\part` environment.

`geometry` is used globally to set the page width, page height, and margin width. `fancyhdr` (overridden on the title, contents, and `\part` page) sets the header.

MODIFICATIONS

SECTION 1

Features

NotesTeX inherits `jhep` formatting for sections, subsections, subsubsections, title page, contents page, and bibliography presets. Significant extensions include the following:

- 1. Several mathematics and physics packages.
- 2. Margins and margin environments for tables, figures, and asides.
- 3. \TeX shortcuts for various math scripts namely vector bold `math`, `mathbb`, `mathfrak`, and `mathcal`.
- 4. `amsthm` integrations and special environments for theorems, lemmas, proofs, definitions, examples, and remarks.
- 5. Stylized support for the `part` environment.
- 6. A `fullpage` environment that spans across the text width and the margin for longer equations and horizontal figures.

Each of these will be discussed in the following subsections.

Section 1.	Features
Section 2.	Included Packages
Section 3.	Margins
Section 4.	<code>amsthm</code> Environments
Section 6.	Part Environment
Section 5.	Fullpage Environment

Table 1. Contents for PART II

SECTION 2

Included Packages

Additional package are listed right under the required packages in `NotesTeX.sty`. These are divided into font styling packages and mathematical and physics related packages. The list of packages are also reiterated here and their links are in the side-notes.

fontenc
mathrsfs
enumitem
mathtools
amsfonts
amsthm
bm
array
tabularx
booktabs
graphicx
float
caption
setspace
multicol
tikz
physics
cancel

Table 2. Links

```
1 \usepackage[T1]{fontenc} % Font
   ↳ Styling
2 \usepackage{lmodern,mathrsfs}
3
4 \usepackage[shortlabels]{enumitem} % Enumitem
   ↳ Options
5 \usepackage{mathtools,amssymb,amsfonts,amsthm,bm} % Math
   ↳ Presets
6 \usepackage{array,tabularx,booktabs} % Table
   ↳ Presets
7 \usepackage{graphicx,wrapfig,float,caption} % Figure
   ↳ Presets
8 \usepackage{setspace,multicol} % Text
   ↳ Presets
9 \usepackage{tikz,physics} % Physics Presets
```

SECTION 3

Margins

NotesTeX inherits all the margin commands that are used by `sidenote` and `marginnote`, and two additional pre-configured commands known as `\mn` and `\sn`. The relevant commands, and the packages they belong to, are

```
\marginnote [marginnote]          \lec [NotesTeX]
\mn [NotesTeX]                    \marginfigure [sidenote]
\sidenote [sidenote]              \margintable [sidenote]
\sn [NotesTeX]
```

The implementation of each of these is as follows.

- 1. Marginnote: This is how a `\marginnote{...}` behaves.
- 2. Mn: This is how a `\mn{...}` behaves.¹
- 3. Sidenote: This is how a `\sidenote{...}` behaves.²
- 4. Sn: This is how a `\sn{...}` behaves.³
- 5. Lec: This environment appears in the left column and requires two inputs. The example here is `\lec{Left Side}{Some text goes here.}`.
- 6. Marginfigure: This environment requires the `\begin{marginfigure} ... \end{marginfigure}` enclosings. The caption package is needed to caption the figure.

Not numbered, 10pt.

¹Numbered, *footnotesize*.

²Numbered, 10pt.

³Numbered, *footnotesize*.

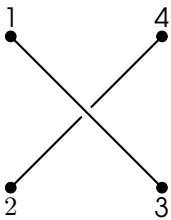


Figure 1. Marginfigure: Tikz

Left Side
Some text
goes here.

7. `Margintable`: This environment requires the `\begin{margintable} ... \end{margintable}` enclosings. A table package, such as `tabular`, `tabulary`, `tabu`, or `tabularx` is required. The `caption` package is needed to caption the table.

<i>NotesTeX</i>	rocks!
-----------------	---------------

Remark **Why use both `marginnotes` and `sidenotes`?** Quite simply, `marginnotes` overlap each other if they are too close whereas `sidenotes` both numbers and dynamically aligns all side notes, figures, and tables. However `sidenotes` cannot be used in equations, `multicols`, and with the `tcolorbox`⁴ environment. As the majority of the special environments from `amsthm` are modified to use `tcolorbox`, `marginnotes` becomes an essential part of *NotesTeX*.

⁴ See 4 and 5 for more details.

SECTION 4

amsthm Environments

`amsthm` environments are defined as usual being enclosed by `\begin{environment} ... \end{environment}`. Modifications include integration with the `tcolorbox` package. Note that counting for theorems and lemmas is distinct from the counting for definitions. Also, the `breakable` option for `tcolorbox` allows these environments to span multiple pages.

If one wishes to change the color, simply modify the line which states `borderline west={1pt}{0pt}{blue}`. The first numeric value dictates the width of the line, the second dictates how close it is away from the *left* margin, while the last argument declares the color. This customization is independent of the `amsthm` environments.

There is one issue with this however. Since we are using a `tcolorbox`, this proof environment is incompatible with `\sn` and `\sidenote`, as it results in a **Float(s) Error**. However, this environment is compatible with `\mn` and `\marginnote`.

$$\frac{121}{\vec{x}} \quad (4.1)$$

$$\frac{121}{\vec{x}} \quad (4.2)$$

Definition 1 The `definition` environment and the associated `tcolorbox` are provided by the following code in `NotesTeX.sty`:

```
1 \tcolorboxenvironment{definition}{
2   boxrule=0pt,
3   boxsep=0pt,
4   colback={White!90!Cerulean},
5   enhanced jigsaw,
6   borderline west={2pt}{0pt}{Cerulean},
7   sharp corners,
8   before skip=10pt,
9   after skip=10pt,
10  breakable,
11 }
12
```

Theorem 1 The `theorem` environment and the associated `tcolorbox` are provided by the following code in `NotesTeX.sty`:

```
1 \tcolorboxenvironment{theorem}{
```

```

2 | boxrule=0pt,
3 | boxsep=0pt,
4 | colback={White!90!Dandelion},
5 | enhanced jigsaw,
6 | borderline west={2pt}{0pt}{Dandelion},
7 | sharp corners,
8 | before skip=10pt,
9 | after skip=10pt,
10 | breakable,
11 | }
12 |

```

Lemma 1 The lemma environment and the associated tcolorbox are provided by the following code in NotesTeX.sty:

```

1 | \tcolorboxenvironment{lemma}{
2 |   boxrule=0pt,
3 |   boxsep=0pt,
4 |   blanker,
5 |   borderline west={2pt}{0pt}{Red},
6 |   before skip=10pt,
7 |   after skip=10pt,
8 |   sharp corners,
9 |   left=12pt,
10 |  right=12pt,
11 |  breakable,
12 | }
13 |

```

PROOF The proof environment and the associated tcolorbox are provided by the following code in NotesTeX.sty:

```

1 | \tcolorboxenvironment{proof}{
2 |   boxrule=0pt,
3 |   boxsep=0pt,
4 |   blanker,
5 |   borderline west={2pt}{0pt}{NavyBlue!80!white},
6 |   before skip=10pt,
7 |   after skip=10pt,
8 |   left=12pt,
9 |   right=12pt,
10 |  breakable,
11 | }
12 |

```

□

Example The example environment and the associated tcolorbox are provided by the following code in NotesTeX.sty:

```

1 | \tcolorboxenvironment{example}{
2 |   boxrule=0pt,
3 |   boxsep=0pt,
4 |   blanker,

```

```

5 | borderline west={2pt}{0pt}{Black},
6 | sharp corners,
7 | before skip=10pt,
8 | after skip=10pt,
9 | left=12pt,
10 | right=12pt,
11 | breakable,
12 | }
13 |

```

Remark The remark environment and the associated tcolorbox are provided by the following code in NotesTeX.sty:⁵

⁵Coexistence of amsthm environment and mn

```

1 | \tcolorboxenvironment{remark}{
2 |   boxrule=0pt,
3 |   boxsep=0pt,
4 |   blanker,
5 |   borderline west={2pt}{0pt}{Green},
6 |   before skip=10pt,
7 |   after skip=10pt,
8 |   left=12pt,
9 |   right=12pt,
10 |  breakable,
11 | }
12 |

```

SECTION 5

Fullpage Environment

$$\sum_{i=0}^6 \frac{121}{\vec{x}_i} \quad (5.1)$$

The fullpage environment is defined by

```

\begin{fullpage}
...
\end{fullpage}

```

with the width of the fullpage environment given by $\text{\textwidth} + \text{\marginparsep} + \text{\marginparwidth}$. The code in NotesTeX.sty that is responsible for the fullpage environment is given by

```

1 | \newenvironment{fullpage}{
2 | {\smallskip\noindent
3 | \begin{minipage}{\textwidth+\marginparwidth+\marginparsep}\hrule\smallskip\
   |   \smallskip}
4 | {\smallskip\smallskip\hrule\end{minipage}\vspace{.1in}
5 | }
6 |

```

Remark Eliminating the \hrule in the code will remove the lines surrounding the fullpage environment. Similarly, it is possible to change the vertical spacing after the fullpage is over, by modifying the $\text{\vspace{}}$ argument.

lec
entry

`multicols` may be used in conjunction with `fullpage`. I find it useful for formatting exercises in multiple columns and it makes the text distinct from the rest of the `fullpage` environment. The `lec` environment is com-

patible with `multicols` but `sidenote`, `marginnote` are not.

SUBSECTION 5.1

Known Issues with Fullpage

Remark Since the `fullpage` environment uses a `minipage`, and `minipages` do not work over multiple pages, one will need a new `fullpage` per page.

Remark If the `twoside` option is enabled in the `documentclass` header, then the `fullpage` is known to bleed out beyond the margin.

SECTION 6

The Part Environment

In the original Jhep format, the `\part` environment is not special and is set to the default given by the article class. In *NotesTeX*, the `part` environment produces the following image. Furthermore the code responsible is noted below.



```
1 \titleformat{\part}[hang]{\thispagestyle{plain}}\Huge\bfseries{\marginnote{
2   \begin{tcolorbox}
3     [width=\marginparwidth,height=\marginparwidth/2,colback=black!75!white,
4     colframe=black!75!white,center title,fonttitle=\bfseries\normalsize,title=PART
5     ↪ ,
6     text fill]}
7   \begin{center}
8     {\color{white}\thepart}
9   \end{center}
10 \end{tcolorbox}
11 }[-1.25in]{0pt}\Huge\bfseries
12
13
```

This combines the `titlesec` and the `tcolorbox` packages, placing the title of the `\part` on the left hand side, and the `\part` number in the margin.

ADVANCED

For those wanting to adjust the margin sizes, or the `fancyhdr` layout, there are a few comments that could be made here.

SECTION 1

Page Dimensions

Notes *TeX* relies on the `geometry` package to set its dimensions. The associated code is the deceptively simple chunk of code given by

```

1 | \geometry{paperheight=11in,paperwidth=8.5in,
2 |   marginparsep=.02\paperwidth,marginparwidth=.2\paperwidth,
3 |   inner=.11\paperwidth,voffset=-1in,headheight=.02\
   |   ↪ paperheight,
4 |   headsep=.03\paperheight,footskip=20pt,
5 |   textheight=.795\paperheight,textwidth=.62\paperwidth}
6 |

```

Ignoring most of the arguments, the `\paperheight` and `\paperwidth` are set to be the standard 8.5×11 inches. All other options, with the exception of `\voffset`, inherit fractions of `\paperheight` and `\paperwidth`, the most important being `\marginparwidth`. Increasing `\marginparwidth` causes the margin to bleed off of the right side of the page. In order to increase this value, `\textwidth` must be decreased accordingly.

SECTION 2

Fancyhdr Layout

As mentioned before, `fancyhdr` is overridden on the title page, the contents page, and the `\part` page, and sets the header for all other pages through the code

```

1 | \pagestyle{fancy}%
2 | \newlength{\offset}%
3 | \setlength{\offset}{\marginparwidth + \marginparsep}%
4 | \renewcommand{\sectionmark}[1]{\markboth{#1}{}}%
5 | \renewcommand{\subsectionmark}[1]{\markright{#1}{}}%
6 |
7 | \fancypagestyle{fancynotes}{%
8 |   \fancyhf{}%
9 |   \fancyheadoffset[rh]{\offset}%
10 | \renewcommand{\headrulewidth}{0pt}%
11 | \fancyhead[L]{\textsc{\leftmark}}%
12 | \fancyhead[R]{\footnotesize \textit{\rightmark}~~~~ \
   |   ↪ thepage}%
13 | }%
14 |

```

The header style is set so that it spans the width of the entire page as opposed to just the `\textwidth` through the line `\fancyheadoffset[rh]{\myoddoffset}`. The `\sectionmark` and `\subsectionmark` are set up so that the section appears on the left and subsections appear on the right along with the page number, and this is given in the last two lines of code.

SECTION 3

Alternative Language Integration

For languages written right to left, such as Persian, it is possible to use *NotesTeX*. A complied example can be found in the legacy V1 version on Github. Suggestions are welcome for a more comprehensive language integration.

SECTION 4

License

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¹Please contact me at my email if you have any questions or comments.