## No. SX-DSV02202

# **Panasonic**

# TECHNICAL REFERENCE

- Functional Specification -

MODEL

Product Name: AC Servo Driver

Part Number: MINAS-A5N Series (RTEX communication type)

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# Revisions

Date	Page	Rev.	Description	Signed			
May. 31, 2011		1.0	NEWLY ISSUED	-			
Nov. 14, 2011	1	2.0	Software upgrade Ver1.00 -> Ver1.01				
	1		The table of changes is added.				
			1) Function addition "External scale position information monitoring				
			facility at the semi-closed control"				
	4		-Changed the description of Contents about the latch trigger (POT,NOT,HOME,EXT1-3)				
	49		-Added the description in the Section 4-8				
	106		-Added the description in Causes of Err91.1				
	133		-Added the description in Function/Contents of Pr7.22(bit4)				
			Function addition "Parameter attribute read-out function, The number read-out function of the parameters in a classification"				
			(* This data has no change, and no addition)				
			3) Function addition "RTEX_update_counter error protection feature"				
	98,105		-Added the description of Err86.2				
	135		-Added the description of Pr7.38				
			4) Function addition "Torque saturation protection function"				
	96		-Added the description in the Section 6-4				
	97,100		-Added the description of Err16.1				
	133		-Added the description of Pr7.16	***************************************			
			5) Function addition "The falling edge detection function of a latch trigger"				
			(* This data has no change, and no addition)				
			6) Function addition "The function which displays MACID on front LED to communication establishment"				
	19,132		-Changed the range of Pr7.01 "0-1000"->"-1-1000"				
	19,132		-Added the description in Function/Contents of Pr7.01 (Explanation in -1)				
			7) Function addition "USB connection check function"				
			(* This data has no change, and no addition)				
			8) Function addition "For manufacturer's use function"				
	80,82,130		-Changed the range of Pr6.10 "0-63"->"0-1023"				
	130		-Added the description in Function/Contents of Pr6.10(bit6-9)				
	133		-Added the description in Function/Contents of Pr7.22(bit2-3)				
	134		- Added the description in Function/Contents of Pr7.23(bit10-14)				
	135		- Added the description of Pr7.39				
	136		- Added the description of Pr8.19				
	16,17		Added the description in the Section 2-5				

Note: The page number (Page) is the current page number at the time of revision.

# Revisions

Date	Page	Rev.	Description	Signed
Nov. 14, 2011			(Continuation)	-
	21		Changed the description of "Network status LED"	
	97		Changed the description of alarm name (Err43.0)	
	12,15		Correction of alarm name "Overlaps allocation error 1 protection" etc.	
	19,132		Added the description in Function/Contents of Pr7.01 (Explanation in 0-6)	
	22		Correction the description of "The table shown below" -> "next page"	
	22		Correction the description of "Pr4.18=3"->"Pr4.18=4"	
	40,126		Correction the description in Function/Contents of Pr3.21,Pr3.22	
	54		Added the description in attribute of Pr6.42,Pr6.43	
	99		Correction the description in measures of Err13.1	
	102		Correction the description in causes of Err29.1	
	106		Correction the description in measures of Err92.1	
	109		Correction the description in waning mask of A6 bit12->bit13	
	109		Correction the description in waning mask of A9 bit13->bit14	
	110		Correction the description of Notes *1)	
	123		Correction the description of Explanation of the attribute R	
	123,131,132		Correction the description of Pr0.08-10,Pr6.41,Pr7.10-12,Pr8.01,Pr8.04,Pr8.10,Pr8.12-14 Related control mode	
	133		Correction the description in Function/Contents of Pr7.20-22	
	135		Correction the description in Function/Contents of Pr7.29-34	
	132,133,136		Changed the description of parameter name Pr7.10-12,Pr.7.15,Pr8.00,Pr8.05,Pr8.15	
	137		Correction the description of Notes *1	
	102		Correction the description in causes of Err33.5 "(SO4)"->"(SO2)"	
Mar.30,2012	All	2.1	Changed company name.	-
	55,66		Changed the description of parameter name.(Pr6.10,Pr1.15)	
	93		Added the description of parameter of Pr5.08,Pr5.09	
	70,83		Changed the description of parameter name.(Pr1.15,Pr1.20,Pr1.24)	
	2,43		Added the description of The scale corresponding to others	
	118		Changed the description of return timing diagram from a safety state	
	15		Added the description of Explanatory note	
	32,67		Added the description of Notes	
	All	2.2	Changed company name.	

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#### 1. Introduction

This document describes the functions of the servo amplifier MINAS-A5N series.

#### <Software version>

This technical reference applies to the servo drivers compatible with software of the following version: Ver.1.01 or later

\*Please check the software version by setup support software PANATERM.

Ver1.00	First edition	
Ver1.01		
	Additional capability	Reference
	1) External scale position information monitoring facility at the	This document
	semi-closed control	4-8 , 7-2 , 9-1
		SX-DSV02203
		6-4-1 , 6-9-1
	2) Parameter attribute read-out function	SX-DSV02203
	The number read-out function of the parameters in a	6-7 , 6-7-3 ,
	classification	6-7-4
	3) RTEX_update_counter error protection feature	This document
		7-1 , 7-2 , 9-1
		SX-DSV02203
		8-1 , 8-1-8
	4) Torque saturation protection function	This document
		6-4 , 7-1 , 7-2 , 9-1
	5) The falling edge detection function of a latch trigger	SX-DSV02203
		6-5-1 , 6-5-4-2 ,
		6-8-2 , 7-2-1 , 7-5-4
	6) The function which displays MACID on front LED to	This document
	communication establishment	3-2 , 9-1
	7) USB connection check function	PANATERM
		Operation manual
	8) For manufacturer's use function	This document
		9-1
		SX-DSV02203
		6-4-1

<sup>\*</sup>Ver1.01 becomes the upper compatible of Ver1.00.

The parameter used by Ver1.00 can be used by Ver1.01 as it is.

### <References>

SX-DSV02201: Reference specifications (Specification of hardware)

SX-DSV02203: Technical document (Specification of real-time Express communication)

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- Motor Business Division, Appliances Company, Panasonic Corp. reserves the right to make modifications and improvements to its products and/or documentation, including specifications and software, without prior notice.

<sup>\*</sup>The version of PANATERM corresponding to Ver1.01 is 5.0.1.8 or later.

# 1-1 Basic Specification

	Item	Description		
Control method		IGBT PWM method, sinusoidal drive		
Control mode		1. Semi-closed control Position control: Profile position control [PP], Cyclic position control [CP] Velocity control: Cyclic velocity control [CV] Torque control: Cyclic torque control [CT]  2.Full-closed control Position control: Profile position control [PP], Cyclic position control [CP] - Switch two modes (above-mentioned 1 and 2) according to the parameter Switch PP/CP/CV/CT mode according to the RTEX communication command.		
Encoder feedback		17 Bit (resolution: 131,072) 7-serial absolute encoder 20 Bit (resolution:1,048,576) 5-serial incremental encoder		
External scale feedback		A/B/Z phase signal differential input     Compatible with absolute ST770A, ST770AL, AT573A manufactured by Mitutoyo Corporation     And incremental SR75, SR85, absolute SR77, SR87 manufactured by Magnescale Corporation (Compatible with Panasonic-type serial) etc.     Consult with us when you use about a correspondence external scale.		
G . I . I Input		Each 8 input can be assigned by the parameter.		
Control signal	Output	Each 3 output can be assigned by the parameter.		
Analogue signal	Output	2 outputs for analog monitors 1 and 2		
Pulse signal	Output	Line driver output for Encoder pulses or external scale pulses (A/B phase signal).		
Communication	Realtime express (Abbr. RTEX)	Communication for transmission of a real-time operation command, the parameter setting, or the status monitoring.		
	USB	USB interface to connect to computers (PANATERM) for parameter setting or status monitoring.		
Safety terminal		Terminal to provide functional safety [Cannot be applied to standard models of A5N series (compatible only with special version).]		
Front panel		1. 7-segment LED (double digits) 2. Network status LED (LINK, COM) 3. Rotary switch for node address setting 4. Analog monitor output (Analog monitors 1 and 2)		
Regeneration		Size A,B,G, and H: Without built-in regenerative resistor (use external resistor) Size C–F: Built-in regenerative resistor (External regenerative resistor is also available)		
Dynamic brake		For information on the built-in type, refer to the Reference specifications SX-DSV02201.		

## 1-2 Function

		Item	Description
	Digital input		CW drive inhibit, CCW drive inhibit, latch signal, near home position, etc.
	Digital output		Positioning completion etc.
lo		Input mode	Command type by RTEX command
Position control	Position command input	Command pulse scaling (Electronic gear)	Applicable scaling ratio: $1/1000-1000$ Although any value of 1 to $2^{30}$ (numerator) and any value of 1 to $2^{30}$ (denominator) can be used, resulting value should be within the range shown above.
Pos		Smoothing Filter	1st order filter or FIR filter selectable for command input
	Instantaneous ve	elocity observer	Available
	Anti-vibration C	Control	Available
	Control input		Positive direction drive inhibit, negative direction drive inhibit, latch signal, etc.
_	Control output		At speed etc.
Velocity control	Velocity command input	Input mode	Command type by RTEX command
Velc	Soft start/slowde	own function	0 – 10 s / 1000 r/min Acceleration and deceleration can be set separately.  S-curve acceleration/deceleration is also available.
	Instantaneous ve	elocity observer	Available
	Control input		Positive direction drive inhibit, negative direction drive inhibit, latch signal, etc.
ntrol	Control output		At speed etc.
Torque control	Torque command input	Input mode	Command type by RTEX command
	Speed limit fund	tion	Speed limit can be set by parameter or RTEX.
	Control input		CW drive inhibit, CCW drive inhibit, latch signal, near home position, etc.
	Control output		Positioning completion etc.
_		Input mode	Command type by RTEX command
Full-closed control	Position command input	Command pulse scaling (Electronic gear)	Applicable scaling ratio: 1/1000–1000
osec		Smoothing Filter	1st order filter or FIR filter selectable for command input
ıll-ci	Anti-vibration C	Control	Available
Fu	External scale scaling		Applicable scaling ratio: $1/40-160$ Any value of $1-2^{20}$ can be set for both numerator (which corresponds to encoder resolution) and denominator (which corresponds to external scale resolution), but the combination has to be within the range shown above.
on	Auto-tuning		Identifies the load inertia real-time and automatically sets up the gain that meets the stiffness setting when the motor is running with upper and internal operation commands.
Common	Protective funct	ion	Overvoltage, undervoltage, overspeed, overload, overheat, overcurrent, encoder failure, positional overdeviaition, EEPROM failure, etc.
	Alarm data trace	back	Tracing back of alarm data is available

# 2. Interface Specification

# 2-1 I/O connector input signal

		Connector		Rela	e *1)	RTEX .			
Title of signal	Symbol	pin No. *2)	Contents	Position	Velocity	Torque	Full- close	communi- cations monitor	
Input signal source	I-COM	6	• Connect to the positive or negative terminal of the external DC source (12–24 V).						
Forced alarm input	E-STOP	*	• Generates Err 87.0 "Forced alarm input error".		(		0		
Positive direction over-travel inhibition input	РОТ	7 (SI2)	<ul> <li>Positive direction over-travel inhibit input.</li> <li>The operation with this input turned ON is set up in Pr 5.04 "Setup of over-travel inhibit input".</li> <li>When using this input, set Pr 5.04 "Setup of over-travel inhibit input" to a value other than 1, and connect the signal so that the input is turned ON when the moving portion of the machine travels in positive direction exceeding a limit.</li> <li>If used as a home position reference trigger in a home position return, the input can only be assigned to SI6(a-contact) with Pr 5.04 set to 1 to disable the drive inhibit input.</li> </ul>		Ο				
Negative direction over-travel inhibition input	NOT	8 (SI3)	<ul> <li>Negative direction over-travel inhibit input.</li> <li>The operation with this input turned ON is set up in Pr 5.04 "Setup of over-travel inhibit input".</li> <li>When using this function, set Pr 5.04 "Setup of over-travel inhibit input" to a value other than 1, and connect the signal so that the input is turned ON when the moving portion of the machine travels in negative direction exceeding a limit.</li> <li>If used as a home position reference trigger in a home position return, the input can only be assigned to SI7(a-contact) with Pr 5.04 set to 1 to disable the drive inhibit input.</li> </ul>		0				
Near home input	НОМЕ	10 (SI5)	When using the near home sensor during the return to home position operation, input the sensor signal.  If used as a home position reference trigger in a home position return, the input can only be assigned to SI5(a-contact).	0				0	
External latch input 1	EXT1	*	An external input signal used as a trigger for position latch and home position return.		(	)		0	
External latch input 2	EXT2	11 (SI6)	<ul> <li>This input can only be set to a-contact.</li> <li>The signal width (closed period) should be 1 ms or longer.</li> <li>EXT1, EXT2, and EXT3 can only be assigned to</li> </ul>		(	O		0	
External latch input 3	EXT3	12 (SI7)	S15, S16, and SI7, respectively.		(	Э		0	
General purpose monitor input 1	SI-MON 1	9 (SI4)				Δ		0	
General purpose monitor input 2	SI-MON 2	*	Used as the general purpose monitor input.			Δ		0	
General purpose monitor input 3	SI-MON 3	*	• This input does not affect the operation, and can be used for monitoring through RTEX		2	Δ		0	
General purpose monitor input 4	SI-MON 4	13 (SI8)	communications response.			0			
General purpose monitor input 5	SI-MON 5	5 (SI1)				Δ		0	

	Commenter				Related control mode *1)				
Title of signal	Symbol	Connector pin No. *2)	Contents	Position	Velocity	Torque	Full- close	communi- cations monitor	
External servo on input	EX-SON	*	External servo on input.     When both this input and either of RTEX communication servo on command or the setup support servo on command are on, the servo on command for servo control process is turned on.		0		0		

- \*1) The triangle in the table under [Control mode] indicates that the turning ON/OFF of the input signal does not affect system operation but monitoring is possible through response in RTEX communications.
- \*2) Except for I-COM, input signal pin assignment can be changed. The pins in "Connector pin No." column in the table denote factory default settings. The signal with a pin that is marked with "\*" is not assigned by default. For more information, refer to "2-4-1 Input signal allocation".

# 2-2 I/O connector output signal

				Relate	RTEX communi-			
Title of signal	Symbol *2)	Connector pin No.	Contents	Position	Velocity	Torque	Full- close	cations monitor *2)
Servo-Alarm output	ALM+  ALM- (Alarm)	3 (S03+) 4 (S03-)	<ul> <li>This signal shows that the driver is in alarm status.</li> <li>Output transistor turns ON when the driver is at normal status, and turns OFF at alarm status.</li> </ul>		0			
Servo-Ready output	S-RDY (Servo_Ready)	*	<ul> <li>This signal shows that the driver is ready to be activated.</li> <li>The servo becomes ready when all the following conditions are satisfied, and the output transistor is turned on.</li> <li>(1) Control/Main power is established.</li> <li>(2) Alarm does not occur.</li> <li>(3) RTEX communication is established, and synchronization between communication and servo is achieved.</li> </ul>		0			
External brake	BRK-OFF+	1 (S01+)	<ul> <li>Feeds out the timing signal which activates the electromagnetic brake of the motor.</li> <li>Transistor is turned ON when electromagnetic brake is</li> </ul>		(	<b>)</b>		
release signal	BRK-OFF-	1 (S01–)	<ul><li>released.</li><li>This output needs to be assigned to every control mode.</li></ul>					
Positioning complete	INP (In_Position)	*	<ul> <li>Outputs the positioning complete signal/positioning complete signal.</li> <li>Turns on the output transistor when positioning is completed.</li> <li>For details, refer to 4-2-4.</li> </ul>	0	_	_	0	0
Speed arrival output	AT-SPEED	*	<ul> <li>Outputs the speed arrival signal.</li> <li>Turns on the output transistor when a velocity is reached.</li> <li>For details, refer to 4-3-1.</li> </ul>	_	0	0	_	_
Torque in-limit signal output	TLC (Torque_ Limited)	*	<ul><li>Outputs the torque in-limit signal.</li><li>Turns on the output transistor when torque is limited.</li></ul>		(	Э		0
Zero-speed detection output signal	ZSP	*	<ul> <li>Outputs the zero-speed detection signal.</li> <li>Turns on the output transistor when zero velocity is detected.</li> </ul>		(	Э		_
Speed coincidence output	V-COIN	*	<ul> <li>Outputs the speed coincidence signal.</li> <li>Turns on the output transistor when velocity matches.</li> <li>For details, refer to 4-3-2.</li> </ul>	_	0	0	_	_
Positioning complete 2	INP2	*	<ul> <li>Outputs the positioning complete signal/positioning complete signal 2.</li> <li>Turns on the output transistor upon positioning completion 2.</li> <li>For details, refer to 4-2-4.</li> </ul>	0	_	_	0	_
Alarm output 1	WARN1 (Warning)	*	<ul> <li>Outputs the warning output signal set to Pr 4.40 "Warning output select 1"</li> <li>Turns on the output transistor when a selected alarm occurs.</li> </ul>		△ *4)			
Alarm output 2	WARN2 (Warning)	*	<ul> <li>Outputs the warning output signal set to Pr 4.41 "Warning output select 2"</li> <li>Turns on the output transistor when a selected alarm occurs.</li> </ul>		△ *4)			
Positional command ON/OFF output	P-CMD	*	<ul> <li>Turns on output transistor with positional command applied.</li> <li>Turns on the output transistor when the positioning command (before filter) is other than 0 (with positioning command).</li> </ul>	0	_	_	0	_

Title of signal	Symbol *2)	Connector pin No.	Contents	Related control mode *1)				RTEX communi- cations monitor *2)
Speed in-limit output	V-LIMIT	*	<ul> <li>Turns on output transistor when the speed is limited by torque controlling function.</li> <li>Turns on the output transistor when velocity is limited.</li> </ul>	_	_	0	_	_
Alarm attribute output	ALM-ATB	*	<ul> <li>The signal is output if an alarm has occurred and if it can be cleared.</li> <li>Turns on the output transistor when an alarm occurs.</li> </ul>	0			_	
Velocity command ON/OFF output	V-CMD	*	<ul> <li>Turns on output transistor when the velocity command is applied while the velocity is controlled.</li> <li>Turns on the output transistor if the velocity command (before filter) is not less than 30r/min (with velocity command).</li> </ul>	_	0	_	_	_
RTEX operation output 1	EX-OUT1+	25 (S02+)	<ul> <li>Outputs signal according to the value of the control bit (EX-OUT1) of RTEX communication.</li> <li>For the state of the output transistor, refer to Note *5.</li> </ul>	0				
DTFV	EX-OUT1-	(S02-)	Outputs signal according to the value of the control bit					
RTEX operation output 2	EX-OUT2	*	<ul><li>(EX-OUT2) of RTEX communication.</li><li>For the state of the output transistor, refer to Note *5.</li></ul>	0			—	

- \*1) For the signal with "-" sign in the "Related control mode" column, the output transistor is always turned off in that control mode.
- \*2) The sign [-] in [RTEX communication monitor] column in the table indicates that no allocation is made to the response (status flag) of RTEX communication and therefore monitor is impossible. The designation in ( ) in [Sign] column in the table shows the symbol used in RTEX communications. Notice that detection conditions of external output signal and RTEX communication signal are not the same. For details, refer to Technical Reference, SX-DSV02203"Section 6-9-5", RTEX communication.
- \*3) Output pin assignment can be changed. The pins in "Connector pin No." column in the table denote factory default settings. The signal with a pin that is marked with "\*" is not assigned by default. For more information, refer to "2-4-2 Assignment of output signal".
- \*4) The sign  $[\triangle]$  in [RTEX communication monitor] column in the table indicates that the status flag [Warning] of RTEX communication is turned ON whenever any warning is generated, regardless of setting value of Pr 4.40 or Pr 4.41.
- \*5) The following shows the output transistor state for the RETX operation output 1/2 when RETEX is established, when RTEX communication after reset is not established, and when RTEX is shut down after established. Since operation by the control bit through RTEX communication is not allowed except when RTEX is established, configure the system avoiding problems with safety.

		Pr.7.24 RTEX		C	output transistor star	te
Title of signal	Title of signal	function enhancement setting 3	RTEX control bit	Communication established	Reset	Communication shut down
		bit0 = 0	EX-OUT1 = 0	OFF	OFF	Held
RTEX operation	EX-OUT1	(Held)	EX-OUT1 = 1	ON	OFT	Heid
output 1		bit0 = 1	EX-OUT1 = 0	OFF	OFF	OFF
		(Initialized)	EX-OUT1 = 1	ON	OFF	Off
		bit1 = 0	EX-OUT2 = 0	OFF	OFF	Held
RTEX operation	EX-OUT2	(Held)	EX-OUT2 = 1	ON	OFF	Heid
output 2	EA-0012	bit1 = 1	EX-OUT2 = 0	OFF	OFF	OFF
		(Initialized)	EX-OUT2 = 1	ON	Off	OFF

# 2-3 I/O connector other signal

# 2-3-1 Encoder output signal

	Symbol Connector pin No. Contents				RTEX			
Title of signal			Position	Velocity	Torque	Full- close	communi- cations monitor	
A phase output	OA+	17	• Feeds out the divided encoder signal or external scale signal (A, B-phase) in					
A-phase output	OA-	18	differential. (equivalent to RS422)					
	OB+	20	Ground for line driver of output circuit is connected to signal ground (GND) and is not	0				_
B-phase output	OB-	19	<ul><li>insulated.</li><li>Max. output frequency is 4 Mpps (after quadrupled)</li></ul>					
Signal ground	GND	16	Signal ground					

# 2-3-2 Others

Title of signal	Symbol	Connector pin No.	Contents	Position Velocity Torque Full-close	RTEX communications monitor
Frame ground	FG	shell	• This output is connected to the earth terminal inside of the driver.		
Absolute encoder	BTP-I	14	<ul> <li>Connect the battery for absolute encoder (recommended: ER6V 3.6 V from Toshiba Battery), as follows.</li> <li>Connect the power for multi-turn data storage</li> </ul>		
battery input	BTN-I	15	to the absolute encoder through BTP-O (pin 3) and BTN-O (pin 4) of encoder connector X6.  Or, directly connect the encode connection cable to the battery.		
To be used by the manufacturer.	_	21, 22 23, 24	Keep these pins unconnected.		

### 2-4 I/O signal allocation function

Default I/O signal allocation can be changed.

#### 2-4-1 Input signal allocation

Desired input signal can be allocated to any input pin of I/O connector. The logic can be changed.

Some allocation limit is applied to specific signals. Refer to "(2) Reallocation of input signal".

(1) Using with the default setting

The table below shows default signal allocation.

Note: Default settings of certain model will differ from those shown below. If the default settings shown in Reference specification SX-DSV02201 are different from values shown below, the settings described in SX-DSV02201 are valid standard default values.

			Default			Defaul	t setup		
Pin name		Applicable parameter	setting ( ): decimal	Posi Full-close	tion/ ed control	Velocity	control	Torque	control
			notation	Signal	Logic *1)	Signal	Logic *1)	Signal	Logic *1)
SI1	5	Pr 4.00	00323232h (3289650)	SI-MON5	a-contact	SI-MON5	a-contact	SI-MON5	a-contact
SI2	7	Pr 4.01	00818181h (8487297)	РОТ	b-contact	РОТ	b-contact	РОТ	b-contact
SI3	8	Pr 4.02	00828282h (8553090)	NOT	b-contact	NOT	b-contact	NOT	b-contact
SI4	9	Pr 4.03	002E2E2Eh (3026478)	SI-MON1	a-contact	SI-MON1	a-contact	SI-MON1	a-contact
SI5	10	Pr 4.04	00222222h (2236962)	НОМЕ	a-contact	НОМЕ	a-contact	НОМЕ	a-contact
SI6	11	Pr 4.05	00212121h (2171169)	EXT2	a-contact	EXT2	a-contact	EXT2	a-contact
SI7	12	Pr 4.06	002B2B2Bh (2829099)	EXT3	a-contact	EXT3	a-contact	EXT3	a-contact
SI8	13	Pr 4.07	00313131h (3223857)	SI-MON4	a-contact	SI-MON4	a-contact	SI-MON4	a-contact

#### \*1) Operation of a-contact and b-contact:

a-contact: The current in the input circuit is shut down and the photocoupler is turned OFF.

— function disabled (OFF state)

The current flows through the input circuit and the photocoupler is turned ON.

— function enabled (ON state)

b-contact: The current in the input circuit is shut down and the photocoupler is turned OFF.

— function enabled (ON state)

The current flows through the input circuit and the photocoupler is turned ON.

— function disabled (OFF state)

For the purpose of this specification, the status of the input signal is defined as ON when the signal activates the specified function and OFF when the signal deactivates the specified function.

# (2) Reallocation of input signal

To change the allocation of input signal, change the following parameters.

Class	No.	At- trib- ute *1)	Title	Range	Unit	Function
4	00	С	SI1 input selection	0– 00FFFFFFh		Assign functions to SI1 inputs.  These parameters are presented in hexadecimals.  Hexadecimal presentation is followed by a specific control mode designation.  0 0* h: position/full-closed control  0 0* h: velocity control  0 0 ** h: torque control  Replace ** with the function number.  For the function number see the table below. Logical setup is also a function number.  Example: To make this pin as SI-MON1_a-contact for position/full closed control, and as SI-MON2_b-contact for velocity control, and as disabled in torque control mode, set to 0000AF2Eh.  Position 2Eh Velocity AFh Torque 00h
4	01	С	SI2 input selection	0- 00FFFFFFh	_	Assign functions to SI2 inputs. Setup procedure is the same as described for Pr 4.00.
4	02	С	SI3 input selection	0- 00FFFFFFh	_	Assign functions to SI3 inputs. Setup procedure is the same as described for Pr 4.00.
4	03	С	SI4 input selection	0- 00FFFFFFh	_	Assign functions to SI4 inputs. Setup procedure is the same as described for Pr 4.00.
4	04	С	SI5 input selection	0- 00FFFFFFh		Assign functions to SI5 inputs. Setup procedure is the same as described for Pr 4.00. * This pin has a latch correction function.
4	05	С	SI6 input selection	0- 00FFFFFFh	_	Assign functions to SI6 inputs.  Setup procedure is the same as described for Pr 4.00.  * This pin has a latch correction function.
4	06	С	SI7 input selection	0- 00FFFFFFh	_	Assign functions to SI7 inputs. Setup procedure is the same as described for Pr 4.00. * This pin has a latch correction function.
4	07	С	SI8 input selection	0- 00FFFFFFh	_	Assign functions to SI8 inputs. Setup procedure is the same as described for Pr 4.00.

<sup>\*1)</sup> For parameter attribute. refer to Section 9-1.

# Function number table

Title	Crumb of		Setup value
Title	Symbol	a-contact	b-contact
Invalid	_	00h	Do not setup.
Positive direction over-travel	POT	01h	81h
inhibition input			(Setting is disabled when it serves as a
			latch correction pin.)
Negative direction over-travel	NOT	02h	82h
inhibition input			(Setting is disabled when it serves as a
			latch correction pin.)
External servo ON input	EX-SON	03h	83h
Forced alarm input	E-STOP	14h	94h
External latch input 1	EXT1	20h	Do not setup.
External latch input 2	EXT2	21h	Do not setup.
Near home input	HOME	22h	A2h
			(Setting is disabled when it serves as a
			latch correction pin.)
External latch input 3	EXT3	2Bh	Do not setup.
General purpose monitor input 1	SI-MON1	2Eh	AEh
General purpose monitor input 2	SI-MON2	2Fh	AFh
General purpose monitor input 3	SI-MON3	30h	B0h
General purpose monitor input 4	SI-MON4	31h	B1h
General purpose monitor input 5	SI-MON5	32h	B2h

- Precautions for input signal assignment
  - Do not setup to a value other than that specified in the table.
  - The same signal can't be assigned to multiple pins. Otherwise, duplicated assignment will cause Err 33.0 "Input multiple assignment error 1 protection" or Err 33.1 "Input multiple assignment error 2 protection".
  - EXT1 can be allocated only to SI5, EXT2 only to SI6 and EXT3 only to SI7. Wrong allocation will cause Err 33.8 "Latch input allocation error protection".
  - When using HOME/POT/NOT <u>as the home reference trigger</u> in the return to home position operation, HOME can be allocated only to SI5, POT only to SI6 and NOT only to SI7.
     The Err33.8 "Latch input allocation error protection" occurs if HOME is assigned to S16 and S17, POT is assigned to S15 and S17, and NOT is assigned to S15 and S16.
  - When using POT/NOT as the home reference trigger in the return to home position operation, set Pr 5.04 to 1 and disable over-travel inhibit input. If Pr 5.04 is not 1, Err 38.2 "Drive inhibit input protection 3" will occur.
  - When latch correction pins (SI5/SI6/SI7) are used, configuration is required for all the control modes. If configuration is made only for 1 or 2 modes, the Err33.8 "Latch input allocation error protection" occurs.
  - When latch correction pins (SI5/SI6/SI7) are used, only a-contact can be specified. If b-contact is specified, the Err33.8 "Latch input allocation error protection" occurs.

    If a latch correction pin is assigned to the over-travel inhibit input (POT/NOT), a-contact is specified. So, the over-travel inhibit input does not work when cable is broken. Be sure to secure safety using another method (e.g. installing a mechanical stopper).
  - Disabled control input pin does not affect the operation and RTEX communication response.
  - A signal used in multiple control modes should be assigned to the same pin and the logic should be matched. If not assigned to the same pin, the Err33.0 "Input duplicate assignment error 1 protection" or Err33.1 "Input duplicate assignment error 2 protection" occurs. In case that the logics do not match, Err33.2 "Input function number error 1 protection" or Err33.3 "Input function number error 2 protection" will occur.
  - The SI-MON1 and EXT1, SI-MON2 and EXT2, SI-MON3 and EXT3, SI-MON4 and EX-SON, and SI-MON5 and E-STOP have the same bit allocation in RTEX status. So, duplicate assignment is not allowed. Duplicate assignment causes the Err33.0 "Input duplicate assignment error 1 protection" or Err33.1 "Input duplicate assignment error 2 protection".

#### Safety precautions:

The over-travel inhibit input (POT, NOT) and forced alarm input (E-STOP) should normally be set to b-contact, which stops when wire is broken.

If a-contact is specified, be sure that there is no safety hazard.

## 2-4-2 Assignment of output signal

For the output signals, any functions can be assigned to the output pins of the I/O connector.

Some assignments may be restricted. Refer to (2) [Reallocation of output signal].

### (1) Using the default setting

The table below shows default signal allocation.

Note: Default settings of certain model will differ from those shown below. If the default settings shown in Reference specification SX-DSV02201 are different from values shown below, the settings described in SX-DSV02201 become valid standard default values.

Din	Pin Pin Applicable Def		Default actting	Default Setup							
name	No.	parameter	Default setting  ( ): decimal notation	Position/ Full-closed control	Velocity control	Torque control					
SO1	1 2	Pr 4.10	00030303h (197379)	BRK-OFF	BRK-OFF	BRK-OFF					
SO2	25 26	Pr 4.11	00101010h (1052688)	EX-OUT1	EX-OUT1	EX-OUT1					
SO3	3 4	Pr 4.12	00010101h (65793)	ALM	ALM	ALM					

# (2) [Reallocation of output signal].

To change the allocation of output signal, change the following parameters.

Class	No.	At- trib- ute *1)	Title	Range	Unit	Function
4	10	С	SO1 output selection	0– 00FFFFFFh		Assign functions to SO1 outputs.  These parameters are presented in hexadecimals.  Hexadecimal presentation is followed by a specific control mode designation.  0 0 * h: position/full-closed control  0 0 * h: velocity control  0 0 * * h: torque control  Replace * * with the function number.  For the function number see the table below.
4	11	С	SO2 output selection	0– 00FFFFFFh	_	Assign functions to SO2 outputs. Setup procedure is the same as described for Pr 4.10.
4	12	С	SO3 output selection	0– 00FFFFFFh	_	Assign functions to SO3 outputs. Setup procedure is the same as described for Pr 4.10.

<sup>\*1)</sup> For parameter attribute, refer to Section 9-1.

## Function number table

Title of signal	Syr	nbol	Catum valua
Title of signal	External output	RTEX status	Setup value
Invalid	_	_	00h
Alarm output	ALM	Alarm	01h
Servo-Ready output	S-RDY	Servo_Ready	02h
External brake release signal	BRK-OFF	_	03h
Positioning complete output	INP	In_Position	04h
At-velocity output	AT-SPEED	_	05h
Torque in-limit signal output	TLC	Torque_Limited	06h
Zero-speed detection output signal	ZSP	_	07h
Speed coincidence output	V-COIN	In_Position	08h
Alarm output1	WARN1	Warning *1)	09h
Alarm output2	WARN2	Warning *1)	0Ah
Positional command ON/OFF output	P-CMD	_	0Bh
Positioning complete 2	INP2	_	0Ch
Speed in-limit output	V-LIMIT	_	0Dh
Alarm attribute output	ALM-ATB	_	0Eh
Velocity command ON/OFF output	V-CMD	_	0Fh
RTEX operation output 1	EX-OUT1	_	10h
RTEX operation output 2	EX-OUT2	_	11h

<sup>\*1)</sup> The warning flag for RTEX status is set to 1 irrespective of Pr4.40 and Pr4.41 settings when an alarm occurs.

- Precautions for output signal assignment
  - For output signals, the same function can be assigned to multiple pins. However, the output logic setting must be the same. In addition, when using the same function for multiple control modes, the same output logic must be set. If different output logic was set, the output signal state will become unstable.
  - For the output pins specified as disabled, output transistors are always turned off. However, RETEX communication response is not affected.
  - Use only the values shown in the table above for setting.
  - When using external brake release signal (BRK-OFF), the signal should be set in all control modes. If not applied to all control modes, Err 33.4 "Output function number error 1 protection" or Err 33.5 "Output function number error 2 protection" will occur.
  - The output transistor is turned off during a period from when the control power of a servo amplifier is turned on to when initialization is completed, while control power is turned off, during a reset, and while the display on the front face indicates as follows:







Design a system considering the above fact so that any problem does not occur.

#### 2-5 Basic network setting

This section describes the basic setting of network interfaces.

For information on the specification details and other settings, refer to the Technical Document, SX-DSV02203 "Section 2-5", RTEX communication specification.

1) Communication cycle/command update cycle

Communication cy	ycle/command updat	umcation cy	cycle	
Name		Name		Description
Communication cycle	· In general, the serv		amplifier proce	f a command and response. sses the command and response at this cycle. 833 [ms], the pulse regeneration will be invalid.
	· Cycle to update a c · The table below lis  Communication cycle 0.0833[ms]		• The comma	
Command update cycle	Otherwise		СР	<ul> <li>Creates a Travel command by calculating the variation of command position (CPOS) between the command update cycles</li> <li>If the command update cycles do not match between the servo amplifier and upper equipment, a proper motion is impossible.</li> <li>The commands and responses other than the command position are processed at the communication cycle.</li> </ul>
			PP/CV/CT	• The commands and responses are processed at the communication cycle regardless of the command update cycle.

#### 2) Mode correspondence

The MINAS-A5N series support the communication cycle/command update cycle, control mode, and data size listed in the table below.

In the full- closed control mode, MINAS-A5N supports only position control (PP, CP). CV and CT cannot be selected.

#### (1) 16 byte mode

Compatible with both semi- and full- closed control; O: Compatible only with semi-closed control;

-: Compatible with no control

	,	Command update period (ms)											
Communication peri	oa	0.1666				0.5				1.0			
(ms)	PP	CP	CV	CT	PP	CP	CV	CT	PP	CP	CV	CT	
0.0833	-	0	0	0	-	ı	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0.1666	-	0	0	0	•	ı	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0.5						•	0	0	•	•	0	0	
1.0										•	0	0	

<sup>\*</sup>When an external scale position information monitoring facility at the semi-closed control (bit4 of Pr7.22) is validated, below 0.1666 [ms] or less communication period does not correspond. (except for NOP)

### (2) 32 byte mode

• Compatible with both semi- and full- closed control; O: Compatible only with semi-closed control;

-: Compatible with no control

. Companie with no conder													
C	Command update period (ms)												
Communication period	0.1666					0.5				1.0			
(ms)	PP	CP	CV	CT	PP	CP	CV	CT	PP	CP	CV	CT	
0.0833	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	
0.1666	-	-	-	1	•	-	-	-	-	-	ı	1	
0.5					•	•	0	0	•	•	0	0	
1.0									•	•	0	0	

#### 3) Relevant parameter

Class	No.	At- trib- ute	Title	Range	Unit	Description
0	01	R	Control mode setup	0-6	-	Select the control mode of the servo driver.  0: semi-closed control (position/velocity/torque control, selectable)  1–5: To be used by the manufacturer but not by the user.  6: Full-close control (only position control)
7	20	R	RTEX communication cycle	0–12	-	Set the communication cycle of the RTEX communication.  0:0.0833[ms]  1:0.1666[ms]  3:0.5[ms]  6:1.0[ms]  Otherwise: Reserved for manufacturer's use (do not set this)  If the communication cycle is 0.0833 [ms], the pulse regeneration will be invalid.
7	21	R	RTEX command update cycle ratio	1–2	_	Set the ratio between the communication cycle and command update cycle of the RTEX communication.  Setting value = command update cycle / communication cycle  1: once  2: twice (valid only for communication cycle = 0.0833, 0.5 [ms])
7	22	R	Extended RTEX function 1	-32768 -32767	_	[bit0]: Set the data size of the RTEX communication.  0: 16 byte mode 1: 32 byte mode [bit1]: Set the synchronous mode between multiple axes using TMG_CNT.  If TMG_CNT is not used, set bit1 to zero. 0: Semi-synchronous mode between axes (partial asynchronous)  1: Full synchronous mode between axes (completely synchronous)  • For more information, refer to Section 4-2-1-1 in RTEX communication specification. [bit2]: For manufacturer's use. Always set to 0 [bit3]: unused. Always set to 0 [bit4]: A setup of the external scale position information monitoring facility at the semi-closed control 0: Invalid 1: Valid  *Full-close control is not related to a setup of this bit, external scale position information can be monitored.

#### Note:

Make sure to set the same cycle as the upper equipment for the RTEX communication cycle (Pr7.20) and RTEX command updating cycle (Pr7.21).

Also, make sure to set the same setting as the upper equipment for the extended RTEX function (Pr7.22). Otherwise, the operation cannot be guaranteed.

### 4) Mode setting example

Communication cycle: 0.5 [ms], command update cycle: 1.0 [ms], 16 byte mode, semi-synchronous mode between axes:

- $\cdot$  Pr0.01 = 0 (semi-closed control)
- · Pr7.20 = 3 (communication cycle: 0.5 [ms])
- Pr7.21 = 2 (command updating cycle: 1.0 [ms] = 0.5 [ms]  $\times$  2)
- $\cdot$  Pr7.22 = 0 (16 byte mode, semi-synchronous mode between axes)

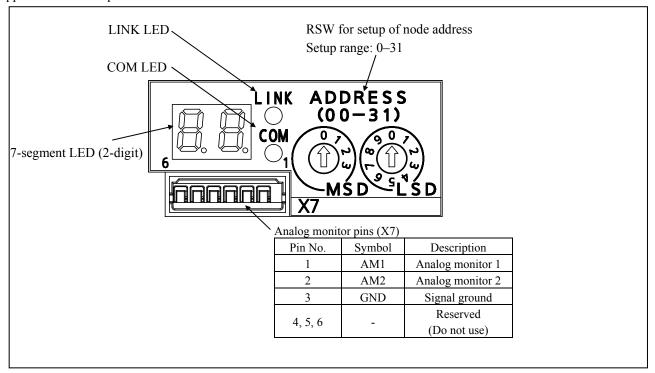
According to the setting above, it is possible to change to the CP/CV/CT control mode. Change to the CP/CV/CT control mode by designating a command code.

#### Note:

If the combination condition of Pr7.20 (RTEX communication cycle) and Pr7.21 (RTEX command updating cycle) is not supported, Err93.5 (Parameter setting error protection 4) occurs.

# 3. Front panel display specification

## 3-1 Appearance of front panel



# 3-2 7-segment LED

Node address value set with RSW will be displayed at power-UP, after that, the setting contents of Pr 7.00 (LED display) will be displayed.

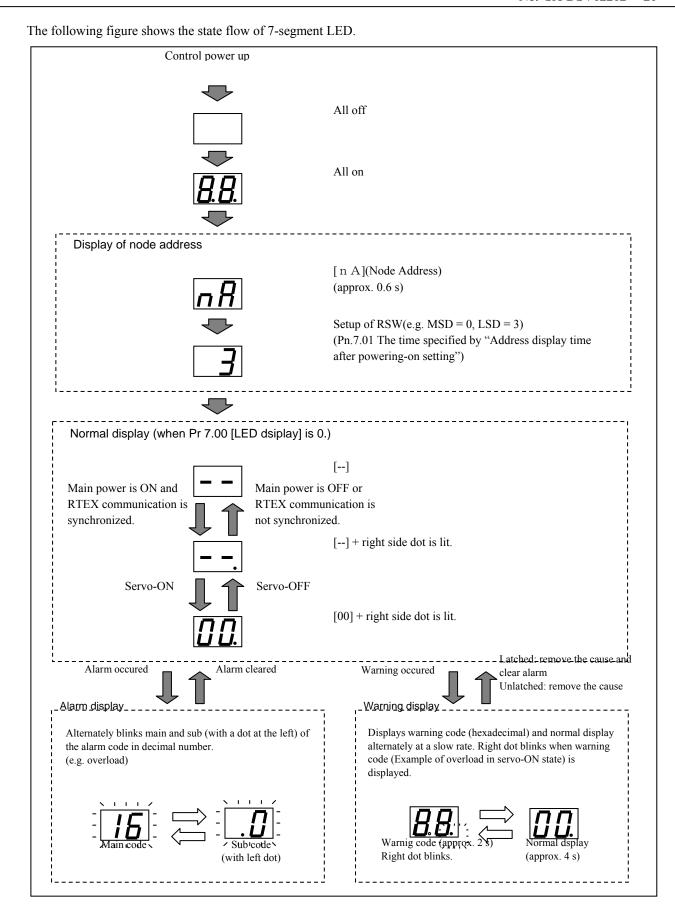
Upon occurrence of an alarm, set of alarm codes (main and sub, alternately) is displayed. Upon occurrence of warning, the warning code will be displayed.

## ■ Relevant parameters

Class	No.	At- trib- ute *1)	Title	Range	Unit	Function
7	00	A	Information on LED	0-32767	_	Selects the information displayed on 7-SEG LED display.
7	01	R	Address display time upon power up	-1–1000	100 ms	Sets node address display time upon turning ON of control power. When the setting value is 0 to 6, it is processed in 600ms. When the setting value is -1, a node address is shown from control power-on until the RTEX communication is established (communication and servo synchronization).

<sup>\*1)</sup> For parameter attribute, refer to Section 9-1.

Pr 7.00	Information on display	Remarks		
0	Normal display	[-]: servo OFF, [00]: servo ON		
1	Mechanical angle	Range: 0 to FFF hex.  0: zero position of 1 revolution data of encoder.  Data increments as motor turns CCW.  When the displayed value exceeds [FF], the count is reset to [0] and restarted.  When the incremental encoder is used, upon turning ON of the control power, [nF] (not Fixed) is displayed until zero position of the encoder is detected.		
2	Electrical angle	Display range: 0 to FF hex.  0: the position where U phase induced voltage reaches the positive peak.  Data increments as motor turns CCW.  When the displayed value exceeds [FF], the count is reset to [0] and restarted.		
3	RTEX Accumulated communication error counts	Display range: 0 to FF hex.		
5	Encoder Accumulated communication error counts	Max. accumulated communication error counts: FFFF hex.  Only the least significant byte is displayed.  When the displayed value exceeds [FF], the count is reset to [00] and restarted.  * Accumulated communication error counts will be cleared upon turning OFF of the control power		
6	External scale Accumulated communication error counts	source.		
4	Node address value	Displays the value set on rotary switch (node address) and read upon power-up, in decimal number.  After power-up, the value cannot be changed from the rotary switch.		
7	Z phase counter	When the incremental external scale is used in full closed control, displays the value of Z phase counter read from external scale: 0–F hex.  * This displayed value is not affected by the value of Pr 3.26 Reversal of direction of external scale.		
Other	To be used by the manufacturer but not by the user.			



#### 3-3 Network status LED

Status indication and description of RTEX network status LED (COM/LINK).

## ■ COM LED

	Description							
		Bit 4 of P	r 7.23 = 0	Bit 4 of Pr $7.23 = 1$				
Display status	RTEX communication status	MNM1221 status *1)	State of synchronization between communication and servo	MNM1221 status *1)	State of synchronization between communication and servo			
Not lit	Not established	• INITIAL		• INITIAL	Not established			
Blinking green		• RING_CONFIG • READY	Independent	<ul><li>RING_CONFIG</li><li>READY</li><li>RUNNING</li></ul>	Not established			
Lit green	Established	• RUNNING		• RUNNING	Established			
Blinking red	RTEX communication-related clearable alarm occurs.							
Lit red	RTEX communica	ation-related unclear	able alarm occurs.					

<sup>\*1)</sup> MNM1221 is an ASIC for RTEX communication control

#### ■ LINK LED

Display status	Description			
Not lit	Not connected (Transmission node is not powered on, or cable is broken etc.)			
Lit green	Connected normally (TX of transmission node and RX of local node are correctly connected electrically.)			

- While an alarm (e.g. Err.16.0) other than RTEX communication-related occurs, if an alarm relating to RTEX communication occurs, the COM LED blinks red or lights up red according to the above.

  However, in this case, be aware that the 7-segment LED indicates the previous alarm, which is not relating to RTEX communication.
- The LINK LED lights up momentarily irrespective of cable connection when the power is turned on or a reset command is issued. This occurs due to internal initialization of a servo amplifier, not due to an error.
- The state of the bit 4 of Pr.7.23 (RTEX function enhancement setting 2) can change the condition for turning on COM LED.

## 3-4 Monitor signal output function

2 types of analog signals can be output for monitoring from the connectors (X7) of the analog monitor on the front panel. Types of monitor and scaling (output gain setting) can be set by the corresponding parameters.

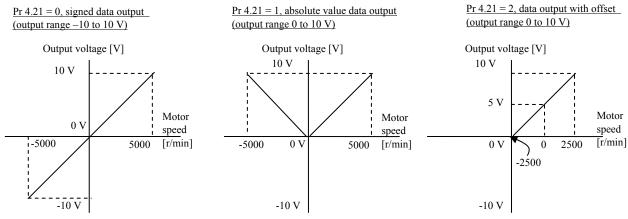
#### ■ Relevant parameters

Class	No.	At- trib- ute *1)	Title	Range	Unit	Function
4	16	A	Type of analog monitor 1	0–24	_	Select the type of monitor for analog monitor 1.  * See the next page.
4	17	A	Analog monitor 1 output gain	0–214748364	[Monitor unit in Pr 4.16] / V	Set up the output gain of analog monitor 1.  For Pr 4.16 = 0 Motor velocity,  1 V is output at the motor velocity [r/min] = Pr 4.17 setup value.
4	18	A	Type of analog monitor 2	0–24	_	Select the type of monitor for analog monitor 2. *See the next page.
4	19	A	Analog monitor 2 output gain	0–214748364	[Monitor unit in Pr 4.18] / V	Set up the output gain of analog monitor 2.  For Pr 4.18 = 4 Torque command,  1 V is output at the torque command [%] = Pr 4.19 setup value.
4	21	A	Analog monitor output setup	0–2	_	Select output format of the analog monitor.  0: Signed data output -10 V to 10 V  1: Absolute value data output 0 V to 10 V  2: Data output with offset 0 V to 10 V (5 V at center)

<sup>\*1)</sup> For parameter attribute, refer to Section 9-1.

## (1) Pr 4.21 Analog monitor output setup:

The figure below shows output specification when Pr 4.21 is 0, 1 or 2.

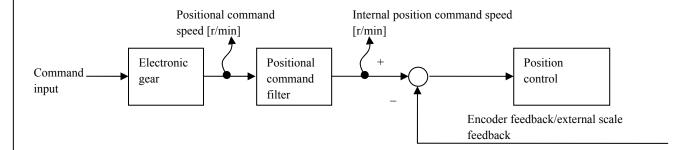


 $<sup>\</sup>bullet$  When monitor type is motor speed, and conversion gain is 500 (1 V = 500 r/min).

(2) The table below shows types of monitor set through Pr 4.16 Type of analog monitor 1 and Pr 4.18 Type of analog monitor 2. Pr 4.17 Analog monitor 1 output gain and Pr 4.19 Analog monitor 2 output gain respectively set the conversion gain in accordance with the unit suitable for the type. When the gain is set to 0, the gain shown at the right end column of the table is automatically applied.

Pr 4.16/Pr 4.18	Type of monitor	Unit	Output gain for setting Pr 4.17/Pr 4.19 = 0
0	Motor velocity	r/min	500
1	Positional command velocity *2	r/min	500
2	Internal positional command velocity *2	r/min	500
3	Velocity control command	r/min	500
4	Torque command	%	33
5	Command positional deviation *3	pulse (Command unit)	3000
6	Encoder positional deviation *3	pulse (Encoder unit)	3000
7	Full-closed deviation *3	pulse (External scale unit)	3000
8	Hybrid deviation	pulse (Command unit)	3000
9	Voltage across PN	V	80
10	Regenerative load factor	%	33
11	Overload factor	%	33
12	Positive direction torque limit	%	33
13	Negative direction torque limit	%	33
14	Speed limit value	r/min	500
15	Inertia ratio	%	500
16	Reserved		_
17	Reserved	_	_
18	Reserved		_
19	Encoder temperature *4	°C	10
20	Driver temperature	°C	10
21	Encoder single-turn data *1	pulse (Encoder unit)	110000
22	Reserved		
23	Travel command status *5	<u> </u>	_
24	Gain selection status *5		_

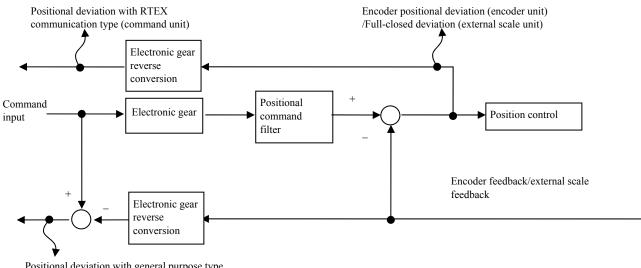
- \*1 The direction of monitor data is basically as defined in Pr 0.00 Rotational direction setup, However, the direction of encoder rotational data is defined positive when it turns CCW. When the incremental encoder is used, normal value will be output after passing 1st Z phase.
- \*2 For the command pulse input, the speed before the command filter (smoothing, FIR filter) is defined as positional command velocity and speed after filter is defined as internal command velocity.



\*3 Computation method (reference) of positional deviation (command unit) for RTEX communication type (MINAS-A5N series) is different from that for general purpose type ((MINAS-A5 series). With the general purpose type, the deviation is with respect to the command input before the positional command filter. With RTEX communication type, the deviation is with respect to the instruction input after the positional command filter (encoder positional deviation/full closed positional deviation, reverse converted to command unit).

The encoder positional deviation/full closed positional deviation is the deviation at the input section of positional control.

The figure below shows details.



- Positional deviation with general purpose type (command unit)
- \*4 Temperature information from the encoder includes value only when it is a 20-bit incremental encoder. Otherwise, the value is always 0.
- \*5 For the monitor types No.23 and 24, digital signals are monitored using an analog monitor. So, set the Pr4.17 "Analog monitor 1 output gain" and the Pr4.19 "Analog monitor 2 output gain" to 0 or 1, and set the Pr4.21 "Analog monitor output setting" to 1. In this case, the output gain is as follows:

#### Analog output setting

- Pr4.17, Pr4.19 = 0 or 1
- Pr4.21 = 1

Pr4.16		Manitantana	Output voltage		
/Pr4.18		Monitor type	0 [V]	+5 [V]	
		Profile position control (PP)	In process of profiling	Under suspension of profiling	
	Travel	Cyclic position control	Command update interval	Command update interval	
23	command	(CP)	Travel command $\neq 0$	Travel command = $0$	
	status	Cyclic velocity control (CV)	Velocity command ≠ 0	Velocity command = 0	
		Cyclic torque control (CT)	Torque command $\neq 0$	Torque command = 0	
24	Gain selectio	n status	2nd gain (Including 3rd gain)	1st gain	

#### 4. Basic function

#### 4-1 Rotational direction setup

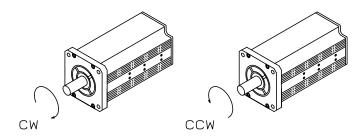
When the positional command, velocity command or torque command is applied, rotating direction of the motor can be changed.

## ■ Relevant parameters

Class	No.	At- trib- ute *1)	Title	Range	Unit	Function
0	00	С	Rotational direction setup	0–1		Setup the relationship between the direction of command and direction of motor rotation.  0: Motor turns CW in response to positive direction command  1: Motor turns CCW in response to positive direction command

<sup>\*1)</sup> For parameter attribute, refer to Section 9-1.

The direction of motor rotation, CW or CCW is defined as viewed from the load side shaft end.

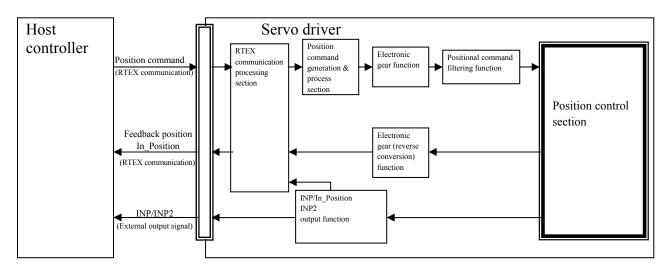


For the purpose of this specification, positive direction refers to CW and negative direction CCW as defined above. The table below shows relationship between the positive direction drive inhibit input and negative direction drive inhibit input and resulting motor rotation direction.

Pr 0.00	Command direction	Motor rotational direction	Positive direction drive inhibit input	Negative direction drive inhibit input
0	Positive direction	CW	Valid	_
0	Negative direction	CCW	_	Valid
1	Positive direction	CCW	Valid	
1	Negative direction	CW	_	Valid

#### 4-2 Position control

Control the position based on the positional command of RTEX communication command from the host controller. Below describes the basic settings necessary for position control.



#### 4-2-1 Process of command pulse input

Positional command is input based on the command of RTEX communication.

As position control modes, profile position control (PP) and Cyclic position control (CP) are available. In the former, target position, a target velocity, and acceleration/deceleration are specified and a position command is generated in a servo amplifier; and in the latter, a position command is generated in an upper controller and a command position is updated at specified intervals. Those control modes are switched by a RTEX communication command.

For details, refer to Technical Reference, SX-DSV02203"Section 5-3,5-4", RTEX communication.

## 4-2-2 Electronic gear function

The electronic gear is a function to receive a position command from an upper controller, and multiplies it by an electronic gear ratio specified by a parameter to produce a position command to a position control section. By using this function, the number of revolutions and travel of the motor per command can be set to the desired value.

#### ■ Relevant parameters

Class	No.	At- trib- ute *1)	Title	Range	Unit	Function
0	08	С	Number of command pulses per motor revolution	0– 1048576	pulse	Specifies the number of command pulses equivalent to one revolution of a motor.  If this value is 0, Pn0.09 "Numerator of electronic gear ratio" and Pn0.10 "Denominator of electronic gear ratio" are valid.  This setting is invalid during full-close control.
0	09	С	Numerator of electronic gear ratio	0– 1073741824	_	Set the numerator of electronic gear ratio *2) Valid when Pn0.08 "Number of command pulses per revolution of motor" is 0. When the setup value is 0, the numerator is replaced by the encoder resolution. Electronic gear ratio is 1:1 if this setting value is 0 during full-close control.
0	10	С	Denominator of electronic gear ratio	1– 1073741824	_	Set the denominator of electronic gear ratio *2) Valid when Pn0.08 "Number of command pulses per revolution of motor" is 0.

<sup>\*1)</sup> For parameter attribute, refer to Section 9-1.

\*2) In the range from 1/1000 to 1000: out of this range will cause Err. 93.0 (Parameter setting error protection).

#### ■ Command unit

The command unit is the unit of the position command that is input to the electronic gear from an upper controller.



■ Relation among Pr0.08, Pr0.09, and Pr0.10 during position control

Pr0.08	Pr0.09	Pr0.10	Electronic gear process
1–1048576	— (No effect)	— (No effect)	Position command input  Encoder resolution  [Pr0.08 setting value]  Position command  Position command  Promand  Position command  Promand  Position command  Promand  Promand  Position command
	0	1-1073741824	Position command input Encoder resolution [Pr0.10 setting value]  Position command command  • If Pr0.08 and 0.09 are 0, the process in the above figure is performed according to the setting value of Pr0.10.
0	1–1073741824	1–1073741824	Position command input  [Pr0.09 setting value]  [Pr0.10 setting value]  • If Pr0.08 is 0 and Pr0.09 is not 0, the process in the above figure is performed according to the Pr0.09 and 0.10 setting values.

■ Relation among Pr0.08, Pr0.09, and Pr0.10 during full-close control.

Kelation among i	Relation among Pro.08, Pro.09, and Pro.10 during full-close control.								
Pr0.08	Pr0.09 Pr0.10		Electronic gear process						
	0	— (No effect)	Position command input  1  Position command  1  If Pr0.09 is 0, the process in the above figure is performed with assumption with an assumption that numerator and denominator are 1.						
(No effect)	1–1073741824	1–1073741824	Position command input [Pr0.09 setting value] Position command [Pr0.10 setting value]  • If Pr0.09 is not 0, the process in the above figure is performed according to the Pr0.09 and 0.10 setting values.						

#### 4-2-3 Positional command filtering function

To make the positional command divided or multiplied by the electronic gear smooth, set the command filter. For details of, such as restrictions, refer to Technical Reference, SX-DSV02203"Section 7-6-2", RTEX communication.

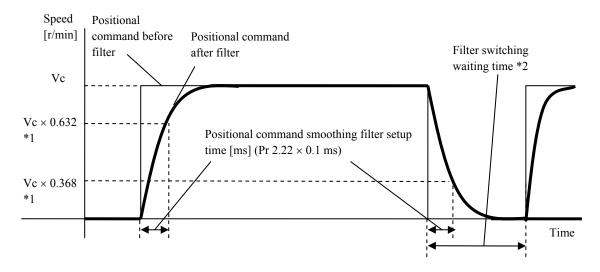
#### ■ Relevant parameters

Class	No.	At- trib- ute *1)	Title	Range	Unit	Function
2	22	В	Positional command smoothing filter	0–10000	0.1 ms	Set up the time constant of the 1st delay filter in response to the positional command.
2	23	В	Positional command FIR filter	0–10000	0.1 ms	Set up the time constant of the 1st delay filter in response to the positional command

<sup>\*1)</sup> For parameter attribute, refer to Section 9-1.

### • Pr 2.22 Positional command smoothing filter

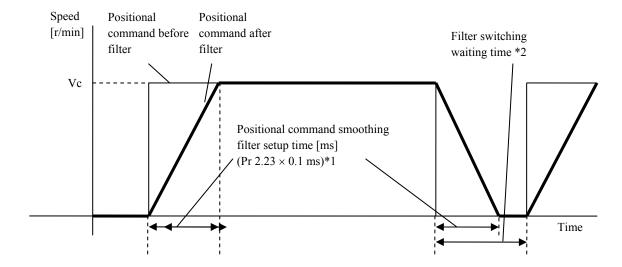
When a square wave command for the target speed Vc is applied, set up the time constant of the 1st delay filter as shown in the figure below.



- \*1 Actual filter time constant (setup value  $\times$  0.1 ms) has the maximum absolute error of 0.4 ms for a time constant below 100 ms and the maximum relative error of 0.2% for a time constant 20 ms or more.
- \*2 Switching of Pr 2.22 Positional command smoothing filter is performed on the rising edge of the command with the number of command pulses/0.166 ms is changed from 0 to a value other than 0 while the positioning complete is being output.
  - Even if the control mode is changed to position control after Pr2.22 (Positional command smoothing filter) setting is changed during velocity control or torque control, the setting is not changed.
  - If the filter time constant is decreased and positioning complete range is increased, and a many number of pulses are accumulated in the filter (the area equivalent of "value of positional command before filter—value of positional command after filter" integrated over the time), at the time of switching, these pulses are discharged at a higher rate, causing the motor to return to the previous position—the motor runs at a speed higher than the command speed for a short time.
- \*3 Even if setting of Pr2.22 (Positional command smoothing filter) is changed, it is not immediately applied to the internal calculation. If the switching as described in \*2 occurs during this delay time, the change of Pr2.22 will be suspended.

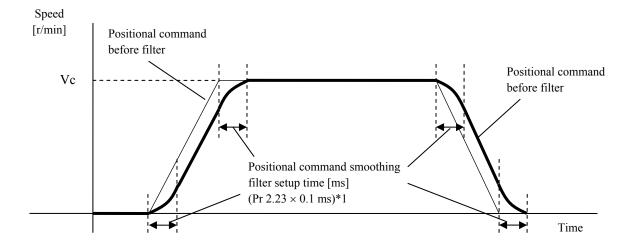
• Pr2.23 Positional command FIR filter

When a square wave command of the target speed Vc is applied, set up the Vc arrival time as shown in the figure below.



- \*1 The actual average travel time (setup value  $\times$  0.1 ms) has the maximum absolute error of 0.2 ms for a time constant below 10 ms and the maximum relative error of 1.6% for a time constant 10 ms or more.
- \*2 When changing the setting of Pr2.23 (Positional command FIR filter), stop the command pulse and wait until the filter switching wait time has elapsed. The filter switching wait time is the setup value × 0.1 ms + 0.25 ms when the setup time is 10 ms, and setup value × 0.1 ms × 1.05 when the setup time is 10 ms or more. If Pr 2.23 is changed while the command pulse is being input, the change is not reflected until the command pulse-less state has continued for the filter switching wait time.
- \*3 Even if setting of Pr2.23 (Positional command FIR filter) is changed, it is not immediately applied to the internal calculation. If the switching as described in \*2 occurs during this delay time, the change of Pr2.23 will be suspended.

When the positional command is trapezoidal wave, its waveform will be shaped to S at the output of the filter.



## 4-2-4 Positioning complete output (INP/INP2) function

The completion of positioning can be verified by the positioning complete output (INP) or the positioning complete output 2 (INP2).

When the absolute value of the positional deviation counter at the position control is equal to or below the positioning complete range by the parameter, the output is ON. Presence and absence of positional command can be specified as one of judgment conditions.

Positioning completion status can be checked also in positioning completion (In\_Position) of RTEX communication status. For details, refer to Technical Reference, SX-DSV02203"Section 4-3-3", RTEX communication.

■ Relevant parameters

		At-				
Class	No.	trib- ute *1)	Title	Range	Unit	Function
4	31	A	Positioning complete (In-position) range	0-262144	Command unit	Set the threshold of positional deviation with respect to the output of positioning complete (INP) signal.  The command unit is used as the default unit but can be replaced by the encoder unit by using Pr 5.20. Positioning unit selection. Note that when the encoder unit is used, unit of Pr 0.14 Positional deviation excess setup is also changed.  Note:This setting value is also used as the detection threshold of positioning complete of RTEX communication status (In_Position). However, it is always in command unit regardless of the value of Pr 5.20.
4	32	A	Positioning complete (In-position) output setup	0–4		<ol> <li>Select the condition to output the positioning complete signal (INP1).</li> <li>The signal will turn on when the positional deviation is smaller than Pr 4.31 (Positioning complete range)</li> <li>The signal will turn on when there is no position command and the positional deviation is smaller than Pr 4.31 (Positioning complete range).</li> <li>The signal will turn on when there is no position command, the zero-speed detection signal is ON and the positional deviation is smaller than Pr 4.31 (Positioning complete range).</li> <li>The signal will turn on when there is no position command and the positional deviations smaller than Pr 4.31 (Positioning complete range). Subsequently, ON state is maintained until Pr 4.33 INP hold time has elapsed. After the hold time, INP output will be turned ON/OFF according to the coming positional command or condition of the positional deviation.</li> <li>Positioning completion decision starts in a delay time specified by Pr4.33 after a change from "With command" to "Without command". The signal turns on if position command is not received and position deviation is not larger than Pr4.31.</li> <li>Note: This setting value is also used in the condition for detecting positioning completion (In_Position) of RTEX communication status.</li> </ol>
4	33	A	INP hold time	0–30000	1 ms	Set up the hold time when Pr 4.32 Positioning complete output setup = 3.  0: The hold time is maintained definitely, keeping ON state until the next positional command is received.  1 to 30000: ON state is maintained for setup time (ms) but switched to OFF state as the positional command is received during hold time.  *) Becomes positioning detection delay time if Pr4.32 is 4.  0: Positioning detection delay time becomes 0, and positioning completion decision is started immediately upon a change from "With position command" to "Without position command".  1 to 30000: Positioning decision start time is delayed by a setting value [ms]. If a position command is received during the delay time, the delay time is reset. When the position command becomes 0, the delay time starts to be measured starting from 0.  Note: This setting value is also used in the condition for detecting positioning completion (In Position) of RTEX communication status.

Class	No.	At- trib- ute *1)	Title	Range	Unit	Function
4	42	A	Positioning complete (In-position) range 2	0–262144	Command unit	Set the threshold of positional deviation with respect to the output of positioning complete (INP) signal.  The INP2 turns ON whenever the positional deviation is lower than the value set up in this parameter, without being affected by Pr 4.32  Positioning complete output setup. (Presence/ absence of positional command is not related to this judgment.)  The command unit is used as the default unit but can be replaced by the encoder unit by using Pr 5.20. Positioning unit selection.  Note that when the encoder unit is used, unit of Pr 0.14 Positional deviation excess setup is also changed

<sup>\*1)</sup> For parameter attribute, refer to Section 9-1.

Note: When an electronic gear ratio is larger than 1/1, even if it is servo-off, the remainder on operation may occur and a encoder scale position deviation may not be set to 0. If it sets up per encoder scale by Pr5.20 " Position setup unit select ", output of positioning complete 1/2 (INP/INP2) signals may turn off during servo-off.

<sup>•</sup> The positional command is detected based on the command after the positional command filter. For positional command filter, refer to 4-2-3 Positional command filtering function.

# 4-2-5 Pulse regeneration function [Under preparation]

The information on the amount of movement can be sent to the host controller in the form of A- and B-phase pulses from the servo driver. The resolution of information, B phase logic and output source (encoder and external scale) can be set up by using parameters.

Z phase signal is not compatible with pulse regeneration.

# ■ Relevant parameters

Class	No.	At- trib- ute *1)	Parameter	Range	Unit	Function
0	11	R	Number of output pulses per motor revolution	1–262144	pulse/r	Set the resolution of pulse output by the number of output pulses per revolution of OA and OB, respectively. When the host counts pulses after multiplying by 4, resulting count is as follows:  Pulse output resolution per revolution = Pr. 0.11 setting value × 4.
0	12	R	Denominator of pulse output division	0–3	_	You can set up the B-phase logic and the output source of the pulse output. With this parameter, you can reverse the phase relation between the A-phase pulse and the B-phase pulse by reversing the B-phase logic. Encoder or external scale can be selected as the output source for full-closed control. The encoder is selected as the source if not for full-closed control.
5	3	R	Pulse output division denominator	0–262144	_	For application where the number of output pulses is not an integer, this parameter can be set to a value other than 0 and the dividing ratio can be set by using Pr. 0.11 as numerator and Pr. 5.03 as denominator. When the host counts pulses after multiplying by 4, resulting count is as follows:  Pulse output resolution per revolution = (Pr. 0.11 setting value/Pr. 5.03 setting value) × encoder resolution
5	33	С	Pulse regenerative output limit setup	0–1	_	Enable/disable detection of Err28.0 Pulse regenerative limit protection.  0: Invalid 1: Valid
6	22	R	A, B phase external scale pulse output method selection	0–1	_	Select the pulse regeneration method of A, B and Z parallel external scale.  0: Directly output the signals from A, B and Z parallel external scales.  1: Output A and B phase signals recovered from A, B and Z parallel external scales. Z-phase is output directly.

<sup>\*1)</sup> For parameter attribute, refer to Section 9-1.

The table below shows combination of Pr0.11 (Output pulse counts per motor revolution) and Pr5.03 (Denominator of pulse output division).

Pr 0.11	Pr 5.03	Command division/multiplication operation
		[When the output source is encoder]  Encoder feedback pulse [Pr.0.11 setting value] × 4  Encoder resolution  Output pulse [pulse]
1–262144	0	• When Pr 5.03 = 0, the above process is made according to Pr 0.11 setup value. The number of pulses of reproduced pulse output OA and OB are the number of pulses set in Pr 0.11. The resolution of pulse output per one revolution is equal to or less the encoder resolution.
		External scale  pulse [pulse]  Output pulse [pulse]
		• When Pr.5.03 = 0, division ratio is 1:1.
		Encoder feedback pulse or External scale pulse [pulse]  [Pr.0.11 setting value] [Pr.5.03 setting value]
1–262144	1–262144	• If Pr 5.03 is not equal to 0, then the above process is performed based on setup value of Pr 0.11 and Pr 5.03. This process enables the system to be compatible with application where the number of pulses per motor revolution of reproduced pulse output OA and OB are not an integral. However, the resolution of output pulse is equal to the resolution of encoder pulse at the best.

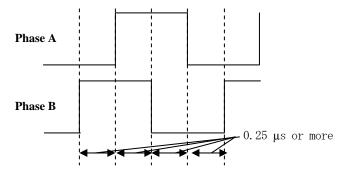
Table below shows details of Pr. 0.12 Reversal of pulse output logic.

Pr 0.12	B-phase logic	Output source	CCW direction rotation	CW direction rotation
0	N	Encoder	A-phase	A-phase
2	Nonreversal	External scale	B-phase	B-phase B-phase
1	Davagal	Encoder	A-phase	A-phase
3	Reversal	External scale	B-phase	B-phase

<sup>•</sup> Setup value 2 and 3 are valid only for full-closed control. Setting must be 0 or 1 if not for fullclosed control

R2.2

- Command on pulse regeneration function
- Maximum frequency of regenerated pulse output is 4 Mpps (after multiplied by 4), If the movement speed exceeds this frequency, the regeneration will not function correctly. That is, correct pulse is not returned to the host controller, causing positional deviation.



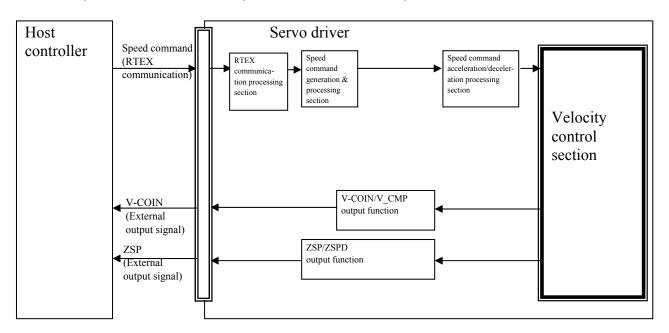
By enabling Pr5.33 (Pulse regenerative output limit setup), Err28.0 (Pulse regenerative limit protection) can be generated upon reaching the pulse regeneration limit. Because this error is generated when the output limit of the pulse regeneration is detected, it is not generated at the maximum frequency. However, detection error may occur if the frequency instantaneously jumps up due to motor velocity change (irregular rotation).

## 4-3 Velocity Control [Under preparation]

This function controls the velocity according to the velocity command RTEX communication command sent from the host controller. Below describes the basic set up of the velocity controls.

Available velocity control mode is the cyclic velocity control mode (CV control mode) which updates the command velocity through RTEX communication command.

For details, refer to Technical Reference, SX-DSV02203"Section 5-5", RTEX communication.



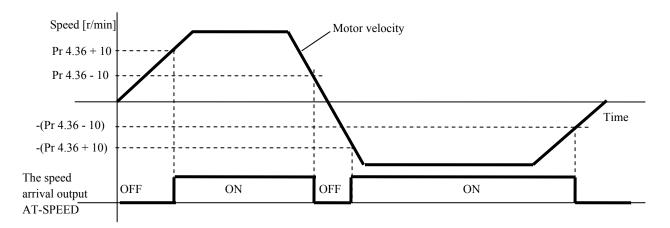
## 4-3-1 Attained speed output (AT-SPEED)

The AT-SPEED signal is output as the motor reaches the speed set to Pr 4.36 "Attained speed".

## ■ Relevant parameters

Class	No.	At- trib- ute *1)	Title	Range	Unit	Function
4	36	A	At-speed (Speed arrival)	10–20000	r/min	Set the detection timing of the speed arrival output (AT-SPEED).  When the motor speed exceeds this setup value, the speed arrival output (AT-SPEED) is output.  Detection is associated with 10 r/min hysteresis.

<sup>\*1)</sup> For parameter attribute, refer to Section 9-1.



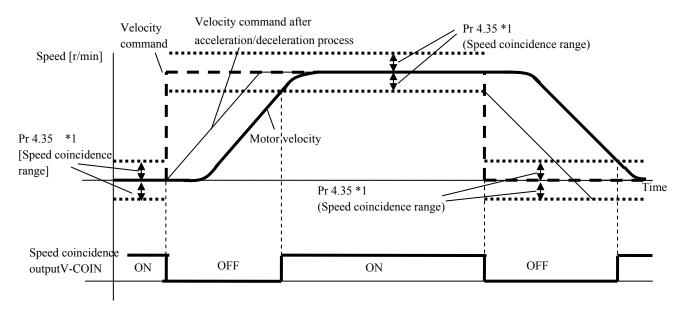
# 4-3-2 Speed coincidence output (V-COIN)

This signal is output when the motor speed is equal to the velocity specified by the velocity command. The motor speed is judged to be coincident with the specified speed when the difference from the velocity command before/after acceleration/deceleration is within the range specified by Pr 4.35 "Speed coincident range"

# ■ Relevant parameters

Class	No.	At- trib- ute *1)	Title	Range	Unit	Function
4	35	A	Speed coincidence range	10-20000	r/min	Set the speed coincidence (V-COIN) output detection timing. Output the speed coincidence (V-COIN) when the difference between the speed command and the motor speed is equal to or smaller than the speed specified by this parameter.  The detection response has 10 r/min hysteresis.

<sup>\*1)</sup> For parameter attribute, refer to Section 9-1.



\*1 Because the speed coincidence detection is associated with 10 r/min hysteresis, actual detection range is as shown below.

Speed coincidence output OFF ON timing (Pr 4.35 - 10) r/min Speed coincidence output ON OFF timing (Pr 4.35 + 10) r/min

## 4-3-3 Velocity command acceleration/deceleration setting function

This function controls the velocity by adding acceleration or deceleration command in the driver to the input velocity command.

Using this function, you can use the soft start when inputting stepwise velocity command or when using internal velocity setup. You can also use S shaped acceleration/deceleration function to minimize shock due to change in velocity.

#### ■ Relevant parameters

Class	No.	At- trib- ute *1)	Title	Range	Unit	Function
3	12	В	Acceleration time setup	0-10000	ms/ (1000 r/min)	Set up acceleration processing time in response to the velocity command input.
3	13	В	Deceleration time setup	0-10000	ms/ (1000 r/min)	Set up deceleration processing time in response to the velocity command input.
3	14	В	Sigmoid acceleration/ deceleration time setup	0–1000	ms	Set S-curve time for acceleration/deceleration process when the velocity command is applied.

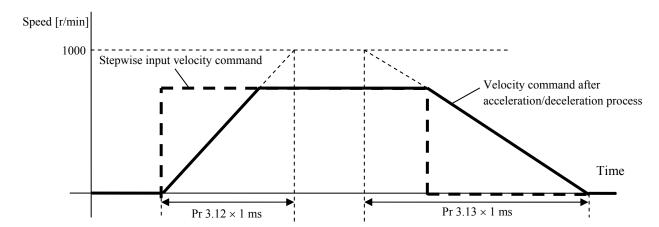
<sup>\*1)</sup> For parameter attribute, refer to Section 9-1.

Note: When the position loop is external to the driver, do not use the acceleration/deceleration time setting. Set these values to 0.

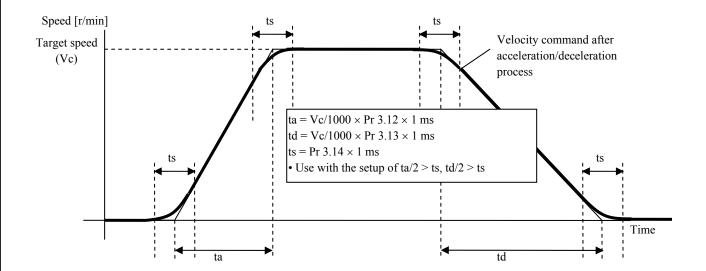
• Pr 3.12 "Acceleration time setup", Pr 3.13 "Deceleration time setup"

Set the time, elapsing before the velocity command (stepwise input) reaches 1000 r/min after a stepwise velocity command is input, to Pr 3.12 "Acceleration time setup". Also set the time, elapsing before the velocity command reaches 0 r/min from 1000 r/min, to Pr 3.13 "Deceleration time setup". Assuming that the target value of the velocity command is Vc (r/min), the time required for acceleration/deceleration can be computed from the formula shown below

Acceleration time (ms) =  $Vc/1000 \times Pr \ 3.12 \times 1 \text{ ms}$ Deceleration time (ms) =  $Vc/1000 \times Pr \ 3.13 \times 1 \text{ ms}$ 



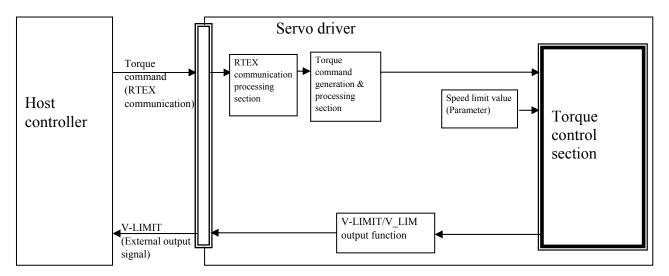
Pr 3.14 "Sigmoid acceleration/deceleration time setup"
 According to Pr 3.12 "Acceleration time setup" and Pr 3.13 "Deceleration time setup", set up sigmoid time with time width centering the inflection point of acceleration/deceleration.



## 4-4 Torque control [Under preparation]

This function performs torque control based on torque command of RTEX communication command sent from the host controller. Below describes basic setting of torque control to be used. In addition to the torque command, the speed limit command is required to maintain the motor at a speed below the limited value.

Available torque control mode is the cyclic torque control mode (CT control mode) which updates the command torque during communication period. The mode is selected by RTEX communication command. For details, refer to Technical Reference, SX-DSV02203"Section 5-6", RTEX communication.



## 4-4-1 Speed limit function

The speed limit is one of protective functions used during torque control.

This function regulates the motor speed so that it does not exceed the speed limit while the torque is controlled.

Note: While the speed limit is used to control the motor, the torque command applied to the motor is not directly proportional to the analog torque command. Torque command should have the following result.: the motor speed is equal to the speed limit.

# ■ Relevant parameters

		F	arameters .			
Class	No.	At- trib- ute *1)	Title	Range	Unit	Function
3	17	В	Speed limit select	0–1	_	Set up the selection method of the speed limit used for torque controlling.  Setting value $SL_SW = 0$ $SL_SW = 1$ 0 $Pr 3.21$ Pr 3.22
3	21	В	Speed limit value 1	0–20,000	r/min	Set up the speed limit used for torque controlling.  During the torque controlling, the speed set by the speed limit value cannot be exceeded.  Internal value is limited to the setting speed of Pr5.13 "Overspeed level setup", Pr6.15 "2nd overspeed level setup", and the motor maximum speed × 1.2, whichever smaller.
3	22	В	Speed limit value 2	0–20,000	r/min	When Pr 3.17 Selection of speed limit is set to 1, the speed limit selected with SL_SW 1 is set.  Internal value is limited to the setting speed of Pr5.13 "Overspeed level setup", Pr6.15 "2nd overspeed level setup", and the motor maximum speed × 1.2, whichever smaller.

<sup>\*1)</sup> For parameter attribute, refer to Section 9-1.

#### 4-5 Full-closed control

The full-closed control is intended to directly detect the position of a controlled machine by using an externally located scale, and control its position by feeding it back the result of such detection. For example, it can be controlled without any influence of ball screw errors or position changes due to temperature variation.

By configuring a full-closed control system, submicron precision positioning can be realized.

During full-closed controlling, do not select the cyclic velocity control mode (CV control mode) or cyclic torque control mode (CT control mode).

In this section, the setting of the external scale ratio, the hybrid error and the hybrid control in the initial setting of the full-closed control will be described.

Two types of full-closed positional control modes are available: profile position control (PP) mode in which positional command is generated in the servo driver by specifying the target position, target speed and acceleration/deceleration speed; and cyclic position control (CP) mode in which the position command is generated in the host controller and the command position is updated every command update cycle; either mode is selected by RTEX communication command. For details, refer to Technical Reference, SX-DSV02203"Section 5-3,5-4", RTEX communication.

#### Precautions

- (1) One command pulse (command unit) when electronic gear ratio is 1:1 corresponds to 1 pulse of external scale. In full-closed control, velocity control is made through feedback of the encoder and position control is through feedback of external scale.
- (2) To prevent overrun or damage of equipment due to malfunction of external scale, disengagement of motor and load, etc., correctly set up Pr 3.28 Hybrid deviation excess setup and Pr 3.29 Hybrid deviation clear setup. If the hybrid deviation excess setup range is too wide, deviation detection error occurs. In contrast, if the range is too narrow, twist of motor or equipment during normal operation may be detected as error.
- (3) For normal operation of the external scale, recommended setting is 1/40 ≤ external scale ratio ≤160. If the external scale ratio is set to a value smaller than 50/position loop gain (Hz), external scale cannot be controlled in unit of pulse. Larger external scale ratio will cause larger operation noise.
- (4) If the division ratio of external scale is wrong, Err 25.0 Hybrid deviation excess error protection may be issued even if the external scale and motor position match, if stroke is too long. If Err 25.0 is issued, adjust the external scale division ratio and increase the range of the hybrid deviation excess setup.

## 4-5-1 Selection of external scale type

Select the type of external scale to be used.

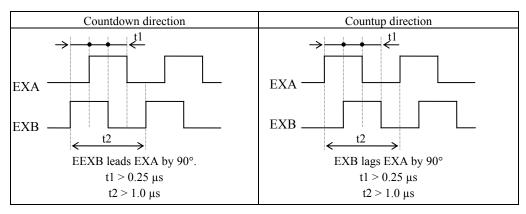
### ■ Relevant parameters

Class	No.	At- trib- ute *1)	Title	Range	Unit	Function
3	23	R	External scale selection	0–2		Select the type of external scale.  Be sure to set the parameter to the type of external scale.  0: A, B phase output type 1: Serial communication type (incremental version) 2: Serial communication type (absolute version) When the setup value is 1 or 2 while the A, B phase output type is connected, Err 50.0 "External scale wiring error protection" occurs, and if the setup value is 0 while the serial communication type is connected, Err 55.0, 1 or 2 "A phase, B phase or Z phase wiring error protection" will occur.  When the parameter is set to 1 and the serial communication type scale of absolute version is used, or the parameter is set to 2 and the serial communication type scale of incremental version is used, Err. 93.3 External scale connection error protection will occur.
3	26	R	Reversal of direction of external scale	0–1	_	Reverse the direction of external scale, feedback counter., feedback counter.  0: Not reverse 1: Reverse

<sup>\*1)</sup> For parameter attribute, refer to Section 9-1.

Pr 3.23	External scale type	Compatible scale	Compatible speed*3
0	A, B phase output type *1 *2 *4	External scale of A, B phase output type	–4Mpps
			(after quadrupled)
1	Serial communication type	Magnescale Co., Ltd.	-400Mpps
	(incremental version) *2 *4	SR75, SR85	
2	Serial communication type	Mitutoyo Corp.	-400Mpps
	(absolute version) *2 *4	ST770A, ST770AL, AT573A	
		Magnescale Co., Ltd.	
		SR77, SR87	

<sup>\*1</sup> Table below shows the count direction of driver's internal process for A, B phase output type external scale.



\*2 Connect the external scale so that it increments the count as the motor shaft turns CCW, and decrements as the shaft turns CW. If this connection arrangement is impossible due to installation condition, etc., use the count reverse function of Pr. 3.26 Reversal of direction of external scale.

To verify the connection arrangement, check the counting direction of total external scale feedback pulses and total encoder feedback pulses through USB communication (PANATERM): when these are matched, the scale is correctly connected. If not matched, reverse the setting of Pr.3.26 Reversal of direction of external scale (0  $\rightarrow$  1 or 1  $\rightarrow$  0).

\*3 Compatible speed is the feedback speed (pps) of external scale which can be processed by the driver.

For the speed range supported by the scale, refer to the scale specification.

For example, when using the serial communication type external scale having  $0.01 \mu m$  resolution, the max. speed is 4 m/s. To use the serial communication type at 5 m/s, use external scale having  $0.0125 \mu m$  or lower resolution.

Remember that the over-speed protection will occur when motor speed exceeds the maximum speed even if full-closed control is activated.

- \*4 Consult with us when you use about a correspondence encoder scale.
  - 4-5-2 Setup of external scale division ratio

Set up the division ratio of encoder resolution and external scale resolution.

## ■ Relevant parameters

Class	No.	At- trib- ute *1)	Title	Range	Unit	Function
3	24	R	Numerator of external scale division	0-2 <sup>20</sup>	_	Set up the numerator of the external scale dividing setup. When setup value = 0, encoder resolution is used as numerator of the division.
3	25	R	Denominator of external scale division	1-2 <sup>20</sup>	_	Set up the Denominator of the external scale dividing setup.

<sup>\*1)</sup> For parameter attribute, refer to Section 9-1.

• Check the number of encoder feedback pluses per one motor revolution and the number of external scale pulses per one motor revolution, and then set up the numerator of external scale division (Pr 3.24) and the denominator of external scale division (Pr 3.25) to establish the expression shown below.

Example: When ball screw pitch is 10 mm, scale 0.1 μm/pulse, encoder resolution 20 bits (1,048.576 pulses);

- If this ratio is wrong, the difference between the position calculated based on the encoder pulses and the position calculated based on the external scale pulses becomes large over a long travel distance and will activate the excess hybrid deviation error protection.
- With Pr 3.24 set at 0, the encoder resolution is automatically used as numerator.

## 4-5-3 Setup of hybrid excessive deviation

This function detects the positional difference between the motor (encoder) and load (external scale) and enables the hybrid excessive deviation protection if the difference exceeds Pr 3.28 "Hybrid excessive deviation setup". Hybrid excessive deviation is mainly caused by external scale error, wrong connection and loose connection between the motor and load.

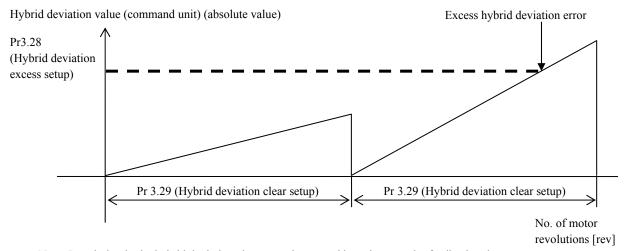
### ■ Relevant parameters

Class	No.	At- trib- ute *1)	Title	Range	Unit	Function
3	28	С	Hybrid deviation excess setup	1-2 <sup>27</sup>	Command unit	You can setup the permissible gap (hybrid deviation) between the present motor position and the present external scale position by command unit.
3	29	С	Hybrid deviation clear setup	0–100	Revolution	As the motor turns the number of revolutions set by this parameter, the hybrid deviation is cleared to 0. No clearing is made with setup value 0.

<sup>\*1)</sup> For parameter attribute, refer to Section 9-1.

# • Hybrid deviation clear feature

As the motor reaches the number of revolutions set by Pr 3.29 Hybrid deviation clear setup, clear the hybrid deviation to 0. This feature allows the motor to be used in an application where hybrid deviation accumulate due to slippage etc.



Note: Revolution in the hybrid deviation clear setup is counted by using encoder feedback pulses.

To use the hybrid deviation clear, be sure to set Pr 3.29 "Hybrid deviation clear setup" to the appropriate value. If the setup value is too small with respect to the value of Pr 3.28 "Hybrid deviation excess setup", abnormal operation due to e.g. external scale connection error cannot be protected.

Limit sensor should be used to assure safety.

# 4-6 Setting regenerative resistor

The table describes setup of regenerative resistor.

For details of regenerative resistor specification, refer to Technical Reference SX-DSV02201.

# ■ Relevant parameters

Class	No.	At- trib- ute *1)	Title	Range	Unit	Function
0	16	С	External Regenerative resistor setup	0–3		With this parameter, you can select either to use the built-in regenerative resistor of the driver, or to separate this built-in regenerative resistor and externally install the regenerative resistor.  0: Use the built-in resistor and activate regenerative over-load protection.  1: Use the external resistor and activate regenerative over-load protection.  2: Use the external resistor but do not activate regenerative over-load protection.  3: Do not use regenerative resistor. (Do not use over-load protection.)
0	17	С	Selection of load factor of external regenerative resistor	0–4	_	When selecting the external regenerative resistor (Pr 0.16 = 1, 2), select the computing method of load factor of regenerative resistor.  0: Regenerative load factor is 100% when duty factor of external regenerative resistor is 10%. (Compatible with A4N series)  1–4: For manufacturer's use (do not setup)

<sup>\*1)</sup> For parameter attribute, refer to Section 9-1.

#### 4-7 Absolute setup

#### 4-7-1 Absolute encoder

When using the motor with absolute encoder or absolute/incremental common encoder, you can compose an absolute system, which does not require to execute a homing operation at power-ON. For that, it is necessary to set Pr 0.15 (Absolute encoder setup) to "0" or "2" after connecting the battery for absolute encoder.

#### ■ Relevant parameters

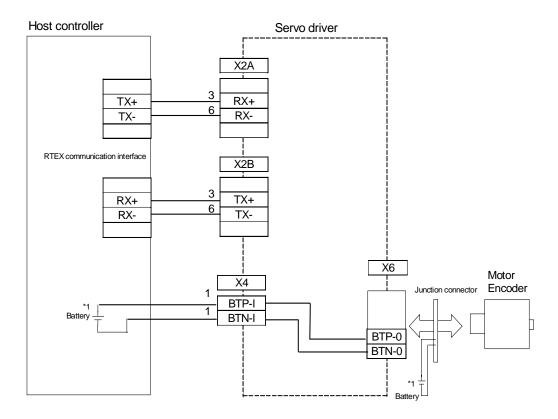
Class	No.	At- trib- ute *1)	Title	Range	Unit	Function
0	15	С	Absolute encoder setup	0–2	_	You can set up the using method of 17-bit absolute encoder.  *2)  0: Use as an absolute encoder.  1: Use as an incremental encoder.  2: Use as an absolute encoder, but ignore the multi-turn counter over.

<sup>\*1)</sup> For parameter attribute, refer to Section 9-1.

## 4-7-1-1 Structure of absolute system

Absolute system configuration using RTEX communication interface (example: with servo driver single-axis connection)

In the RTEX communication response (driver  $\rightarrow$  host controller), the absolute data is transferred to the host controller as the current position data.



\*1. Connect to either X4 or the junction connector between X6 and the encoder, when you connect the battery. Do not connect to both.

Note: During replacing the battery, the control power input must be held ON. If not so, the absolute data will be lost.

<sup>\*2)</sup> During full-closed controlling, treated as an incremental encoder (setting value = 1) for internal control.

# 4-7-1-2 Installing battery for absolute data

Refer to Technical Reference SX-DSV02201.

# 4-7-1-3 Clearing of absolute data

Multi-turn data of the absolute data is hold by the battery.

Therefore, when you start up the machine for the first time, it is required to make the multi-turn data to 0 by encoder clearing at the home position after installing the battery.

Clearing operation of absolute encoder is made through communications (USB (PANATERM) or RTEX). After clearing the absolute data, turn off and on the power without fail.

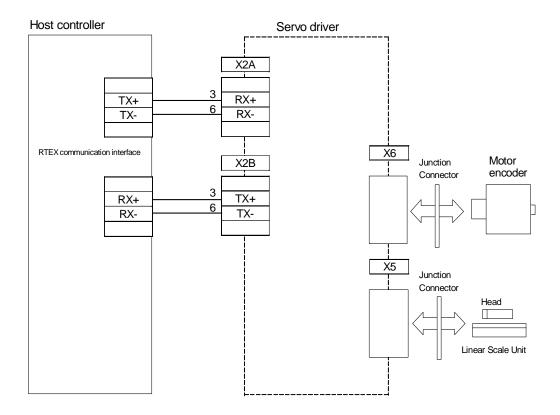
## 4-7-2 External scale

With full-closed controlling, an absolute system which does not require the return to home position sequence upon power up can be designed.

# 4-7-2-1 Structure of absolute system

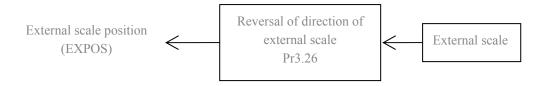
Absolute system configuration using RTEX communication interface (example: with servo driver single-axis connection)

In the RTEX communication response (driver  $\rightarrow$  host controller), the absolute data is transferred to the host controller as the current position data.



#### 4-8 External scale position information monitoring facility at the semi-closed control

Semi-closed control can also the position information on an external scale is monitored.



#### ■Relevant parameters

Class	No.	At- trib- ute *1)	Title	Range	Unit	Function
7	22	R	RTEX function extended setup 1	-32768 -32767	-	[bit4] A setup of the external scale position information monitoring facility at the semi-closed control  0: Invalid  1: Valid  *Full-close control is not related to a setup of this bit, external scale position information can be monitored.

<sup>\*1)</sup> For parameter attribute, refer to Section 9-1.

• When this function is effective the following function becomes effective by not only full-close control but half-close control (PP, CP, CV, CT).

Since the alarm function of an external scale also becomes effective, be careful.

- It is a read-out function of an external scale position (EXPOS) with the monitor command of RTEX communication.
- It is a read-out function of external scale system ID (vendor ID, model ID) with the system ID command of RTEX communication.
- Alarm and warning detection function of disconnection of an external scale, the abnormalities in communication, and the abnormalities in status

(Err93.3, Err50.0-1, Err51.0-5, Err55.0-2, WngA8h, WngA9h)

- •When this function is effective the following contents are not reflected in the external scale position (EXPOS) monitored by RTEX communication.
  - Rotational direction setup (Pr0.00)
  - Electronic gear (Pr0.08, Pr0.09, Pr0.10)
  - Absolute home position offset (Pr7.13)
  - \*Reversal of direction of external scale (Pr3.26) is reflected.
- It cannot be used in 0.1666 ms and 0.0833 ms (16 byte modes) of communication cycles. When this function is enabled in 0.16666 ms and 0.0833 ms (16 byte modes) of communication cycles, Err91.1 "RTEX command unusual protection" occurs. (The case where control mode is NOP is not included.)
- Please set to a suitable value in accordance with the specification of the external scale which connects Pr3.23 "external scale type selection."

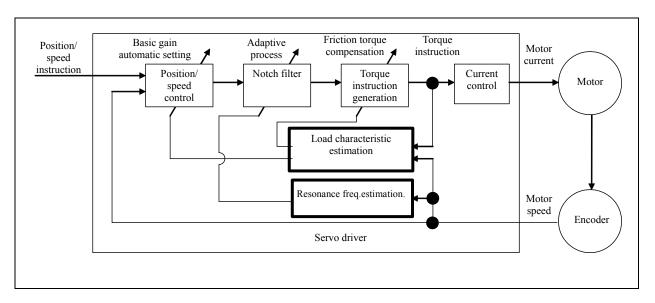
In the case which is not suitable, Err93.3 "external scale connection unusual protection" occurs.

- In the following cases, external scale position (EXPOS) initialization is performed.
  - At the time of the power supply ON
  - At the time of reset command execution of RTEX communication
  - · At the time of the test run by USB communication (PANATERM) course, and the completion of FFT execution
  - \*It does not initialize at the time of a zero return.

# 5. Gain tuning/vibration suppressing function

# 5-1 Automatic adjusting function

The figure below shows outline of automatic adjusting function of MINAS-A5N series.



#### 1) Real-time auto tuning

Estimates the load characteristics based on the motor velocity and torque command, and automatically sets up the basic gain related to position and velocity control, based on estimated inertia. Also estimates the friction torque at the same time and adds the estimated value to the torque command to shorten positioning settling time.

# 2) Adaptive filter

Estimates the resonance frequency based on the motor velocity and removes the frequency components from torque command to prevent resonant oscillation.

# 5-1-1 Real-Time Auto Tuning

The system estimates the load characteristics in real time, and automatically performs basic gain setting and friction compensation by referring to stiffness parameter.

# 1) Applicable Range

This function operates under the following conditions.

	Real-time auto-tuning condition			
Control Modo	Specific real-time auto-tuning mode is selected according to the currently active control			
Control Mode	mode. For details, refer to the description of Pr 0.02 Real time auto-tuning setup.			
	Should be in servo-on condition			
Others	• Parameters except for controls such as torque limit setup, are correctly set, assuring that			
	the motor can run smoothly.			

## 2) Caution

Real-time auto-gain tuning may not be executed properly under the conditions described below. If not properly executed, change the loading condition or operating pattern, or manually set up the related parameters by referring to the manual adjustment function description.

to the manual adjustment function description.							
	Conditions which obstruct real-time auto-gain tuning action						
Load inertia	<ul> <li>The load inertia is too small or large compared to the rotor inertia. (less than 3 times or more than 20 times).</li> <li>The load inertia changes too quickly.</li> <li>The machine stiffness is extremely low.</li> <li>Nonlinear characteristics such as backlash exist.</li> </ul>						
Action pattern	<ul> <li>• The motor is running continuously at low speed of 100 [r/min] or lower.</li> <li>• Acceleration/deceleration is slow (2,000 [r/min] per 1 [s] or low).</li> <li>• When the speed condition of 100 [r/min] or more and acceleration/deceleration condition of 2,000 [r/min] per 1 [s] are not maintained for 50 [ms].</li> <li>• Acceleration/deceleration torque is smaller than unbalanced weighted/viscous friction torque.</li> </ul>						

Real-time auto tuning control parameters
 Use the following parameters to set up the operation of real-time auto tuning.

		Attrib-						
Class	No.	bute *1)	Title	Range	Unit		Fu	nction
0	02	В	Real-time	0–6	_	You can set	up the action mode	of the real-time auto-gain tuning.
			auto-gain tuning			Setup value	Mode	Description
			setup			0	Invalid	Real-time auto-gain tuning function is disabled.
						1	Standard	Stability-sensitive mode. Do not use unbalanced load, friction compensation or gain switching.
						2	Positioning *1	Position-sensitive mode. Use this mode for machine using horizontal axis without offset load or ball screw driven machine with small friction.
						3	Vertical axis *2	This mode adds the following features to those of positioning mode: compensates for offset load in vertical axis and minimizes positioning settling time variations.
						4	Friction compensation *3	This mode adds the following features to those of vertical axis mode: shortens positioning settling time on large friction system such as belt driven axis.
						5	Load characteristic measurement	This mode only estimates the load characteristics without changing the basic gain setting or friction compensation setting. Use these features in conjunction with the setup support software.
						6	Customize *4	By precisely setting combination of real-time auto tuning functions through Pr 6.32 Real time auto tuning custom setup, customization to fit the application can be made.
						mode. *2 Torque *3 Velocity control *4 Certain	control is the same a y control is the same as in the function(s) is not av	s are the same as in the standard s in the standard mode. as in the vertical axis mode. Torque standard mode. ailable in a specific control mode.
	02	D	C t 1 - :	0.21			description in Pr 6.3	
0	03	В	Setup of machine stiffness at real-time	0–31	_	valid. Highe stiffness wi	er the setup value, hi	le the real-time auto-gain tuning is gher the velocity response and servo ver, when increasing the value,
			auto-gain tuning			check the re	esulting operation to	avoid oscillation or vibration.

Class	No.	At- trib- ute *1)	Title	Range	Unit		F	unction
						tuning beir change in l	ng valid. A higher set oad characteristics by	stimation speed with the real time auto up value assures faster response to a ut increases variations in disturbance is saved to EEPROM every 30
						Setup value	Mode	Description
			Real time auto			0	No change	Stop estimation of load characteristics.
6	31	В	tuning estimation speed	0–3	_	1	Almost constant	Response to changes in load characteristics in every minute.
						2	Slower change	Response to changes in load characteristics in every second.
						3	Faster change	Obtain best suitable estimation in response to changes in load characteristics.
				* If the aut	omatic oscillation de	tection is enabled by the support		
							the setup value 3 is	
							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	al time auto tuning is set to the
							•	automatic adjusting function as
						shown belo		, ,
						Bit	Content	Description
						1–0	Load characteristics	Enable/disable the load characteristics
							estimation *1,*2	estimation function. Setup value=0: Disable
							1, 2	Setup value=1: Enable
			Real time auto tuning custom	22749 22747		3–2	Inertia ratio update *3	Set up update to be made based on result of the load characteristics estimation of
								Pr 0.04 "Inertia ratio". Setup value=0: Use current setup.
								Setup value=1: Update by the estimated value.
						6–4	Torque compensation *4	Set up the update to be made according to the results of load characteristics estimation of Pr 6.07 "Torque command
								additional value", Pr 6.08 "positive direction torque compensation value"
								and Pr 6.09 "negative direction torque compensation value".  Setup value=0: Use current setup
	22	D						Setup value=1: Disable torque compensation
6	32	В	setup	-32768–32767				Clear the parameters shown above to
			(To be continued)					zero. Setting value = 2: Vertical axis mode Update Pr 6.07. Zero clear Pr 6.08 and
								Pr 6.09 Setting value = 3: Friction compensation
								(low) Update Pr 6.07. Set low compensation to Pr 6.08 and Pr 6.09.
								Setting value = 4: Friction compensation (middle)
								Set middle compensation to Pr 6.08 and Pr.6.09.
								Setting value = 5: Friction compensation (high) Set high compensation to Pr 6.08 and
					Pr 6.09.			
						*1 If the lo	ad characteristics est	imation is disabled, the current setup
								inertia ratio is updated according to
							-	torque compensation is updated by
							ated value, it is clear	
							imation is abled, set Pr6.31	
								nption speed" besides 0(stop
		he cont				estimatio	on).	

Class	No.	At- trib- te *1)	Title	Range	Unit			Function
6	32	В	Real time auto	-32768–32767	_			
			tuning custom setup (Continued)			Bit 7	Content Stiffness Setup *5	Description  Enable/disable the basic gain setup to be made according to Pr0.03 (Real-time auto-tuning machine stiffness setup).  Setup value=0: Disable Setup value=1: Enable
						8	Fixed parameter setup *5	Enable/disable the change of parameter that is normally set at a fixed value.  Setup value=0: Use current setup Setup value=1: Set to a fixed value.
						10–9	Gain switching setup *5	Select the gain switching related parameter to be used when the real time auto tuning is enabled.  Setup value=0: Use current setup Setup value=1: Disable gain switching. Setup value=2: Enable gain switching.
						neither is a *4 If the to 3–2(Inertia ration updated. *5 Set bits excluding update to be called a support so to be set updated. *5 Set bits excluding update to be support so to caution) To operation support so to caution) parameter characteristics. *Setup prowing the set value of P 1) Identify Example: 2) Multiple Example: compensar 2 <sup>4</sup> × 4 = 6 <sup>3</sup> 3) Perform are to be F Example: update = e (middle), support so to be formulated as a support so to be formulat	effective, the inertial of produce compensation is a ratio update) to 1(e to is not updated. The state of the	is abled (setup value=2-5), set bit nable). If neither is effective, the e torque compensation alone cannot be ate) to 1(enable) when this setting is set can be set whether to inertia ratio 1-0(Load characteristics estimation).  d be setup bit by bit. Because the en the setting is wrong, use of the setup ded for parameter editing.  ille the motor is operating. With this e motor stopped after the result of load cured.  arameter> alue other than 0, calculate the setup ng procedure. p. compensation function is 4. power of 2 (LSB). mpensation function to friction  every setup, sum up the values which measurement = enable, inertia ratio nsation = friction compensation ole, fixed parameter = set to a fixed

<sup>\*1)</sup> For parameter attribute, refer to Section 9-1.

Parameters changed by real-time auto-gain tuning
The real-time auto-tuning function updates the following parameters according to Pr 0.02 "Real-time auto-tuning setup" and Pr 6.32 "Real-time auto-tuning custom setup" and by using the load characteristic estimate values.

Class	No.	At- trib- ute *1)	Title	Range	Unit	Function
0	04	В	Inertia ratio	0-10000	%	Updates this parameter when the real-time auto-tuning inertia ratio update is enabled.
6	07	В	Torque command additional value	-100–100	%	Update this parameter when the vertical axis mode for real time auto-tuning is valid.
6	08	В	Positive direction Torque Compensation Value	-100–100	%	Update this parameter when the friction compensation mode for real time auto-tuning is valid.
6	09	В	Negative direction torque compensation value	-100–100	%	Update this parameter when the friction compensation mode for real time auto-tuning is valid.

The real-time auto-tuning function updates the following basic gain setup parameters according to Pr0.03 "Real-time auto-tuning machine stiffness setup". For details, refer to 7) Basic gain parameter setup table.

			me date taning mae	iiiio stiiiios	l secup . I	bi details, ferer to 7) basic gain parameter setup table.
Class	No.	At- trib- ute *1))	Title	Range	Unit	Function
1	00	В	1st gain of position loop	0-30000	0.1/s	When stiffness setup is valid, updates the parameter based on the setup value.
1	01	В	1st gain of velocity loop	1–32767	0.1 Hz	When stiffness setup is valid, updates the parameter based on the setup value.
1	02	В	1st time constant of velocity loop integration	1-10000	0.1 ms	When stiffness setup is valid, updates the parameter based on the setup value.
1	04	В	1st time constant of torque filter	0-2500	0.01 ms	When stiffness setup is valid, updates the parameter based on the setup value.
1	05	В	2nd gain of position loop	0-30000	0.1/s	When stiffness setup is valid, updates the parameter based on the setup value.
1	06	В	2nd gain of velocity loop	1–32767	0.1 Hz	When stiffness setup is valid, updates the parameter based on the setup value.
1	07	В	2nd time constant of velocity loop integration	1-10000	0.1 ms	When stiffness setup is valid, updates the parameter based on the setup value.
1	09	В	2nd time constant of torque filter	0-2500	0.01 ms	When stiffness setup is valid, updates the parameter based on the setup value.

Real-time auto-tuning function sets the following parameters to the fixed value.

	Real-time auto-tuning function sets the following parameters to the fixed value.								
Class	No.	At- trib- ute *1)	Title	Range	Unit	Function			
1	03	В	1st filter of velocity detection	0–5		When fixed parameter setup is valid, set the parameter to 0.			
1	08	В	2nd filter of velocity detection	0–5	_	When fixed parameter setup is valid, set the parameter to 0.			
1	10	В	Velocity feed forward gain	0-1000	0.1%	When fixed parameter setup is valid, set the parameter to 300 (30%).			
1	11	В	Velocity feed forward filter	1–6400	0.01 ms	When fixed parameter setup is valid, set the parameter to 50 (0.5 ms).			
1	12	В	Torque feed forward gain	0-1000	0.1%	When fixed parameter setup is valid, set the parameter to 0.			
1	13	В	Torque feed forward filter	0-6400	0.01 ms	When fixed parameter setup is valid, set the parameter to 0.			

The real-time auto-tuning function sets the following parameters as the gain is switched.

		THE TEAM	-time auto-tuining	Tunetion sets t	iic ioiiowi	ng parameters as the gain is switched.
Class	No.	At- trib- ute *1)	Title	Range	Unit	Function
1	14	В	2nd gain setup	0–1		Sets to 1 if the current setting is not maintained
1	15	В	Mode of position control switching	0–10	_	Sets to 10 to enable the gain switching. Sets to 0 to disable the gain switching.
1	16	В	Delay time of position control switching	0-10000	0.1 ms	Sets to 50 if the current setting is not maintained.
1	17	В	Level of position control switching	0-20000	_	Sets to 50 if the current setting is not maintained.
1	18	В	Hysteresis at position control switching	0–20000	_	Sets to 33 if the current setting is not maintained.
1	19	В	Position gain switching time	0-10000	0.1 ms	Sets to 33 if the current setting is not maintained.
1	20	В	Mode of velocity control switching	0–5	_	Sets to 0 if the current setting is not maintained.
1	21	В	Delay time of velocity control switching	0-10000	0.1 ms	Sets to 0 if the current setting is not maintained.
1	22	В	Level of velocity control switching	0–20000	_	Sets to 0 if the current setting is not maintained.
1	23	В	Hysteresis at velocity control switching	0–20000	_	Sets to 0 if the current setting is not maintained.
1	24	В	Mode of torque control switching	0–3	_	Sets to 0 if the current setting is not maintained.
1	25	В	Delay time of torque control switching	0-10000	0.1 ms	Sets to 0 if the current setting is not maintained.
1	26	В	Level of torque control switching	0-20000	_	Sets to 0 if the current setting is not maintained.
1	27	В	Hysteresis at torque control switching	0–20000	_	Sets to 0 if the current setting is not maintained.

The following settings are always set to invalid when Pr 0.02 "Real-time auto-tuning setup" is not 0.

However, the parameter settings are not changed.

Class	No.	At- trib- ute *1)	Title	Range	Unit	Function
6	10	В	Function expansion setup	0–1023	_	Instantaneous velocity observer function enable bit (bit 0), disturbance observer function enable bit (bit 1) are internally disabled.
6	23	В	Disturbance torque compensating gain	-100–100	%	Parameter setup can be changed, but disturbance observer is disabled.
6	24	В	Disturbance observer filter	10–2500	0.01 ms	Parameter setup can be changed, but disturbance observer is disabled.

<sup>\*1)</sup> For parameter attribute, refer to Section 9-1.

## 5) How to Operate

When Pr 0.02 (Setup of real-time auto-gain tuning mode) is set to a value other than 0, control parameter is automatically set according to Pr0.03 "Real-time auto-tuning machine stiffness setup".

When the servo is ON, enter operation command. When the load characteristic is correctly estimated, Pr 0.04 Inertia ratio is updated. With certain mode settings, Pr 6.07 Torque command addition value, Pr 6.08 Positive direction compensation value and Pr 6.09 Negative direction compensation value will be changed.

When value of Pr0.03 "Real-time auto-tuning machine stiffness setup" is increased, the motor responsiveness will be improved. Determine the most appropriate stiffness in relation to the positioning setup time and vibration condition.

## 6) Other cautions

- [1] Immediately after the first servo-on upon start up; or after increasing Pr0.03 "Real-time auto-tuning machine stiffness setup", abnormal sound or oscillation may be generated until the load characteristics is stabilized. If such abnormality lasts or repeats for 3 or more reciprocating operations, take the following countermeasures.
  - 1) Lower the setting value of Pr0.03 "Real-time auto-tuning machine stiffness setup".
  - 2) Set Pr 0.02 Real-time auto-tuning setup to 0 to disable the real-time auto-tuning.
  - 3) Set Pr 0.04 Inertial ratio to the calculational value of the equipment and set Pr 6.07 Torque command addition value, Pr 6.08 Positive direction compensation value and Pr 6.09 Negative direction compensation value to 0.
- [2] When abnormal noise and oscillation occur, Pr 0.04 (Inertia ratio) or Pr 6.07 (Torque command additional value), Pr 6.08 (Positive direction torque compensation value), Pr 6.09 (Negative direction torque compensation value) might have changed to extreme values. Take the same measures as described in the setp 3) above in these cases.
- [3] Among the results of real-time auto-gain tuning, Pr 0.04 (Inertia ratio) and Pr 6.07 (Torque command additional value), Pr 6.08 (Positive direction torque compensation value), Pr 6.09 (Negative direction torque compensation value) will be written to EEPROM every 30 minutes. When you turn on the power again, the auto-gain tuning will be executed using the latest data as initial values. If power is turned off within 30 minutes after the end of tuning process, the result of the real-time auto-tuning is not saved. If the result is not saved, manually write parameters to EEPROM and then turn off power.
- [4] The control gain is updated when the motor is stopped. Therefore, if motor is not stopped because gain is excessively low or commands are given continually in one direction, the change in Pr0.03 "Real-time auto-tuning machine stiffness setup" may not be reflected. In this case, abnormal sound or oscillation may be generated depending on the stiffness setting that is reflected after the motor stops.

  After the stiffness setting is changed, be sure to stop the motor and check that the stiffness setting is reflected before performing next operation.

# 7) Basic gain parameter setup table

		1st	gain		2nd gain				A 43 I
				Pr 1.04				Pr 1.09	A4N
	Pr 1.00	Pr 1.01	Pr 1.02	*2	Pr 1.05	Pr 1.06	Pr 1.07	*2	Series
Stiffness			Velocity				Velocity		stiffness
	Position	Velocity	loop	Torque	Position	Velocity	loop	Torque	setup (reference)
	[0.1/s]	[0.1 Hz]	integration	[0.01 ms]	[0.1/s]	[0.1 Hz]	integration	[0.01 ms]	*1
			[0.1 ms]				[0.1 ms]		'1
0	20	15	3700	1500	25	15	10000	1500	
1	25	20	2800	1100	30	20	10000	1100	
2	30	25	2200	900	40	25	10000	900	
3	40	30	1900	800	45	30	10000	800	
4	45	35	1600	600	55	35	10000	600	
5	55	45	1200	500	70	45	10000	500	
6	75	60	900	400	95	60	10000	400	
7	95	75	700	300	120	75	10000	300	
8	115	90	600	300	140	90	10000	300	0
9	140	110	500	200	175	110	10000	200	
10	175	140	400	200	220	140	10000	200	
11	320	180	310	126	380	180	10000	126	1
12	390	220	250	103	460	220	10000	103	2
13	480	270	210	84	570	270	10000	84	3
14	630	350	160	65	730	350	10000	65	4
15	720	400	140	57	840	400	10000	57	5
16	900	500	120	45	1050	500	10000	45	6
17	1080	600	110	38	1260	600	10000	38	7
18	1350	750	90	30	1570	750	10000	30	8
19	1620	900	80	25	1880	900	10000	25	9
20	2060	1150	70	20	2410	1150	10000	20	10
21	2510	1400	60	16	2930	1400	10000	16	11
22	3050	1700	50	13	3560	1700	10000	13	12
23	3770	2100	40	11	4400	2100	10000	11	13
24	4490	2500	40	9	5240	2500	10000	9	14
25	5000	2800	35	8	5900	2800	10000	8	
26	5600	3100	30	7	6500	3100	10000	7	15
27	6100	3400	30	7	7100	3400	10000	7	
28	6600	3700	25	6	7700	3700	10000	6	
29	7200	4000	25	6	8400	4000	10000	6	
30	8100	4500	20	5	9400	4500	10000	5	
31	9000	5000	20	5	10500	5000	10000	5	

<sup>\*1</sup> Stiffness setting of A4N series refers to the setup value (0–15) of A4N series parameter Pr 22 "Real-time auto-tuning machine stiffness selection".

<sup>\*2</sup> When 17-bit absolute encoder, limited by the minimum value 10.

# 5-1-2 Adaptive filter

This function estimates the resonance frequency from the vibrating component which appears on the motor velocity, and removes the resonance component from the torque command with adaptive filter, thus reduces the resonance vibration.

# 1) Applicable Range

This function works under the following condition.

	Conditions under which the Adaptive filter is activated				
Control mode	Applies to other control modes than torque control.				
	Should be servo-on status.				
Others	• Elements other than control parameters, such as deviation counter clear command inhibit				
	and torque limit are appropriately set, enabling the motor to run normally.				

## 2) Caution

In the following condition, normal operation may not be expected—manually set the notch filter to prevent resonance.

resonance.							
	Conditions which obstruct adaptive filter action						
Resonance point	<ul> <li>Resonance frequency is lower than the velocity response frequency × 3 (Hz).</li> <li>Resonance peak is low, or control gain is low where the motor velocity is not affected by this.</li> <li>Three or more resonance points exist.</li> </ul>						
Load	• Motor velocity variation with high harmonic component is generated due to non-linear factors such as backlash.						
Command • Acceleration/deceleration is rapid such as 30000 [r/min] per 1 [s].							

# 3) Relevant parameters

Set the operation of the adaptive filter to the following parameter.

	Set the operation of the adaptive inter to the following parameter.							
Clas	s No.	At- trib-	Title	Range	Unit	Function		
		ute *1)						
2	00	В	Adaptive filter mode setup	0–4	_	Select the operation mode of adaptive filter:  Setup value 0: Adaptive filter: invalid  The adaptive filter is disabled. Parameters related to the 3rd and 4th notch filter hold the current value.  Setup value 1: Adaptive filter: 1 filter is valid  One adaptive filter is enabled. Parameters related to the 3rd notch filter will be updated based on adaptive performance.  Setup value 2: Adaptive filter: 2 filters are valid  Two adaptive filters are enabled. Parameters related to the 3rd and 4th notch filters will be updated based on adaptive performance.  Setup value 3: Resonance frequency measurement mode  Measure the resonance frequency. Result of measurement can be checked with the setup support software. Parameters related to the 3rd and 4th notch filter hold the current value.  Setup value 4: Clear result of adaptation  Parameters related to the 3rd and 4th notch filter are disabled and results of adaptive operation are cleared.		

The adaptive filter automatically sets up the following parameters.

Class	No.	At- trib- ute *1)	Title	Range	Unit	Function
2	07	В	3rd notch frequency	50–5000	Hz	Notch frequency is automatically set to the 1st resonance frequency estimated by the adaptive filter. In no resonance point is found, the frequency is set to 5000.
2	08	В	3rd notch width selection	0–20	_	Automatically set when the adaptive filter is active.
2	09	В	3rd notch depth selection	0–99	_	Automatically set when the adaptive filter is active.
2	10	В	4th notch frequency	50–5000	Hz	Notch frequency is automatically set to the 2nd resonance frequency estimated by the adaptive filter. In no resonance point is found, the frequency is set to 5000.
2	11	В	4rd notch width selection	0–20	_	Automatically set when 2 adaptive filters are active.
2	12	В	4rd notch depth selection	0–99	_	Automatically set when 2 adaptive filters are active.

<sup>\*1)</sup> For parameter attribute, refer to Section 9-1.

#### 4) How to Operate

Enter the action command with Pr2.00 (Adaptive filter mode setup) set to a value other than 0. If the resonance point affects the motor velocity, parameters of 3rd notch filter and/or 4th notch filters are automatically set according to the number of adaptive filters.

#### 5) Other cautions

- (1) Immediately after the first servo-on at start up; or after increasing stiffness setting with the real-time auto-tuning enabled, abnormal sound or oscillation may be generated until the adaptive filter stabilizes. If such abnormality lasts or repeats for 3 or more reciprocating operations, take the following countermeasures.
  - 1) Write the parameters which have given the normal operation into EEPROM.
  - 2) Lower the setting value of Pr0.03 (Real-time auto-tuning machine stiffness setup).
  - 3) Invalidate the adaptive filter by setting Pr2.00 (Adaptive filter mode setup) to 0.
  - 4) Set up the notch filter manually.
- (2) Abnormal sound or oscillation may excessively change the setup value of 3rd and 4th notch filters. If such change occurs, disable the adaptive filter as described in step 3) above, change setup value of Pr 2.07 3rd notch frequency and Pr 2.10 "4th notch frequency" to 5000 (disable), and then enable the adaptive filter again.
- (3) The 3rd filters (Pr 2.07) and 4th notch filters (Pr 2.10) are written to EEPROM every 30minutes. Upon power up, these data are used as default values during adaptive process.

## 5-2 Manual adjusting function

As explained previously, MINAS-A5N series features the automatic gain tuning function, however, there might be some cases where this automatic gain tuning cannot be adjusted properly depending on the limitation on load conditions. Or you might need to readjust the tuning to obtain the optimum response or stability corresponding to each load.

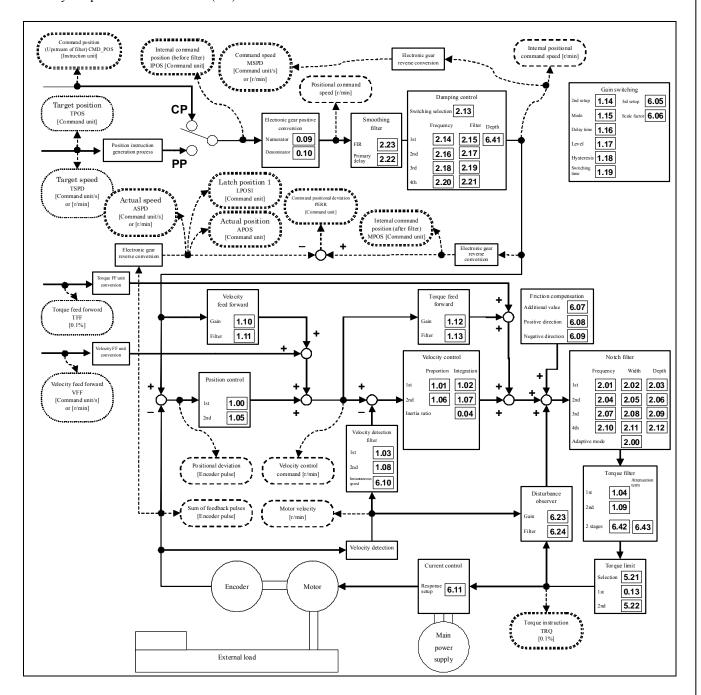
Here we explain this manual gain tuning method by each control mode and function.

- 1) Block diagram of position control mode (5-2-1)
- 2) Block diagram of velocity control mode (5-2-2)
- 3) Block diagram of torque control mode (5-2-3)
- 4) Block diagram of full-closed control mode (5-2-4)
- 5) Gain switching function (5-2-5)
- 6) Notch filter (5-2-6)
- 7) Damping control (5-2-7)
- 8) Feed forward function (5-2-8)
- 9) Instantaneous velocity observer (5-2-9)
- 10) Disturbance observer (5-2-10)
- 11) 3rd gain switching function (5-2-11)
- 12) Friction torque compensation (5-2-12)
- 13) Hybrid vibration damping function (5-2-13)
- 14) 2-stage torque filter (5-2-14)

## 5-2-1 Block diagram of position control mode

The diagram below shows position control block of MINAS-A5N series.

- Profile position control mode (PP)
- Cyclic position control mode (CP)

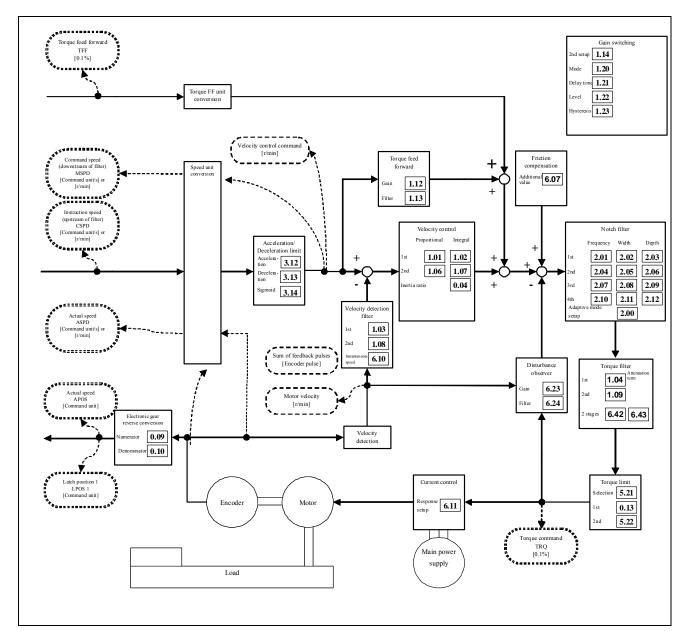


Block diagram of position control

# 5-2-2 Block diagram of velocity control mode

The diagram below shows velocity control block of MINAS-A5N series.

• Cyclic velocity control mode (CV)

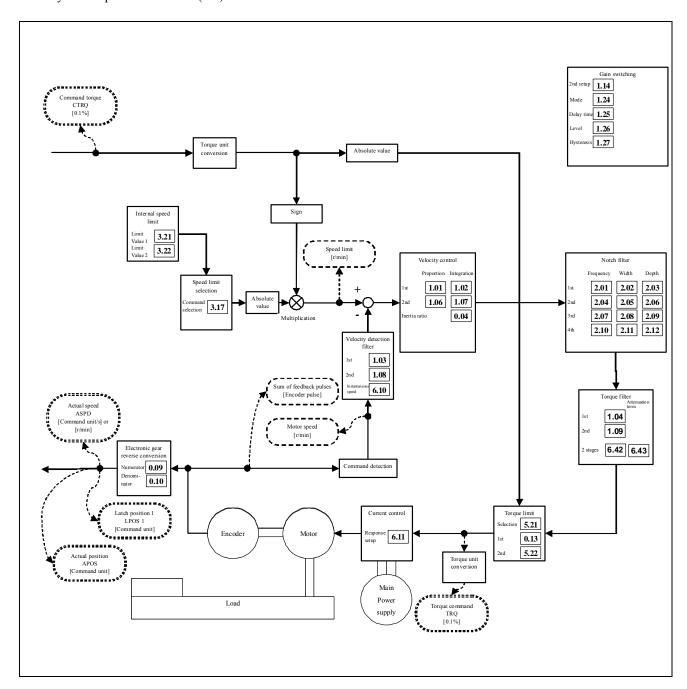


Block diagram of velocity control

# 5-2-3 Block diagram of torque control mode

The diagram below shows the torque control block of MINAS-A5N series.

• Cyclic torque control mode (CT)

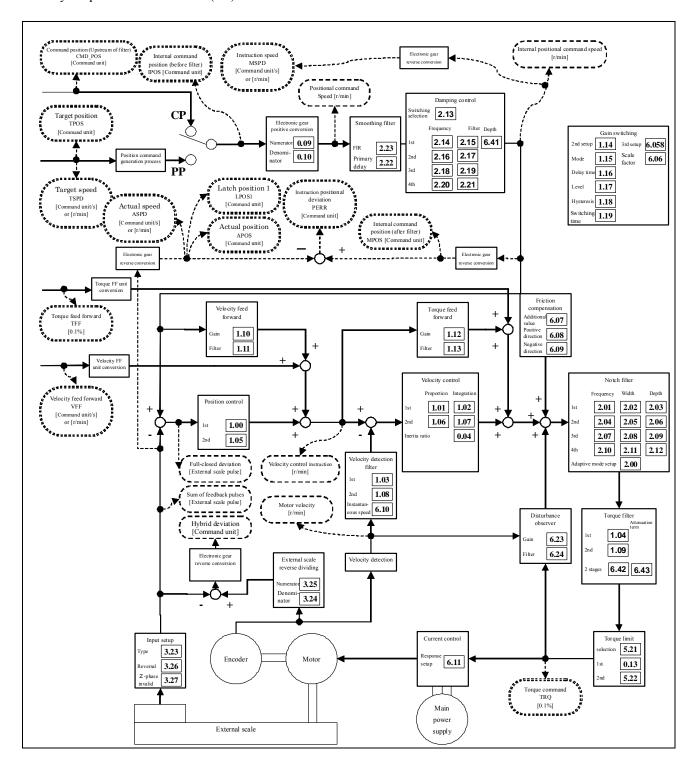


Block diagram of torque control

## 5-2-4 Block diagram of full-closed control mode

The diagram below shows the full-closed control block of MINAS-A5N series.

- Profile position control mode (PP)
- Cyclic position control mode (CP)



Block diagram of full-closed control

# 5-2-5 Gain Switching Function

By selecting appropriate gain based on internal data or external signal, the following effects can be obtained.

- Decrease the gain at the time of stoppage (servo lock) to reduce vibration.
- Increase the gain at the time of stoppage (setting) to shorten the settling time.
- Increase the gain during operation to improve command compliance.
- Based on condition of the equipment, change the gain with external signal.

## 1) Relevant parameters

Set the gain switching function using the following parameters.

			gam switching fu	itemen doing th	10110 WINE	
Class	No.	At- trib- ute *1)	Title	Range	Unit	Function
1	14	В	2nd gain setup	0–1	_	<ul> <li>Arrange this parameter when performing optimum adjustment by using the gain switching function.</li> <li>0: Fix the parameter setting to 1st gain and toggle the velocity loop operation between PI and P by using the control bit Gain_SW of RTEX communication.</li> <li>Gain_SW = 0 -&gt; PI operation</li> <li>Gain_SW = 1 -&gt; P operation</li> <li>1: Enable gain switching of 1st gain (Pr 1.00–Pr 1.04) and 2nd gain (Pr 1.05–Pr 1.09).</li> </ul>
1	15	В	Mode of position control switching	0–10	_	Set up the triggering condition of gain switching for position control.  Setup value  Setup value  Switching condition  0 Fixed to 1st gain  1 Fixed to 2nd gain  2 RTEX communication gain switching command  3 Torque command  4 Invalid (Fixed to 1st gain)  5 Velocity command  6 Position deviation *2)  7 Position command exists  8 Not in positioning complete *2)  9 Actual speed  10 Position command exists + Actual speed
1	16	В	Delay time of position control switching	0–10000	0.1 ms	For position controlling: When shifting from the 2nd gain to the 1st gain with Pr 1.15 Position control gain switching mode set at 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 or 10, set up the delay time from trigger detection to the switching operation.
1	17	В	Level of position control switching	0–20000	Mode dependent	For position controlling: Set up triggering level when Pr 1.15 "Position control gain switching mode" is set at 3, 5, 6, 9 or 10. Unit of setting varies with switching mode.  Note: Set the level equal to or higher than the hysteresis.
1	18	В	Hysteresis at position control switching	0–20000	Mode dependent	For position controlling: Set up triggering hysteresis when Pr 1.15 "Position control gain switching mode" is set at 3, 5, 6, 9 or 10.  Unit of setting varies with switching mode
1	19	В	Position gain switching time	0–10000	0.1 ms	For position controlling: If the difference between Pr 1.00 "1st gain of position loop" and Pr 1.05 "2nd gain of poison loop" is large, the increasing rate of position loop gain can be limited by this parameter.  The position loop gain will increase over the time set.

Class	No.	At- trib- ute *1)	Title	Range	Unit	Function
1	20	В	Mode of velocity control switching	0–5	_	For velocity controlling: Set the condition to trigger gain switching.  Setup value Switching condition  Fixed to 1st gain  Fixed to 2nd gain  RTEX communication gain switching command  Torque command  Velocity command variation is larger.  Velocity command
1	21	В	Delay time of velocity control switching	0–10000	0.1 ms	For velocity controlling: When shifting from the 2nd gain to the 1st gain with Pr 1.20 "Velocity control switching mode" set at 3, 4 or 5, set the delay time from trigger detection to the switching operation.
1	22	В	Level of velocity control switching	0–20000	Mode dependent	For velocity controlling: Set up triggering level when Pr 1.20 Velocity control gain switching mode is set at 3, 4 or 5. Unit of setting varies with switching mode.  Note: Set the level equal to or higher than the hysteresis.
1	23	В	Hysteresis at velocity control switching	0–20000	Mode dependent	For velocity controlling: Set up triggering hysteresis when Pr 1.20 "Velocity control gain switching mode" is set at 3, 4 or 5. Unit of setting varies with switching mode.  Note: When level < hysteresis, the hysteresis is internally adjusted so that it is equal to level.
1	24	В	Mode of torque control switching	0–3	_	For torque controlling: Set the condition to trigger gain switching    Setup value
1	25	В	Delay time of torque control switching	0–10000	0.1 ms	For torque controlling: When shifting from the 2nd gain to the 1 <sup>st</sup> gain with Pr 1.24 "Torque control switching mode" set at 3, set up the delay time from trigger detection to the switching operation.
1	26	В	Level of torque control switching	0–20000	Mode dependent	For torque controlling: Set up triggering level when Pr 1.24 Torque control gain switching mode is set at 3. Unit varies depending on the setup of mode of control switching. Note: Set the level equal to or higher than the hysteresis.
1	27	В	Hysteresis at torque control switching	0–20000	Mode dependent	For torque controlling: Set up triggering hysteresis when Pr 1.24 Torque control gain switching mode is set at 3. Unit of setting varies with switching mode.  Note: When level < hysteresis, the hysteresis is internally adjusted so that it is equal to level.

<sup>\*1)</sup> For parameter attribute, refer to Section 9-1.

<sup>\*2)</sup> When an electronic gear ratio is larger than 1/1, even if it is servo-off, the remainder on operation may occur and a encoder scale position deviation may not be set to 0. For details refer to "Section 4-2-4".

# 2) How to use

Set the gain switching mode for the control mode to be used, and enable the gain switching function through Pr 1.14 2nd gain setup (set Pr 1.14 to 1).

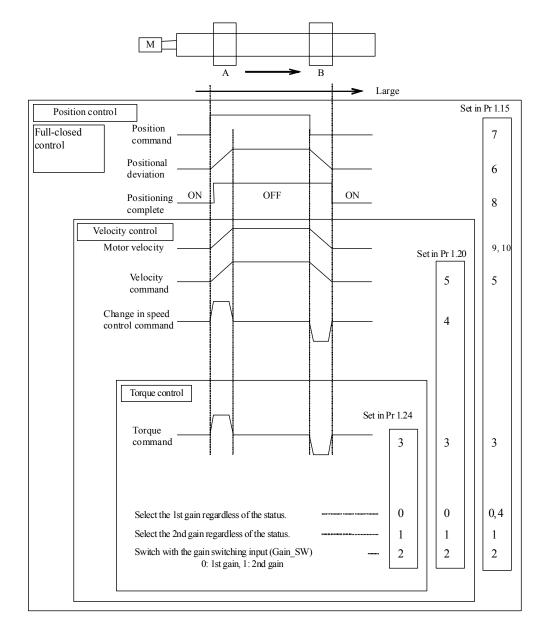
	2nd gain setup (set Pr 1.14 to 1)	
Setup value	Switching condition	Gain switching condition
0	Fixed to 1st gain	Fixed to the 1st gain (Pr 1.00 to Pr 1.04).
1	Fixed to 2nd gain	Fixed to the 2nd gain (Pr 1.05 to Pr 1.09).
2	RTEX communication gain switching command is given	1st gain is selected when the gain switching command (Gain_SW) of RTEX communication is 0, or 2nd gain is selected when the switching command is 1.
3	Torque command is large	<ul> <li>Shift to the 2nd gain when the absolute value of the torque command exceeded (level + hysteresis) (%) previously with the 1st gain.</li> <li>Return to the 1st gain when the absolute value of the torque command was kept below (level–hysteresis) (%) previously during delay time with the 2nd gain.</li> </ul>
4	Velocity command variation is larger.	<ul> <li>Valid only during velocity control.</li> <li>Shift to the 2nd gain when the absolute value of the velocity command variations exceeded (level + hysteresis) (10 r/min/s) previously with the 1st gain.</li> <li>Return to the 1st gain when the absolute value of the velocity command variations was kept below (level–hysteresis) (10 r/min/s) during delay time previously with the 2nd gain.</li> <li>* The 1st gain is fixed while the velocity control is not applied.</li> </ul>
5	Velocity command is large	<ul> <li>Valid for position, velocity and full-closed controls.</li> <li>Shift to the 2nd gain when the absolute value of the velocity command exceeded (level +hysteresis) (r/min) previously with the 1st gain.</li> <li>Return to the 1st gain when the absolute value of the velocity command was kept below (level- hysteresis) (r/min) previously during delay time with the 2nd gain.</li> </ul>
6	Position deviation is large	<ul> <li>Valid for position and full-closed controls.</li> <li>Shift to the 2nd gain when the absolute value of the positional deviation exceeded (level +hysteresis) (pulse) previously with the 1st gain.</li> <li>Return to the 1st gain when the absolute value of the positional deviation was kept below (level-hysteresis) (pulse) previously over delay time with the 2nd gain.</li> <li>* Unit of level and hysteresis (pulse) is set as the encoder resolution for positional control and external scale resolution for full-closed control.</li> </ul>

Setup value	Switching condition	Gain switching condition
7	Position command exists	<ul> <li>Valid for position and full-closed controls.</li> <li>Shift to the 2nd gain when the positional command was not 0 previously with the 1st gain.</li> <li>Return to the 1st gain when the positional command was kept 0 previously during delay time with the 2nd gain.</li> </ul>
8	Not in positioning complete	<ul> <li>Valid for position and full-closed controls.</li> <li>Shift to the 2nd gain when the positioning was not completed previously with the 1st gain.</li> <li>Return to the 1st gain when the positioning was kept in completed condition previously during delay time with the 2nd gain.</li> </ul>
9	Actual speed is large	<ul> <li>Valid for position and full-closed controls.</li> <li>Shift to the 2nd gain when the absolute value of the actual speed exceeded (level + hysteresis) (r/min) previously with the 1st gain.</li> <li>Return to the 1st gain when the absolute value of the actual speed was kept below (level -hysteresis) (r/min) previously during delay time with the 2nd gain.</li> </ul>
10	Position command exists + Actual speed	<ul> <li>Valid for position and full-closed controls.</li> <li>Shift to the 2nd gain when the positional command was not 0 previously with the 1st gain.</li> <li>Return to the 1st gain when the positional command was kept at 0 during the delay time and the absolute value of actual speed was kept below (level-hysteresis) (r/min) previously with the 2nd gain.</li> </ul>

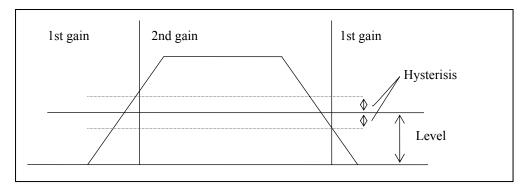
#### 3) How to set

Suppose the load travels from A to B position and the internal status of the drive changes as the fig. below shows. Hereunder we explain how to set up the related parameters when you use the gain switching function.

- 1) Set up the conditions for gain switching with the following parameters.
  - Pr 1.15 "Mode of position control switching"
  - Pr 1.20 "Mode of velocity control switching"
  - Pr 1.24 "Mode of torque control switching"



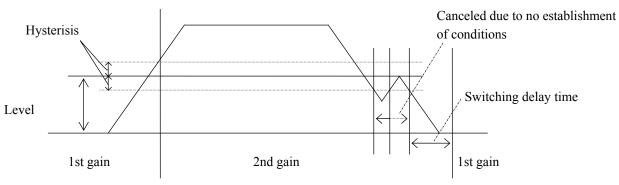
# 2) Set up the switching level and Hysteresis depending on the switching conditions.



## 3) Set up the switching delay time.

Set up the time delay for switching from 2nd gain to 1st gain.

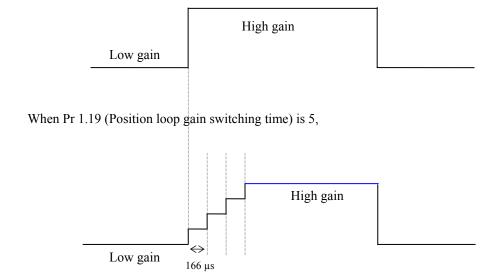
Switching conditions have to be established continuously during the switching delay time for the switching from the 2nd to the 1st.



### 4) Set up the switching time of position gain.

Switch the position loop gain gradually to avoid any trouble caused by a rapid change to a higher gain, while the velocity loop gain, time constant of velocity loop integration, velocity detection filter and time constant of torque filter can be switched instantaneously.

When Pr 1.19 (Position loop gain switching time) is 0,



#### 5-2-6 Notch filter

In case of a low machine stiffness, you cannot set up a higher gain because vibration and noise occur due to oscillation caused by axis distortion or other causes. By suppressing the resonance peak at the notch filter, higher gain can be obtained or the level of vibration can be lowered.

1) Relevant parameters

MINAS-A5N series feature 4 normal notch filters. You can adjust frequency and width and depth.

Class	No.	At- trib- ute *1)	Title	Range	Unit	Function
2	01	В	1st notch frequency	50–5000	Hz	Set the center frequency of the 1st notch filter. The notch filter function will be invalidated by setting up this parameter to "5000".
2	02	В	1st notch width selection	0–20		Set the width of notch at the center frequency of the 1st notch filter.
2	03	В	1st notch depth selection	0–99		Set the depth of notch at the center frequency of the 1st notch filter.
2	04	В	2nd notch frequency	50–5000	Hz	Set the center frequency of the 2nd notch filter.  The notch filter function will be invalidated by setting up this parameter to "5000".
2	05	В	2nd notch width selection	0–20	_	Set the width of notch at the center frequency of the 2nd notch filter.
2	06	В	2nd notch depth selection	0–99		Set the depth of notch at the center frequency of the 2nd notch filter.
2	07	В	3rd notch frequency *2)	50–5000	Hz	Set the center frequency of the 3rd notch filter.  The notch filter function will be invalidated by setting up this parameter to "5000".
2	08	В	3rd notch width selection *2)	0–20	_	Set the width of notch at the center frequency of the 3rd notch filter.
2	09	В	3rd notch depth selection *2)	0–99	_	Set the depth of notch at the center frequency of the 3rd notch filter.
2	10	В	4th notch frequency *2)	50–5000	Hz	Set the center frequency of the 4th notch filter. The notch filter function will be invalidated by setting up this parameter to "5000".
2	11	В	4th notch width selection *2)	0–20		Set the width of notch at the center frequency of the 4th notch filter.
2	12	В	4th notch depth selection *2)	0–99	_	Set the depth of notch at the center frequency of the 4th notch filter.

<sup>\*1)</sup> For parameter attribute, refer to Section 9-1.

## 2) How to use

Determine the resonant frequency by using the frequency response measurement function of the setup support software, resonant frequency monitor or waveform graphics function and set it to the notch frequency.

<sup>\*2)</sup> When the applicable filtering function is used, parameter value is automatically set.

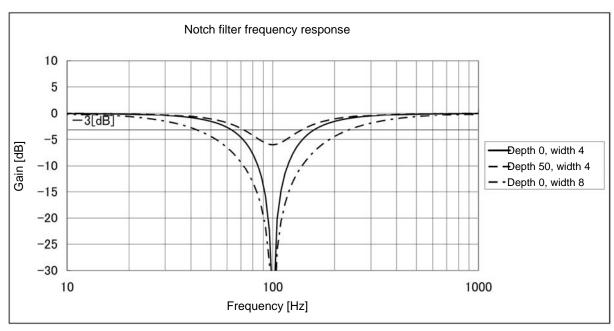
# 3) Notch width and depth

The width of the notch filter is the ratio of the width of -3 dB attenuation frequency band with respect to the notch frequency at its center when depth is 0, and the value is as shown in the table below.

The notch filter depth indicates I/O ratio where the input at the center frequency is completely shut with setup value 0 but fully received with setup value 100. The table below shows this value in dB on the right.

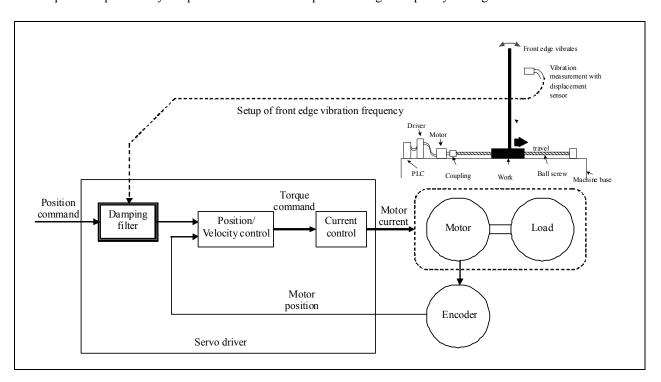
N. ( 1 . 14	Band width/center frequency						
Notch width	MINAS-A4N	MINAS-A5N					
	(reference)	Series					
0	0.41	0.50					
1	0.56	0.59					
2	0.71	0.71					
3	0.86	0.84					
4	1.01	1.00					
5		1.19					
6		1.41					
7		1.68					
8		2.00					
9		2.38					
10		2.83					
11		3.36					
12		4.00					
13		4.76					
14		5.66					
15		6.73					
16		8.00					
17		9.51					
18		11.31					
19		13.45					
20		16.00					

Notch depth	I/O ratio	[dB]
0	0.00	-∞
1	0.01	-40.0
2	0.02	-34.0
3	0.03	-30.5
4	0.04	-28.0
5	0.05	-26.0
6	0.06	-24.4
7	0.07	-23.1
8	0.08	-21.9
9	0.09	-20.9
10	0.10	-20.0
15	0.15	-16.5
20	0.20	-14.0
25	0.25	-12.0
30	0.30	-10.5
35	0.35	-9.1
40	0.40	-8.0
45	0.45	-6.9
50	0.50	-6.0
60	0.60	-4.4
70	0.70	-3.1
80	0.80	-1.9
90	0.90	-0.9
100	1.00	0.0



# 5-2-7 Damping Control

This function reduces the vibration at the top or on whole of the equipment by removing the vibration frequency components specified by the positional command. Up to 2 among 4 frequency settings can be used at the same time.



# 1) Applicable Range

Damping control is activated under the following conditions.

Bumping control i	s were with the following conditions.
	Conditions under which the damping control is activated
Control mode	Control mode to be either or both position control or/and full-closed control.

### 2) Caution

This function does not work properly or no effect is obtained under the following conditions.

Conditions which obstruct the damping control effect
<ul> <li>Vibration is triggered by other factors than command (such as disturbance).</li> <li>Ratio of resonance frequency and anti-resonance frequency is large.</li> <li>Vibration frequency is out of the range of 1.0–200.0 [Hz].</li> </ul>

### 3) Relevant parameters

Set up damping control operation using the parameters shown below.

Class	No.	At- trib- ute *1)	Title	Range	Unit	Function
2	13	В	Selection of damping filter switching	0–3	_	Among 4 filters select the filters to be used for damping control.  • When setup value is 0: Up to 2 filters can be used simultaneously.  • When setup value is 1 or 2: Maker use (Do not modify this parameter.)  • With setup value 3: Select the filter with command direction.  Pr Position 1st 2nd 3rd 4th damping damping damping damping damping damping damping damping direction  3 Positive valid invalid valid invalid valid invalid direction  Negative direction invalid valid invalid valid
2	14	В	1st damping frequency	0–2000	0.1 Hz	You can set up the 1st damping frequency of the damping control which suppresses vibration at the load edge.  The driver measures vibration at load edge. Setup unit is 0.1 [Hz] The setup frequency is 1.0 to 200.0 [Hz]. Setup of 0 to 9 becomes invalid.
2	15	В	1st damping filter setup	0–1000	0.1 Hz	If torque saturation occurs with damping frequency 1st enabled, decrease the setup value, or if the operation is slow, increase it. Usually set it to 0. Note: The maximum setup value is internally limited to the corresponding damping frequency or 2000–damping frequency, whichever is smaller.
6	41	В	1st damping depth	0-1000	_	Specifies a depth corresponding to the 1st damping frequency.  The depth is maximum if the setting value is 0. As the setting value increases, the depth decreases. As the depth increases, the damping effect increases, but the delay also increases. As the depth decreases, the delay decreases, but the damping effect also decreases.  Use the parameter to fine adjust the damping effect and delay.
2	16	В	2nd damping frequency	0–2000	0.1 Hz	You can set up the 2nd damping frequency of the damping control which suppresses vibration at the load edge.  The driver measures vibration at load edge. Setup unit is 0.1 [Hz].  The setup frequency is 1.0 to 200.0 [Hz]. Setup of 0 to 9 becomes invalid.
2	17	В	2nd damping filter setup	0–1000	0.1 Hz	If torque saturation occurs with damping frequency 2nd enabled, decrease the setup value, or if the operation is slow, increase it. Usually set it to 0.  Note: The maximum setup value is internally limited to the corresponding damping frequency or 2000–damping frequency, whichever is smaller.

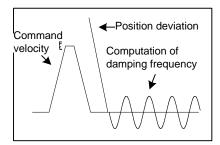
- \*1 Switching between the damping frequency and damping filter setting is performed at the rising edge of the command that causes the number of command pluses per command detection period (0.166 ms) (at upstream of position command filter) changes from 0 to any other value while the positioning complete is being output.
  - Even if the control mode is changed to position control after changing the damping frequency and damping filter settings during velocity control or torque control, the setting is not changed.
  - Especially, at higher damping frequency, or if it becomes disabled, and wider positioning complete range is set up, and if large pulse (area is equivalent of time integration of the value of position command at upstream of the filter minus the value of position command at downstream of filter) remains in the filter during switching, it is rapidly discharged upon switching and returns to original position, and the motor will move at a speed higher than normal command velocity.
- \*2 There is delay from setting change of damping frequency or damping filter to internal computation and application of new setting values. If the switching described in \*1 occurs during this delay time, application of new value will be suspended.

Class	No.	At- trib- ute *1)	Title	Range	Unit	Function
2	18	В	3rd damping frequency	0–2000	0.1 Hz	You can set up the 3rd damping frequency of the damping control which suppresses vibration at the load edge. The driver measures vibration at load edge. Setup unit is 0.1 [Hz]  The setup frequency is 1.0 to 200.0 [Hz]. Setup of 0 to 9 becomes invalid.
2	19	В	3rd damping filter setup	0–1000	0.1 Hz	If torque saturation occurs with damping frequency 3rd enabled, decrease the setup value, or if the operation is slow, increase it. Usually set it to 0. Note: The maximum setup value is internally limited to the corresponding damping frequency or 2000–damping frequency, whichever is smaller.
2	20	В	4th damping frequency	0–2000	0.1 Hz	You can set up the 4th damping frequency of the damping control which suppresses vibration at the load edge.  The driver measures vibration at load edge. Setup unit is 0.1 [Hz]  The setup frequency is 1.0 to 200.0 [Hz]. Setup of 0 to 9 becomes invalid.
2	21	В	4th damping filter setup	0–1000	0.1 Hz	If torque saturation occurs with damping frequency 4th enabled, decrease the setup value, or if the operation is slow, increase it. Usually set it to 0. Note: The maximum setup value is internally limited to the corresponding damping frequency or 2000–damping frequency, whichever is smaller.

- \*1) For parameter attribute, refer to Section 9-1.
  - 4) How to use
  - (1) Setup of damping frequency (1st: Pr 2.14, 2nd: Pr 2.16, 3rd: Pr 2.18, 4th: Pr 2.20))

Measure the vibration frequency of the front edge of the machine. When you use such instrument as laser displacement meter, and can directly measure the load end vibration, read out the vibration frequency by 0.1 [Hz] from the measured waveform and enter it.

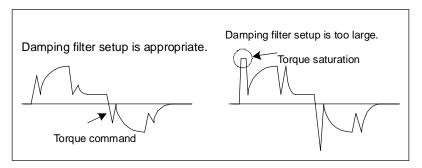
If suitable measuring device is not available, measure the frequency according to the residual vibration of the position deviation waveform measured by the vibration frequency monitor of the setup support software or a waveform graphic function.



(2) Setup of damping filter (1st: Pr 2.15, 2nd: Pr 2.17, 3rd: Pr 2.19, 4th: Pr 2.21)

First, set to 0 and check the torque waveform during operation.

You can reduce the settling time by setting up larger value, however, the torque ripple increases at the command changing point as the right fig. shows. Setup within the range where no torque saturation occurs under the actual condition. If torque saturation occurs, damping control effect will be lost.



- (3) Configuring damping depth setting (Pr 6.41)
  - \*) Effective to only the 1st damping setting

First set it to 0, and increase the setting value little by little if settling time needs to be decreased. As the setting value increases, the settling time can be decreased, but the damping effect is also decreased. Make an adjustment while checking the statuses of the settling time and vibration.

#### 5-2-8 Feed forward function

When position control or full closed control is used, positional deviation can be further reduced when compared with deviation where control is made only by feedback, and response is also improved, by calculating the velocity control command necessary for operation based on the internal positional command, and by adding velocity feed forward to the velocity command calculated by comparison with position feedback. In certain command, velocity feed forward can be set to the command argument and sent through RTEX communication.

The response time of the velocity control system is also improved by calculating torque command necessary for operation based on the velocity control command and by adding torque feed forward calculated by comparison with velocity feedback to the torque command. In certain command, torque feed forward can be set to the command argument and sent through RTEX communication.

The feed forward given through RTEX communication is added to the feed forward value (internally calculated according to the parameter setting).

#### 1) Relevant parameters

For MINAS-A5N series, the velocity feed forward and torque feed forward can be used.

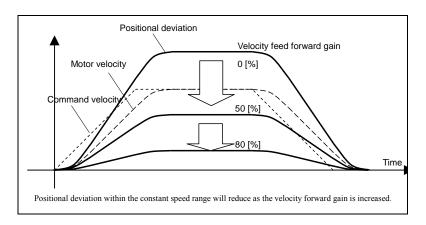
Class	No.	At- trib- ute *1)	Title	Range	Unit	Function
1	10	В	Velocity feed forward gain	0–1000	0.1%	Multiply the velocity control command calculated according to the internal positional command by the ratio of this parameter and add the result to the velocity command resulting from the positional control process.
1	11	В	Velocity feed forward filter	0-6400	0.01 ms	Set the time constant of 1st delay filter which affects the input of velocity feed forward.
1	12	В	Torque feed forward gain	0–1000	0.1%	Multiply the torque command calculated according to the velocity control command by the ratio of this parameter and add the result to the torque command resulting from the velocity control process.
1	13	В	Torque feed forward filter	0–6400	0.01 ms	Set up the time constant of 1st delay filter which affects the input of torque feed forward.

<sup>\*1)</sup> For parameter attribute, refer to Section 9-1.

#### 2) Usage example of velocity feed forward

The velocity feed forward will become effective as the velocity feed forward gain is gradually increased with the velocity feed forward filter set at approx. 50 (0.5 ms). The positional deviation during operation at a constant velocity is reduced as shown in the equation below in proportion to the value of velocity feed forward gain.

Positional deviation [unit of command] = command velocity [unit of command/s] / positional loop gain  $[1/s] \times (100$ —velocity feed forward gain [%]) / 100



With the gain set at 100%, calculatory positional deviation is 0, but significant overshoot occurs during acceleration/deceleration.

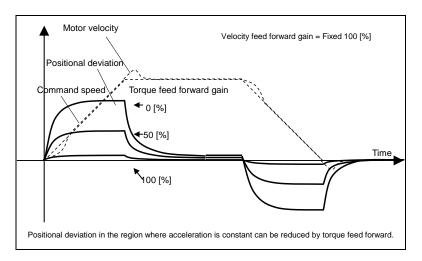
If the updating cycle of the positional command input is longer than the driver control cycle, or the pulse frequency varies, the operating noise may increase while the velocity feed forward is active. If this is the case, use positional command filter (1st delay or FIR smoothing), or increase the velocity forward filter setup value. Note: Feed forward given through RTEX communication should be filtered at the host device.

#### 3) Usage example of torque feed forward

To use the torque feed forward, correctly set the inertia ratio. Use the value that was determined at the start of the real time auto tuning, or set the inertia ratio that can be calculated from the machine specification to Pr 0.04 Inertia ratio.

The torque feed forward will become effective as the torque feed forward gain is gradually increased with the torque feed forward filter is set at approx. 50 (0.5 ms).

Positional deviation at a constant acceleration/deceleration can be minimized close to 0 by increasing the torque forward gain. This means that positional deviation can be maintained at near 0 over entire operation range while driving in trapezoidal speed pattern under ideal condition where disturbance torque is not active.



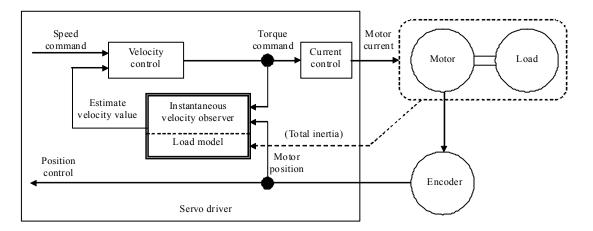
Zero positional deviation is impossible in actual situation because of disturbance torque.

As with the velocity feed forward, large torque feed forward filter time constant decreases the operating noise but increases positional deviation at acceleration change point.

Note: Feed forward given through RTEX communication should be filtered at the host device.

# 5-2-9 Instantaneous Velocity Observer function

This function enables both realization of high response and reduction of vibration at stopping, by estimating the motor velocity using a load model, hence improving the accuracy of the velocity detection.



# (1) Applicable Range

□ Following conditions have to be satisfied to apply this function.

	Conditions under which the instantaneous velocity observer is activated
Control mode	Control mode to be either or both position control (semi-close control) or/and velocity control.
Others	<ul> <li>Should be in servo-on condition</li> <li>Parameters except for controls such as torque limit setup, are correctly set, assuring that the motor can run smoothly.</li> <li>Real-time auto-tuning should be disabled. (Pr 0.02=0)</li> </ul>

#### (2) Cautions

□ This function does not work properly or no effect is obtained under the following conditions.

	Conditions which obstruct instantaneous velocity observer action					
	• Gap between the estimated total load inertia (motor+load) and actual machine is large.					
e.g.) Large resonance point exists in frequency band of 300 [Hz] or below. Non-li						
Load	such as large backlash exists.					
	Load inertia varies.					
	Disturbance torque with harmonic component is applied.					
Others	Settling range is very small.					

(3) Relevant parameters

Class	No.	At- trib- ute *1)	Title	Range	Unit	Function
6	10	В	Function expansion setup	0–1023	_	Velocity observer enable bit (bit 0) valid/invalid the function. bit 0 0: Invalid 1: Valid * bit 0 = LSB

<sup>\*1)</sup> For parameter attribute, refer to Section 9-1.

#### (4) How to Use

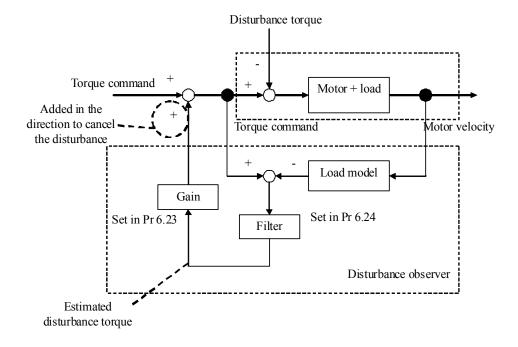
(1) Setup of inertia ratio (Pr 0.04)

### Set up as exact inertia ratio as possible.

- When the inertia ratio (Pr 0.04) is already obtained through real-time auto-gain tuning and is applicable at normal position control, use this value as Pr 0.04 setup value.
- When the inertia ratio is already known through calculation, enter this calculated value.
- When the inertia ration is not known, execute the normal mode auto-gain tuning and measure the inertia ratio.
- (2) Adjustment at normal position control
  - Adjust the position loop gain, velocity loop gain, etc.
- (3) Setup of instantaneous velocity observer (Pr 6.10)
  - By enabling instantaneous velocity observer function through function expansion setup (Pr 6.10), the velocity detection method changes to the instantaneous velocity observer.
  - When you experience a large variation of the torque waveform or noise, return this to 0, and reconfirm the above cautions and (1).
  - When you obtain the effect such as a reduction of the variation of the torque waveform and noise, search an optimum setup by making a fine adjustment of Pr 0.04 (Inertia ratio) while observing the position deviation waveform and actual velocity waveform to obtain the least variation. If you change the position loop gain and velocity loop gain, the optimum value of the inertia ratio (Pr 0.04) might have been changed, and you need to make a fine adjustment again.

### 5-2-10 Disturbance observer function

This function uses the disturbance torque determined by the disturbance observer to reduce effect of disturbance torque and vibration.



# (1) Applicable Range

□ This function can be applicable only when the following conditions are satisfied.

	Conditions under which the disturbance observer is activated						
Control model	Control mode to be either or both position control (semi-closed control) or/and velocity control.						
Others	<ul> <li>Should be in servo-on condition</li> <li>Parameters except for controls such as torque limit setup, are correctly set, assuring that the motor can run smoothly.</li> <li>Real-time auto-tuning should be disabled. (Pr 0.02=0)</li> <li>Instantaneous velocity observer should be disabled. (Pr 6.10 bit0=0)</li> </ul>						

# (2) Caution

□ Effect may not be expected in the following condition.

<u> </u>	F
	Conditions which obstruct disturbance observer action
Load	• Resonant frequency is lower than the cutoff frequency estimated by the disturbance observer.
Loau	Disturbance torque contains many high frequency components.

(3) Relevant parameters

Class	No.	At- trib- ute *1)	Title	Range	Unit	Function
6	10	В	Function expansion setup	0–1023		Sets bits related to disturbance observer.  bit 1 0: Invalid 1: Valid  bit 2 0: Always valid  1: Valid only when 1st gain is selected.  * bit 0 = LSB  Example:  To use the disturbance observer in the enabled mode only when 1st gain is selected:  Setup value = 6  To use the disturbance observer always in the enabled mode:  Setup value = 2
6	23	В	Disturbance torque compensating gain	-100–100	%	Set up compensating gain against disturbance torque.
6	24	В	Disturbance observer filter	10–2500	0.01 ms	Set up the filter time constant according to the disturbance torque compensation.

<sup>\*1)</sup> For parameter attribute, refer to Section 9-1.

#### (4) How to use

- 1) With Pr 6.10 (Function enhancement setup), set observer enable/disable and operation mode (always enable/enable only when 1st gain is selected).
- 2) Setup of Pr 6.24 (Disturbance observer filter)

First, set up Pr 6.24 to a larger value and check the operation with Pr 6.23 (Disturbance torque compensating gain) set to a low value, and then gradually decrease the setup value of Pr 6.24. A low filter setup value assures disturbance torque estimation with small delay and effectively suppresses effects of disturbance. However, this results in larger operation noise. Well balanced setup is required.

3) Setup of Pr 6.23 (Disturbance torque compensating gain)

After setting up Pr 6.24, increase Pr 6.23.

The disturbance suppressing capability increases by increasing the gain, but it is associated with increasing volume of operation noise.

This means that well balanced setup can be obtained by adjusting Pr6.24 and Pr6.23.

### 5-2-11 3rd gain switching function

In addition to the normal gain switching function described on 5-2-5, 3rd gain switching function can be set to increase the gain just before stopping. The higher gain shortens positioning adjusting time.

# (1) Applicable Range

☐ This function can be applicable only when the following conditions are satisfied.

	Conditions under which the 3rd gain switching function is activated
Control mode	Control mode to be either or both position control (semi-closed control) or/and velocity
	control.
Others	Should be in servo-on condition
	• Parameters except for controls such as torque limit setup, are correctly set, assuring that the
	motor can run smoothly.

#### (2) Relevant parameters

Class	No.	At- trib- ute *1)	Title	Range	Unit	Function
6	05	В	Position 3rd gain valid time	0-10000	0.1 ms	Set up the time at which 3rd gain becomes valid.
6	06	В	Position 3rd gain scale factor	50-1000	%	Set up the 3rd gain by a multiplying factor of the 1st gain: 3rd gain = 1st gain × Pr 6.06/100

<sup>\*1)</sup> For parameter attribute, refer to Section 9-1.

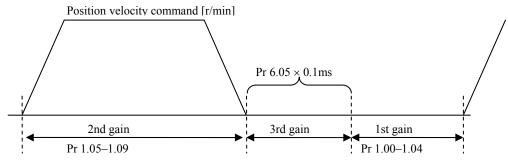
#### (3) How to use

While in the condition under which the normal gain switching functions, set the 3rd gain application time to Pr 6.05 Position 3rd gain enable time, and set the 3rd gain (scale factor with reference to 1st gain) to Pr 6.06 Position 3rd gain magnification ratio.

- If 3rd gain is not used, set Pr 6.05 to 0 and Pr 6.06 to 100.
- The 3rd gain is enabled only for position control or full closed control.
- During the 3rd gain period, only position loop gain/velocity loop gain becomes 3rd gain, during other periods, 1st gain setting is used.
- When the 2nd gain switching condition is established during 3rd gain period, 2nd gain is used.
- During transition from 2nd gain to 3rd gain, Pr 1.19 Position gain switching time is applied.
- Even if the gain is changed from 2nd to the 1st due to parameter change, the 3rd gain period is inserted between them.

#### Example:

Pr 1.15 Mode of position control switching = 7 switching condition: with positional command:



[3rd gain period]

Position loop gain =  $Pr1.00 \times Pr6.06/100$ 

Velocity loop gain =  $Pr1.01 \times Pr6.06/100$ 

Velocity loop integration time constant, velocity detection filter and torque filter time constant directly use the 1st gain value.

# 5-2-12 Friction torque compensation

To reduce effect of friction represented by mechanical system, 2 types of friction torque compensation can be applied: offset load compensation that cancels constant offset torque and the dynamic friction compensation that varies direction as the operating direction varies.

# (1) Applicable Range

□ This function can be applicable only when the following conditions are satisfied.

	Conditions under which the Friction torque compensation is activated
Control mode	• Specific to individual functions. Refer to "Relevant parameters" shown below.
Others	Should be in servo-on condition
	• Parameters except for controls such as torque limit setup, are correctly set, assuring that the
	motor can run smoothly.

# (2) Relevant parameters

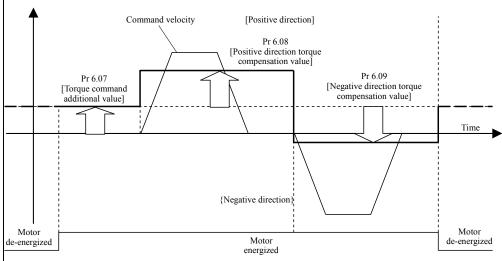
Combine the following 3 parameters to setup appropriate friction torque compensation.

Class	No.	At- trib-	Title	Range	Unit	Function
Class	140.	ute *1)	Title	Range	Oiit	1 diletion
6	07	В	Torque command additional value	-100–100	%	Set up the offset load compensation value usually added to the torque command in a control mode except for the torque control mode.
6	08	В	Positive direction torque compensation value	-100–100	%	Set up the dynamic friction compensation value to be added to the torque command when forward positional command is fed.
6	09	В	Negative direction torque compensation value	-100–100	%	Set up the dynamic friction compensation value to be added to the torque command when negative direction positional command is fed.

<sup>\*1)</sup> For parameter attribute, refer to Section 9-1.

#### (3) How to use

The friction torque compensation will be added in response to the entered positional command direction as shown below.



The friction compensation torque is the sum of the offset load compensation value which is set according to the torque instruction additional value (always constant) and the dynamic friction compensation torque which is set according to positive/negative direction torque compensation value.

The command velocity direction is reset upon power-up or when the motor is de-energized.

- Pr 6.07 [Torque command additional value] reduces variations in positioning operation (performance is affected by direction of movement). These variations occur when constant offset torque resulting from weight on vertical axis is applied to the motor.
- Certain loads such as belt driven shaft requires high dynamic friction torque, which lengthens positioning setting time or varies positioning accuracy. These problems can be minimized by setting the friction torque of every rotating direction into individual parameters. Pr 6.08 [Positive direction torque compensation value] and Pr 6.09 [Negative direction torque compensation value] can be used for this purpose.

The offset load compensation and dynamic friction compensation can be used individually or in combination. However, some control modes impose limit on application.

- For torque control: Offset load compensation and dynamic friction compensation are set at 0 regardless of parameter setting.
- For velocity control with servo-off: Offset load compensation per Pr 6.07 is enabled. Dynamic friction compensation is set at 0 regardless of parameter setting.
- For position control or full closed control with servo-on: Previous offset load compensation and dynamic friction compensation values are maintained until the first positional command is applied where the offset load compensation value is updated according to Pr 6.07. The dynamic friction compensation value is updated to parameters Pr .6.08 and Pr 6.09 depending on command direction.

# 5-2-13 Hybrid vibration damping function

This function suppresses vibration due to amount of twist between the motor and load in the full closed control mode. This function enables high gain setting.

## (1) Applicable range

☐ This function can be applicable only when the following conditions are satisfied.

	Conditions under which the Hybrid vibration damping function is activated
Control mode	Full-closed control mode
Others	Should be in servo-on condition
	• Parameters except for controls such as torque limit setup, are correctly set, assuring that the
	motor can run smoothly.

#### (2) Caution

• The effect of this function will be proportional to the amount of twist between the motor and load.

### (3) Relevant parameters

Combine parameters below to set the hybrid vibration damping function.

Class	No.	At- trib- ute *1)	Title	Range	Unit	Function	
6	34	В	Hybrid vibration suppression gain	0–30000	0.1/s	Set up the hybrid vibration suppression gain for full-closed controlling.  First set it to the value identical to that of poison loop gain, and then fine tune as necessary.	
6	35	В	Hybrid vibration suppression filter	0-6400	0.01 ms	Set up the time constant of the hybrid vibration suppression filter for full-closed controlling.	

<sup>\*1)</sup> For parameter attribute, refer to Section 9-1.

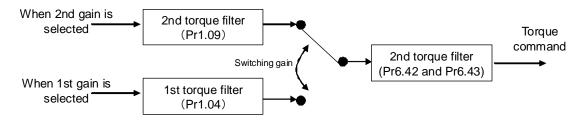
#### (4) How to use

- [1] Set Pr 6.34 Hybrid vibration suppression gain to the value equal to that of positional loop gain.
- [2] Driving under full closed control, gradually increase the setup value of Pr 6.35 Hybrid vibration suppression filter while checking response change.

When the response is improved, adjust Pr 6.34 and Pr 6.35 to determine the combination that provides the best response.

# 5-2-14 2-stage torque filter

In addition to usual 1st and 2nd torque filters (Pr1.04 and Pr1.09), another torque filter can be set. High-frequency vibration component can be suppressed by the use of the 2-stage torque filter.



# (1) Application range

☐ This function can't be applied unless the following conditions are satisfied.

	Conditions for operating 2-stage torque filter
Control mode	Can be used in all control modes.
Others	• In servo-ON state
	• Elements, such as deviation counter clear command input inhibition and torque limit, other
	than control parameter are set properly, and motor is running without any problem.

#### (2) Precautions

- If the setting value is increased excessively, the control may become unstable to produce vibration. Specify proper setting value while checking the status of the device.
- If Pr6.43 "2-stage torque filter attenuation term" is changed during operation, vibration may be generated. Change the value while the motor is stopped.

(3) Relevant parameters

Class	No.	At- trib-	Title	Range	Unit	Function
Class	NO.	ute *1)	Title	Kange	Oiiit	Function
6	42	В	2-stage torque filter time constant	0–2500	0.01ms	Sets 2-stage torque filter time constant.  The time constant is invalid if 0 is specified.  [When used for the secondary filter as Pr6.43 ≥ 50]  The time constants that can be used are 5–159 (0.05–1.59 ms).  (Equivalent to 100–3000 Hz in frequency)  Setting values 1–4 works as 5 (3000 Hz), and 159–2500 works as 159 (100 Hz).
6	43	В	2-stage torque filter attenuation term	0–1000	-	Sets attenuation term of 2-stage torque filter. The filter degree of the 2-stage torque filter is changed according to the setting value. 0–49:    Operates as the 1st filter. 50–1000:    Operates as a 2nd filter and becomes a 2nd filter with $\zeta=1.0$ if setting value is 1000. As the setting value is decreased, the filter becomes vibrational. Use with a setting value 1000 basically.

<sup>\*1)</sup> For parameter attribute, refer to Section 9-1.

# (4) Usage

Set a 2-stage torque filter if high-frequency vibration can't be removed only using usual 1st and 2nd torque filters. Setting Pr6.43 "2-stage torque filter attenuation term" to  $1000 \ (\zeta=1.0)$ , adjust Pr6.42 "2-stage torque filter time constant".

# 6. Application

# 6-1 Torque limit switching function

This function changes the torque limit value according to the operation direction or torque limit switching command (TI\_SW) of RTEX communication.

For details, refer to Technical Reference, SX-DSV02203"Section 4-2-3-3", RTEX communication.

### (1) Applicable range

☐ This function can be applicable only when the following conditions are satisfied.

	Conditions under which the Torque limit switching function is activated
Control mode	Position control, velocity control mode and full-closed control. *1)
Others	Should be in servo-on condition
	• Parameters except for controls are correctly set, assuring that the motor can run smoothly.

<sup>\*1)</sup> During torque controlling, the switching function is disabled and only Pr. 0.13 1st torque limit is enabled.

# (2) Relevant parameters

Class	No.	At- trib- ute *1)	Title	Range	Unit	Function
0	13	В	1st torque limit	0-500	%	You can set up the 1st limit value of the motor output torque.
5	21	В	Selection of torque limit	1–4	l	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$
5	22	В	2nd torque limit	0-500	%	You can set up the 2nd limit value of the motor output torque.
5	25	В	Positive direction torque limit	0-500	%	Set up positive direction torque limit upon receiving torque limit switching.
5	26	В	Negative direction torque limit	0-500	%	Set up negative direction torque limit upon receiving torque limit switching.

<sup>\*1)</sup> For parameter attribute, refer to Section 9-1.

### 6-2 Motor working range setup function

You can make an alarm stop of the motor with software limit protection (Err34.0) when the motor travels exceeding the movable range which is set up with Pr 5.14 (Motor working range setup) against the position command input range. You can prevent the work from colliding to the machine end caused by motor oscillation.

#### (1) Applicable range

☐ This function can be applicable only when the following conditions are satisfied.

	Conditions under which the software limit works				
Control mode	Position control and full-closed control.				
Others	Should be in servo-on condition				
	• Parameters except for controls such as torque limit setup, are correctly set, assuring that the				
	motor can run smoothly.				

## (2) Caution

- This function is not a protection against the abnormal position command.
- When this software limit protection is activated, the motor decelerates and stops according to Pr 5.10 (Sequence at alarm).

The work (load) may collide to the machine end and be damaged depending on the load during this deceleration, hence set up the range of Pr 5.14 including the deceleration movement.

- This motor working range setup protection will be disabled during the frequency response functioning of the communication.
- When changing the control mode (for the purpose of only to control velocity or torque), do not use this function. Instead, use software limit function or drive inhibit input.

# (3) Relevant parameters

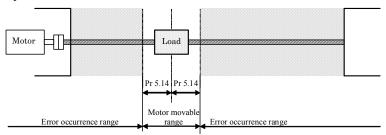
	_ ( /					
Class	No.	At- trib- ute *1)	Title	Range	Unit	Function
5	14	A	Motor working range setup	0-1000	0.1 revolution	You can set up the movable range of the motor against the position command input range.  When the motor movement exceeds the setup value, software limit protection will be triggered.

<sup>\*1)</sup> For parameter attribute, refer to Section 9-1.

## (4) Example of movement

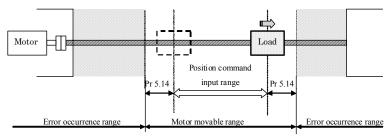
## (1) When no position command is entered (Servo-ON status)

The motor movable range will be the travel range which is set at both sides of the motor with Pr5.14 since no position command is entered. When the load enters to the Err34.0 occurrence range (oblique line range), software limit protection will be activated.



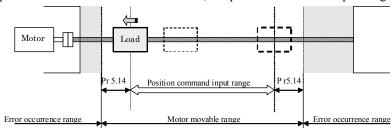
# (2) When the load moves to the right (at Servo-ON)

When the position command to the right direction is entered, the motor movable range will be expanded by entered position command, and the movable range will be the position command input range + Pr5.14 setups in both sides.



## (3) When the load moves to the left (at Servo-ON)

When the position command to the left direction, the position command input range will be expanded further.



### Condition under which the position command input range is cleared

The position command input range will be 0-cleared under the following conditions.

- When the power is turned on.
- While the position deviation is being cleared (servo OFF, deceleration/stop upon inputting of over-travel inhibition and positional deviation is cleared, etc.)
- At the beginning and ending of trial run via USB communication.
- Velocity or torque is controlled.
- Position information is initialized.

Upon returning to home position, absolute clear through USB (PANATERM), etc.

### 6-3 Operating setting of various sequence

Desired sequence can be set under various operating conditions.

6-3-1 Sequence upon inputting of over-travel inhibition (POT, NOT) (under review)

Set up the operating sequence when the over-travel inhibition is input (POT, NOT).

(1) Relevant parameters

	(1)	Reievai	it parameters				
Class	No.	At- trib- ute *1)	Title	Range	Unit	Function	
5	04 *2)	С	Over-travel inhibit input setup	0–2	_	<ul> <li>Set up the operation of the run-inhibition (POT, NOT) inputs.</li> <li>Set the parameter according to the specification of upper controller.</li> <li>Normally it should be set to 1 (disabled) because the operation is controlled by an upper controller.</li> <li>0: POT → inhibits CW drive, NOT → inhibits CCW drive. When POT is input during CW driving, stops the drive according to Pr 5.05 Sequence at over-travel inhibit. The similar function NOT is applied in reverse direction. Regardless of operating condition, torque in over-travel inhibition direction is 0.</li> <li>1: POT and NOT are disabled, having no effect on operation.</li> <li>2: POT or NOT input activates Err 38.0 Run-inhibition input protection.</li> </ul>	
5	05 *2)	С	Sequence at over-travel inhibit	0–2	_	When Pr 5.04 Over-travel inhibition = 0, specify the status during deceleration and stop after application of the over-travel inhibition (POT, NOT).	
5	11	В	Torque setup for emergency stop	0-500	%	Set up the torque limit at emergency stop. When setup value is 0, the torque limit for normal operation is applied.	
7	23	В	RTEX function Expansion 2	-32768 -32767		[bit 2] RTEX status response condition setting while POT/NOT function is disabled (Pr 5.04 = 1).  0: RTEX status is enabled (system responses)  1: RTEX status is also disabled (does not response)  [bit 3] Arrangement set up of RTEX status bit of POT/NOT  0: POT is bit 1, NOT is bit 0  1: NOT is bit 1, POT is bit 0  [bit 6] RTEX status logical setting of POT/NOT  0: Without inversion (1: active)  1: Inversion (0: active)	

<sup>\*1)</sup> For parameter attribute, refer to Section 9-1.

\*2) The Pr.5.04 (Setup of over-travel inhibit input) and Pr.5.05 (Sequence at over-travel inhibit) settings are temporarily invalid during profile home position return.

If profile home position return function is used without using the over-travel inhibit input, don't assign over-travel inhibit input (POT/NOT) to general purpose input. The setting is not invalidated only by setting the Pr.5.04 to 1. For more information on profile home position return, refer to a technical document, SX-DSV02203 "Section 7-5-7,7-5-8,7-5-9",RTEX communication.

## (2) Contents

• Details of Pr 5.05 (Sequence at over-travel inhibit)

Pr 5.04	Pr 5.05	During deceleration *6)		After stalling (Approx. 30 r/min or below)		
*4)	11 3.03	Stopping method	Deviation	Operation after stopping	Deviation	
	Common	<ul> <li>Forcibly controls the position. *1)</li> <li>Forcibly stops position command generation. *1)</li> </ul>	_	Control mode depends on the command. *2)	_	
0	0	Dynamic brake action	Clear *3)	• Torque command=0 towards inhibited direction	Hold	
	1	• Free run (DB OFF)	Clear *3)	Torque command=0 towards inhibited direction	Hold	
	2	<ul><li> Emergency stop *5)</li><li> Torque limit=Pr 5.11</li></ul>	Clear *3)	Torque limit and torque command are as usual.	Hold	

- \*1) During deceleration, the system is forced to perform position control, forcibly stopping the internal position command generating process.
- \*2) Stop a command in over-travel inhibit direction with the over-travel inhibit input set to ON. If a command is issued in over-travel inhibit direction, the command is neglected. If the bit 9 of the parameter for RTEX function enhancement setting 2 (Pr7.23) is set to 1 at this time, a command error is returned.
- \*3) During deviation clearing, the process that lets the internal command position to follow the feedback position is activated. At the instantaneous stopping and at the end of deceleration, position deviations/external scale deviations accumulated during deceleration are cleared.
- \*4) When setting value of Pr 5.04 Over-travel inhibit input set up is 2, Err 38.0 Over-travel inhibit input protect occurs when POT or NOT is turned on. Therefore, the system operates according to Pr 5.10 Sequence at alarm but not to this setting. Pr 5.10 Sequence at alarm has always priority if any other error occurs.
- \*5) Emergency stop refers to a controlled immediate stop with servo-on.

  The torque command value is limited during this process by Pr 5.11 Emergency stop torque setup.
- \*6) Deceleration period is the time required for the running motor to speed down to 30 r/min. Once the motor speed drops below 30 r/min, it is treated as in stop state regardless of its speed.

### 6-3-2 Sequence at Servo-Off

Set up the servo-off sequence.

(1) Relevant parameters

	(1)		t parameters			
Class	No.	At- trib- ute *1)	Title	Range	Unit	Function
5	06	В	Sequence at Servo-Off	0–9	I	Specify the status during deceleration and after stop, after servo-off.
5	11	В	Torque setup for emergency stop	0-500		Set up the torque limit at emergency stop.  When setup value is 0, the torque limit for normal operation is applied.

<sup>\*1)</sup> For parameter attribute, refer to Section 9-1.

#### (2) Contents

• Details of Pr 5.06 (Sequence at Servo-Off)

Pr 5.06	During deceleration *4)		After stalling (Approx.30 r/min or below)		
Pf 5.06	Stopping method	Deviation	Operation after stopping	Deviation	
Common	<ul> <li>Forcibly controls the position. *1)</li> <li>Forcibly stops position command generation. *1)</li> </ul>	_	<ul> <li>Forcibly controls the position. *1)</li> <li>Forcibly stops position command generation. *1)</li> </ul>	_	
0,4	Dynamic brake action	Clear *2)	Dynamic brake action	Clear *2)	
1,5	• Free run (DB OFF)	Clear *2)	Dynamic brake action	Clear *2)	
2,6	Dynamic brake action	Clear *2)	• Free run (DB OFF)	Clear *2)	
3,7	• Free run (DB OFF)	Clear *2)	• Free run (DB OFF)	Clear *2)	
8	<ul><li> Emergency stop *3)</li><li> Torque limit =Pr 5.11</li></ul>	Clear *2)	Dynamic brake action	Clear *2)	
9	• Emergency stop *3) • Torque limit =Pr 5.11	Clear *2)	• Free run (DB OFF)	Clear *2)	

- \*1) During deceleration sequence or at the stop (servo OFF), the system has to control the position and to stop the generation of internal position command.
- \*2) During deviation clearing process, the system causes the internal command position to follow up the feedback position. When executing the interpolation feed system command after servo ON, re-set the command coordinate of the host controller. The motor may operate sharply.
- \*3) Emergency stop refers to a controlled immediate stop with servo-on. The torque command value is limited during this process by Pr 5.11 Emergency stop torque setup.
- \*4) Deceleration period is the time required for the running motor to speed down to 30 r/min. Once the motor speed drops below 30 r/min, it is treated as in stop state regardless of its speed.
- \*5) If an error occurs during servo-off, follow Pr 5.10 Sequence at alarm. If the main power is turned off during servo-off, follow Pr 5.07 Sequence during main power interruption.

### 6-3-3 Sequence at main power OFF

Set up the main power OFF sequence.

(1) Relevant parameters

	(1)	iccic van	it parameters			
Class	No.	At- trib- ute *1)	Title	Range	Unit	Function
5	07	В	Sequence at main power OFF	0–9	_	Specify the status during deceleration after main power interrupt or after stoppage.
5	08	В	L/V trip selection upon main power off			Select LV trip or servo OFF upon occurrence of main AC power alarm.  Setup the condition to detect main AC power OFF alarm when the main AC power is kept interrupted for a time longer than the time set by Pr7.14.  bit 0 0: Select servo OFF according to the setting of Pr 5.07 and then return to servo ON by turning ON main AC power.  1: Trip with Err 13.1 Main power undervoltage protection.  bit 1 0: Detect main AC power OFF alarm only when servo is in ON state.  1: Always detect main AC power OFF alarm.
5	09	С	Detection time of main power off	70-2000		Set up main AC power alarm detection time.  Main AC power OFF detection is disabled when the setting value is 2000.  Resolution of setting is 2 ms. For example, when setting value is 99, processed in 100 ms.
5	11	В	Torque setup for emergency stop	0-500	%	Set up the torque limit at emergency stop.  When setup value is 0, the torque limit for normal operation is applied

<sup>\*1)</sup> For parameter attribute, refer to Section 9-1.

### (2) Contents

• Details of Pr 5.07 (Sequence at main power OFF)

Pr 5.07	During deceleration *4)		After stalling (Approx.30 r/min or be	low)
P1 3.07	Stopping method	Deviation	Operation after stopping	Deviation
Common	Forcibly controls the position. *1)     Forcibly stops position command generation. *1)	_	• Forcibly controls the position. *1) • Forcibly stops position command generation. *1)	_
0,4	Dynamic brake action	Clear *2)	Dynamic brake action	Clear *2)
1,5	• Free run (DB OFF)	Clear *2)	Dynamic brake action	Clear *2)
2,6	Dynamic brake action	Clear *2)	• Free run (DB OFF)	Clear *2)
3,7	• Free run (DB OFF)	Clear *2)	• Free run (DB OFF)	Clear *2)
8	<ul><li> Emergency stop *3)</li><li> Torque limit =Pr 5.11</li></ul>	Clear *2)	Dynamic brake action	Clear *2)
9	<ul><li> Emergency stop *3)</li><li> Torque limit =Pr 5.11</li></ul>	Clear *2)	• Free run (DB OFF)	Clear *2)

- \*1) During deceleration sequence or at the stop (main power OFF), the system must control the position and stop the generation of internal position command.
- \*2) During deviation clearing process, the system causes the internal command position to follow up the feedback position. When executing the interpolation feed system command after servo ON, re-set the command coordinate of the host controller. The motor may operate sharply.
- \*3) Emergency stop refers to a controlled immediate stop with servo-on. The torque command value is limited during this process by Pr 5.11 Emergency stop torque setup.
- \*4) Deceleration period is the time required for the running motor to speed down to 30 r/min. Once the motor speed drops below 30 r/min, it is treated as in stop state regardless of its speed.
- \*5) If an error occurs with the main power supply turned off, Pr 5.10 Sequence at alarm is applied to the operation. When the main power supply is turned off with servo-on state, Err13.1 Main power undervoltage error occurs if Pr 5.08 LV trip selection with main power off = 1, and the operation follows Pr 5.10 Sequence at alarm.

#### 6-3-4 Sequence at alarm

Set the operation sequence under alarm condition.

(1) Relevant parameters

Class	No.	At- trib- ute *1)	Title	Range	Unit	Function
5	10	В	Sequence at alarm	0–7		Specify the status during deceleration and after stop, after occurrence of alarm.

<sup>\*1)</sup> For parameter attribute, refer to Section 9-1.

### (2) Contents

• Details of Pr 5.10 (Sequence at alarm)

Pr 5.10		During deceleration *4)	_	After stalling (Approx.30 r/min or below)		
Pf 5.10		Stopping method	Deviation	Operation after stopping	Deviation	
Common	<ul> <li>Forcibly controls the position. *1)</li> <li>Forcibly stops position command generation. *1)</li> </ul>		_	<ul> <li>Forcibly controls the position. *1)</li> <li>Forcibly stops position command generation. *1)</li> </ul>	_	
0	• Dynami	c brake action	Clear *2)	Dynamic brake action	Clear *2)	
1	• Free run	n (DB OFF)	Clear *2)	Dynamic brake action	Clear *2)	
2	• Dynami	c brake action	Clear *2)	Free run (DB OFF)	Clear *2)	
3	• Free run	n (DB OFF)	Clear *2)	Free run (DB OFF)	Clear *2)	
4	Action A *3) Action B *3)	Emergency stop *3)     Torque limit =Pr 5.11      Dynamic brake action	Clear *2) Clear *2)	Dynamic brake action	Clear *2)	
5	Action A *3) Action B *3)	Emergency stop *3)     Torque limit =Pr 5.11      Free run (DB OFF)	Clear *2) Clear *2)	Dynamic brake action	Clear *2)	
6	Action A *3) Action B *3)	Emergency stop *3)     Torque limit =Pr 5.11      Dynamic brake action	Clear *2) Clear *2)	Free run (DB OFF)	Clear *2)	
7	Action A *3) Action B *3)	Emergency stop *3)     Torque limit =Pr 5.11      Free run (DB OFF)	Clear *2) Clear *2)	Free run (DB OFF)	Clear *2)	

- \*1) During deceleration sequence or at the stop (during alarm or servo OFF), the system must control the position and stop the generation of internal position command.
- \*2) During deviation clearing process, the system causes the internal command position to follow up the feedback position. When executing the interpolation feed system command after servo ON, first re-set the command coordinate of the host controller. The motor may operate sharply.
- \*3) Action of A/B: When an alarm requiring emergency stop occurs, the action A is selected when the setup value in the table is set within the range 4 to 7, causing emergency stop of operation. When an alarm not requiring emergency stop occurs, it triggers dynamic braking (DB) specified by action B, or free-running. (Refer to Section 6-3-5.) Hold the main circuit power until deceleration stop is completed.
  - For the alarm requiring emergency stop, refer to Section 7-1 Protective function list.
- \*4) Deceleration period is the time required for the running motor to speed down to 30 r/min. Once the motor speed drops below 30 r/min, and changes its status after stoppage, it is treated as in stop state regardless of its speed.

### 6-3-5 Emergency stop upon occurrence of alarm

When an alarm requiring emergency stop occurs, the system controls and immediately stops the motor.

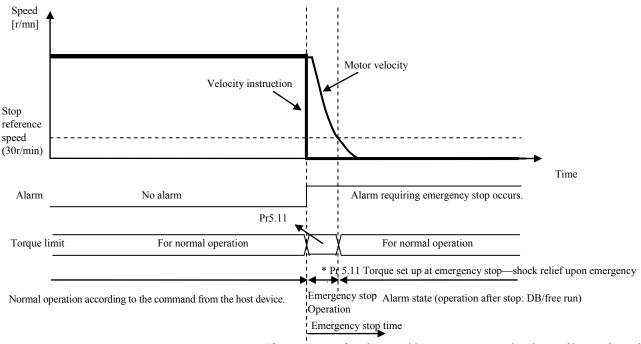
(1) Relevant parameters

Class	No.	At- trib- ute *1)	Title	Range	Unit	Function
5	10	В	Sequence at alarm	0–7		Specify the status during deceleration and after stop, after occurrence of alarm.  Setting the parameter to one of 4 to 7, enables emergency stop.
5	11	В	Torque setup for emergency stop	0-500	%	Set up the torque limit at emergency stop. When setup value is 0, the torque limit for normal operation is applied
5	13	A	Over-speed level setup	0–20000	r/min	If the motor speed exceeds this setup value, Err26.0 Over-speed protection occurs.  The over-speed level becomes 1.2 times of the motor max. speed by setting up this to 0.
6	14	В	Emergency stop time at alarm	0–1000	ms	Set up the time allowed to complete emergency stop in an alarm condition. Exceeding this time puts the system in alarm state.  When setup value is 0, immediate stop is disabled and the immediate alarm stop is enabled.
6	15	A	2nd over-speed level setup	0–20000	r/min	When the motor speed exceeds this setup time during emergency stop sequence in an alarm condition, Err 26.1 2nd over-speed protection will be activated.  The over-speed level becomes 1.2 times of the motor max. speed by setting up this to 0.

<sup>\*1)</sup> For parameter attribute, refer to Section 9-1.

### (2) Description

• Emergency stop sequence upon occurrence of an alarm requiring emergency stop.



After occurrence of an alarm requiring emergency stop: when the speed has not dropped down to 30 r/min after the elapse of time set by Pr 6.14 Emergency stop time at alarm, the system generates the alarm. The system also enters the alarm state if an alarm that does not require emergency stop occurs in the driver during the sequence of the emergency stop.

Note: To prevent overrun during emergency stop sequence, set allowable over-speed level to Pr 6.15 2nd over-speed level setup. Because the 2nd over-speed protection is an error not compatible with emergency stop, this error causes tripping. However, if the setting level is lower than that of Pr 5.13 Over-speed level setup, Err 26.1 2nd over-speed protection occurs before Err 26.0 Over-speed protection and the system will not trigger emergency stop.

If Err 26.0 and Err 26.1 are detected concurrently, Err 26.0 is displayed. No emergency stop occurs because Err 26.1 has occurred.

#### 6-4 Torque saturation protection function

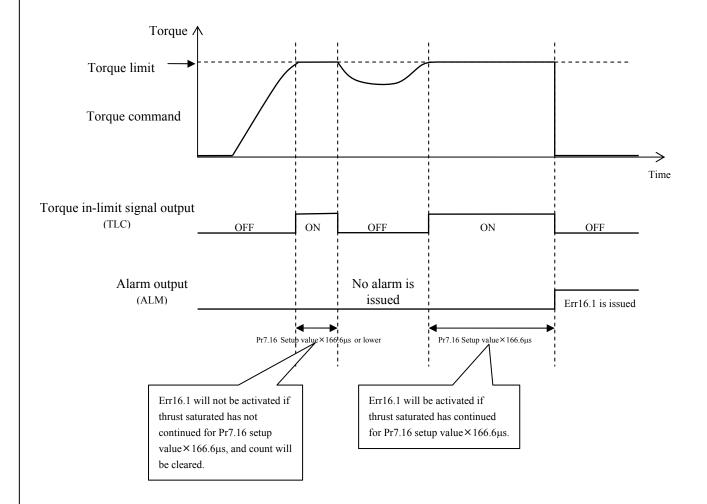
If torque saturated has continued for a fixed period, an alarm can be activated.

■ Relevant parameters

Class	No.	At- trib- ute *1)	Title	Range	Unit	Function
7	16	В	Frequency of torque saturation protection	0-30000	time	If torque saturated is continued during a preset frequency, Err 16.1 "Torque saturation protection" will be activated.  If the setup value is 0, this function is disabled and Err 16.1 will not be activated.

- For the frequency, the count increases by one for every 0.1666ms.

  For example if the frequency is set to 30000, Err16.1 will be activated if torque saturated has continued for about 5 seconds.
- When torque is controlled, this function is disabled and Err 16.1 will not be activated.
- If the immediate stop alarm is activated, this function is disabled and Err 16.1 will not be activated.



# 7. Protective function/Alarm function

# 7-1 List of protective function

This servo driver incorporates various protective functions. When a protective function is enabled, the servo driver turns OFF the alarm signal (ALM) and displays the error number on 7-segment LED of the panel section at front surface.

Erro	or No.	Alarm		Attribut	e
Main	Sub		History	Can be cleared	Emergency stop *6
11	0	Control power supply undervoltage protection		0	
12	0	Over-voltage protection	0	0	
13	0	Main power supply undervoltage protection (between P to N)		0	0
	1	Main power supply undervoltage protection (AC interception detection)		0	0
14	0	Over-current protection	0		
	1	IPM error protection	0		
15	0	Over-heat protection	0		0
16	0	Over-load protection	0	0*1	
	1	Torque saturation error protection	0	0	
18	0	Over-regeneration load protection	0		0
	1	Over-regeneration Tr error protection	0		
21	0	Encoder communication disconnect error protection	0		
	1	Encoder communication error protection	0		
23	0	Encoder communication data error protection	0		
24	0	Position deviation excess protection	0	0	0
	1	Speed deviation excess protection	0	0	0
25	0	Hybrid deviation excess error protection	0		0
26	0	Over-speed protection	0	0	0
	1	2nd over-speed protection	0	0	
27	1	Absolute clear protection	0		
	4	Command error protection 1	0		0
	5	Command generation error protection	0		0
	6	Operation command contention protection	0	0	
	7	Position information initialization error protection	0		
28	0	Limit of pulse replay error protection	0	0	0
29	1	Deviation counter overflow protection 1	0		
,	2	Deviation counter overflow protection 2	0		
30	0	Safety detection [Only special product supports this feature.]		0	
33	0	Overlaps allocation error 1 protection	0		
33	1	Overlaps allocation error 2 protection	0		
	2	Input function number error 1 protection	0		
	3	Input function number error 2 protection	0		
	4	Output function number error 1 protection	0		
	5	Output function number error 2 protection	0		
	8	Latch input allocation error protection	0		
34	0	Software limit protection	0	0	
36	0–2	EEPROM parameter error protection			
37	0-2	EEPROM check code error protection			
38	0	Over-travel inhibit input protection 1		0	
50	1	Over-travel inhibit input protection 2		0	
	2	Over-travel inhibit input protection 3	0		
40	0	Absolute system down error protection	0	O*2	
41	0	Absolute counter over error protection	0		
42	0	Absolute over-speed error protection	0	O*2	
43	0	Incremental encoder initialization error protection	0		
44	0	Absolute single turn counter error protection			
77	U	/ Incremental signal turn counter error protection	0		

Err	or No	Alarm		Attribu	ıte
Main	Sub		History	Can be cleared	Emergency stop *6
45	0	Absolute multi-turn counter error protection / Incremental multi-turn counter error protection	0		
47	0	Absolute status error protection	0		
48	0	Incremental encoder Z-phase error protection	0		
49	0	Incremental encoder CS signal error protection	0		
50	0	External scale connection error protection	0		
	1	External scale communication error protection	0		
51	0	External scale status 0 error protection	0		
	1	External scale status 1 error protection	0		
	2	External scale status 2 error protection	0		
	3	External scale status 3 error protection	0		
	4	External scale status 4 error protection	0		
	5	External scale status 5 error protection	0		
55	0	A-phase connection error protection	0		
	1	B-phase connection error protection	0		
	2	Z-phase connection error protection	0		
82	0	RTEX node addressing error protection	0		
83	0	RTEX communication error protection 1	0	0	0
	1	RTEX communication error protection 2	0	0	0
84	0	RTEX time out error protection	0	0	0
	3	RTEX sync and initialization error protection	0		
	5	RTEX communication cycle error protection	0	0	0
86	0	RTEX cyclic data error protection 1	0	0	0
	1	RTEX cyclic data error protection 2	0	0	0
	2	RTEX update counter error protection	0		0
87	0	Compulsory alarm input protection		0	0
90	2	Multi-axis synchronization establishment error protection	0		
91	1	RTEX command error protection	0	0	
92	0	Encoder data recovery error protection	0		
	1	External scale data recovery error protection	0		
93	0	Parameter setting error protection 1	0		
	2	Parameter setting error protection 2	0		
	3	External scale connection error protection	0		
	5	Parameter setting error protection 4	0		
94	2	Home position return error protection	0	0	
95	0–4	Motor automatic recognition error protection			
98	1	RTEX hardware error protection 1	0		
	2	RTEX hardware error protection 2	0		
	3	RTEX hardware error protection 3	0		
0	ther	Other error	_	_	_

- \*1: When Err 16.0 (overload protection) is triggered, you can clear it in 10 sec or longer after the error occurs.

  Recognized as alarm clear command and used for clearing process as the condition becomes ready for process.
- \*2: When Err 40.0 (Absolute system down error protection) or Err 42.0 (Absolute over-speed error protection) occurs, the alarm cannot be cleared until the absolute encoder is reset.
- \*3: If the alarm cannot be cleared, remove the alarm cause, turn OFF power to reset.
- \*4: If the alarm can be cleared, clear it through the RTEX or USB communication (PANATERM): Be sure to clear the alarm during stop after removing the cause of the error and securing safety.
- \*5: If the servo driver internal control circuit malfunctions due to excessive noise etc., the display will show as follows:
  - HH. Immediately turn OFF power.
- \*6: Emergency stop is triggered if Pr 5.10 Sequence at alarm is set to one of 4 to 7 and corresponding alarm is detected. For details, refer to 6-3-4 Sequence at alarm.

# 7-2 Details of Protective function

Error	No.	Protective function	Causes	Measures		
Main	Sub	Tunction	Voltage between P and N of the converter portion of the control	Measure the voltage between lines of connector and		
11	0	Control power supply	power supply has fallen below the specified value.  1) Power supply voltage is low. Instantaneous power failure has occurred	terminal block (L1C–L2C).  1) Increase the power capacity. Change the power supply.		
		undervoltage protection	Lack of power capacityPower supply voltage has fallen down due to inrush current at the main power-on.	2) Increase the power capacity.		
			3) Failure of servo driver (failure of the circuit)	3) Replace the driver with a new one.		
12	0	Over-voltage protection	Power supply voltage has exceeded the permissible input voltage. = Voltage between P and N of the converter portion of the control power supply has exceeded the specified value. Source voltage is high. Voltage surge due to the phase-advancing capacitor or UPS (Uninterruptible Power Supply) have occurred.  1) Disconnection of the regeneration discharge resistor	Measure the voltage between lines of connector (L1, L2 and L3). Enter correct voltage. Remove a phase advancing capacitor.  1) Measure the resistance of the external resistor connected between terminal P and B of the driver.		
			External regeneration discharge resistor is not appropriate and could not absorb the regeneration energy.	<ul><li>Replace the external resistor if the value is ∞.</li><li>2) Change to the one with specified resistance and wattage.</li></ul>		
			3) Failure of servo driver (failure of the circuit)	3) Replace the driver with a new one.		
	0	Main power supply undervoltage protection (PN)	Instantaneous power failure has occurred between L1 and L3 for longer period than the preset time with Pr 5.09 (Main power off detecting time) while Pr 5.08 (LV trip selection at the main power-off) is set to 1. Or the voltage between P and N of the converter portion of the main power supply has fallen below the specified value during Servo-ON.			
13			Power supply voltage is low. Instantaneous power failure has occurred  2 Instantaneous power failure has occurred.	<ol> <li>Increase the power capacity. Change the power supply. Remove the causes of the shutdown of the magnetic contactor or the main power supply, then re-enter the power.</li> <li>Set up the longer time to Pr 5.09 (Main power off</li> </ol>		
	1	Main power supply undervoltage	Lack of power capacityPower supply voltage has fallen down due to inrush current at the main power-on.	detecting time). Set up each phase of the power correctly.  3) Increase the power capacity. For the capacity, refer to Reference specification SX-DSV02201 "Driver and List		
		protection (AC)	Phase lack3-phase input driver has been operated with single phase input.	of Applicable Peripheral Equipments" of Preparation.  4) Connect each phase of the power supply (L1, L2 and L3) correctly. For single phase, 100 V and 200 V driver, use L1 and L3.		
			5) Failure of servo driver (failure of the circuit)	5) Replace the driver with a new one.		
		Our	<ul> <li>Current through the converter portion has exceeded the specified value.</li> <li>Failure of servo driver (failure of the circuit, IGBT or other components)</li> <li>Short of the motor wire (U, V and W)</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Turn to Servo-ON, while disconnecting the motor. If error occurs immediately, replace with a new driver.</li> <li>Check that the motor wire (U, V and W) is not shorted, and check the branched out wire out of the connector.</li> </ol>		
14	0	Over-current protection	3) Earth fault of the motor wire	Make a correct wiring connection.  3) Measure the insulation resistance between motor wires, U, V and W and earth wire. In case of poor insulation, replace the motor.		
			<ul><li>4) Burnout of the motor</li><li>5) Poor contact of the motor wire.</li></ul>	<ul><li>4) Check the balance of resister between each motor line, and if unbalance is found, replace the motor.</li><li>5) Check the loose connectors. If they are, or pulled out,</li></ul>		
-		IPM error	Welding of relay contact for dynamic braking due to	fix them securely.  6) Replace the servo driver. Do not use servo ON/OFF		
	1	protection (IPM: Intelligent Power Module)	frequent servo ON/OFF operations.  7) The motor is not compatible with the servo driver.	during operation.  7) Check the nameplate on the servo drive for model and capacity. Use the motor as denoted on the nameplate.		
			8) Timing of pulse input is same as or earlier than Servo-ON.	8) Enter the pulses 100 ms or longer after Servo-ON.		

Erroi		Protective function	Causes	Measures
Main 15	Sub 0	Over-heat protection	Temperature of the heat sink or power device has been risen over the specified temperature.  1) Ambient temperature has risen over the specified temperature.  2) Over-load	Improve the ambient temperature and cooling condition.     Increase the capacity of the driver and motor. Set up longer acceleration/deceleration time. Lower the load.
16	0	Over-load protection	overload protection according to the time characteristics (described later).  1) Load was heavy and actual torque has exceeded the rated torque and kept running for a long time.  2) Oscillation and hunching action due to poor adjustment of gain. Motor vibration, abnormal noise. Inertia ratio (Pr 0.04) setup error.  3) Miswiring, disconnection of the motor.  4) Machine has collided or the load has gotten heavy. Machine has been distorted.  5) Electromagnetic brake has been kept engaged.	Check that the torque (current) does not oscillates nor fluctuate up and down very much on the graphic screen of the network. Check the over-load alarm display and load factor with the network.  1) Increase the capacity of the servo driver and motor. Set up longer acceleration/ deceleration time. Lower the load.  2) Make a re-adjustment of gain.  3) Make a wiring as per the wiring diagram. Replace the cables.  4) Remove the cause of distortion. Lower the load.  5) Measure the voltage between brake terminals. Release the brake  6) Make a correct wiring by matching the correct motor and encoder wires.
	1	Torque saturation error protection	Torque saturated has continued for the period set to Pr 7.16 "Torque saturation error protection frequency".	Check the operating state of the amplifier.     Take the same measure as done against Err16.0.
18	0	Over-regeneration load protection	Regenerative energy has exceeded the capacity of regenerative resistor.  1) Due to the regenerative energy during deceleration caused by a large load inertia, converter voltage has risen, and the voltage is risen further due to the lack of capacity of absorbing this energy of the regeneration discharge resistor.  2) Regenerative energy has not been absorbed in the specified time due to a high motor rotational speed.  3) Active limit of the external regenerative resistor has been limited to 10% duty.  Caution: Install an external protection such as thermal firegenerative resistor loses the protection and it may be here.	Check the load factor of the regenerative resistor from the front panel or via communication. Do not use in the continuous regenerative brake application.  1) Check the running pattern (speed monitor). Check the load factor of the regenerative resistor and over-regeneration warning display. Increase the capacity of the driver and the motor, and loosen the deceleration time. Use the external regenerative resistor.  2) Check the running pattern (speed monitor). Check the load factor of the regenerative resistor. Increase the capacity of the driver and the motor, and loosen the deceleration time. Lower the motor rotational speed. Use an external regenerative resistor.  3) Set up Pr 0.16 to 2.
	1	Regenerative transistor error protection	Regenerative driver transistor on the servo driver is defective.	Replace the driver.

Erro	r No.	Protective	Causes	Measures
Main	Sub	function		***************************************
	0	Encoder communication disconnection error protection	Communication between the encoder and the driver has been interrupted in certain times, and disconnection detecting function has been triggered.	diagram. Correct the miswiring of the connector pins.
21	1	Encoder communication error protection	Communication error has occurred in data from the encoder. Mainly data error due to noise. Encoder cables are connected, but communication data has some errors.	<ul> <li>Secure the power supply for the encoder of 5 VDC ±5% (4.75 to 5.25 V)pay an attention especially when the encoder cables are long.</li> <li>Separate the encoder cable and the motor cable if they are bound together.</li> <li>Connect the shield to FG.</li> </ul>
23	0	Encoder communication data error protection	Data communication between the encoder is normal, but contents of data are not correct.  Mainly data error due to noise. Encoder cables are connected, but communication data has some errors.	<ul> <li>Secure the power supply for the encoder of 5 VDC ±5% (4.75 to 5.25 V)pay an attention especially when the encoder cables are long.</li> <li>Separate the encoder cable and the motor cable if they are bound together.</li> <li>Connect the shield to FG.</li> </ul>
	0	Position deviation excess protection	Deviation pulses have exceeded the setup of Pr 0.14.  1) The motor movement has not followed the command.  2) Setup value of Pr 0.14 (Position deviation excess setup) is small.	Check that the motor follows to the position command pulses. Check that the output toque has not saturated in torque monitor. Make a gain adjustment. Set up maximum value to Pr 0.13 and Pr 5.22. Make a encoder wiring as per the wiring diagram. Set up the longer acceleration/deceleration time. Lower the load and speed.  Set up a larger value to Pr 0.14.
24	1	Speed deviation excess protection	The difference between the internal positional command speed and actual speed (speed deviation) exceeds the setup vale of Pr 6.02.  Note: If the internal positional command speed is forcibly set to 0 due to instantaneous stop caused by the CW/CCW over-travel inhibit input, the speed deviation rapidly increases at this moment. Pr 6.02 setup value should have sufficient margin because the speed deviation also largely increases on the rising edge of the internal positional command speed.	<ul> <li>Increase the setup value of Pr 6.02.</li> <li>Lengthen the acceleration/deceleration time of internal positional command speed, or improve the follow-up characteristic by adjusting the gain.</li> <li>Disable the excess speed deviation detection (Pr 6.02 = 0).</li> </ul>
25	0	Hybrid deviation excess error protection	Position of load by the external scale and position of the motor by the encoder slips larger than the setup pulses with Pr 3.28 (Setup of hybrid deviation excess) at fullclosed control.	<ul> <li>Check the connection between the motor and the load.</li> <li>Check the connection between the external scale and the driver.</li> <li>Check that the variation of the motor position (encoder feedback value) and the load position (external scale feedback value) is the same sign when you move the load.</li> <li>Check that the numerator and denominator of the external scale division (Pr 3.24 and 3.25) and reversal of external scale direction (Pr 3.26) are correctly set.</li> </ul>
26	0	Over-speed protection	The motor rotational speed has exceeded the setup value of Pr 5.13.	<ul> <li>Do not give an excessive speed command.</li> <li>Check the command pulse input frequency and division/multiplication ratio.</li> <li>Make a gain adjustment when an overshoot has occurred</li> </ul>
	1	2nd Overspeed protection	The motor rotational speed has exceeded the setup value of Pr 6.15.	due to a poor gain adjustment.  • Make a wiring connection of the encoder as per the wiring diagram.

Erro		Protective	Causes	Measures
Main	Sub	function	Multi-turn clear of absolute encoder is made through USB	Check if multi-turn clear of absolute encoder has been
	1	Absolute clear protection	communication (PANATERM).	made through USB communication.  Note: Checking is for the purpose of safety and not the cause of error.  Multi-turn clearing through RTEX communication does not cause an alarm. However, be sure to reset the control power.
	4	Command error protection	Position command variation (value after electronic gear) exceeds the specified value.	<ul> <li>Check whether the position command was significantly changed due to cyclic position control (CP).</li> <li>Check electronic gear ratio.</li> </ul>
27	5	Command generation error protection	Position command generation process exceeded the computation range.	Make sure that the electronic gear ratio and velocity control conform to limit requirements.
	6	Operation commands contention protection	FFT operated only by the driver: RTEX communication was established during trial run.	FFT: check if RTEX was established during trial run.
	7	Position information initialization error protection	During validation mode of attribute C parameter of reset command of RTEX communication, servo was turned ON.	Check to see that the servo is OFF during validation mode of attribute C parameter of reset command of RTEX communication.
28	0	Pulse regeneration limit protection	The output frequency of pulse regeneration has exceeded the limit.	<ul> <li>Check the setup value of Pr0.11 (Output pulse counts permotor revolution) and Pr5.03 (Denominator of pulse output division).</li> <li>To disable the detection, set Pr5.33 (Pulse regenerative output limit setup) to 0.</li> </ul>
	1	Counter overflow protection 1	After turning on of control power in absolute mode, after execution of attribute C parameter validation mode, after FFT or after trial run: during position information initialization process, absolute encoder (absolute scale) position (pulse unit)/electronic gear ratio exceeded ±2 <sup>31</sup> (2147483648).	Check the operation range at the position of absolute encoder (absolute scale) and electronic gear ratio.
29	2	Counter overflow protection 2	Position deviation in unit of pulse has exceeded $\pm 2^{29}$ (536870912). Or, position deviation in unit of command has exceeded $\pm 2^{30}$ (1073741824).	<ul> <li>Check that the motor runs as per the position command pulses.</li> <li>Check that the output toque has not saturated in torque monitor.</li> <li>Make a gain adjustment.</li> <li>Set up maximum value to torque limit setting.</li> <li>Make a wiring connection of the encoder as per the wiring diagram.</li> </ul>
30	0	Safety input protection [Only special product supports this feature.]	Input photocoupler of both or one of safety input 1 and 2 is OFF.	Check wiring of safety input 1 and 2.
	0	Input duplicated allocation error 1 protection	Input signals (SI1, SI2, SI3, SI4) are assigned with two functions.	Allocate correct function to each connector pin.
	1	Input duplicated allocation error 2 protection	Input signals (SI5, SI6, SI7, SI8) are assigned with two functions.	Allocate correct function to each connector pin.
33	2	Input function number error 1 protection	Input signals (SI1, SI2, SI3, SI4) are assigned with undefined number. Or, logical setup is not correct.	Allocate correct function to each connector pin.
<i>.</i>	3	Input function number error 2 protection	Input signals (SI5, SI6, SI7, SI8) are assigned with undefined number. Or, logical setup is not correct.	Allocate correct function to each connector pin.
	4	Output function number error 1 protection	Output signals (SO1) are assigned with undefined number.	Allocate correct function to each connector pin.
	5	Output function number error 2 protection	Output signals (SO2) are assigned with undefined number.	Allocate correct function to each connector pin.

Erro		Protective	Causes	Measures
Main	Sub	function		
33	8	Latch input allocation error protection	<ul> <li>Error has occurred during function assignment of latch correction pins (SI5, SI6, and SI7).</li> <li>EXT1 must be allocated to SI5. EXT2 to SI6 and EXT3 to SI7: but these are assigned to other pins.</li> <li>HOME is allocated to SI6 or SI7; POT is allocated to SI5 or SI7; NOT is allocated to SI5 or SI6.</li> <li>Function is allocated to b-contact.</li> <li>Function not allocated to one or more control modes.</li> </ul>	Allocate correct function to each connector pin.
34	0	Software limit protection	When a position command within the specified input range is given, the motor operates outside its working range specified in Pr 5.14 (Motor working range setup).  1) Gain is not appropriate.  2) Pr 5.14 setup value is low.	<ol> <li>Check the gain (balance between position loop gain and velocity loop gain) and inertia ratio.</li> <li>Increase the setup value of Pr 5.14. Or, Set Pr 5.14 to 0 to disable the protective function.</li> </ol>
	0	EEDDOM	Data in parameter storage area has been damaged when	Set up all parameters again.
36	1	EEPROM parameter error	reading the data from EEPROM at power-on.	If the error persists, replace the driver (it may be a failure.)  Return the product to the dealer or manufacturer.
	2	protection		
	0		Data for writing confirmation to EEPROM has been	Replace the driver. (it may be a failure). Return the product to
27		EEPROM check	damaged when reading the data from EEPROM at	a dealer or manufacturer.
37	1	code error protection	power-on.	
	0	Over-travel inhibit input protection 1	With Pr 5.04, over-travel inhibit input setup = 0, both positive and negative over-travel inhibit inputs (POT/NOT) have been ON. With Pr 5.04 = 2, positive or negative over-travel inhibit input has turned ON.	Check that there are not any errors in switches, wires or power supply which are connected to positive direction/ negative direction over-travel inhibit input. Check that the rising time of the control power supply (12 to 24 VDC) is not slow.
38	38 Over-trave	Over-travel inhibit input protection 2	RTEX communication is OFF with Pr 5.04 = 0, and POT or NOT is ON, and then operation command (e.g. trial run, FFT) is given through USB communication (PANATERM).  Or, POT or NOT is turned ON while the system is operating according to the command given through USB communication.	Check that there are not any errors in switches, wires or power supply which are connected to positive direction/ negative direction over-travel inhibit input. Check that the rising time of the control power supply (12 to 24 VDC) is not slow.
	2	Over-travel inhibit input protection 3	With POT allocated to SI6 or NOT to SI7, Pr 5.04 over-travel inhibit input setup is set to a value other than 1 (disabled).	When POT is allocated to SI6 or NOT allocated to SI7, make sure that Pr 5.04 over-travel inhibit input setup is set to 1 (disabled).
40	0	Absolute system down error protection	Voltage of the built-in capacitor has fallen below the specified value because the power supply or battery for the absolute encoder has been down.	After connecting the power supply for the battery, clear the absolute encoder.  The alarm cannot be cleared until the absolute encoder is reset.
41	0	Absolute counter over error protection	Multi-turn counter of the 17-bit absolute encoder has exceeded the specified value.	Set Pr 0.15 Absolute encoder setup to the appropriate value.     Limit the travel from the machine origin within 32767 revolutions.
42	0	Absolute overspeed error protection	The motor speed has exceeded the specified value when only the supply from the battery has been supplied to encoder during the power failure.	<ul> <li>Check the supply voltage at the encoder side (5 V ±5%)</li> <li>Check the connecting condition of the connector, CN X6.         The alarm cannot be cleared until the absolute encoder is reset.     </li> </ul>
43	0	Incremental encoder initialization error protection	Incremental encoder initialization error was detected.	Replace the motor.
44	0	Absolute single turn counter error protection / Incremental signal turn counter error protection	Single turn counter error of absolute encoder has been detected.  Single turn counter error of Incremental encoder has been detected.(Z phase sinal)	Replace the motor.
45	0	Absolute multi-turn counter error protection / Incremental multi-turn counter error protection	Multi turn counter error of absolute encoder has been detected.  Multi turn counter error of Incremental encoder has been detected.(CS signal)	Replace the motor.

(To be continued)

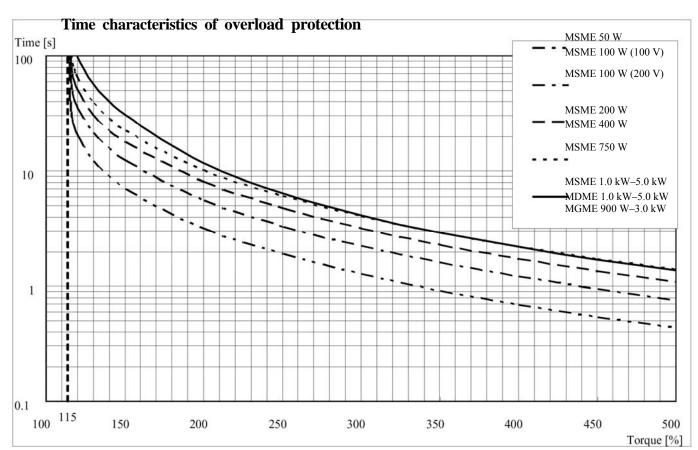
Erro	r No.	Protective		V			
Main	Sub	function	Causes	Measures			
47	0	Absolute status error protection	Encoder has been running at faster speed than the specified value at power on.	Arrange so as the motor does not run at power-on.			
48	0	Encoder Z-phase error protection	Missing pulse of Z-phase of serial incremental encoder has been detected.  The encoder might be a failure.	Replace the motor.			
49	0	Encoder CS signal error protection	CS signal logic error of serial incremental encoder has been detected.  The encoder might be a failure.	Replace the motor.			
	0	External scale wiring error protection	Communication between the external scale and the driver has been interrupted in certain times, and disconnection detecting function has been triggered.	<ul> <li>Make a wiring connection of the external scale as per the wiring diagram.</li> <li>Correct the miswiring of the connector pins.</li> </ul>			
50	1	External communication data error protection	Communication error has occurred in data from the external scale. Mainly data error due to noise. External scale cables are connected, but communication date has some error.	<ul> <li>Secure the power supply for the external scale of 5 VDC ±5% (4.75 to 5.25 V)pay attention especially when the external scale cables are long.</li> <li>Separate the external scale cable and the motor cable if they are bound together.</li> <li>Connect the shield to FGrefer to wiring diagram of external scale in Reference speciation SX-DSV02201.</li> </ul>			
	0	External scale status 0 error protection	Bit 0 of the external scale error code (ALMC) has been turned to 1.  Check the specifications of the external scale.				
	1	External scale status 1 error protection	Bit 1 of the external scale error code (ALMC) has been turned to 1.  Check the specifications of the external scale.				
51	2	External scale status 2 error protection	Bit 2 of the external scale error code (ALMC) has been turned to 1.  Check the specifications of the external scale.	After removing the cause of the error, clear the external scale			
31	3	External scale status 3 error protection	Bit 3 of the external scale error code (ALMC) has been turned to 1.  Check the specifications of the external scale.	error. And then, shut off the power to reset.			
	4	External scale status 4 error protection	Bit 4 of the external scale error code (ALMC) has been turned to 1.  Check the specifications of the external scale.				
	5	External scale status 5 error protection	Bit 5 of the external scale error code (ALMC) has been turned to 1.  Check the specifications of the external scale.				
	0	A-phase wiring error protection	A-phase wiring in the external scale is defective, e.g. discontinued.	Check the A-phase wiring connection of external scale.			
55	1	B-phase wiring error protection	B-phase wiring in the external scale is defective, e.g. discontinued.	Check the B-phase wiring connection of external scale.			
	2	Z-phase wiring error protection	Z-phase wiring in the external scale is defective, e.g. discontinued.	Check the Z-phase wiring connection of external scale.			

(To be continued)

Error Main	No.	Protective function	Causes	Measures
82	0	RTEX node addressing error protection	On power up of the control power, node address setting rotary switch on the servo drive has been set to a value outside the valid value.	<ul> <li>Check the setting of the node address setting switch.</li> <li>Set node address setting switch to a value within the range of 0 and 31 and then turn on control power to the servo driver.</li> </ul>
92	0	RTEX continues communication error protection 1	An error (CRC error) with reading data received by a local node continued for a specified period.	Check the communication cable for excessive noise.  Check the communication cable for length, layout arrangement and connections,  Communication cable must be category 5-e or higher (6 or
83	1	RTEX continues communication error protection 2	An error with the reading data received by a local node continued for a specified period.  Note: This alarm assumes an error if CRC error, receiving failure, or cyclic data error occurs.	<ul> <li>higher grade is recommended) shielded twisted pair cable (STPC) specified by TIA/EIA-568.</li> <li>Replace the cable with the one recommended as above, if not a recommended one.</li> <li>Attach the ferrite core to the cable if effective.</li> </ul>
	0	RTEX communication timeout error protection	No communication data was received and no signal to start receive interrupt handling was received from MNM1221 (RTEX communication control ASIC) for a specified period.	<ul> <li>Check to see that the cable is disconnected or broken.</li> <li>Check that the upstream node is ready for transmission (power is ON, not reset).</li> <li>Make sure that the host device can transmit the signal at the correct timing and speed.</li> <li>The communication cycle set by Pr 7.20 RTEX communication cycle setting must match the transmission cycle of the host device.</li> <li>If one or more requirements are not met, take the corrective action by referring to description of Err 83.0.</li> </ul>
84	3	REX sync & initialization error protection	Error occurred during communication and servo sync and initialization process.	<ul> <li>Turn off the power once, then re-enter.</li> <li>If error repeats, this might be a failure.</li> <li>Stop using the products, and replace the motor and the driver.</li> <li>Return the products to the dealer or manufacturer.</li> </ul>
	5	RTEX communication cycle error protection	Although the NMNI221 (RTEX communication control ASIC) output a receive interrupt handling start signal, communication and servo went out of synchronization due to an output frequency problem with the signal.	<ul> <li>Make sure that the host device can transmit the signal at the correct timing and speed.</li> <li>The communication cycle set by Pr 7.20 RTEX communication cycle setting must match the transmission cycle of the host device.</li> <li>If one or more requirements are not met, take the corrective action by referring to description of Err 83.0.</li> </ul>
	0	RTEX cyclic data error protection 1	A problem with the data (C/R and MAC-ID) in the cyclic command area, or a problem with the Sub_Chk in 32-byte mode continued for a specified period.	Check the data in the cyclic command field (at location as described on the left column).     Check process performed on the host device.
	1	RTEX cyclic data error protection 2	A problem with cyclic command code continued for a specified period.	
86	2	RTEX_ Update_Counter error protection	The setup value for Pr 7.38 "RTEX_Update_Counter error protection setup" has been exceeded and the Update_Counter has not been updated correctly.	<ul> <li>Check for any trouble in the process performed on the host device.</li> <li>Please check whether there is any problem in a periodic setup of the host device, and a periodic setup of the driver.</li> <li>Increase the setup value for Pr 7.38.</li> <li>Please repeal this alarm when the ratio of the communication cycle to the cycle which a command updates is 1:1 and you do not use Update Counter.</li> </ul>
87	0	Forced alarm input protection	Forced alarm input (E-STOP) is applied.	Check the wiring of forced alarm input (E-STOP).
90	2	RTEX multi-axis synchronization establishment error protection	Communication error occurred or communication was lost during transition to synchronization establishment in full synchronization mode.	Take the same measure as done against Err83.0 or Err84.0.

(To be continued)

Erro		Protective	Causes	Measures
Main	Sub	function	Inconsistency in communication frequency,	
91	1	RTEX command error protection	<ul> <li>semi-close/full-close, and combination of 16/32 byte mode and control mode.</li> <li>Control mode was switched at intervals shorter than 2 ms.</li> <li>Control mode was changed during profile position latch positioning/profile home position return (Type_Code = 12h, 13h, 31h, 32h, 33h).</li> <li>Control mode was changed while non-cyclic command (Busy = 1) was processed.</li> <li>Home position return command (4h) was executed during profile position latch positioning/profile home position return (Type_Code = 12h, 13h, 31h, 32h, 33h).</li> <li>Initialization mode (Type_Code = 1 □h, 31h) for home position return command (4h) was performed during profile positioning/profile continuous rotation (Type_Code = 10h, 11h, 20h).</li> <li>Type_Code = 1 □h/2 □h for home position return command (4th) was performed at the time of speed control (CV)/ torque control (CT).</li> <li>the control mode is except NOP, and the external scale position information monitoring facility at the semi-closed control is effective, and the communication cycle is 0.1666ms or less at 16 byte modes.</li> </ul>	Check the process of upper device f56or any problem.
	0	Encoder data recovery error protection	In the absolute mode with semi-closed control, internal position data has not been correctly initialized.	<ul> <li>Regulate the power source of the encoder to 5 VDC ±5% (4.75–5.25 V). Measure the voltage at the encoder cable end if it is long.</li> <li>If the motor cable and encoder cable are bundled together, separated them.</li> <li>Connect the shield to FG.</li> </ul>
92	1	External scale data recovery error protection	In the absolute mode with full-closed control, internal position data has not been correctly initialized.	<ul> <li>Regulate the power source of the external scale to 5 VDC ±5% (4.75–5.25 V)Measure the voltage at the external scale connection cable end if it is long.</li> <li>If the motor cable and external scale connection cable are bundled together, separated them.</li> <li>Connect the shield to FGSee the external scale connection diagram. in Reference specification SX-DSV2201.</li> </ul>
	0	Parameter setup error protection 1	Electronic gear ratio exceeds the allowable range.	<ul> <li>Check the setting value of the parameter.</li> <li>Electronic gear ratio must be in the range 1/1000 to 1000.</li> </ul>
	2	Parameter setup error protection 2	External scale ratio exceeds acceptable range.	Check the parameter setting value.     External scale ratio must be in the range 1/40 to 160.
93	3	External scale connection error protection	The communication type of the connected external scale (serial communication model) does not match the type selected through Pr 3.23 External scale selection.	Set Pr 3.23 to the type of external scale connected.
	5	Parameter setup error protection 4	<ul> <li>The combination conditions of Pr 7.20 RTEX communication cycle setting, Pr 7.21 RTEX command updating cycle setting and bit1 RTEX communication data size of Pr 7.22 RTEX function extended setup 1 are not met.</li> <li>Feed forward settings of Pr7.35–Pr7.37 are duplicated.</li> </ul>	Check settings of the parameters.     For correct setting conditions, refer to the technical document, SX-DSV02203"Section 2-5", RTEX communication.
94	2	Home position return error protection	An error with profile home position return occurred.	Check sensor installation status etc. for any problem.
95	0–4	Motor automatic recognition error protection	The motor and the driver have not been matched.	Replace the motor which matches to the driver.
	1	RTEX hardware error protection 1	Fault is determined in RTEX communication related peripheral device.	<ul> <li>Turn off the power once, then re-enter.</li> <li>If error repeats, this might be a failure.</li> </ul>
98	2	RTEX hardware error protection 2	r. r	Stop using the products, and replace the motor and the driver.
	3	RTEX hardware error protection 3		Return the products to the dealer or manufacturer.
Othe	r No.	Other error	Control circuit has malfunctioned due to excess noise or other causes.  Some error has occurred inside of the driver while triggering self-diagnosis function of the driver.	Turn off the power once, then re-enter. If error repeats, this might be a failure. Stop using the products, and replace the motor and the driver. Return the products to the dealer or manufacturer.



Notes: Use the motor so that actual torque stays in the continuous running range shown in "S-T characteristic" of the

For the S-T characteristics, see [REFERENCE SPECIFICATIONS] motor characteristics (S-T characteristics).

### 7-3 Alarm function

The alarm will be triggered before the protective function is activated, and you can check the conditions such as overload beforehand.

One of the following warning modes can be selected through the setting of Pr 6.27 Warning latch state setting: the warning non-latch mode in which the warning is automatically cleared 1 sec. after the cause of warning is removed, and the warning latch mode in which the warning is kept issued even after the cause of warning is removed. To clear the latched state, use the alarm clearing procedure described in previous alarm section.

Note that the battery warning is latched by the encoder: after unlatching at the encoder, the warning is cleared.

(1) Relevant parameters

	(1)		vant parameters					
Class	No.	At- trib- ute	Title	Range	Unit	Function		
4	40	A	Selection of alarm output 1	0–14	_	Select the type of alarm issued as the alarm output 1 (WARN1).  Setup value 0: ORed output of all alarms.  For 1 and subsequent see the table below.		
4	41	A	Selection of alarm output 2	0–14	_	Select the type of alarm issued as the alarm output 2.(WARN2) Setup value 0: ORed output of all alarms. For 1 and subsequent see the table below.		
6	27	С	Warning latch state setting	0–3		Set the latching state of warning.  General warning and extended warning can be specified.  bit 0: Extended warning 0: unlatch, 1: latch  bit 1: General warning 0: unlatch, 1: latch		
6	38	С	Warning mask setting	-32768 -32767	_	Set the warning detection mask. To disable detection of a warning, place 1 to the corresponding bit.		
7	14	С	Main power OFF warning detection time	0-2000	1 ms	Specifies a time to wait until a main power off warning is detected when main power shut-off continues.  TREX communication status AC_OFF becomes 1 when main power off is detected.  0–9, 2000: Warning detection is disabled.  10–1999: Unit is [ms] • Setting resolution is 2 ms.		
7	26	A	RETEX continuous communication error warning setting	0–32767	No. of times	WngC0H (RTEX accumulated communication error warning) is generated as the number of continuous communication errors reaches the parameter setting.  When the setting is 0, the function is disabled and warning is not generated.		
7	27	A	RETEX accumulated communication error warning setting	0–32767	No. of times	WngC1H (RTEX accumulated communication error warning) is generated as number of accumulated communication errors reaches the parameter		
7	28	A	RTEX_Update_ Counter error warning setting	0–32767	No. of times	If Update_Counter is accumulated exceeding the setting value of this parameter and correct update fails, WngC2h (RTEX_Update_Counter error warning) is issued.  When the setting is 0 or 1, the function is disabled and warning is not generated.		

<sup>\*1)</sup> For parameter attribute, refer to Section 9-1.

# (2) Alarm types

■ General warning

			Warning latch	Output setting	Waning mask
Alarm				Pr 4.40/	Pr 6.38
No.	Alarm	Content	Pr 6.27	Pr 4.41	Corresponding
(Hex.)			*1)	*2)	bit
					*3)
A0	Overload protection	Load factor is 85% or more the protection level.	0	1	bit 7
A1	Over-regeneration	Regenerative load factor is 85% or more the		2	bit 5
AI	alarm	protection level.	0	2	D11 3
A2	Battery alarm	Battery voltage is 3.2 V or lower.	Latch fixed	3	bit 0
A3	Fan alarm	Fan has stopped for 1 sec.	0	4	bit 6
	Encoder	The number of successive encoder			
A4	communication	communication errors exceeds the specified	0	5	bit 4
	alarm	value.			
A5	Encoder overheat	The encoder detects overheat alarm.	0	6	bit 3
AS	alarm*4)		U	0	OIL 3
A6	Oscillation	Oscillation or vibration is detected.	0	7	bit 13
A0	detection alarm		U	/	OIL 13
A7	Lifetime detection	Life expectancy of capacitor or fan becomes	Latch fixed	8	bit 2
A/	alarm	short.	Laten fixed	0	OIL 2
A8	External scale error	The external scale detects the alarm.	0	9	bit 8
Að	alarm		O	9	DIL 8
	External scale	The number of successive external scale			
A9	communication	communication errors exceeds the specified	0	10	bit 14
	alarm	value.			

■ Extended warning

Alarm	Extended warning		Warning latch	Output setting	Waning mask
No. (Hex.)	Alarm	Content	Pr 6.27 *1)	Pr 4.40/ Pr 4.41 *2)	Pr 6.38 Corresponding bit *3)
C0	RETEX continuous communication error warning	The No. of detected continuous reading errors (CRC error) of the data delivered to the local node reaches the number specified by Pr 7.26 RTEX continuous communication error warning setting.	0	11	bit 9
C1	RETEX accumulated communication error warning	The accumulated number of detected reading errors (CRC error) of the data delivered to the local node reaches the number specified by Pr 7.27 RTEX accumulated communication error warning setting.	Latch fixed	12	bit 10
C2	RTEX_Update_Counter error warning	Accumulated amount exceeded the times specified by Pr7.28 (RTEX_Update_Counter error warning setting), so that Update_Counter was not updated.	Latch fixed	13	bit 11
C3	Main power off warning	When setting of Pr7.14 (Main power off warning detection time) is 10-1999, instantaneous power interruption occurs between L1 and L3 and lasts for a time longer than the setting of Pr7.14.	Latch fixed	14	bit 12

- \*1) The mark circle indicates that the warning status can be maintained or cleared by the setting of Pr 6.27 (Warning latch state setting). Battery alarm and lifetime detection alarm will be in the lath mode only.
- \*2) Select the warning output signal 1 (WARN 1) or warning output signal 2 (WARN 2) through Pr 4.40 "Warning output select 1" or Pr 4.41 "Warning output select 2". When the set value is 0, all warnings are ORed before being output. Do not set to any value other than those specified in the table above.
- \*3) A waning detection can be disabled through Pr 6.38 Warning mask setting, by setting the bit shown below to 1. For extended warning, warning detection can be disabled by parameter settings.

  Also note that bit arrangements of these masks are different from those of general purpose type MINAS-A5 series.
- \*4) Effective only with 20-bit incremental encoder.
- \*5) Alarm can be cleared by alarm clear. If alarm cause is not resolved yet, once cleared alarm is issued again.

#### 7-4 Setup of gain pre-adjustment protection

Before starting gain adjustment, set the following parameters based on the conditions of use, to assure safe operation.

### 1) Setup of over-travel inhibit input

By inputting the limit sensor signal to the driver, the bumping against mechanical end can be prevented. Refer to interface specification, positive/negative direction overtravel inhibit input (POT/NOT). Set the following parameters which are related to overtravel inhibit input.

Pr 5.04 Setup of over-travel inhibit input

Pr 5.05 Sequence at over-travel inhibit

#### 2) Setup of torque limit

By limiting motor maximum torque, damage caused by failure or disturbance such as bite of the machine and collision will be minimized. To uniformly limit maximum torque by using the parameter Pr 0.13 1st torque limit, first set Pr 5.21 Selection of torque limit to 0 or 1.

If the torque limit setup is lower than the value required during the actual application, the following two protective features will be triggered: over-speed protection when overshoot occurs, and excess positional deviation protection when response to the command delays.

By allocating the torque in-limit output (TLC) of interface specification to the output signal, torque limit condition can be detected externally.

### 3) Setup of over-speed protection

Generates Err 26.0 Over-speed protection when the motor speed is excessively high.

Default setting is the applicable motor maximum speed  $[r/min] \times 1.2$ .

If your application operates below the motor maximum speed, set Pr 5.13 Setup of over-speed level by using the formula below.

Pr 5.13 Setup of over-speed level =  $V \max \times (1.2 \text{ to } 1.5)$ 

Vmax: motor maximum speed [r/min] in operating condition

Factor in ( ) is margin to prevent frequent activation of over-speed protection.

When running the motor at a low speed during initial adjustment stage, setup the overspeed protection by multiplying the adjusting speed by a certain margin to protect the motor against possible oscillation.

### 4) Setup of the excess positional deviation protection

During the position control or full-closed control, this function detects potential excessive difference between the positional command and motor position and issues Err 24.0 Excess positional deviation protection.

Excess positional deviation level can be set to Pr 0.14 Setup of positional deviation excess. The deviation can be detected through command positional deviation [pulse (command unit)] and encoder positional deviation [pulse (encoder unit)], and one of which can be selected by Pr 5.20 Position setup unit select. (See the control block diagram.)

Because the positional deviation during normal operation depends on the operating speed and gain setting, fill the equation below based on your operating condition and input the resulting value to Pr 0.14.

• When Pr 5.20 = 0 (detection through command positional deviation)

Pr 0.14 (Setup of positional deviation excess) =  $Vc / Kp \times (1.2 \text{ to } 2.0)$ 

Vc: maximum frequency of positional command pulse [pulse (command unit)/s]

Kp: position loop gain [1/s]

Factor in ( ) is margin to prevent frequent activation of excess positional deviation protection

• When Pr 5.20 = 1 (detection through encoder positional deviation, full-closed positional deviation)

Pr 0.14 (Setup of positional deviation excess) =  $Ve / Kp \times (1.2 \text{ to } 2.0)$ 

Ve: maximum operation frequency [pulse/s] in encoder unit or external scale unit

Kp: position loop gain [1/s]

Factor in ( ) is margin to prevent frequent activation of excess positional deviation protection

#### Notes:

- When switching position loop gain Kp, select the smallest value for calculation.
- When switching from the velocity control to position control, position deviation correcting function is used, which will increase calculation value and error. To cope with these problems, increase the margin.
- 5) Setup of motor working range

During the position control or full-closed control, this function detects the motor position which exceeds the revolutions set to Pr 5.14 Motor working range setup, and issues Err 34.0 Software limit protection.

For details, refer to 6-2 Motor working range setup function.

6) Setup of hybrid deviation excess error protection

At the initial operation with full-closed control, operation failure may occur due to reverse connection of external scale or wrong external scale division ratio.

To indicate this type of defect, Err 25.0 Hybrid deviation excess error protection is issued when the deviation of motor position (encoder unit) and load position (external scale unit) exceed Pr 3.28 Setup of hybrid deviation excess.

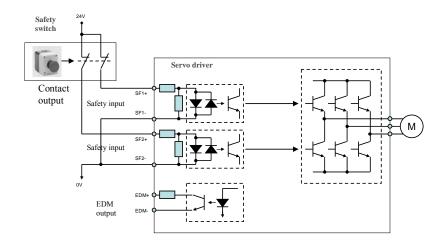
For details, refer to 4-5-3 Setup of hybrid excessive deviation.

### 8. Safety function [Supported only by specific model]

Standard specification parts (having part numbers ended with "A1") can't be used due to no safety function incorporated. This chapter deals with special specification parts (having part numbers ended with 2 numeric characters) with safety functions.

### 8-1 Outline description of safe torque off (STO)

The safe torque off (STO) function is a safety function that shuts the motor current and turns off motor output torque by forcibly turning off the driving signal of the servo driver internal power transistor. For this purpose, the STO uses safety input signal and hardware (circuit).



When STO function operates, the servo driver turns off the servo ready output signal (S-RDY) and enters safety state. This is an alarm condition and the 7-seg LED on the front panel displays the error code number.

• PFH value of the safety function:  $2.30 \times 10^{-8}$ 

### 8-2 Specifications of Input & output signals

### 8-2-1 Safety input/ signal

• Provided with 2 safety input channels to activate the STO function.

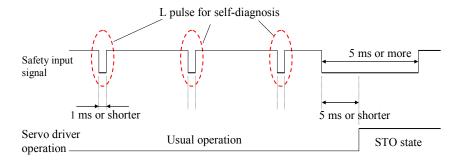
Туре	Signal	Symbol	Pin No	Contents	Control mode  Position Velocity Torque close		
	Safata jamat 1	SF1+	X3-4	the upper arm drive signal of power transistor.			
	Safety input 1	SF1-	X3-3	<ul> <li>When using the function, connect this pin in a way so that the photocoupler of this input circuit turns off to activate STO function.</li> </ul>	O		
Input	Safeta innut 2	SF2+	X3-6	Input 2 that triggers STO function. This input turns off the lower arm drive signal of power transistor.  When we in the first transport this gives the first transport to the first transport transport to the first transport to the first transport tra			
	Safety input 2	SF2-	X3-5	<ul> <li>When using the function, connect this pin in a way so that the photocoupler of this input circuit turns off to activate STO function.</li> </ul>	0		

Safety input 1 or 2 enables STO to operate within 5 ms, causing motor output torque to turn off.

Caution: Safety equipment self-diagnosis L pulse

Safety output signal from the safety controller and safety sensor may include L pulse for self-diagnosis. To prevent the L pulse from mis-triggering STO function, the safety input circuit has built-in filter that removes the self-diagnosis L pulse.

Therefore, if the off period of safety input signal less than 1 ms, the safety input circuit does not detect this "off" event. To validate this "off" period, turn off the input signal for more than 5 ms.



#### 8-2-2 External device monitor (EDM) output signal

• The monitor output signal is used by the external device to monitor the state of the safety input signal. Connect the monitor output to the external device monitor terminal of the safety devices such as safety controller and safety sensor.

			Pin		Control mode				
Type	Signal	Symbol	No.	Contents		Velocity	Torque	Full- close	
								CIUSC	
Out	EDM autuut	EDM+	X3-8	Outputs monitor signal that is used to check the safety function. This output signal is not a safety output.					
put	EDM output	EDM-	X3-7			O			

• The table below shows the logical relationship between safety input signal and EDM output signal. When both safety input 1 and 2 are off, i.e. when STO function of 2 safety input channels are active, the photocoupler in EDM output circuit turns on.

Signal	Symbol	Photocoupler logic					
Gefet inn t	SF1	ON	ON	OFF	OFF		
Safety input	SF2	ON	OFF	ON	OFF		
EDM output	EDM	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON		

By monitoring the logics (all 4 states) of photocoupler shown in the table above, the external device can determine the status (normal or abnormal) of safety input circuit and EDM output circuit. That is, when error occurs, the EDM output circuit does not turn ON the photocoupler even if both safety inputs 1 and 2 are OFF. Or, reversely, the EDM output circuit turns ON the photocoupler if one of or both of safety inputs 1 and 2 are ON.

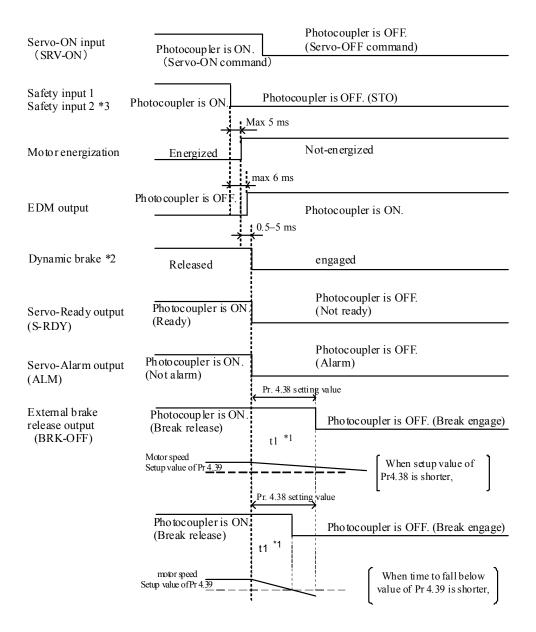
• Maximum delay time from input of safety 1 and 2 signals to output of EDM signal is 6 ms.

### 8-2-3 Internal signal circuit block diagram

See the safety circuit block diagram at the end of This document.

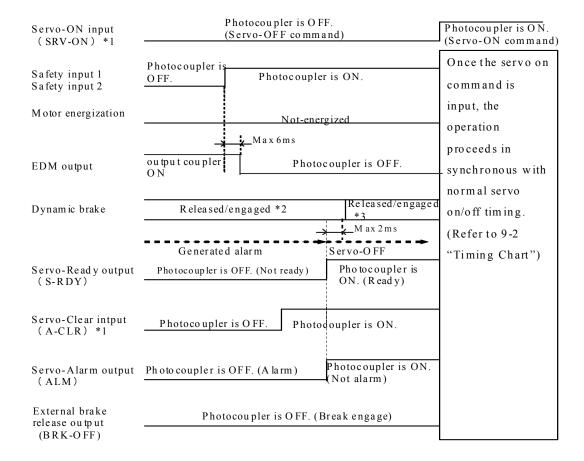
## 8-3 Detailed functional description

### 8-3-1 Operating timing for safety status



- \*1 t1 is the value set to Pr 4.38 Setup of mechanical brake action at running or the time at which the motor revolution speed drops below the time set to Pr 4.39 Brake release speed setup, whichever comes first.
- \*2 Dynamic brake operates to the setting of Pr 5.10 Sequence at alarm.
- \*3 When safety input 1 or 2 turns off, the state changes to STO condition.

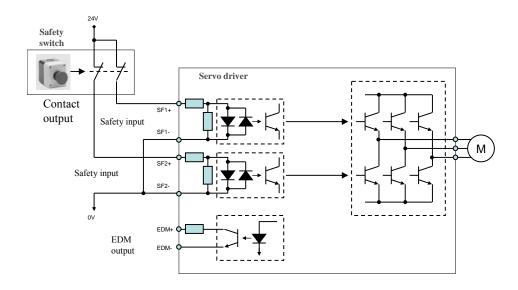
#### 8-3-2 Return timing from safety state



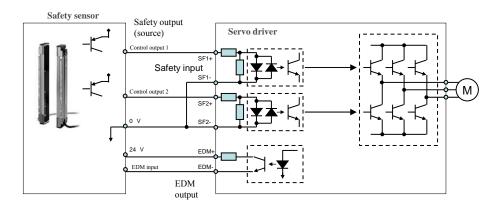
- \*1 Photocouplers for safety input 1 and 2 should be turned on again with servo-on input turned off. Otherwise, alarm occurs, and should be cleared.
  - Alarm clear should be performed after the safety input 1 and 2 have been turned back to on. Otherwise, alarm occurs.
- \*2 This is an alarm condition and the dynamic brake operates according to Pr 5.10 (Sequence at alarm).
- \*3 This is normal servo-off condition and the dynamic brake operates according to Pr 5.06 (Sequence at servo-off).

## 8-4 Example of connection

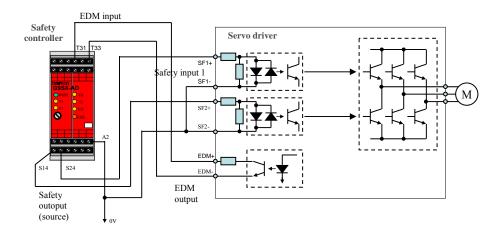
## 8-4-1 Example of connection to safety switch



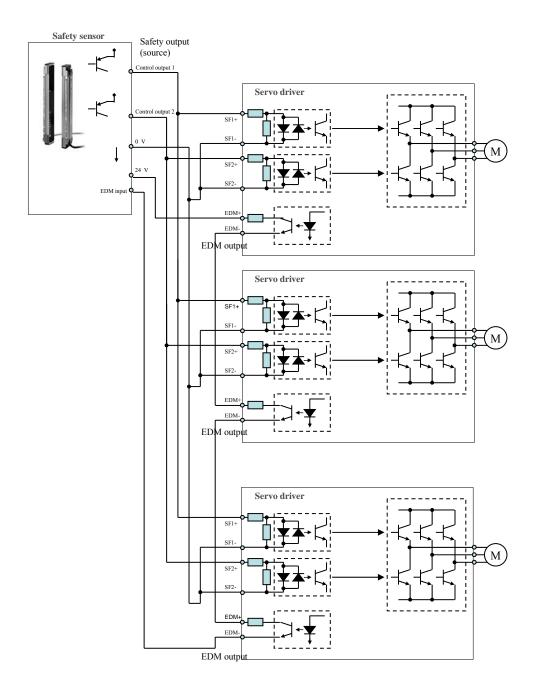
## 8-4-2 Example of connection to safety sensor



## 8-4-3 Example of connection to safety controller



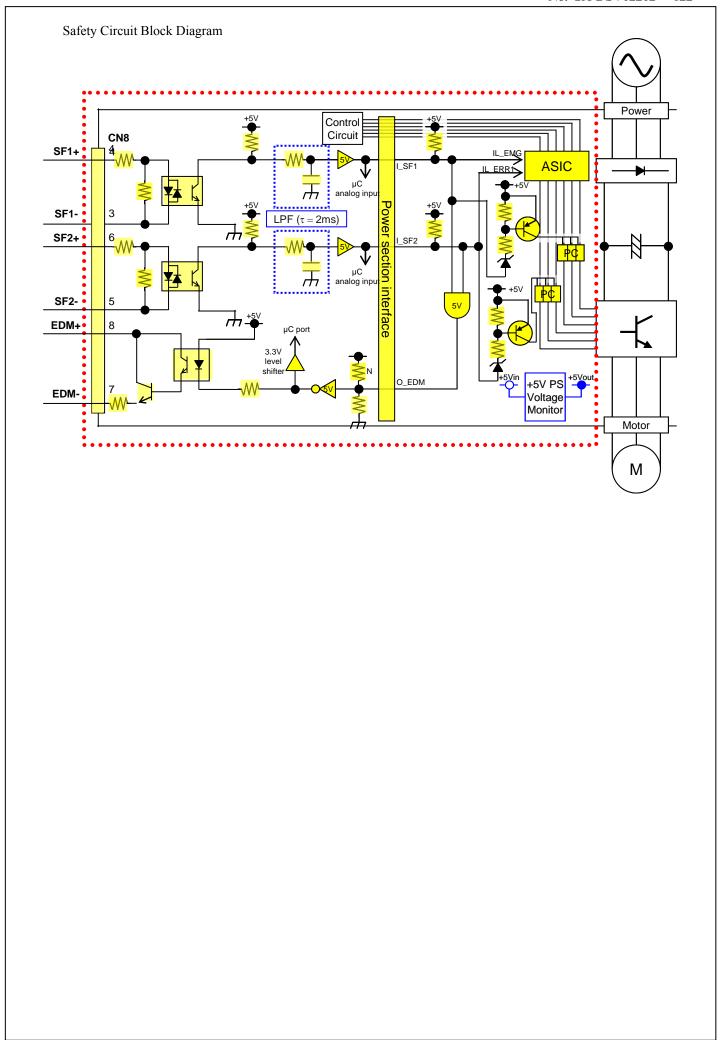
## 8-4-4 Example of connection when using multiple axes



- Capacity requirement per safety output (source) channel: 50 × No. of connected axes (mA)
- 24 VDC supply allowable voltage: 24 V±15%
- Maximum No. of connectable axes: 8

### 8-5 Safety precautions

- When using the STO function, be sure to perform equipment risk assessment to ensure that the system conforms to the safety requirements.
- Even while the STO function is working, the following potential safety hazards exist. Check safety in risk assessment.
  - The motor may move when eternal force (e.g. gravity force on vertical axis) is exerted on it. Provide an external brake, etc., as necessary to secure the motor. Note that the purpose of motor with brake is holding and it cannot be used for braking application.
  - When parameter Pr 5.10 Sequence at alarm is set to free run (disable dynamic brake), the motor is free run state and requires longer stop distance even if no external force is applied. Make sure that this does not cause any problem.
  - When power transistor, etc., becomes defective, the motor will move to the extent equivalent of 180 electrical angle (max.). Make sure that this does not cause any problem.
  - The STO turns off the current to the motor but does not turn off power to the servo driver and does not isolate it. When starting maintenance service on the servo driver, turn off the driver by using a different disconnecting device.
- External device monitor (hereafter EDM) output signal is not a safety signal. Do not use it for an application other than failure monitoring.
- Dynamic brake and external brake release signal output are not related to safety function. When designing the system, make sure that the failure of external brake release during STO condition does not result in danger condition.
- When using STO function, connect equipment conforming to the safety standards.



### 9. Other

### 9-1 List of parameters

The attribute of a parameter indicates the point at which the modified parameter setting becomes effective.

- A : Always effective
- $\,B\,\,$  : Do not change while the motor is operating or command is transferred.
  - Reflection timing of parameter change made during the motor operation or command transfer is not defined.
- C : Becomes valid upon resetting of control power, in software reset mode of RTEX communication reset command, or after execution of attribute C parameter validation mode.
- R : Becomes valid upon resetting of control power or execution of software reset mode of RTEX communication reset command.
  - Does not become valid after execution of attribute C parameter validation mode of RTEX communication reset command.
- RO: Read only cannot be changed through the normal parameter change procedure.

Class 0: Basic setting

Class	No.	Title	Unit	Range	Size [byte]	Function / Contents	Attribute	Related control mode	Reference
0	00	Rotational direction setup	_	0–1	2	Setup the relationship between the direction of command and direction of motor rotation.  0: CW = positive, 1: CCW = positive	С	All	4-1
	01	Control mode setup	_	0–6	2	Select the control mode of the servo driver.  0: semi-closed control (position/velocity/torque control, selectable) 1–5: To be used by the manufacturer but not by the user.  6: Full-close control (only position control)	R	All	
	02	Real-time auto-gain tuning setup	_	0–6	2	You can set up the action mode of the real-time auto-gain tuning.	В	All	5-1-1
	03	Real-time auto-tuning machine stiffness setup	_	0–31	2	Set the machine stiffness after tuning real-time auto-gain.	В	All	5-1-1
	04	Inertia ratio	%	0-10000	2	You can set up the ratio of the load inertia against the rotor (of the motor) inertia.	В	All	_
	08	Number of command pulses per motor revolution	pulse	0-230	4	Specifies the number of command pulses per revolution of motor.	С	All	4-2-2
	09	Numerator of electronic gear	_	0-230	4	Set the numerator of electronic gear ratio.	С	All	4-2-2
	10	Denominator of electronic gear	_	1-230	4	Set the denominator of electronic gear ratio.	С	All	4-2-2
	11	Number of output pulses per motor revolution	pulse /r	1–262144	4	Set A/B phase output counts per motor revolution.	R	All	4-2-5
	12	Reversal of pulse output logic	_	0–3	2	You can set up the B-phase logic and the output source of the pulse output.	R	All	4-2-5
	13	1st torque limit	%	0–500	2	You can set up the 1st limit value of the motor output torque.  The limit of parameter value is determined by the maximum torque of the motor connected.	В	All	6-1 7-4
	14	Position deviation excess setup	Command unit	0-2 <sup>27</sup>	4	Set excess range of positional deviation by the command unit.  Err24.0 (Error detection of position deviation excess) becomes invalid when you set up this to 0.  Use the unit specified by Pr 5.20 Positional unit selection.	A	Position, Full-close	7-4
	15	Absolute encoder setup	_	0–2	2	You can set up the using method of absolute encoder	С	Position, velocity, torque	4-7-1
	16	External regenerative resistor setup	_	0–3	2	Set up items related to regenerative resistor.	С	All	4-6
	17	Selection of load factor for external regenerative resistor	_	0–4	2	Select the computation method of loading factor for external regenerative resistor.	С	All	4-6

Class1: Gain adjustment

Cli	ass1. <b>v</b>	Gain adjustment							
Class	No.	Title	Unit	Range	Size [byte]	Function / Contents	Attribute	Related control mode	Reference
1	00	1st gain of position loop	0.1/s	0-30000	2	Set up the 1st gain of position loop.	В	Position, Full-close	5-2
	01	1st velocity loop gain	0.1 Hz	1–32767	2	Set up 1st velocity proportional gain.	В	All	5-2
	02	1st velocity loop integration time constant	0.1 ms	1-10000	2	Set up 1st velocity integration time constant.  Keep integration if setting value is 9999.  Becomes invalid if setting value is 10000.	В	All	5-2
	03	1st filter of velocity detection	-	0–5	2	Set 1st velocity detection filter to 1 of 6 levels.	В	All	5-2
	04	1st torque filter time constant	0.01 ms	0-2500	2	Set up the time constant of the 1st torque filter.	В	All	5-2
	05	2nd gain of position loop	0.1/s	0-30000	2	Set up the 2nd position loop gain.	В	Position, Full-close	5-2
	06	2nd velocity loop gain	0.1 Hz	1–32767	2	Set up 2nd velocity proportional gain.	В	All	5-2
	07	2nd velocity loop integration time constant	0.1 ms	1–10000	2	Set up 2nd velocity integration time constant.  Keep integration if setting value is 9999.  Becomes invalid if setting value is 10000.	В	All	5-2
	08	2nd filter of velocity detection	-	0–5	2	Set 2nd velocity detection filter to 1 of 6 levels.	В	All	5-2
	09	2nd torque filter time constant	0.01 ms	0-2500	2	Set up the time constant of the 2nd torque filter.	В	All	5-2
	10	Velocity feed forward gain	0.1%	0-1000	2	Set up the velocity feed forward gain.	В	Position, Full-close	5-2-8
	11	Velocity feed forward filter	0.01 ms	0–6400	2	Set up the time constant of velocity feed forward filter.	В	Position, Full-close	5-2-8
	12	Torque feed forward gain	0.1%	0–1000	2	Set up the torque feed forward gain.	В	Position, Velocity Full-close	5-2-8
	13	Torque feed forward filter	0.01 ms	0-6400	2	Set up the torque feed forward filter.	В	Position, Velocity Full-close	5-2-8
	14	2nd gain setup	-	0-1	2	Using the gain select function, set this parameter for the best tuning.	В	All	5-2-5
	15	Mode of position control switching	-	0-10	2	Set up the condition of gain switching for position control.	В	Position, Full-close	5-2-5
	16	Delay time of position control switching	0.1 ms	0-10000	2	Set up the delay time when switching from 2nd to 1st gain.	В	Position, Full-close	5-2-5
	17	Level of position control switching	-	0-20000	2	Set up the gain switching level.	В	Position, Full-close	5-2-5
	18	Hysteresis at position control switching	-	0-20000	2	Set up the hysteresis at gain switching.	В	Position, Full-close	5-2-5
	19	Position gain switching time	0.1 ms	0-10000	2	Set up the position gain switching time upon gain switching.	В	Position, Full-close	5-2-5
	20	Mode of velocity control switching	-	0–5	2	Set the condition of gain switching for velocity control	В	Velocity	5-2-5
	21	Delay time of velocity control switching	0.1 ms	0-10000	2	Set up the delay time when switching from 2nd to 1st gain.	В	Velocity	5-2-5
	22	Level of velocity control switching	-	0-20000	2	Set up the gain switching level.	В	Velocity	5-2-5
	23	Hysteresis at velocity control switching	-	0-20000	2	Set up the hysteresis at gain switching.	В	Velocity	5-2-5
	24	Mode of torque control switching	-	0–3	2	Set the condition of gain switching for torque control	В	Torque	5-2-5
	25	Delay time of torque control switching	0.1 ms	0-10000	2	Set up the delay time when switching from 2nd to 1st gain.	В	Torque	5-2-5
	26	Level of torque control switching	-	0-20000	2	Set up the gain switching level.	В	Torque	5-2-5
	27	Hysteresis at torque control switching	-	0-20000	2	Set up the hysteresis at gain switching.	В	Torque	5-2-5

Class 2: Damping control

ass	No.	Title	Unit	Range	Size [byte]	Function / Contents	Attribute	Related control mode	Reference
2	00	Adaptive filter mode setup	-	0–4	2	Set up the operation of adaptive filter.	В	Position, Velocity Full-close	5-1-2
	01	1st notch frequency	Hz	50-5000	2	Set up the notch frequency of 1st resonance suppression notch filter. Set the notch frequency to the resonance frequency of the machine.	В	All	5-2-6
	02	1st notch width selection	-	0–20	2	Set up the notch width of 1st resonance suppression notch filter.	В	All	5-2-6
	03	1st notch depth selection	-	0–99	2	Set up the notch depth of 1st resonance suppression notch filter.	В	All	5-2-6
	04	2nd notch frequency	Hz	50-5000	2	Set up the notch frequency of 2nd resonance suppression notch filter. Set the notch frequency to the resonance frequency of the machine.	В	All	5-2-6
	05	2nd notch width selection	-	0-20	2	Set up the notch width of 2nd resonance suppression notch filter.	В	All	5-2-6
	06	2nd notch depth selection	-	0–99	2	Set up the notch depth of 2nd resonance suppression notch filter.	В	All	5-2-6
	07	3rd notch frequency	Hz	50–5000	2	Set up the notch frequency of 3rd resonance suppression notch filter. Set the notch frequency to the resonance frequency of the machine. Automatically set when the adaptive notch is enabled.	В	All	5-2-6 5-1-2
	08	3rd notch width selection	-	0–20	2	Set up the notch width of 3rd resonance suppression notch filter.  Automatically set when the adaptive notch is enabled.	В	All	5-2-6 5-1-2
	09	3rd notch depth selection	-	0–99	2	Set up the notch depth of 3rd resonance suppression notch filter.  Automatically set when the adaptive notch is enabled.	В	All	5-2-6 5-1-2
	10	4th notch frequency	Hz	50–5000	2	Set up the notch frequency of 4th resonance suppression notch filter. Set the notch frequency to the resonance frequency of the machine. Automatically set when the adaptive notch is enabled.	В	All	5-2-6 5-1-2
	11	4th notch width selection	-	0–20	2	Set up the notch width of 4th resonance suppression notch filter.  Automatically set when the adaptive notch is enabled.	В	All	5-2-6 5-1-2
	12	4th notch depth selection	-	0–99	2	Set up the notch depth of 4th resonance suppression notch filter.  Automatically set when the adaptive notch is enabled.	В	All	5-2-6 5-1-2
	13	Selection of damping filter switching	-	0–3	2	Select the filters to be used for damping control.	В	Position, Full-closed	5-2-7
	14	1st damping frequency	0.1 Hz	0–2000	2	You can set up the 1st damping frequency of the damping control which suppresses vibration at the load edge.  Setting value of 10 (= 1 Hz) or higher is valid.	В	Position, Full-closed	5-2-7
	15	1st damping filter setup	0.1 Hz	0-1000	2	Fine tune the 1st filter damping control.  Decrease the setting value to avoid torque saturation or increase the value to improve the response.	В	Position, Full-closed	5-2-7
	16	2nd damping frequency	0.1 Hz	0–2000	2	You can set up the 2nd damping frequency of the damping control which suppresses vibration at the load edge. Setting value of 10 (= 1 Hz) or higher is valid.	В	Position, Full-closed	5-2-7
	17	2nd damping filter setup	0.1 Hz	0-1000	2	Fine tune the 2nd filter damping control.  Decrease the setting value to avoid torque saturation or increase the value to improve the response.	В	Position, Full-closed	5-2-7
	18	3rd damping frequency	0.1 Hz	0–2000	2	You can set up the 3rd damping frequency of the damping control which suppresses vibration at the load edge. Setting value of 10 (= 1 Hz) or higher is valid.	В	Position, Full-closed	5-2-7
	19	3rd damping filter setup	0.1 Hz	0-1000	2	Fine tune the 3rd filter damping control.  Decrease the setting value to avoid torque saturation or increase the value to improve the response.	В	Position, Full-closed	5-2-7
	20	4th damping frequency	0.1 Hz	0–2000	2	You can set up the 4th damping frequency of the damping control which suppresses vibration at the load edge. Setting value of 10 (= 1 Hz) or higher is valid.	В	Position, Full-closed	5-2-7
	21	4th damping filter setup	0.1 Hz	0-1000	2	Fine tune the 4th filter damping control.  Decrease the setting value to avoid torque saturation or increase the value to improve the response.	В	Position, Full-closed	5-2-7
	22	Positional command smoothing filter	0.1 ms	0-10000	2	Set up the time constant of the 1st delay filter in response to the positional instuction.	В	Position, Full-closed	4-2-3
	23	Positional command FIR filter	0.1 ms	0-10000	2	Set up the time constant of the 1st delay filter in response to the positional command.	В	Position, Full-closed	4-2-3

Class 3: Velocity/ Torque/ Full-closed control

Class	No.	Title	Unit	Range	Size [byte]	Function / Contents	Attribute	Related control mode	Reference
3	04	For manufacturer's use	-	-	2	Permanently set at 0.	-	-	-
	05	For manufacturer's use	-	-	2	Permanently set at 0.	-	-	-
	12	Acceleration time setup	ms/ (1000 r/min)	0- 10000	2	Set up acceleration processing time in response to the velocity instruction input.	В	Velocity	4-3-3
	13	Deceleration time setup	ms/ (1000 r/min)	0- 10000	2	Set up deceleration processing time in response to the velocity instruction input.	В	Velocity	4-3-3
	14	Sigmoid acceleration/ deceleration time setup	ms	0-1000	2	Set S-curve time for acceleration/deceleration process when the velocity instruction is applied.	В	Velocity	4-3-3
	17	Selection of speed limit	-	0-1	2	Set up the speed limit	В	Torque	4-4-1
	21	Speed limit value 1	r/min	0- 20000	2	Set up the speed limit The internal value is limited by the smallest setting speed of Pr 5.13 "Over-speed level setup", Pr 6.15 "2nd over-speed level setup" and motor maximum speed × 1.2.	В	Torque	4-4-1
	22	Speed limit value 2	r/min	0- 20000	2	Set the speed limit value when Pr 3.17 Selection of speed limit = 1 and SL_SW is 1. The internal value is limited by the smallest setting speed of Pr 5.13 "Over-speed level setup", Pr 6.15 "2nd over-speed level setup" and motor maximum speed × 1.2.	В	Torque	4-4-1
	23	External scale selection	-	0–2	2	Select the type of external scale.  0: A,B phase output type 1: Serial communication type (incremental version) 2: Serial communication type (absolute version)	R	Full-closed	4-5-1
	24	Numerator of external scale division	-	0-220	4	Set up the numerator of the external scale dividing setup.	R	Full-closed	4-5-2
	25	Denominator of external scale division	-	1-220	4	Set up the denominator of the external scale dividing setup.	R	Full-closed	4-5-2
	26	Reversal of direction of external scale	-	0-1	2	Set the polarity of external scale feedback pulse.	R	Full-closed	4-5-1
	27	External scale Z phase disconnection detection disable	-	0-1	2	Enable/disable Z phase open circuit detection when using external scale of AB phase output type.  0: Enable, 1: Disable	R	Full-closed	-
	28	Hybrid deviation excess setup	Instruction unit	1-227	4	Set up the threshold of Err.25.0 Hybrid deviation excess error protection.	С	Full-closed	4-5-3 7-4
	29	Hybrid deviation clear setup	Revolution	0-100	2	Clear hybrid deviation of each revolution setting to zero.	C	Full-closed	4-5-3

Class 4: I/O monitor setting

Class	No.	Title	Unit	Range	Size [byte]	Function / Contents	Attribute	Related control mode	Reference
4	00	SI1 input selection	-	0-00FFFFFFh	4	Set up function and logic of SI1.	С	All	2-4-1
	01	SI2 input selection	-	0-00FFFFFFh	4	Set up function and logic of SI2.	C	All	2-4-1
	02	SI3 input selection	-	0-00FFFFFFh	4	Set up function and logic of SI3.	С	All	2-4-1
	03	SI4 input selection	-	0-00FFFFFFh	4	Set up function and logic of SI4.	С	All	2-4-1
	04	SI5 input selection	-	0-00FFFFFFh	4	Set up function and logic of SI5.	С	All	2-4-1
	05	SI6 input selection	_	0-00FFFFFFh	4	Set up function and logic of SI6.	C	All	2-4-1
	06	SI7 input selection	_	0-00FFFFFh	4	Set up function and logic of SI7.	C	All	2-4-1
	07	SI8 input selection	_	0-00FFFFFFh	4	Set up function and logic of SI8.	C	All	2-4-1
	10	SO1 output selection	_		4	Set up SO1 function allocation.	C	All	2-4-1
				0-00FFFFFFh			C		
	11	SO2 output selection	-	0-00FFFFFFh	4	Set up SO2 function allocation.		All	2-4-1
	12	SO3 output selection	-	0-00FFFFFh	4	Set up SO3 function allocation.  Select the type of monitor for analog	C	All	2-4-1
	16	Type of analog monitor 1	-	0–24	2	monitor 1.	A	All	3-4
	17	Analog monitor 1 output gain	-	0-214748364	4	Set up the output gain of analog monitor 1.	A	All	3-4
	18	Type of analog monitor 2	-	0–24	2	Select the type of monitor for analog monitor 2.	A	All	3-4
	19	Analog monitor 2 output gain	-	0-214748364	4	Set up the output gain of analog monitor 2.	A	All	3-4
	21	Analog monitor output setup	-	0–2	2	Select output voltage format of the analog monitor.	A	All	3-4
	22	For manufacturer's use	-	-	2	Permanently set at 0.	-	-	-
	23	For manufacturer's use	-	-	2	Permanently set at 0.	-	-	-
	24	For manufacturer's use	-	-	2	Permanently set at 0.	_	_	_
	31	Positioning complete (In-position) range	Instruc- tion unit	0–262144	4	Set up allowable No. of pulses for positioning complete signal (INP). Use the unit specified by Pr 5.20 Position setup unit select.	A	Position, Full-closed	4-2-4
	32	Positioning complete (In-position) output setup	-	0–4	2	Set up the condition for positioning complete output.	A	Position, Full-closed	4-2-4
	33	INP hold time	ms	0-30000	2	Set up the hold time	A	Position, Full-closed	4-2-4
	34	Zero-speed	r/min	10–20000	2	Set up threshold for zero speed (ZSP) detection.	A	All	2-4-2
	35	Speed coincidence range	r/min	10–20000	2	Set up threshold for detection of speed coincident (V-COIN), by detecting the difference between the speed command and actual speed.	A	Velocity, Torque	4-3-2
	36	At-speed (Speed arrival)	r/min	10–20000	2	Set the detection timing of the speed arrival output (AT-SPEED).	A	Velocity, Torque	4-3-1
	37	Mechanical brake action at stalling setup	ms	0-10000	2	Set up mechanical brake operating time at stalling. Set resolution in unit of 2 ms. For example, when setting value = 11, processed in 12 ms.	В	All	9-2-2
	38	Mechanical brake action at running setup	ms	0-10000	2	Set up mechanical brake operating time at running. Set resolution in unit of 2 ms. For example, when setting value = 11, processed in 12 ms.	В	All	9-2-2
	39	Brake release speed setup	r/min	30–3000	2	Set up the speed timing of brake output checking during operation.	В	All	9-2-2
	40	Selection of alarm output 1	-	0–14	2	Select the type of alarm issued as the alarm output 1.	A	All	7-3
	41	Selection of alarm output 2	-	0–14	2	Select the type of alarm issued as the alarm output 2.	A	All	7-3
	42	Positioning complete (In-position) range 2	Instruc- tion unit	0–262144	4	Set up acceptable No. of pulses for positioning complete signal 2 (INP2). Use the unit specified by Pr 5.20 Position setup unit select.	A	Position Full-closed	4-2-4

		setting

Class	No.	Title	Unit	Range	Size [byte]	Function / Contents	Attribute	Related control mode	Reference
5	03	Denominator of pulse output division	_	0– 262144	4	Use this setting when specifying No. of output pulses/motor revolution by the ratio of numerator and denominator of division.	R	All	4-2-5
	04	Over-travel inhibit input setup		0–2	2	Set up the operation of the inhibit positive/ negative direction travel inputs.	C	All	6-3-1 7-4
	05	Sequence at over-travel inhibit	_	0–2	2	Set up the sequence when over-travel inhibit is input.	C	All	6-3-1 7-4
	06	Sequence at Servo-Off		0–9	2	Set up the sequence while servo is OFF.	В	All	6-3-2
	07	Sequence upon main power off	_	0–9	2	Set up the sequence while main AC power is OFF.	В	All	6-3-3
	08	L/V trip selection upon main power off	-	0–3	2	Select LV trip or servo OFF upon occurrence of main AC power alarm.  Setup the condition to detect main AC power OFF alarm when the main AC power is kept interrupted for a time longer than the time set by Pr7.14.  bit 0 0: Select servo OFF according to the setting of Pr 5.07 and then return to servo ON by turning ON main AC power.  1: Trip with Err 13.1 Main power undervoltage protection.  bit 1 0: Detect main AC power OFF alarm only when servo is in ON state.  1: Always detect main AC power OFF alarm.	В	All	_
	09	Detection time of main power off	1 ms	70– 2000	2	Set up main AC power alarm detection time.  Main AC power OFF detection is disabled when the setting value is 2000.  Resolution of setting is 2 ms. For example, when setting value is 99, processed in 100 ms.	С	All	_
	10	Sequence at alarm	_	0–7	2	Set up the sequence used upon occurrence of an alarm.	В	All	6-3-4
	11	Torque setup for emergency stop	%	0–500	2	Set up the torque limit at emergency stop. When setup value is 0, the torque limit for normal operation is applied.	В	All	6-3-1 6-3-2 6-3-3 6-3-5
	12	Over-load level setup	%	0-500	2	You can set up the over-load level. It becomes 115% by setting up this to 0.  The setup value of this parameter is limited by 115% of the motor rating.	A	All	_
	13	Over-speed level setup	r/min	0- 20000	2	Set up the detection level of Err.26.0 Over-speed protection. When the setting value is 0, the over-speed is detected when the speed is 1.2 times the motor max. speed.  The internal value is limited to the motor max. speed × 1.2.	A	All	6-3-5 7-4
	14	Motor working range setup	0.1 rot	0-1000	2	Set up motor over-travel limit to the position command.	A	Position, Full-closed	6-2 7-4
	15	Control input signal reading setup	_	0–3	2	Select reading period of the control input signal: 0: 0.166 ms, 1: 0.333 ms, 2: 1 ms and 3: 1.666 ms Exception: external latch input 1/2/3 (EXT1/2/3)	С	All	_
	20	Position setup unit select	_	0-1	2	Specify the unit to determine the range of positioning complete and excessive positional deviation.  0: Command unit, 1: Encoder unit (external scale unit)  Note: Positioning complete detection threshold of RTEX communication status is always in terms of command unit regardless of the setting of this parameter.	С	Position, Full-closed	7-4
	21	Selection of torque limit		1–4	2	Select positive direction or negative direction torque limit.	В	Position, Velocity, Full-closed	6-1
	22	2nd torque limit	%	0-500	2	You can set up the 2nd limit value of the motor output torque.  The value of parameter is limited to the maximum torque of the applicable motor.	В	Position, Velocity, Full-closed	6-1
	25	Positive direction torque limit	%	0–500	2	With Pr 5.21 Selection torque limit set to 4, set the positive direction torque limit when TL_SW is at 1. Note that the parameter value is limited to the maximum torque of the motor connected.	В	Position, Velocity, Full-closed	6-1
	26	Negative direction torque limit	%	0–500	2	With Pr 5.21 Selection torque limit set to 4, set the negative direction torque limit when TL_SW is at 1. Note that the parameter value is limited to the maximum torque of the motor connected.	В	Position, Velocity, Full-closed	6-1
	29	For manufacturer's use		_	2	Permanently set at 2.	_	_	_

Class	No.	Title	Unit	Range	Size [byte]	Function / Contents	Attribute	Related control mode	Reference
5	31	USB axis address	I	0-127	2	Set up the axis number for USB communication.	C	All	_
	33	Pulse regenerative output limit setup	_	0–1	2	Enable/disable detection of Err 28.0 (Pulse regenerative limit protection).  0: Invalid 1: Valid	С	All	4-2-5
	34	For manufacturer's use	1	_	2	Fixed to 4.	-	İ	_

Class	No.	Title	Unit	Range	Size [byte]	Function / Contents	Attribute	Related control mode	Reference
6	02	Speed deviation excess setup	r/min	0-20000	2	Set threshold of Err 24.1 Speed over deviation protection.  This protection is not detected when the setup value is 0.	A	Position	_
	05	Position 3rd gain valid time	0.1 ms	0-10000	2	Set up 3rd gain valid time of 3 gain level adjustment.	В	Position, Full-closed	5-2-11
	06	Position 3rd gain scale factor	%	50-1000	2	Set up the 3rd gain by a multiplying factor of the 1st gain	В	Position, Full-closed	5-2-11
	07	Torque command additional value	%	-100–100	2	Set up the offset torque to be added to the torque command.	В	Position, Velocity, Full-closed	5-1-1
	08	Positive direction torque compensation value	%	-100–100	2	Set up the value to be added to the torque command for positive direction operation.	В	Position, Full-closed	5-1-1
	09	Negative direction torque compensation value	%	-100–100	2	Set up the value to be added to the torque command for negative direction operation.	В	Position, Full-closed	5-1-1
	10	Function expansion setup	-	0- 1023	2	Set up the function in unit of bit. bit0 Velocity observer 0:Invalid 1:Valid bit1 Disturbance observer 0:Invalid 1:Valid bit2 Disturbance observer operation setup 0: Always valid 1:Valid only when 1st gain is selected. bit3 For manufacturer's use. Always se to 0. bit4 Current response improvement 0:Invalid 1: Valid bit5 For manufacturer's use. Always se to 0. bit6-8:unused. Always set to 0. bit9: For manufacturer's use. Always set to 0. • bit 0 = LSB	В	All	5-2-9 5-2-10
	11	Current response setup	%	50-100	2	Fine tune the current response with respect to default setup (100%).	В	All	-
	14	Emergency stop time at alarm	ms	0-1000	2	Set up the time allowed to complete emergency stop in an alarm condition.  Set resolution in unit of 2 ms. For example, when setting value = 11, processed in 12 ms.	В	All	6-3-5
	15	2nd over-speed level setup	r/min	0–20000	2	When the motor speed exceeds this setup time during emergency stop sequence in an alarm condition, Err26.1 2nd overspeed protection will be activated.	A	All	6-3-5
	18	Power-up wait time	0.1 s	0–100	2	Set up the standard initialization time approx. $1.5 \text{ s} + \alpha(\text{setting value} \times 0.1 \text{s})$ after power-up. For example, in the case of the preset value 10, it is set to $1.5 \text{ s} + (10 \times 0.1 \text{ s}) = \text{approx}$ . 2.5s.	R	All	9-2-1
•	19	For manufacturer's use	-	-	2	Fixed to 0.	_	-	-
	20	For manufacturer's use	-	-	2	Fixed to 0.	_	-	-
	21	For manufacturer's use	=	-	4	Fixed to 0.	_	-	=
	22	AB phase external scale pulse outputting method selection	-	0-1	2	Select regeneration method of OA and OB pulse output when using AB phase output type external scale.  0: Signal is not regenerated 1: Signal is regenerated  • When signal regeneration is selected, the driver reproduces duty of OA and OB, minimizing waveform distortion.	R	Full-closed	4-2-5

Class	No.	Title	Unit	Range	Size [byte]	Function / Contents	Attribute	Related control mode	Reference
6	23	Disturbance torque compensating gain	%	-100-100	2	Set up the compensation gain against disturbance torque.	В	Position, Velocity	5-2-10
	24	Disturbance observer filter	0.01 ms	10–2500	2	Set up the filter time constant according to the disturbance torque compensation.	В	Position, Velocity	5-2-10
	27	Warning latch state setup	-	0–3	2	Determine whether to latch warning state. General warning and Extended warning can be specified. bit 0 Extended warning 0: unlatched 1: latched bit 1 General warning 0: unlatched 1: latched	С	All	7-3
	31	Real time auto tuning estimation speed	=	0–3	2	Set up the load characteristics estimation speed with the real time auto tuning being valid.	В	All	5-1-1
	32	Real time auto tuning custom setup	-	-32768–32767	2	Set up details of real time auto tuning customize mode.	В	All	5-1-1
	34	Hybrid vibration suppression gain	0.1/s	0-30000	2	Set up the hybrid vibration suppression gain for full-closed controlling.	В	Full-closed	5-2-13
	35	Hybrid vibration suppression filter	0.01 ms	0-6400	2	Set up the time constant of the hybrid vibration suppression filter for full-closed controlling.	В	Full-closed	5-2-13
	37	Oscillation detecting level	0.1%	0-1000	2	Set up the oscillation detecting level. Upon detection of a torque vibration whose level is higher than this setup value, the oscillation detection alarm will be issued.	В	All	7-3
	38	Alarm mask setup	-	-32768–32767	2	Set up the alarm detection mask. Placing 1 to the corresponding bit position disables detection of the alarm condition.	С	All	7-3
	39	For manufacturer's use	1	-	2	Fixed to 0.	-	-	-
	40	For manufacturer's use	1	-	2	Fixed to 0.	-	-	-
	41	1st damping depth	-	0-1000	2	Specifies the damping depth of the 1st damping function.	В	Position, Full-closed	5-2-7
	42	2-stage torque filter time constant	0.01 ms	0-2500	2	Specifies the filter time constant for the torque command. The filter is disabled if the setting value is 0.  This setting remains valid irrespective of gain selection state.	В	All	5-2-14
	43	2-stage torque filter attenuation term	-	0-1000	2	Specifies the attenuation term of the 2-stage torque filter.	В	All	5-2-14

Class	No.	7: Special setting 2	Unit	Range	Size	Function / Contents	Attribute	Related control	Reference
					[byte]	Select type of data displayed on front panel		mode	
7	00	Display on LED  Display time setup upon power-up	100 ms	0–32767 -1–1000	2	7-seg LED.  Sets node address display time upon turning ON of control power.  When the setting value is 0 to 6, it is processed in 600ms.  When the setting value is -1, a node address is shown from control power-on until the RTEX communication is established (communication and servo synchronization).	A R	All	3-2
	03	Output setup during torque limit	_	0–1	2	Set up judgment condition of output while torque is limited by torque control. 0: Turn ON at torque limit including torque command value 1: Turn ON at torque limit excluding torque command value	A	Torque	_
	04	For manufacturer's use	_	_	2	To be fixed to 0.	_	_	_
	05	For manufacturer's use	_	_	2	To be fixed to 0.	_	_	_
	06	For manufacturer's use	_	_	2	To be fixed to 0.	_	_	_
	07	For manufacturer's use	_	_	2	To be fixed to 0.	_	_	_
	08	For manufacturer's use	_	_	2	To be fixed to 0.	_	_	_
	09	For manufacturer's use	_	_	2	To be fixed to 360.	_	_	_
	10	Profile Software limit function		0–3	2	Specifies whether to enable/disable soft limit function during profile position control (PP). When selecting enable, set the software limit value through Pr 7.11 Profile positive side software limit and Pr 7.12 Profile negative side software limit.  0: Positive and negative limits valid 1: Positive limit invalid; Negative limit valid 2: Positive limit valid; Negative limit invalid 3: Positive and negative limits invalid Note: Limit signals made invalid in this setting (PSL/NSL): RTEX communication status is 0 and 0 when return to home position is not completed.	A	Position (PP) Full-closed	RTEX
	11	Profile Positive side software limit value	Command unit	-1073741823 -1073741823	4	[Under review] Set up software limit on positive and negative direction. When the limit is exceeded, RTEX communication status PSL/NSL will be	A	Position (PP) Full-closed	RTEX
	12	Profile Negative side software limit value	Command unit	-1073741823 -1073741823	4	turned ON (=1). Note: Positive side software limit value must be larger than negative side software limit value.	A	Position (PP) Full-closed	RTEX
	13	Absolute home position offset	Command unit	-1073741823 -1073741823	4	Set up the offset value on encoder position (external scale position) when using absolute encoder (absolute external scale) and mechanical coordinate system position.	С	All	RTEX
	14	Main power off warning detection time	1 ms	0–2000	2	Specifies a time to wait until a main power off warning is detected when main power shut-off continues.  RTEX communication status AC_OFF becomes 1 when main power off is detected. 0-9, 2000: Warning detection is disabled. 10-1999: Unit is [1 ms]  * Setting resolution is 2 ms.  Note: Set this parameter so that Pr.7.14 becomes smaller than Pr.5.09 in order for the warning detection is performed before shut-down detection. If the voltage between P and N of the main power convertor is decreased to below a specified value before the warning is detected because the setting value is long, the main power low voltage error (Err13.0) occurs before the warning.	С	All	RTEX

Class	No.	Title	Unit	Range	Size [byte]	Function / Contents	Attribute	Related control mode	Reference
7	15	Profile Positioning adjacent range	Command unit	0-1073741823	4	The NEAR of the RTEX communication status becomes 1 when the difference between the internal target position and command position is smaller than a specified value during profile position control (PP).	A	Position, Full-closed (PP)	RTEX
	16	Torque saturation error protection frequency	time	0–30000	2	If torque saturated is continued during a preset frequency, Err 16.1 "Torque saturation protection" will be activated. If the setup value is 0, this function is disabled and an alarm will not be activated.	В	Position, Velocity Full-closed	6-4
	20	RTEX communication cycle setup	_	0–12	2	Set up the RTEX communication cycle. 0: 0.0833[ms] 1: 0.1666 [ms] 3: 0.5 [ms] 6: 1.0 [ms] Other settings are used by the manufacturer so that the user is not allowed to set this parameter. • Set up the RTEX communication cycle properly according to the specifications of the host device. If the parameter is not proper, the operation is not be guaranteed.	R	All	2-5 RTEX
	21	RTEX command updating cycle ratio setting	_	1–2	2	Setup the ratio of RTEX communication cycle and command update cycle.  1: 1 [time] 2: 2 [times] (can be set only when communication cycle = 0.0833 [ms] and 0.5 [ms])  'Set up the RTEX communication cycle properly according to the specifications of the host device. If the parameter is not proper, the operation is not be guaranteed.	R	All	2-5 RTEX
	22	RTEX function extended setup 1		-32768 -32767	2	bit 0: Set up RTEX communication data size 0: 16-byte mode, 1: 32-byte mode bit 1: Specifies synchronization mode among multiple axes using TMG_CNT. 0: Semi-synchronization among axes, 1: Full synchronization among axes, 1: Full synchronization among axes, 2: For manufacturer's use. Always set to 0. bit 2: For manufacturer's use. Always set to 0. bit3: unused. Always set to 0. bit4: A setup of the external scale position information monitoring facility at the semi-closed control 0: Invalid 1: Valid *When communication period is below 0.1666 [ms] or less, does not correspond. (except for NOP) *Full-close control is not related to a setup of this bit, external scale position information can be monitored. •Set up the RTEX communication cycle properly according to the specifications of the host device. If the parameter is not proper, the operation is not be guaranteed.	R	All	2-5 4-8 RTEX

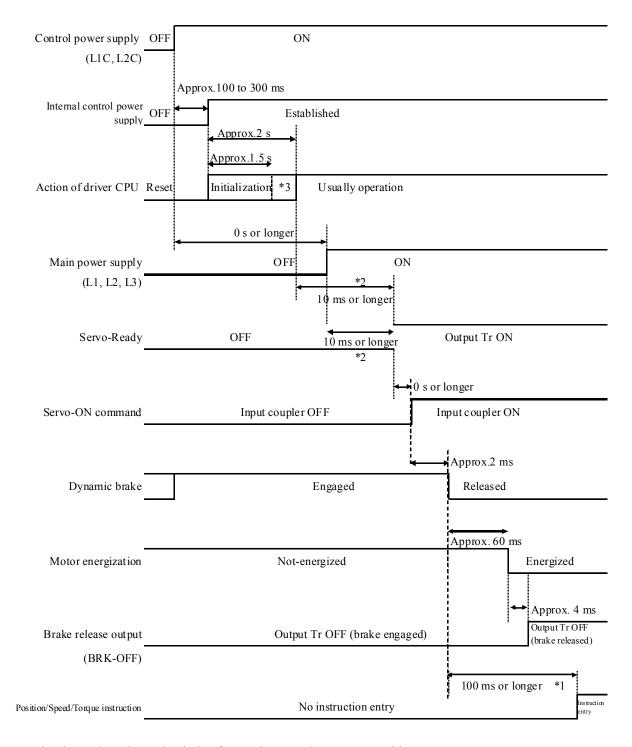
Class	No.	7: Special setting 2	Unit	Range	Size	Function / Contents	Attribute	Related control	Reference
7	23	RTEX function extended setup 2		-32768 -32767	[byte]	bit 0: Parameter writing through RTEX communication: 0: Enable, 1: Disable bit 1: Alarm code sub number setup 0: Fixed to 0, 1: Sub number enabled bit 2: RTEX status response condition setup with function of P0T/N0T disabled (Pr.5.04 = 1). 0: Status enabled, 1: Fixed to 0 bit 3: RTEX status bit arrangement setup of P0T/N0T 0: P0T is bit 1, N0T is bit 0 1: N0T is bit 1, P0T is bit 0 1: N0T is bit 1, P0T is bit 0 bit 4: Set up [COM] LED display mode 0: Mode 1, 1: Mode 2 bit 5: Non-cyclic command start mode setting 0: When standard command is changed. 1: When command code and command parameter are changed. bit 6: Set up P0T/N0T RTEX status logic 0: No inversion, 1: Inversion bit 7: PSL/NSL RTEX status logic setting 0: Without reversing 1: With reversing bit8: RTEX status selection between In_Progress and AC_OFF 0: In_Progress, 1: AC_OFF bit9: Selects whether to return a command is received after a deceleration stop caused by over-travel inhibit input. 0: Command error is not returned. 1: Command error is returned. bit10-13: unused. Always set to 0. bit14: For manufacturer's use. Always set to 0.		mode 23	6-3-1 RTEX
	24	RTEX function extended setup 3	_	-32768 -32767	2	bit 0: Specifies output status of EX-OUT1 during communication shut-down after RTEX communication is established. 0: Held, 1: Initialized (Output when EX-OUT1 is 0.) bit 1: Specifies output status of EX-OUT2 during communication shut-down after RTEX communication is established. 0: Held, 1: Initialized (Output when EX-OUT2 is 0.) Set up the unit of speed data used in	С	All	2-2, RTEX
	25	RTEX speed unit setup	_	0–1	2	RTEX communication. Set up the unit both for both command data such as command speed and for response data such as actual speed. 0: r/min 1: Command unit/s	С	All	RTEX
	26	RTEX continuous error warning setup	No. of times	0 -32767	2	Generates WngC0h (RTEX continuous communication error warning) when the No. of continuous errors reaches the setting of this parameter. When the setting value is 0, this function is disabled and no warning is issued.	A	All	RTEX
	27	RTEX accumulated error warning setup	No. of times	0 -32767	2	Generates WngC1h (RTEX accumulated communication error warning) when the No. of accumulated errors reaches the setting of this parameter. When the setting value is 0, this function is disabled and no warning is generated.	A	All	RTEX

Class	No.	Title	Unit	Range	Size [byte]	Function / Contents	Attribute	Related control mode	Reference
7	28	RTEX_Update_Counter error warning setup	No. of times	0 -32767	2	If Update_Counter is accumulated exceeding the setting value of this parameter and correct update fails, WngC2h (RTEX_Update_Counter error warning) is issued.  When the setting value is 0 or 1, this function is disabled and no warning is generated.	A	All	RTEX
	29	RTEX monitor select 1	_	0 -32767	2	Select the monitor type of Response_data 1. Please set up Type Code (8 bits) of a RTEX monitor command. If the setup value is 0, the actual position (APOS) is monitored.	A	All	RTEX
	30	RTEX monitor select 2	_	0 -32767	2	Select the monitor type of Response_data 2 when non-cyclic command = 0h. Please set up Type Code (8 bits) of a RTEX monitor command. If the setup value is 0, the actual speed (ASPD) is monitored.	A	All	RTEX
	31	RTEX monitor select 3	_	0 -32767	2	[Under review] Select the monitor type of Response_data 3 when non-cyclic command = 0h. Please set up Type Code (8 bits) of a RTEX monitor command. If the setup value is 0, torque (TRQ) is monitored.	A	All	RTEX
	32	RTEX monitor select 4	_	0–32767	2	Selects a monitor type of Sub_Response_Data1 in 32-byte mode when sub command is 0h. Please set up Type Code (8 bits) of a RTEX monitor command. If the setup value is 0, 0 is returned.	A	All	RTEX
	33	RTEX monitor select 5	_	0–32767	2	Selects a monitor type of Sub_Response_Data2 in 32-byte mode. Please set up Type Code (8 bits) of a RTEX monitor command. If the setup value is 0, 0 is returned.	A	All	RTEX
	34	RTEX monitor select 6	_	0-32767	2	Selects a monitor type of Sub_Response_Data3 in 32-byte mode. Please set up Type Code (8 bits) of a RTEX monitor command. If the setup value is 0, 0 is returned.	A	All	RTEX
	35	RTEX command setting	_	0–2	2	Specifies the Command_Data3 of non-cyclic command. However, this setting is invalid for non-cyclic command using Command_Data3 area.  0: Invalid 1: Velocity feedforward    [Command unit/s] or [r/min] 2: Torque feedforward [0.1%]	С	All	RTEX
	36	RTEX command setting 2	_	0-2	2	Specifies Sub_Command_Data2 of sub command.  0: Invalid 1: Velocity feedforward   [Command unit/s] or [r/min] 2: Torque feedforward [0.1%]	С	All	RTEX
	37	RTEX command setting 3	_	0-2	2	Specifies Sub_Command_Data3 of sub command.  0: Invalid  1: Velocity feedforward   [Command unit/s] or [r/min]  2: Torque feedforward [0.1%]	С	All	RTEX
	38	RTEX_Update_Counter error protection setup	No. of times	0–32767	2	If the Update_Counter exceeds the setup value for this parameter and is not updated correctly, Err 86.2 "RTEX_Update_Counter error protection" will be activated. If the setup value is 0 or 1, this function will be disabled and an alarm will not be activated.	A	All	RTEX
	39	For manufacturer's use	_	_	2	Always set to 0.	-	_	_

Class	No.	Title	Unit	Range	Size [byte]	Function / Contents	Attribute	Related control mode	Reference
8	00	For manufacturer's use	_	_	2		_	_	_
	01	Profile linear acceleration constant	10000 Command unit /s²	1–65535	4	Specifies acceleration during profile position control (PP). Be sure to set before starting operation.	В	Position (PP), Full-closed	RTEX
	02	For manufacturer's use	_	_	2	To be fixed to 0.	_	_	_
	03	For manufacturer's use	_	_	2	To be fixed to 0.		_	_
	04	Profile linear deceleration constant	10000 Command unit /s²	1–65535	4	Specifies deceleration during profile position control (PP). Be sure to set before starting operation.	В	Position (PP), Full-closed	RTEX
	05	For manufacturer's use	_	_	2	To be fixed to 0.	_	_	_
	10	Amount of travel after profile position latch detection	Command unit	-1073741823 -1073741823	4	Specifies the amount of travel during profile position latch positioning after a latch trigger signal input position is detected.	В	Position (PP), Full-closed	RTEX
	12	Profile return to home position mode setup	_	0–1	2	Specifies a direction in which latch trigger signal is detected during profile home position return.  0: Positive direction  1: Negative direction  * For profile homing 2, select 0 setting. Setting to 1 also causes homing in positive direction.	В	Position (PP), Full-closed	RTEX
	13	Profile home position return velocity 1	Command unit/s or r/min	0- 2147483647	4	Specifies a velocity for high-speed operation during profile home position return.  Unit is specified with Pr7.25 (RTEX velocity unit setting).  Maximum velocity is internally limited using the motor maximum speed.  * When velocity setting is in r/min, it is converted to command unit/s through internal computation and the equivalent value is limited within the range as shown below:  -80000001h to 7FFFFFFh (-2147483647)  If setting value is 0, control is performed with an assumption that the setting value is 1.	В	Position (PP), Full-closed	RTEX
	14	Profile home position return velocity 2	Command unit/s or r/min	0- 2147483647	4	Specifies a velocity for low-speed operation during profile home position return.  Specify a minimum speed to decrease detection error.  Unit is specified with Pr7.25 (RTEX velocity unit setting).  Maximum velocity is internally limited using the motor maximum speed.  * When velocity setting is in r/min, it is converted to command unit/s through internal computation and the equivalent value is limited within the range as shown below:  -80000001h to 7FFFFFFh (-2147483647)  If setting value is 0, control is performed	В	Position (PP), Full-closed	RTEX
						with an assumption that the setting value is			
	15	For manufacturer's use	_	_	4	With an assumption that the setting value is  1.  To be fixed to 0.		_	

#### 9-2 Timing Chart

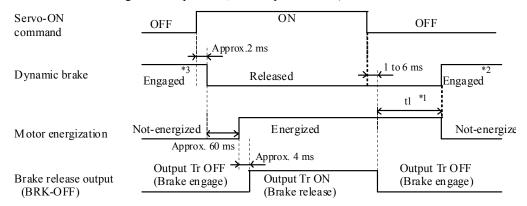
### 9-2-1 Servo-on signal accept timing on power-up



- The above chart shows the timing from AC power-ON to command input.
- Input the servo-On command, position/velocity/torque commands according to the above timing chart.
- \*1. It is shown that an instruction input receptionist is not ready in this section. Please input instructions after the completion of preparation.
- \*2. The servo ready is turned on when all the following conditions are satisfied: "Initialization of microcomputer is completed", "Main power supply is established", "No alarm is issued", and "Synchronization (phase matching) between RTEX communication and servo is completed and RTEX communication is established".
- \*3. After Internal control power supply, protective functions are active from approx. 1.5 sec after the start of initializing microcomputer. Please set the signals, especially for protective function, for example over-travel inhibit input (POT, NOT) or external scale input, so as to decide their logic until this term. The lapse time can be changed with Pr 6.18 Wait time after power-up.

### 9-2-2 Servo-ON/OFF action while the motor is at stall (servo-lock)

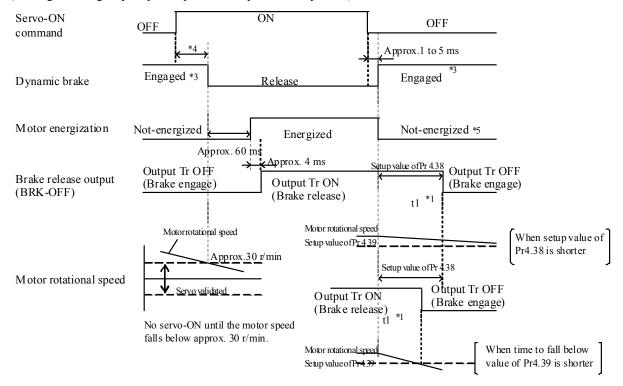
(To turn on/off the servo during normal operation, first stop the motor.)



- \*1. t1 depends on the setup value of Pr 4.37 Setup of mechanical brake action at stalling.
- \*2. The operation of dynamic brake during servo off depends on the setup value of Pr 5.06 Sequence at servo off.
- \*3. Servo-ON will not be activated until the motor speed falls below approx. 30 r/min.

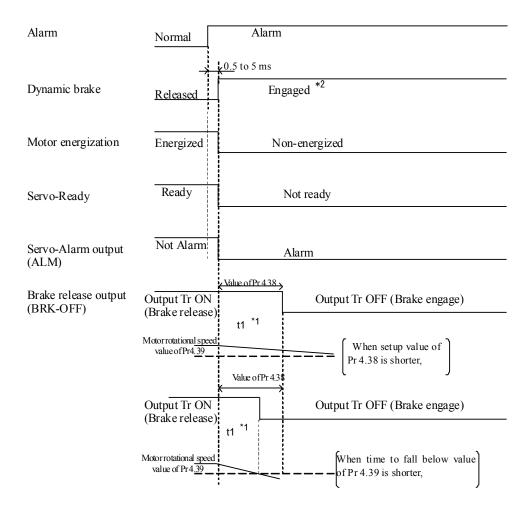
## 9-2-3 Servo-ON/OFF action while the motor is in motion

(Timing at emergency stop or trip. Do not repeat this sequence.)



- \*1. t1 will be a shorter time of either the setup value of Pr 4.38 "Mechanical brake action at running setup" or elapsing time for the motor speed to fall below Pr 4.39 "Brake release speed setup".
- \*2. Even when the servo-ON command is turned on again while the motor is decelerating, transition to servo-ON is not performed until the motor stops.
- \*3. For the action of dynamic brake at alarm occurrence, refer to an explanation of Pr 5.06, "Sequence at Servo-OFF" as well
- \*4. Servo-ON will not be activated until the motor speed falls below approx. 30 r/min.
- \*5. For the motor energization during deceleration at Servo-OFF depends on the setup value of Pr .5.06, "Sequence at Servo-OFF".

### 9-2-4 When an error (alarm) has occurred (at Servo-ON command)



- \*1. t1 will be a shorter time of either the setup value of Pr 4.38 [Mechanical brake action at running setup] or elapsing time for the motor speed to fall below Pr 4.39 [Brake release speed setup].
- \*2. When an alarm is generated, the dynamic brake operates according to Pr 5.10 Sequence at alarm.

### 9-2-5 When an alarm has been cleared (at Servo-ON command)

