

Validation of the **MadAnalysis 5** implementation of CMS-EXO-16-012

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1 Setup

In this document, the **MadAnalysis 5** implementation of search for associated production of dark matter with a Higgs boson decaying to $b\bar{b}$ or $\gamma\gamma$ at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV (2.3 fb^{-1}), (see also arXiv:1703.05236) is validated.

For this purpose, model UFO, MG5 cards, and a pythia8 card for Monte Carlo production were provided by CMS to generate events with **MadGraph MG5_aMC**, showered with **Pythia 8**

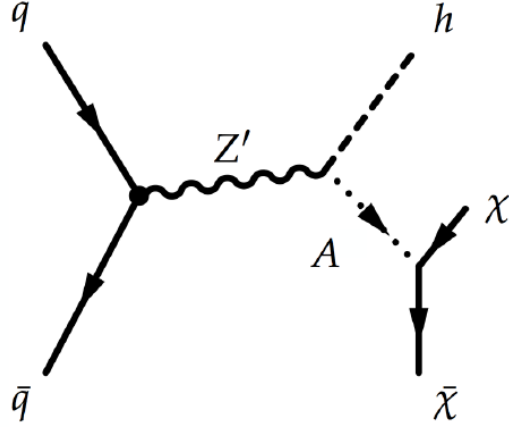
This paper is written in the context of Z' -two-Higgs-doublet model, where a high-mass resonance Z' decays into a pseudoscalar boson A and a CP-even scalar Higgs boson, and the A decays to a pair of dark matter particles.

To generate signal sample, model UFO files is provided by CMS. From the CMS genproduction github repository one can retrieve the cards used for **MadGraph MG5_aMC** event generation for each mass point of Z' . The run card used in **MadGraph MG5_aMC** and proc card were retrieved from there. Also we applied some custom settings according to the mass of Z' . Some examples for a mass point $M_{Z'} = 1000$ MeV is presented in appendix A. To see full information, please look at linked github pages.

Since **MadGraph MG5_aMC** cannot handle the decay of standard model higgs properly, higgs decay and parton shower was handled by **Pythia 8**. For example, specific **Pythia 8** card is used in this process. The pythia settings are then retrieved from the CMS software github repository:

- **Pythia8CUEP8M1Settings** and
- **Pythia8CommonSettings**. Also:
- The genfragment file is used.

Models studied are shown in 1. For further theoretical aspects of this model, see the paper arXiv:1402.7074

Figure 1: The Z' 2HDM model with pseudoscalar A

For detector simulation, we used **Delphes 3** with latest version of delphes card used for CMS EXO-16-037 recasting. The difference between custom card and default card is presented in appendix B. We added some lines to make neutralino not to deposit energy on calorimeter.

2 Cut flow

This analysis is a diphoton, missing transverse momentum and zero lepton analysis. Unfortunately we couldn't find out detailed cutflow. Here we present acceptance for each mass point only.

m_{Z_p} (MeV)	CMS EXO-16-012	MA5	Error
600	0.317 ± 0.004	0	0
800	0.399 ± 0.004	0	0
1000	0.444 ± 0.004	0	0
1200	0.474 ± 0.004	0	0
1400	0.492 ± 0.004	0	0
1700	0.493 ± 0.004	0	0
2000	0.351 ± 0.004	0	0
2500	0.213 ± 0.004	0	0

3 Distributions of observables

Since missing transverse energy is important, we overlayed

Appendices

A MadGraph MG5_aMC and Pythia 8 card settings

```

import model Zp2HDM
generate p p > Zp > h A0, A0 > n1 n1~
output Zprime_A0h_A0chichi_MZp1000_MA0300 -nojpeg

set param_card mass 32 1000
set param_card mass 26 300
set param_card mass 27 300
set param_card mass 28 300
set param_card ZpINPUTS 1 1
set param_card ZpINPUTS 2 0.8
set param_card DECAY 32 20.22504
set param_card DECAY 28 8.95228

####From the run card

'lhpdf' = pdlabel      ! PDF set
263400  = lhaid        ! if pdlabel=lhpdf, this is the lhpdf number

####In the shower card
!CUEP8M1 Tune
SLHA:minMassSM=1000.
SLHA:keepSM=on
SLHA:useDecayTable = off
Main:timesAllowErrors=10000
MultipartonInteractions:expPow=1.6
MultipartonInteractions:ecmPow=2.5208
MultipartonInteractions:pT0Ref=2.4024
ParticleDecays:limitTau0=on
ParticleDecays:allowPhotonRadiation=on
ParticleDecays:tau0Max=10
Check:epTolErr=1.0000000000e-02
Tune:ee=7
Tune:pp=14

!This is for decay mode
25:m0 = 125.0
25:onMode=off
25:OnIfMatch=22 22

```

B Delphes card settings

```
#####
# MC truth jet finder
#####

module FastJetFinder GenJetFinder {
  set InputArray NeutrinoFilter/filteredParticles

  set OutputArray jets

  # algorithm: 1 CDFJetClu, 2 MidPoint, 3 SIScone, 4 kt, 5 Cambridge/Aachen, 6
  antikt
  set JetAlgorithm 6
  set ParameterR 0.4

  set JetPTMin 20.0
}

#####
# Jet finder
#####

module FastJetFinder FastJetFinder {
# set InputArray Calorimeter/towers
  set InputArray EFlowMerger/eflow

  set OutputArray jets

  # algorithm: 1 CDFJetClu, 2 MidPoint, 3 SIScone, 4 kt, 5 Cambridge/Aachen, 6
  antikt
  set JetAlgorithm 6
  set ParameterR 0.4

  set JetPTMin 20.0
}

#####
# b-tagging
#####

module BTagging BTagging {
  set JetInputArray JetEnergyScale/jets

  set BitNumber 0

  # add EfficiencyFormula {abs(PDG code)} {efficiency formula as a function of
  eta and pt}
  # PDG code = the highest PDG code of a quark or gluon inside DeltaR cone
  around jet axis
  # gluon's PDG code has the lowest priority
}
```

```

add EfficiencyFormula {0} { (pt >= 30.0 && pt < 130.0) * (0.124 - 1.0*10^-3*pt
+ 1.06*10^-5*pt^2 - 3.18*10^-8*pt^3 + 3.13*10^-11*pt^4) +
                                (pt >= 130.0) * (0.055 + 4.53*10^-4*pt -
                                1.60*10^-7*pt^2) }

add EfficiencyFormula {4} { (pt >= 30.0 && pt < 205.0) * (0.40 + 1.23*10^-3*pt
- 4.60*10^-6*pt^2 + 5.71*10^-9*pt^3) +
                                (pt >= 205.0) * (0.478 + 1.573*10^-4*pt)}

add EfficiencyFormula {5} { (pt >= 30.0 && pt < 150.0) * (0.707 + 5.6*10^-3*pt
- 6.27*10^-5*pt^2 + 3.10*10^-7*pt^3 - 5.63*10^-10*pt^4) +
                                (pt >= 150.0) * (0.906 - 6.39*10^-5*pt +
                                4.11*10^-8*pt^2) }
}

#####
#   ECAL
#####

add EnergyFraction {18} {0.0}

#####
#   HCAL
#####

add EnergyFraction {18} {0.0}

```