




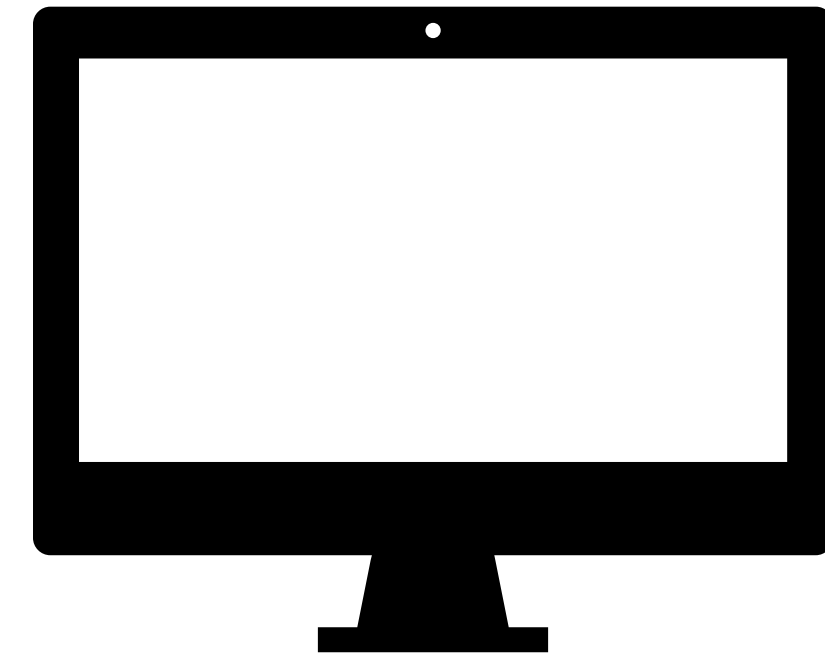
Getting started with shiny

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goog-index/app.R



DEMO



Your turn

- Open a new Shiny app with File → New File → Shiny Web App...
- Launch the app by opening app.R and clicking Run App
- Close the app by clicking the stop icon
- Select view mode in the drop down menu next to Run App



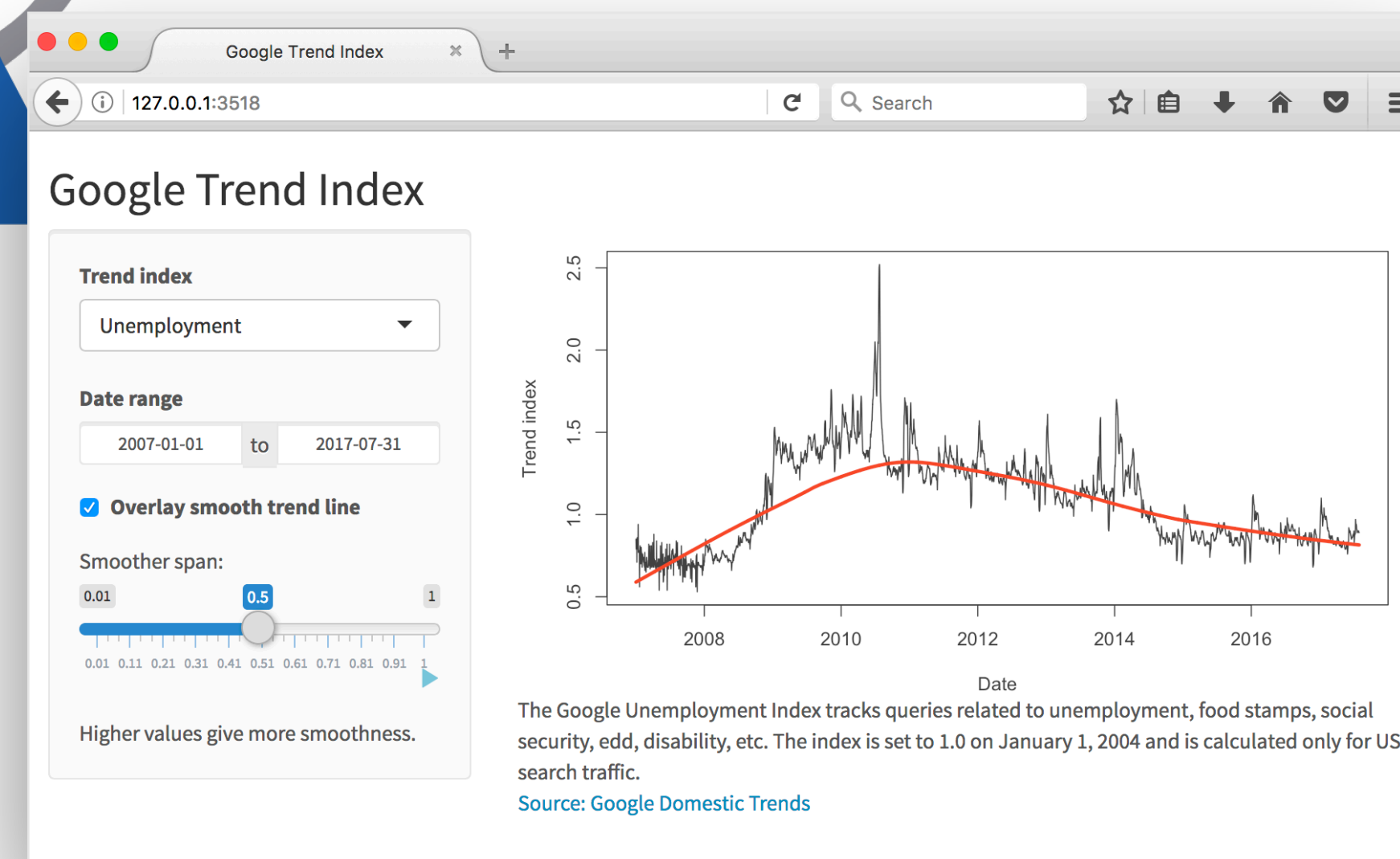
3_m 00_s



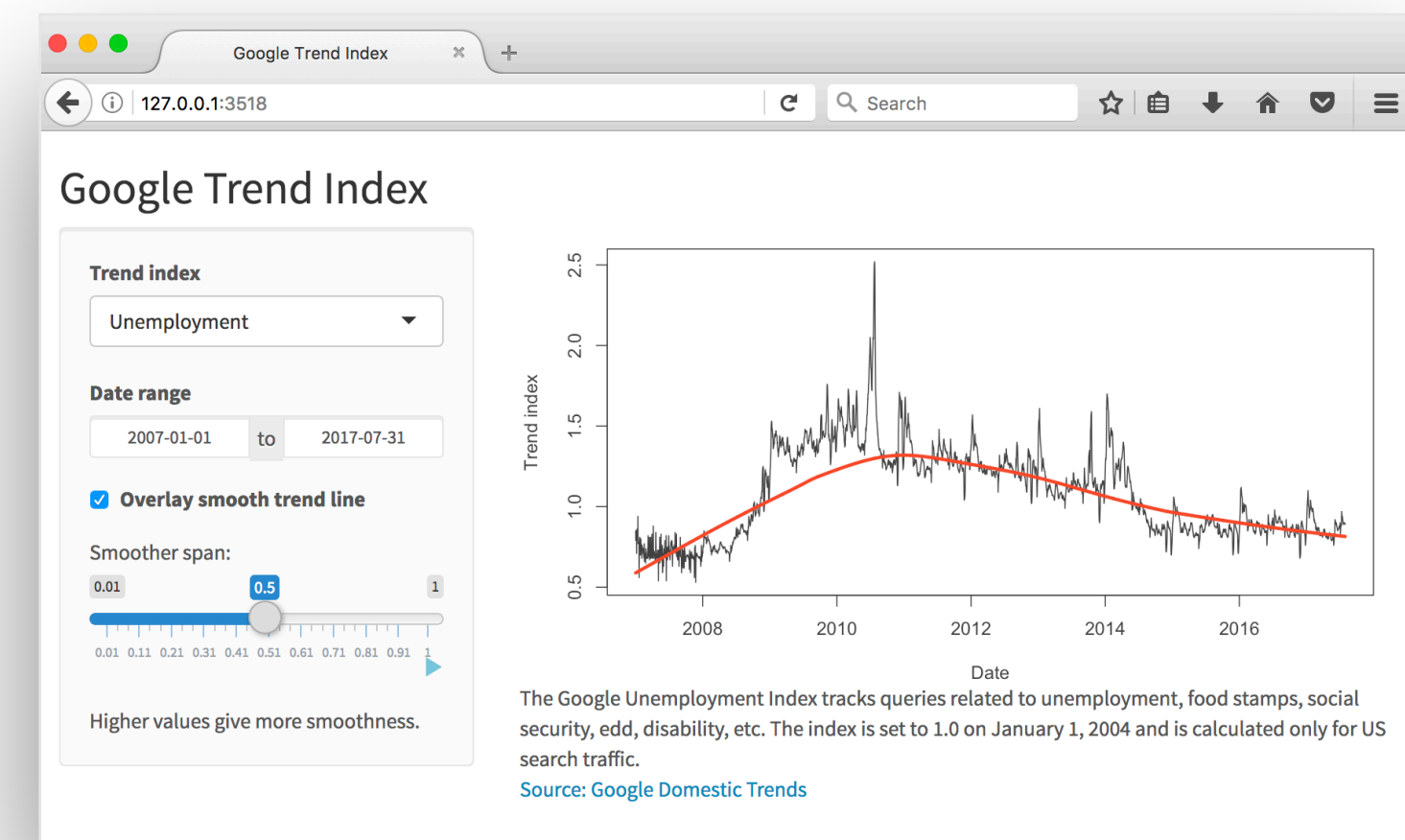
High level view



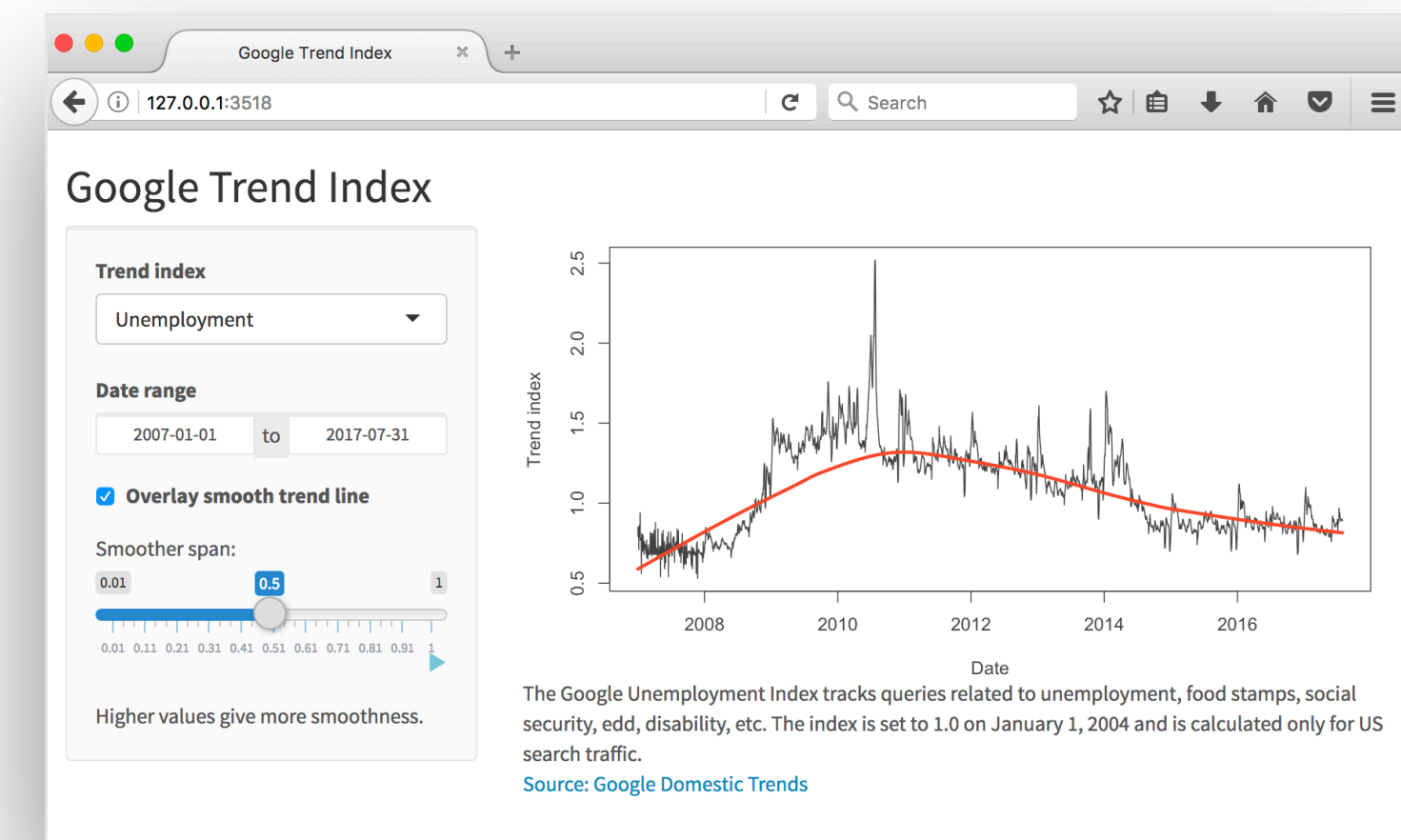
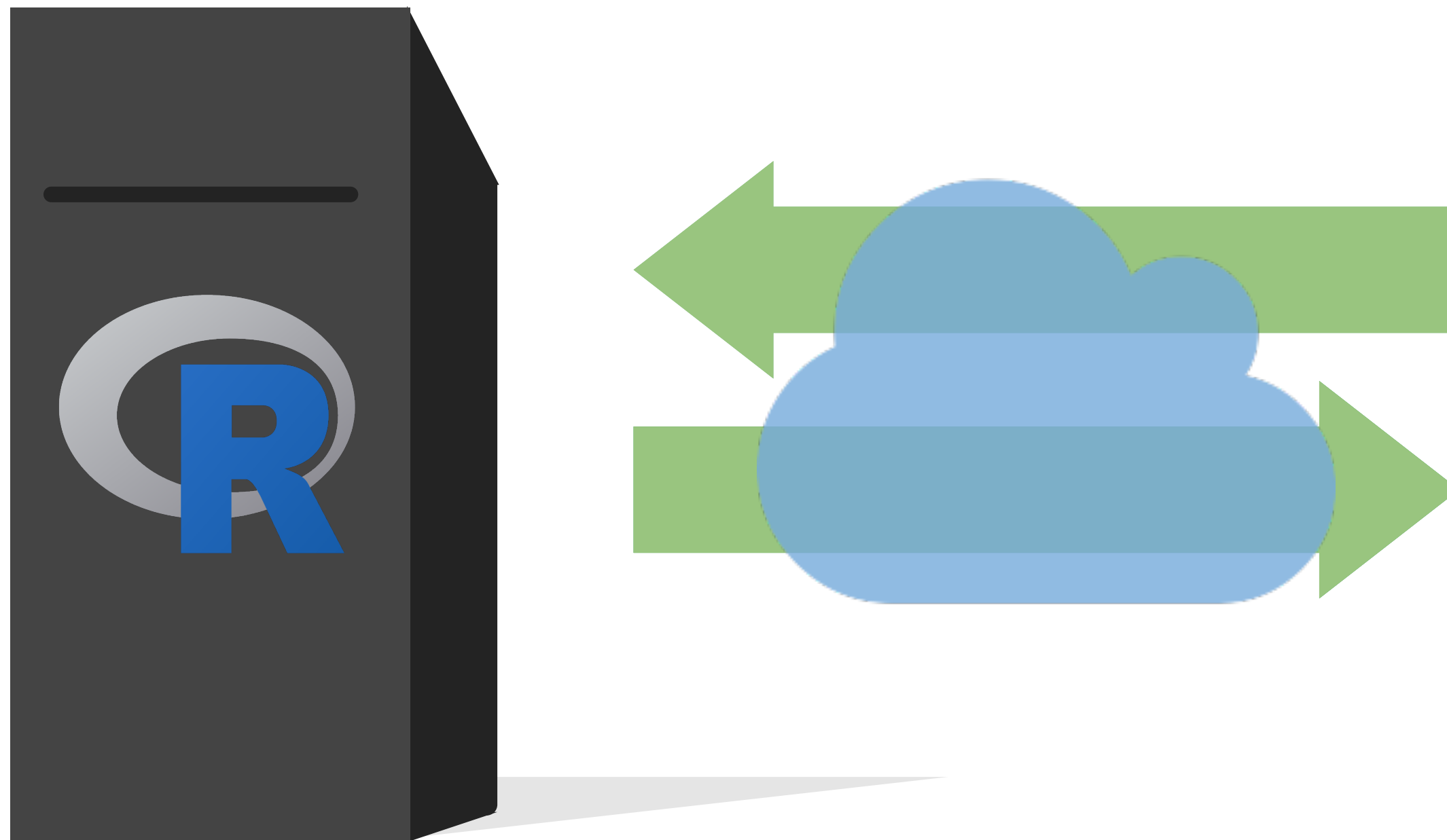
Every Shiny app has a webpage that the user visits,
and behind this webpage there is a computer
that serves this webpage by running R.

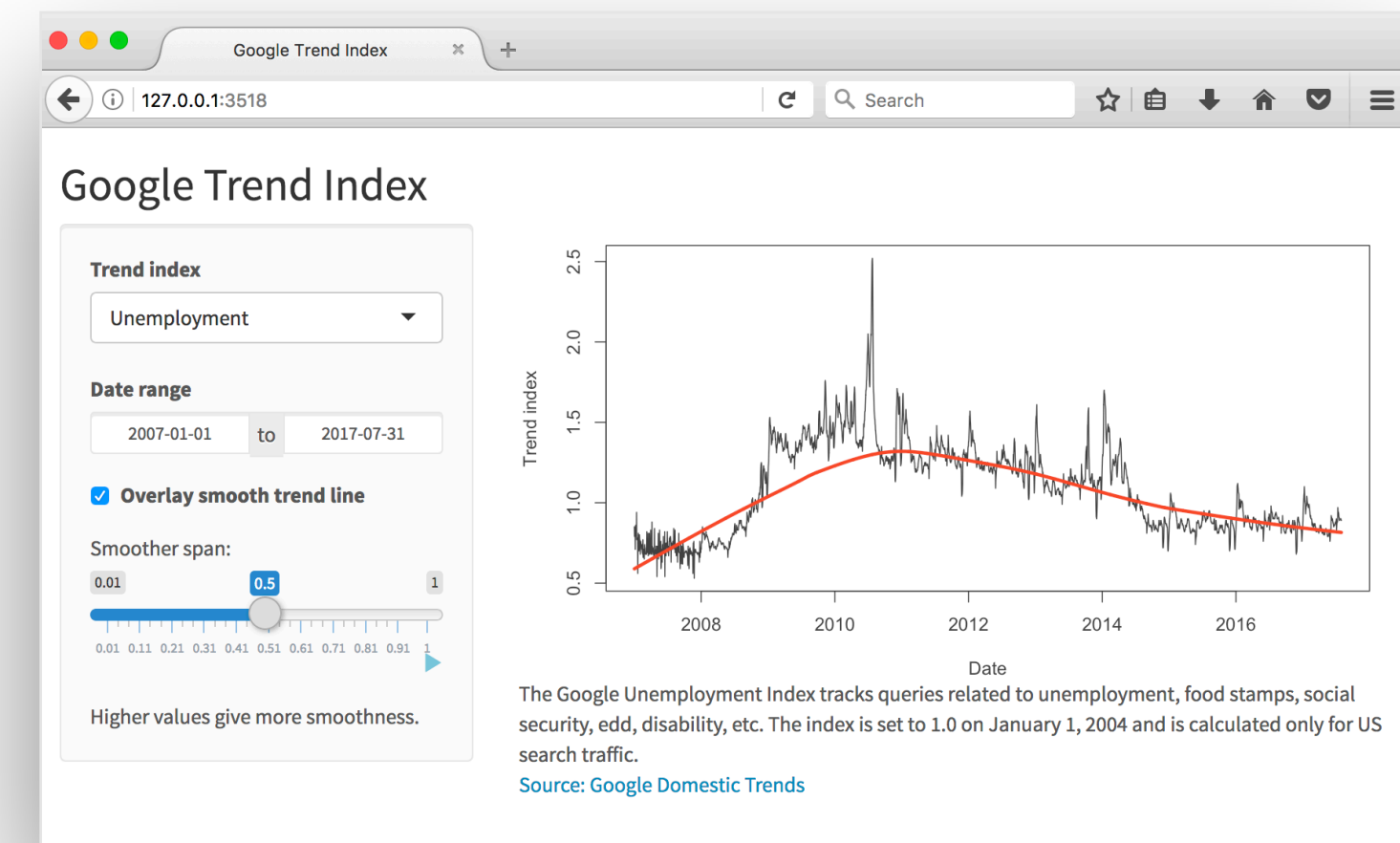
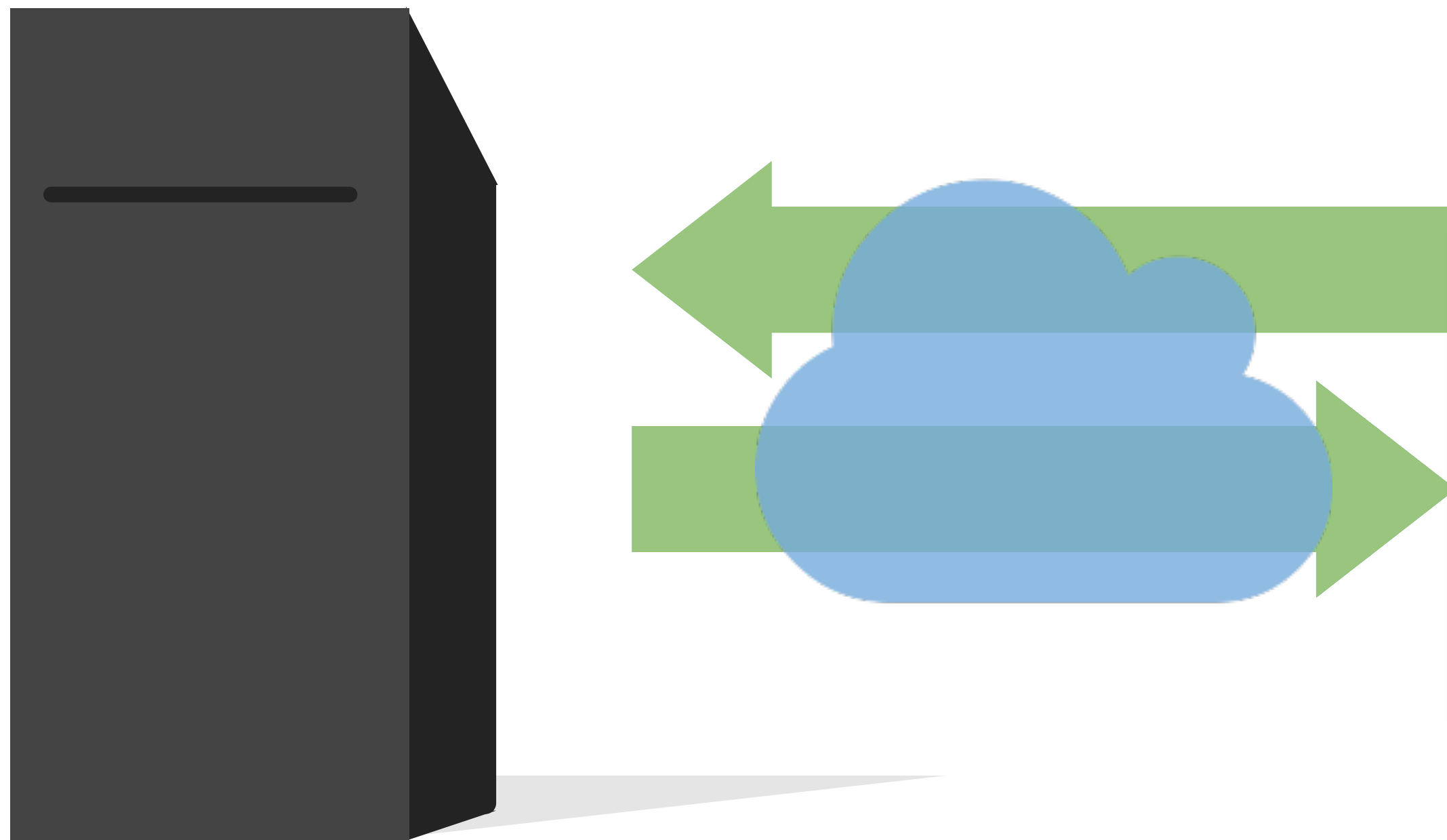


When running your app locally,
the computer serving your app is your computer.



When your app is deployed, the computer serving your app is a web server.





Server instructions



User interface

Anatomy of a Shiny app



What's in an app?

```
library(shiny)
```

```
ui <- fluidPage()
```

User interface

controls the layout and appearance of app

```
server <- function(input, output) {}
```

Server function

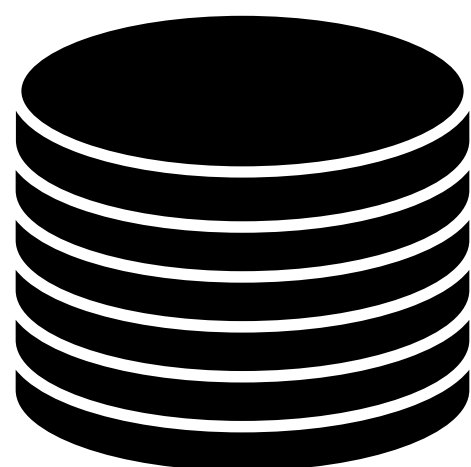
contains instructions needed to build app

```
shinyApp(ui = ui, server = server)
```





National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey



`NHANES::NHANES`

Data from the 2009 - 2010 and 2011 - 2012 surveys on 10,000 participants and 76 variables collected on them

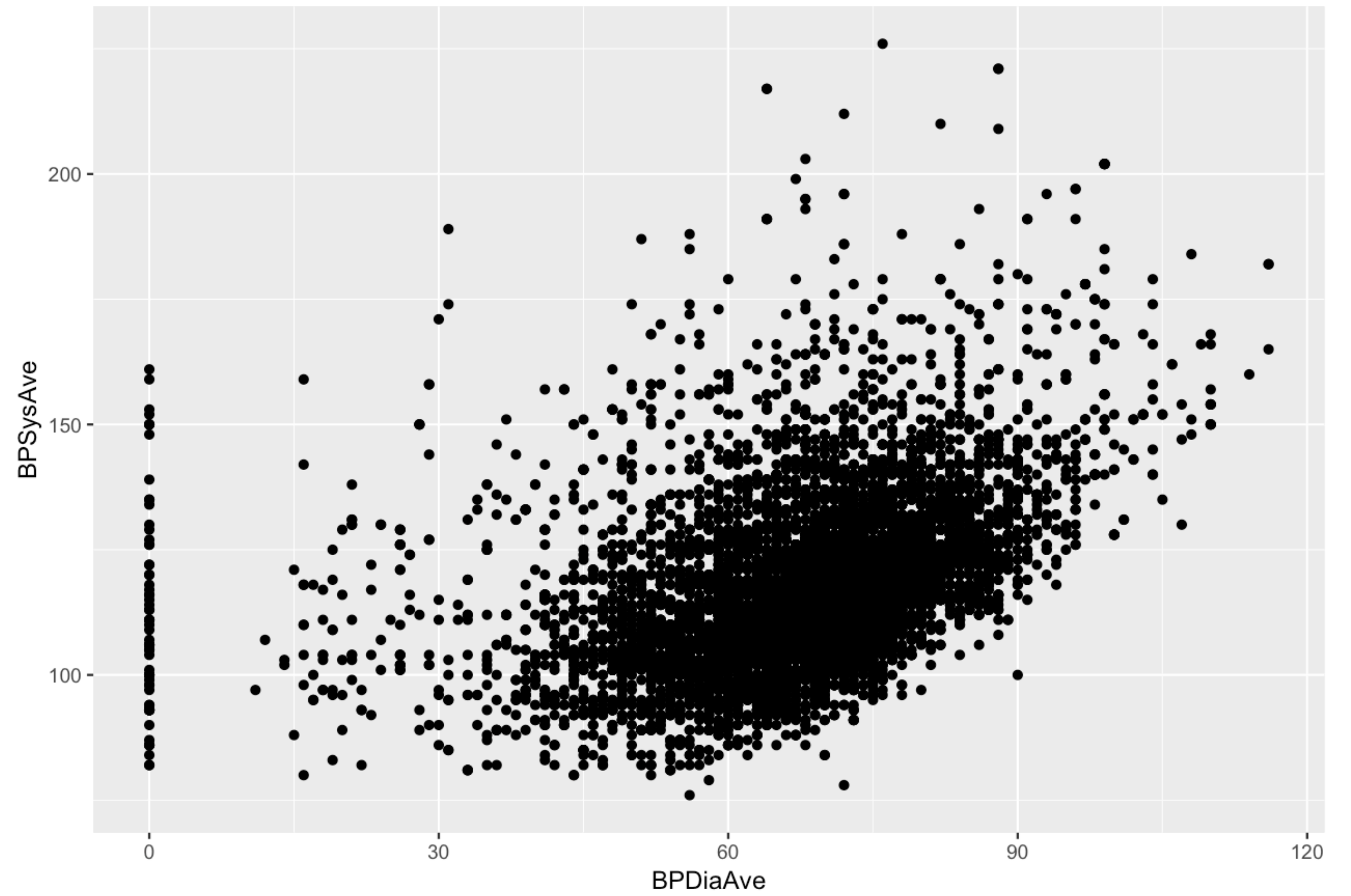
Y-axis:

BPSysAve



X-axis:

BPDiaAve



App template

```
library(shiny)
library(tidyverse)
library(NHANES)
ui <- fluidPage()

server <- function(input, output) {}

shinyApp(ui = ui, server = server)
```



User interface



```

# Define UI
ui <- fluidPage(

  # Sidebar layout with a input and output definitions
  sidebarLayout(
    # Inputs: Select variables to plot
    sidebarPanel(
      # Select variable for y-axis
      selectInput(inputId = "y", label = "Y-axis:",
                  choices = c("Age", "Poverty", "Pulse", "AlcoholYear", "BPSysAve"),
                  selected = "BPSysAve"),
      # Select variable for x-axis
      selectInput(inputId = "x", label = "X-axis:",
                  choices = c("Age", "Poverty", "Pulse", "AlcoholYear", "BPSysAve"),
                  selected = "BPDiaAve")
    ),

    # Output: Show scatterplot
    mainPanel(
      plotOutput(outputId = "scatterplot")
    )
  )
)

```



Create fluid page layout

```
# Define UI
```

```
ui <- fluidPage(
```

```
# Sidebar layout with a input and output definitions
```

```
sidebarLayout(
```

```
# Inputs: Select variables to plot
```

```
sidebarPanel(
```

```
# Select variable for y-axis
```

```
selectInput(inputId = "y", label = "Y-axis:",  
            choices = c("Age", "Poverty", "Pulse", "AlcoholYear", "BPSysAve"),  
            selected = "BPSysAve"),
```

```
# Select variable for x-axis
```

```
selectInput(inputId = "x", label = "X-axis:",  
            choices = c("Age", "Poverty", "Pulse", "AlcoholYear", "BPDiaAve"),  
            selected = "BPDiaAve")
```

```
),
```

```
# Output: Show scatterplot
```

```
mainPanel(
```

```
  plotOutput(outputId = "scatterplot")
```

```
)
```

```
)
```




```
# Define UI
```

```
ui <- fluidPage(
```

```
# Sidebar layout with a input and output definitions
```

Create a layout with a sidebar and main area

```
  sidebarLayout(
```

```
# Inputs: Select variables to plot
```

```
    sidebarPanel(
```

```
# Select variable for y-axis
```

```
      selectInput(inputId = "y", label = "Y-axis:",  
                  choices = c("Age", "Poverty", "Pulse", "AlcoholYear", "BPSysAve"),  
                  selected = "BPSysAve"),
```

```
# Select variable for x-axis
```

```
      selectInput(inputId = "x", label = "X-axis:",  
                  choices = c("Age", "Poverty", "Pulse", "AlcoholYear", "BPDiaAve"),  
                  selected = "BPDiaAve")
```

```
    ),
```

```
# Output: Show scatterplot
```

```
    mainPanel(
```

```
      plotOutput(outputId = "scatterplot")
```

```
    )
```

```
  )
```

```
)
```



```
# Define UI
```

```
ui <- fluidPage(
```

```
# Sidebar layout with a input and output definitions
```

```
  sidebarLayout(
```

```
    # Inputs: Select variables to plot
```

```
    sidebarPanel(
```

```
      # Select variable for y-axis
```

```
      selectInput(inputId = "y", label = "Y-axis:",  
                  choices = c("Age", "Poverty", "Pulse", "AlcoholYear", "BPSysAve"),  
                  selected = "BPSysAve"),
```

```
      # Select variable for x-axis
```

```
      selectInput(inputId = "x", label = "X-axis:",  
                  choices = c("Age", "Poverty", "Pulse", "AlcoholYear", "BPDiaAve"),  
                  selected = "BPDiaAve")
```

```
    ),
```

```
    # Output: Show scatterplot
```

```
    mainPanel(
```

```
      plotOutput(outputId = "scatterplot")
```

```
    )
```

```
  )
```

Create a sidebar panel containing **input** controls that can in turn be passed to `sidebarLayout`



```
# Define UI
```

```
ui <- fluidPage(
```

```
# Sidebar layout with a input and output definitions
```

```
  sidebarLayout(
```

```
    # Inputs: Select variables to plot
```

```
    sidebarPanel(
```

```
      # Select variable for y-axis
```

```
      selectInput(inputId = "y", label = "Y-axis:",  
                  choices = c("Age", "Poverty", "Pulse", "AlcoholYear", "BPDiaAve"),  
                  selected = "BPSysAve"),
```

```
      # Select variable for x-axis
```

```
      selectInput(inputId = "x", label = "X-axis:",  
                  choices = c("Age", "Poverty", "Pulse", "AlcoholYear", "BPDiaAve"),  
                  selected = "BPDiaAve")
```

```
    ),
```

```
    # Output: Show scatterplot
```

```
    mainPanel(
```

```
      plotOutput(outputId = "scatterplot")
```

```
    )
```

```
  )
```

```
)
```

Y-axis:

BPSysAve

X-axis:

BPDiaAve

Age

Poverty

Pulse

AlcoholYear

BPDiaAve



```
# Define UI
```

```
ui <- fluidPage(
```

```
# Sidebar layout with a input and output definitions
```

```
  sidebarLayout(
```

```
    # Inputs: Select variables to plot
```

```
    sidebarPanel(
```

```
      # Select variable for y-axis
```

```
      selectInput(inputId = "y", label = "Y-axis:",  
                  choices = c("Age", "Poverty", "Pulse", "AlcoholYear", "BPSysAve"),  
                  selected = "BPSysAve"),
```

```
      # Select variable for x-axis
```

```
      selectInput(inputId = "x", label = "X-axis:",  
                  choices = c("Age", "Poverty", "Pulse", "AlcoholYear", "BPDiaAve"),  
                  selected = "BPDiaAve")
```

```
    ),
```

```
    # Output: Show scatterplot
```

```
    mainPanel(
```

```
      plotOutput(outputId = "scatterplot")
```

```
    )
```

```
  )
```

```
)
```

Create a main panel containing **output** elements that get created in the server function can in turn be passed to sidebarLayout



Server



```
# Define server function
server <- function(input, output) {

  # Create the scatterplot object the plotOutput function is expecting
  output$scatterplot <- renderPlot({
    ggplot(data = NHANES, aes_string(x = input$x, y = input$y)) +
      geom_point()
  })
}
```



```
# Define server function
```

```
server <- function(input, output) {
```

```
# Create the scatterplot object the plotOutput function is expecting
```

```
output$scatterplot <- renderPlot({
```

```
  ggplot(data = NHANES, aes_string(x = input$x, y = input$y)) +
```

```
    geom_point()
```

```
  })
```

```
}
```

Contains instructions
needed to build app



```
# Define server function
```

```
server <- function(input, output) {
```

```
# Create the scatterplot object the plotOutput function
```

```
output$scatterplot <- renderPlot({
```

```
  ggplot(data = NHANES, aes_string(x = input$x, y = input$y,
```

```
    geom_point()
```

```
  })
```

```
}
```

Renders a **reactive** plot that is suitable for assigning to an output slot




```
# Define server function
```

```
server <- function(input, output) {
```

```
# Create the scatterplot object the plotOutput function is expecting
```

```
output$scatterplot <- renderPlot({
```

```
  ggplot(data = NHANES, aes_string(x = input$x, y = input$y)) +
```

```
    geom_point()
```

```
  })
```

```
}
```

Good ol' ggplot2 code,
with **inputs** from UI



UI + Server

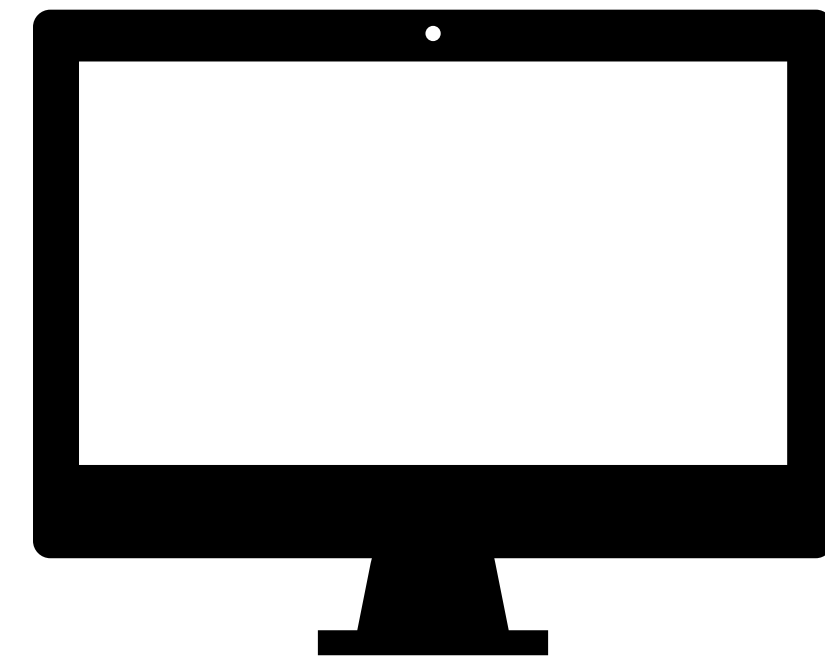


```
# Create the Shiny app object  
shinyApp(ui = ui, server = server)
```



Putting it all together...

`nhanes-apps/nhanes-01.R`



DEMO

Your turn

- Add new select menu to color the points by
 - `inputId = "z"`
 - `label = "Color by:"`
 - `choices = c("Gender", "Depressed", "SleepTrouble", "SmokeNow", "Marijuana")`
 - `selected = "SleepTrouble"`
- Use this variable in the aesthetics of the `ggplot` function as the color argument to color the points by
- Run the app in the Viewer Pane
- Compare your code / output with the person sitting next to / nearby you

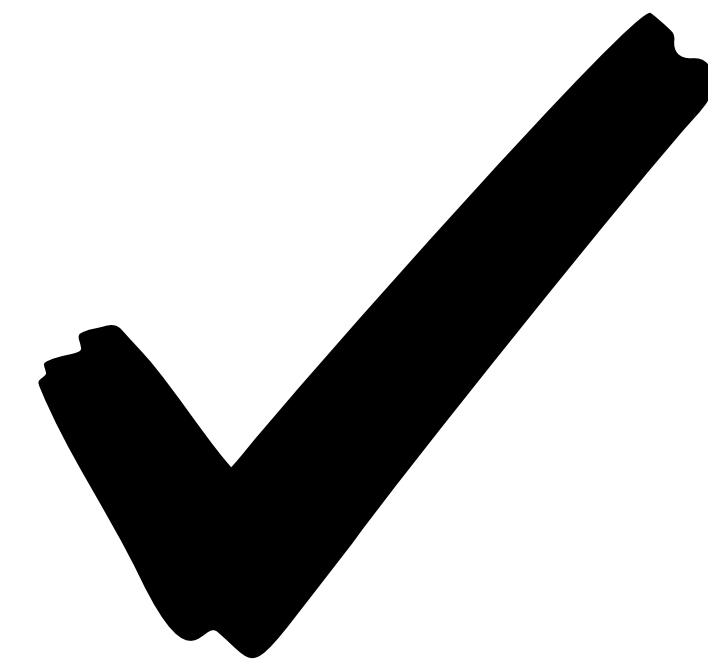


5_m 00_s



Solution to the previous exercise

`nhanes-apps/nhanes-02.R`



SOLUTION



Inputs

Shiny : : CHEAT SHEET

Basics

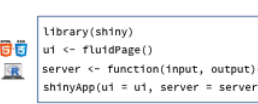
A **Shiny** app is a web page (**UI**) connected to a computer running a live R session (**Server**)



Users can manipulate the UI, which will cause the server to update the UI's displays (by running R code).

APP TEMPLATE

Begin writing a new app with this template. Preview the app by running the code at the R command line.



• **ui** - nested R functions that assemble an HTML user interface for your app

• **server** - a function with instructions on how to build and rebuild the R objects displayed in the UI

• **shinyApp** - combines **ui** and **server** into an app. Wrap with **runApp()** if calling from a sourced script or inside a function.

SHARE YOUR APP

The easiest way to share your app is to host it on shinyapps.io, a cloud based service from RStudio

1. Create a free or professional account at <https://shinyapps.io>

2. Click the **Publish** icon in the RStudio IDE or run: `rsconnect::deployApp()` ("path to directory")

Build or purchase your own Shiny Server at www.rstudio.com/products/shiny-server/

Studio

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Building an App

Complete the template by adding arguments to `fluidPage()` and a body to the `server` function.

Add inputs to the UI with "Input()" functions. Add outputs with "Output()" functions. Tell server how to render outputs with R in the server function. To do this:

1. Refer to outputs with `output$` id.
2. Refer to inputs with `input$id`.
3. Wrap code in a `render()` function before saving to output.

Save your template as **app.R**. Alternatively, split your template into two files named **ui.R** and **server.R**.

ui.R contains everything you would save to ui.

server.R ends with the function you would save to server.

No need to call **shinyApp()**.

Save each app as a directory that holds an **app.R** file (or a **server.R** file and a **ui.R** file) plus optional extra files.

• **app.R** - The directory name is the name of the app

• **global.R** - (optional) defines objects available to both ui.R and server.R

• **DESCRIPTION** - (optional) used in showcase mode

• **optional data, scripts, etc.**

• **other files** - (optional) directory of files to share with web browsers (images, CSS, js, etc). Must be named "www"

• **www** - (optional) directory of files to share with web browsers (images, CSS, js, etc). Must be named "www"

• **ui.R** - (optional) defines objects available to both ui.R and server.R

• **server.R** - (optional) used in showcase mode

• **optional data, scripts, etc.**

• **other files** - (optional) directory of files to share with web browsers (images, CSS, js, etc). Must be named "www"

• **www** - (optional) directory of files to share with web browsers (images, CSS, js, etc). Must be named "www"

• **ui.R** - (optional) defines objects available to both ui.R and server.R

• **server.R** - (optional) used in showcase mode

• **optional data, scripts, etc.**

Inputs

collect values from the user

Access the current value of an input object with `input$` - **input** values are **reactive**

actionButton(inputId, label, icon, ...)

actionLink(inputId, label, icon, ...)

checkboxGroupInput(inputId, label, choices, selected, inline)

checkboxInput(inputId, label, value)

dateInput(inputId, label, value, min, max, format, startview, weekstart, language)

dateRangeInput(inputId, label, start, end, min, max, format, startview, weekstart, language, separator)

fileInput(inputId, label, multiple, accept)

numericInput(inputId, label, value, min, max, step)

passwordInput(inputId, label, value)

radioButtons(inputId, label, choices, selected, inline)

selectInput(inputId, label, choices, selected, multiple, selectize, width, size) (also **selectizeInput()**)

sliderInput(inputId, label, min, max, value, step, round, format, locale, ticks, animate, width, sep, pre, post)

submitButton(text, icon) (Prevents reactions across entire app)

textInput(inputId, label, value)

textOutput(outputId, label, value)

tableOutput(outputId, label, value)

uiOutput(outputId, label, value)

verbatimTextOutput(outputId, label, value)

webOutput(outputId, label, value)

writeText(text, icon)

Action

actionButton(inputId, label, icon, ...)

Link

actionLink(inputId, label, icon, ...)

☒ Choice 1

checkboxGroupInput(inputId, label, choices, selected, inline)

☒ Choice 2

☐ Choice 3

☒ Check me

checkboxInput(inputId, label, value)

2015-06-08

dateInput(inputId, label, value, min, max, format, startview, weekstart, language)

2015-06-08

dateRangeInput(inputId, label, start, end, min, max, format, startview, weekstart, language, separator)

2015-06-08

Choose File

fileInput(inputId, label, multiple, accept)

1

numericInput(inputId, label, value, min, max, step)

.....

passwordInput(inputId, label, value)

☒ Choice A

radioButtons(inputId, label, choices, selected, inline)

☐ Choice B

☐ Choice C

Choice 1 | ▲

selectInput(inputId, label, choices, selected, multiple, selectize, width, size) (also **selectizeInput()**)

Choice 1

Choice 2

0 5 10

sliderInput(inputId, label, min, max, value, step, round, format, locale, ticks, animate, width, sep, pre, post)

0 2 4 6 8 10

Apply Changes

submitButton(text, icon) (Prevents reactions across entire app)

Enter text

textInput(inputId, label, value)



Your turn

- Add new input variable to control the alpha level of the points
 - This should be a `sliderInput`
 - See shiny.rstudio.com/reference/shiny/latest/ for help
 - Values should range from 0 to 1
 - Set a default value that looks good
- Use this variable in the geom of the `ggplot` function as the alpha argument
- Run the app in a new window
- Compare your code / output with the person sitting next to / nearby you

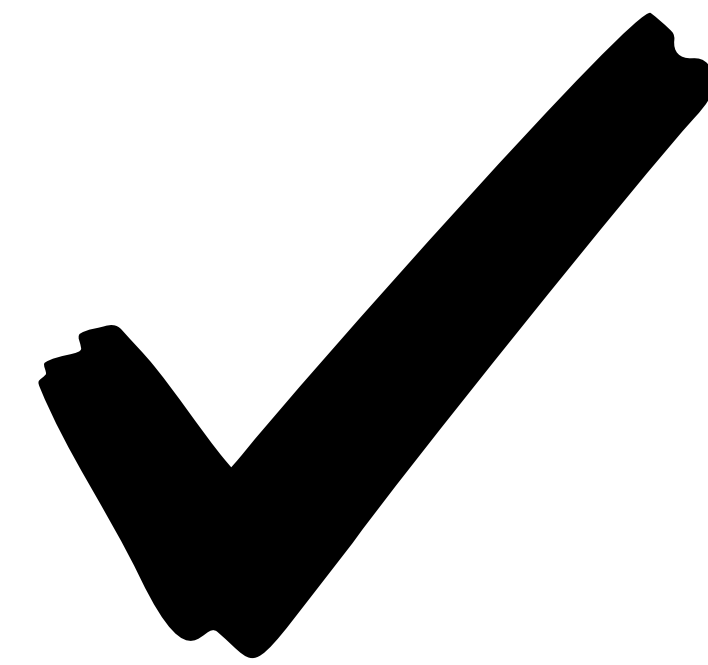


5_m 00_s



Solution to the previous exercise

`nhanes-apps/nhanes-03.R`



SOLUTION



Outputs

Shiny : : CHEAT SHEET

Basics

A **Shiny** app is a web page (**UI**) connected to a computer running a live R session (**Server**)



Users can manipulate the UI, which will cause the server to update the UI's displays (by running R code).

APP TEMPLATE

Begin writing a new app with this template. Preview the app by running the code at the R command line.



- **ui** - nested R functions that assemble an HTML user interface for your app
- **server** - a function with instructions on how to build and rebuild the R objects displayed in the UI
- **shinyApp** - combines **ui** and **server** into an app. Wrap with **runApp()** if calling from a sourced script or inside a function.

SHARE YOUR APP

The easiest way to share your app is to host it on shinyapps.io, a cloud based service from RStudio

1. Create a free or professional account at <https://shinyapps.io>
2. Click the **Publish** icon in the RStudio IDE or run:
`rsconnect::deployApp()` ("path to directory")

Build or purchase your own Shiny Server at www.rstudio.com/products/shiny-server/

R Studio



Building an App Complete the template by adding arguments to `fluidPage()` and a body to the `server` function

Add inputs to the UI with "Input()" functions. Add outputs with "Output()" functions. Tell server how to render outputs with R in the server function. To do this:

1. Refer to outputs with `output$`
2. Refer to inputs with `input$`
3. Wrap code in a `render()` function before saving to output.

Save your template as **app.R**. Alternatively, split your template into two files named **ui.R** and **server.R**.

ui.R contains everything you would save to ui.

server.R ends with the function you would save to server.

No need to call `shinyApp()`

Save each app as a directory that holds an **app.R** file (or a **server.R** file and a **ui.R** file) plus optional extra files.

- **app.R** - The directory name is the name of the app
- **global.R** - (optional) defines objects available to both ui.R and server.R
- **DESCRIPTION** - (optional) used in showcase mode
- **README** - (optional) data, scripts, etc
- **<other files>** - (optional) directory of files to share with web browsers (images, CSS, js, etc). Must be named "www"

Outputs - `render()` and "Output()" functions work together to add R output to the UI

DT::renderDataTable(expr, options, callback, escape, env, quoted)

renderImage(expr, env, quoted, deleteFile)

renderPlot(expr, width, height, res, ..., env, quoted, func)

renderPrint(expr, env, quoted, func, width)

renderTable(expr, ..., env, quoted, func)

renderText(expr, env, quoted, func)

renderUI(expr, env, quoted, func)

dataTableOutput(outputId, icon, ...)

imageOutput(outputId, width, height, click, dblclick, hover, hoverDelay, hoverDelayType, brush, clickId, hoverId, inline)

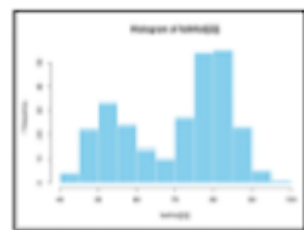
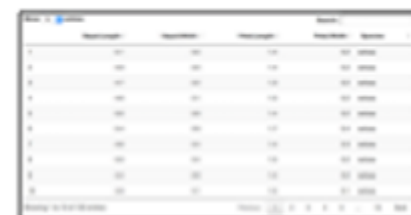
plotOutput(outputId, width, height, click, dblclick, hover, hoverDelay, hoverDelayType, brush, clickId, hoverId, inline)

verbatimTextOutput(outputId)

tableOutput(outputId)

textOutput(outputId, container, inline)

htmlOutput(outputId, inline, container, ...)



'data.frame': 3 obs. of 2 variables:
 \$ Sepal.Length: num 5.1 4.9 4.7
 \$ Sepal.Width : num 3.5 3 3.2

	Sepal.Length	Sepal.Width	Petal.Length	Petal.Width	Species
1	5.1	3.5	5.0	1.4	setosa
2	4.9	3.0	5.0	1.4	setosa
3	4.7	3.2	5.0	1.4	setosa
4	4.9	3.1	5.0	1.4	setosa
5	5.0	3.0	5.0	1.4	setosa
6	5.0	3.0	5.1	1.5	setosa

foo



DT::renderDataTable(expr, options, callback, escape, env, quoted)



dataTableOutput(outputId, icon, ...)

renderImage(expr, env, quoted, deleteFile)

imageOutput(outputId, width, height, click, dblclick, hover, hoverDelay, hoverDelayType, brush, clickId, hoverId, inline)

renderPlot(expr, width, height, res, ..., env, quoted, func)

plotOutput(outputId, width, height, click, dblclick, hover, hoverDelay, hoverDelayType, brush, clickId, hoverId, inline)

renderPrint(expr, env, quoted, func, width)

verbatimTextOutput(outputId)

renderTable(expr, ..., env, quoted, func)

tableOutput(outputId)

renderText(expr, env, quoted, func)

textOutput(outputId, container, inline)

renderUI(expr, env, quoted, func)

uiOutput(outputId, inline, container, ...)
& **htmlOutput**(outputId, inline, container, ...)

Which `render*` and `*Output` function duo is used to add this table to the app?




```
library(shiny)
library(tidyverse)
library(NHANES)
ui <- fluidPage(

  DT::dataTableOutput()

)

server <- function(input, output) {

  DT::renderDataTable()

}

shinyApp(ui = ui, server = server)
```



Your turn

- Create a new output item using `DT::renderDataTable`.
- Show first seven columns of NHANES data, show 10 rows at a time, and hide row names, e.g.
 - `data = NHANES[, 1:7]`
 - `options = list(pageLength = 10)`
 - `rownames = FALSE`
- Add a `DT::dataTableOutput` to the main panel
- Run the app in a new Window
- Compare your code / output with the person sitting next to / nearby you
- **Stretch goal:** Make the number of columns visible in the table a user defined input

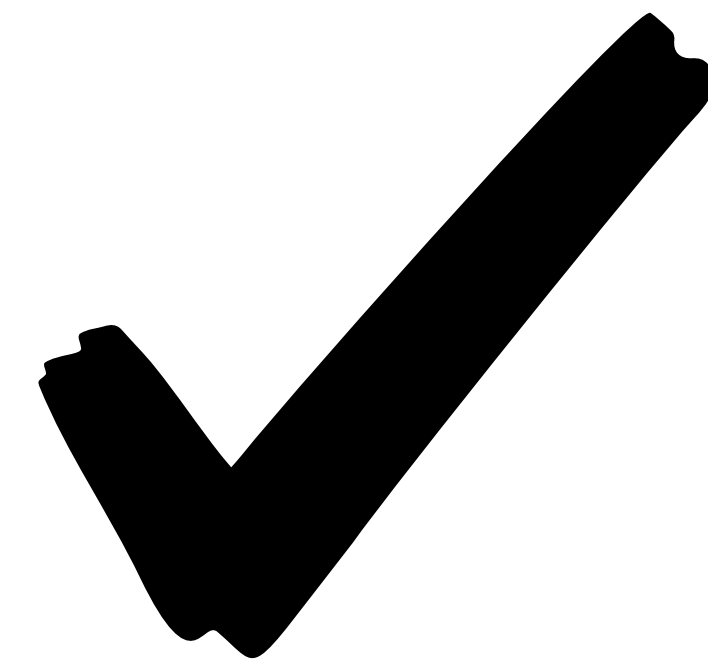


5_m 00_s



Solution to the previous exercise

`nhanes-apps/nhanes-04.R`



SOLUTION



Execution



Where you place code in your app will determine how many times they are run (or re-run), which will in turn affect the performance of your app, since Shiny will run some sections your app script more often than others.

```
library(shiny)
library(tidyverse)
library(NHANES)
```

```
ui <- fluidPage(
  ...
)
```

```
server <- function(input, output) {
  output$x <- renderPlot({
    ...
  })
}
```

```
shinyApp(ui = ui, server = server)
```

**Run once
when app is
launched**




```
library(shiny)
library(tidyverse)
library(NHANES)
```

```
ui <- fluidPage(
  ...
)

server <- function(input, output) {
  output$x <- renderPlot({
    ...
  })
}
```

**Run once
each time a user
visits the app**

```
shinyApp(ui = ui, server = server)
```



```
library(shiny)
library(tidyverse)
library(NHANES)

ui <- fluidPage(
  ...
)

server <- function(input, output) {
  output$x <- renderPlot({
    ...
  })
}

shinyApp(ui = ui, server = server)
```

**Run once
each time a user
changes a widget that
output\$x depends on**

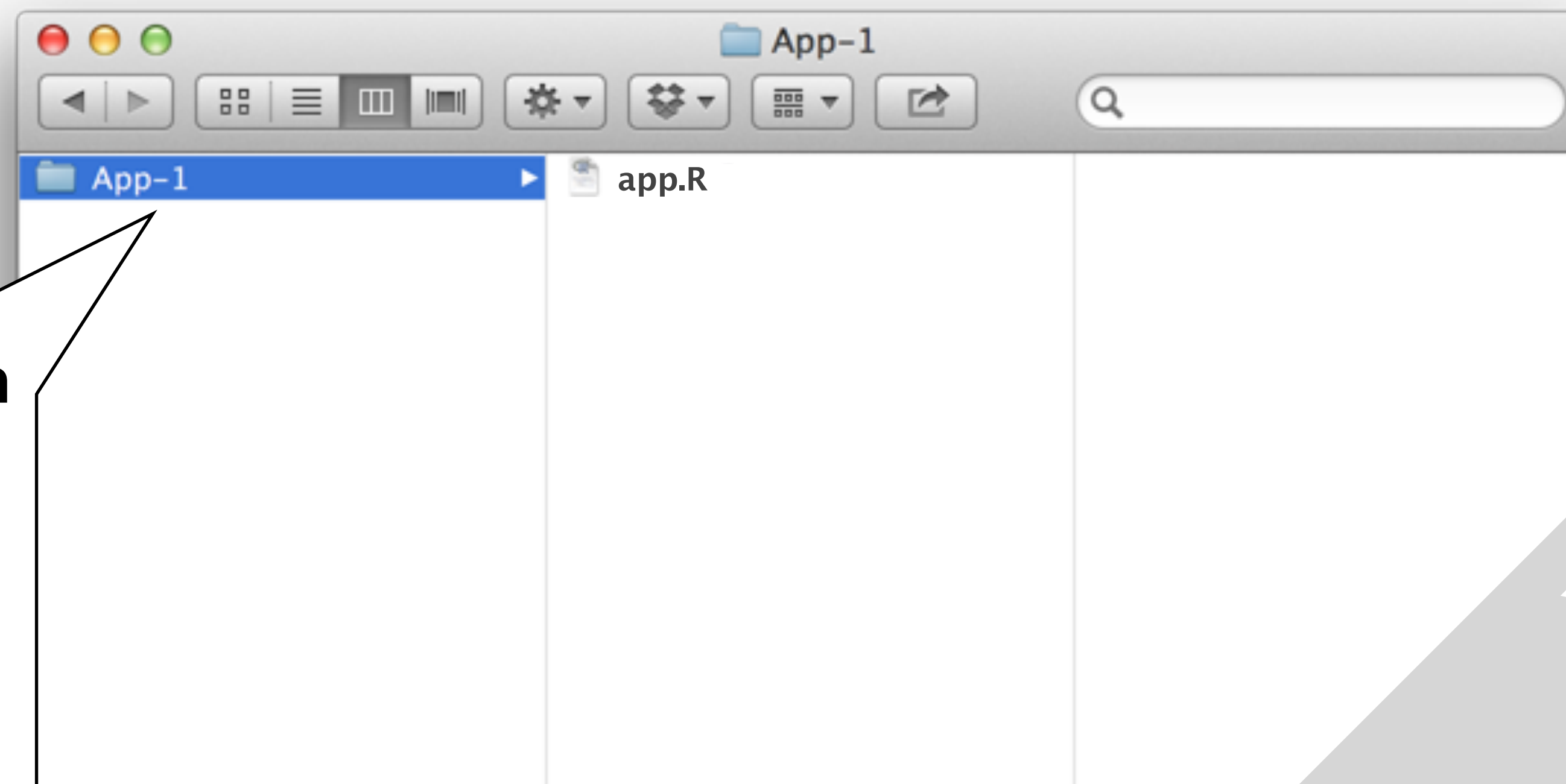


File structure



Single file

- One directory with every file the app needs:
 - `app.R` - your script which ends with a call to `shinyApp()`
 - datasets, images, css, helper scripts, etc.



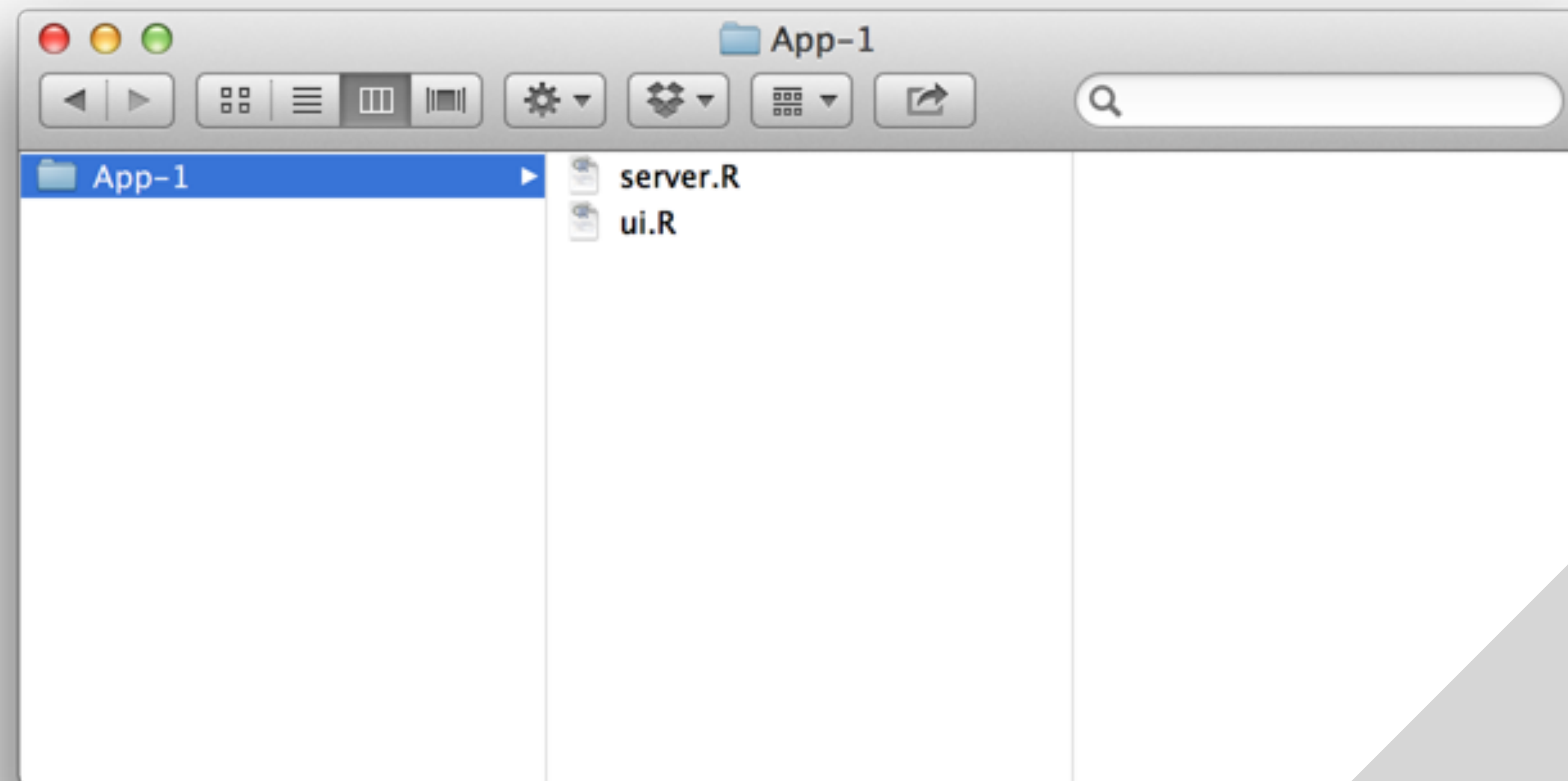
**We will focus on
the single file
format
throughout the
workshop**



You must use this
exact name (**app.R**)
for deploying the app

Multiple files

- One directory with every file the app needs:
 - `ui.R` and `server.R`
 - datasets, images, css, helper scripts, etc.



You must use these exact names

Deploying your app



shinyapps.io

- A server maintained by RStudio
- Easy to use, secure, and scalable
- Built-in metrics
- Free tier available



Shiny Server

- Free and open source
- Deploy Shiny apps to the internet
- Run on-premises: move computation closer to the data
- Host multiple apps on one server
- Deploy inside the firewall



Shiny Server Pro / RStudio Connect

- Secure access and authentication
- Performance: fine tune at app and server level
- Management: monitor and control resource use
- Direct priority support

