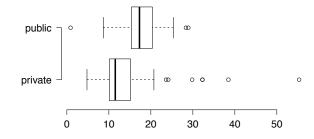
Application exercise 1.4: Randomization testing

Submit your responses on Sakai, under the appropriate assignment. Only one submission per team is required. One team will be randomly selected and their responses will be discussed.

Student-to-faculty ratio data collected from random samples of public and private four-year colleges:

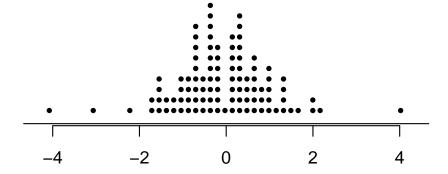
	public	private
mean	18	14
sd	4.6	7.3
\overline{n}	57	85



- 1. We would like to test if there is a *difference* between the average student-to-faculty ratio between public and private four-year colleges using a randomization test. What are the hypotheses?
- 2. Fill in the blanks below for the appropriate set up for this test:

We write the student-to-faculty ratio of each public and private college in this sample on a total of ______ index cards. Then, we shuffle these cards and split them into two groups: one group of size ______ representing public colleges, and another group of size ______ representing private colleges. We calculate the difference between the average student-to-faculty ratios in the public and private colleges $(\bar{x}_{public} - \bar{x}_{private})$ and record this value. We repeat this many times to build a randomization distribution, which should be centered at ______ . Lastly, we calculate the p-value as the proportion of simulations where the simulated differences in means are ______.

3. The dot plot below is created using 100 simulations. What is the p-value?



4. Based on the p-value, do these data provide convincing evidence to suggest that the student-to-faculty ratio in public four-year colleges is different than that of private four-year colleges.