## MA331 Homework 01

**Problem 1.** Complete the following problems for the sample of two variables (X, Y) by using R.

$$(0.2, 1.1), (1.2, 2.3), (0.9, 1.1), (2.2, 3.6), (3.2, 0.1), (0.3, 1.0), (1.7, 6.9)$$
  
 $(3.1, 4.8), (2.3, 6.5), (1.5, 7.8), (2.5, 5.8), (3.0, 8.0), (2.6, 9.4), (9.0, 9.8).$ 

- (i) Plot the histogram, pie chart of X and Y, respectively, and then describe their distributions. (Hint: Since histogram and pie chart are for categorical variables, numerical observation ought to be grouped before applying the two functions.)
- (ii) For X and Y, build the box-plot, compute their five-number summaries and variances, respectively. Are there any outliers of X and Y, respectively?
- (iii) Produce the scatter plot of (X, Y) and evaluate their correlation coefficient. Qualitatively describe the linear association between X and Y.
- (iv) Are there any outliers of (X, Y)? If yes, remove them and compute the correlation coefficient again.
- (v) What difference do you observed between the numerical results in (iii) and (iv)?
- (vi) Produce the normal QQ plots for observations of X and Y, respectively, and then determine which one is more likely to be of normal distribution?

**Problem 2.** For  $x_1, \dots, x_n$ , show that

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i - \bar{x})^2 = \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i^2 - n\bar{x}^2$$

and thus

$$\frac{1}{n}\sum_{i=1}^{n}(x_i-\bar{x})^2=\frac{1}{n}\sum_{i=1}^{n}x_i^2-\bar{x}^2.$$