Validation of the MadAnalysis 5 implementation of CMS-EXO-16-012

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1 Setup

In this document, the MadAnalysis 5 implementation of search for associated production of dark matter with a Higgs boson decaying to $b\bar{b}$ or $\gamma\gamma$ at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV (2.3 fb⁻¹), (see also arXiv:1703.05236) is validated.

For this purpose, model UFO, MG5 cards, and a pythia8 card for Monte Carlo production were provided by CMS to generate events with MadGraph MG5_aMC, showered with Pythia 8

This paper is written in the context of Z'-two-Higgs-doublet model, where a high-mass resonance Z' decays into a pseudoscalar boson A and a CP-even scalar Higgs boson, and the A decays to a pair of dark matter particles.

To generate signal sample, model UFO files is provided by CMS. From the CMS genproduction gitbub repository one can retrieve the cards used for MadGraph MG5_aMC event generation for each mass point of Z'. The run card used in MadGraph MG5_aMC and proc card were retrieved from there. Also we applied some custom settings according to the mass of Z'. Some examples for a mass point $M_{Zp} = 1000$ MeV is presented in appendix A. To see full information, please look at linked github pages.

Since MadGraph MG5_aMC cannot handle the decay of standard model higgs properly, higgs decay and parton shower was handled by Pythia 8. For example, specific Pythia 8 card is used in this process. The pythia settings are then retrieved from the CMS software github repository:

- Pythia8CUEP8M1Settings and
- Pythia8CommonSettings. Also:
- The genfragment file is used.

Models studied are shown in 1. For further theoretical aspects of this model, see the paper arXiv:1402.7074

2 CUT FLOW 2

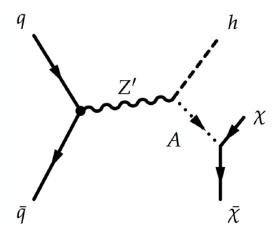


Figure 1: The Z' 2HDM model with pseudoscalar A

For detector simulation, we used Delphes 3 with latest version of delphes card used for CMS EXO-16-037 recasting. The difference between custom card and default card is presented in appendix B. We added some lines to make nertralino not to deposit energy on calorimeter.

2 Cut flow

This analysis is a diphoton, missing transverse momentum and zero lepton analysis. Unfortunately we couldn't find out detailed cutflow. Here we present the product of acceptance and efficiency for signal in the SR for each mass point only. The error is defined as $(1 - (A \cdot \epsilon)^{MA5}/(A \cdot \epsilon)^{CMS})$ (%)

Acceptance \times efficiency $(A \cdot \epsilon)$			
$m_{Z_p} \; (\mathrm{MeV})$	CMS EXO-16-012	MA5	Error
600	0.317 ± 0.004	0.317 ± 0.001	0 %
800	0.399 ± 0.004	0.410 ± 0.001	-2.8 %
1000	0.444 ± 0.004	0.441 ± 0.001	0.6~%
1200	0.474 ± 0.004	0.343 ± 0.001	27.6 %
1400	0.492 ± 0.004	0.221 ± 0.001	55.1~%
1700	0.493 ± 0.004	0.129 ± 0.0004	73.8~%
2000	0.351 ± 0.004	0.082 ± 0.0002	76.4~%
2500	0.213 ± 0.004	0.046 ± 0.0001	78.4~%

3 Distributions of observables

Since missing transverse energy is important, we overlayed

Appendices

A MadGraph MG5_aMC and Pythia 8 card settings

```
import model Zp2HDM
generate p p > Zp > h A0, A0 > n1 n1^{\sim}
output Zprime_A0h_A0chichi_MZp1000_MA0300 -nojpeg
set param_card mass 32 1000
set param_card mass 26 300
set param_card mass 27 300
set param_card mass 28 300
set param_card ZpINPUTS 1 1
set param_card ZpINPUTS 2 0.8
set param_card DECAY 32 20.22504
set param_card DECAY 28 8.95228
####From the run card
 'lhapdf'
           = pdlabel
                           ! PDF set
 263400
           = lhaid
                         ! if pdlabel=lhapdf, this is the lhapdf number
####In the shower card
!CUEP8M1 Tune
SLHA: minMassSM = 1000.
SLHA: keepSM=on
SLHA: useDecayTable = off
Main: times Allow Errors = 10000
MultipartonInteractions:expPow=1.6
MultipartonInteractions:ecmPow=2.5208
MultipartonInteractions: pT0Ref = 2.4024
ParticleDecays: limitTau0=on
Particle Decays: allow Photon Radiation \!\!=\!\! on
ParticleDecays:tau0Max=10
Check: epTolErr = 1.000000000000e - 02
Tune: ee=7
Tune: pp=14
!This is for decay mode
25:m0 = 125.0
25: onMode = off
25: OnIfMatch=22 22
```

B Delphes card settings

```
# MC truth jet finder
module FastJetFinder GenJetFinder {
 set InputArray NeutrinoFilter/filteredParticles
 set OutputArray jets
 # algorithm: 1 CDFJetClu, 2 MidPoint, 3 SIScone, 4 kt, 5 Cambridge/Aachen, 6
     antikt
 set JetAlgorithm 6
 set ParameterR 0.4
 set JetPTMin 20.0
# Jet finder
module FastJetFinder FastJetFinder {
# set InputArray Calorimeter/towers
 set InputArray EFlowMerger/eflow
 set OutputArray jets
 # algorithm: 1 CDFJetClu, 2 MidPoint, 3 SIScone, 4 kt, 5 Cambridge/Aachen, 6
     antikt
 set JetAlgorithm 6
 set ParameterR 0.4
 set JetPTMin 20.0
# b-tagging
module BTagging BTagging {
 set JetInputArray JetEnergyScale/jets
 set BitNumber 0
 # add EfficiencyFormula {abs(PDG code)} {efficiency formula as a function of
    eta and pt}
 # PDG code = the highest PDG code of a quark or gluon inside DeltaR cone
    around jet axis
 # gluon's PDG code has the lowest priority
```

```
add Efficiency
Formula \{0\} { (pt >= 30.0 && pt < 130.0) * (0.124 - 1.0*10^-3*pt
      + 1.06*10^{-} - 5*pt^{2} - 3.18*10^{-} - 8*pt^{3} + 3.13*10^{-} - 11*pt^{4} +
                                 (pt >= 130.0) * (0.055 + 4.53*10^-4*pt -
                                     1.60*10^{-7}*pt^{2}
  add EfficiencyFormula \{4\} { (pt >= 30.0 && pt <205.0) * (0.40 + 1.23*10^{-} - 3*pt)
     -4.60*10^{-}6*pt^{2} + 5.71*10^{-}9*pt^{3} +
                                 (pt >= 205.0) * (0.478 + 1.573*10^-4*pt)
  add EfficiencyFormula \{5\} { (pt >= 30.0 && pt < 150.0) * (0.707 + 5.6*10^{\circ} - 3*pt
      -\ 6.27*10^{^{^{\circ}}}-5*pt^{^{^{\circ}}}2\ +\ 3.10*10^{^{^{\circ}}}-7*pt^{^{^{\circ}}}3\ -\ 5.63*10^{^{^{\circ}}}-10*pt^{^{^{\circ}}}4)\ +
                                 (pt >= 150.0) * (0.906 - 6.39*10^-5*pt +
                                     4.11*10^-8*pt^2
# ECAL
add EnergyFraction {18} {0.0}
# HCAL
add EnergyFraction {18} {0.0}
```