結構生物資訊期末報告

一、研究動機

本學期意外在學校跌倒,導致半月板撕裂,膝蓋功能大幅衰退,需進行手術修補,也讓我認識到膝蓋周邊的組織重要性。半月板是膝關節內的纖維軟骨,負責關節與關節間的緩衝且可控制旋轉度而穩定膝關節[1],破裂時會影響膝蓋運作,並加速膝關節退化[2]。增生療法治療(prolotherapy)如:platelet rich plasma(PRP)治療取血小板中富含修復組織所需的生長因子,提供自體修復[3],因不須開刀而成為許多運動員的治療選項。然而,其高昂的價格使病患未必負擔得起,因此本研究將對bone morphogenetic protein(BMP2)進行分析與討論,其已被證實可作為軟骨形成因子[4],期許能對該領域有更佳的認識,提升增生療法的使用性與廣泛性。

二、序列層級分析

使用BLAST尋找BMP2的homologous proteins, 因許多物種的BMP2相似性大於90%, 故選擇相似性小於95%且query cover不等於100%的gene共9個, 並對其進行multiple sequence alignment(MSA)

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1 MVAGT--RCLLALLLPQVLLGGAADLIPELGRRKFAASTGLS--SSQPSDDVLSEFELRLLSMFGLKQRPTPSRDAVVPP 76

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Z ACJ56547.1 77 YMLDLYRRHSGOPGAPAPDHRLERAASLANTVRSFHHEESLEELPEMSGKTTRRFFFNLTSIPTEEFITSAELOVFREOV 156

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✓ ACJ50547.1

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    ☑ XP 060140626.1
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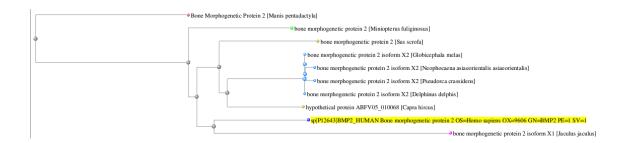
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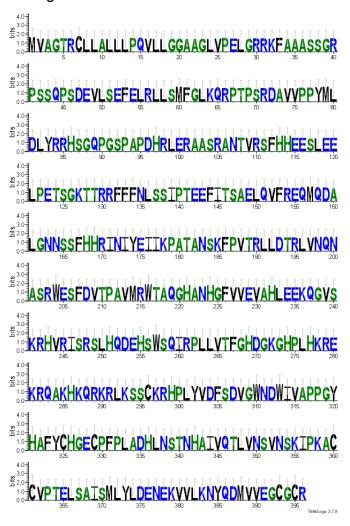
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▼ KAI5277791.1 318 PGYHAFYCHGECPFPLADHLNSTNHAIVQTLVNSVNSKIPKACCVPTELSAISMLYLDENEK
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distance tree:



weblogo 3:視覺化呈現序列保守性, 協助識別motif



meme suite:找尋序列中已知的motif

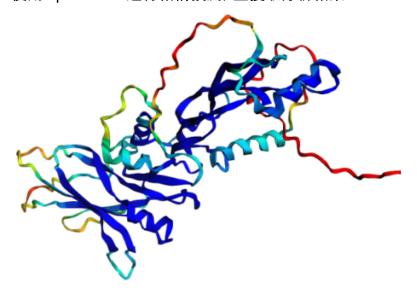


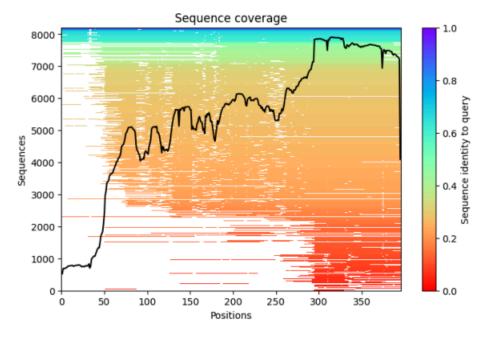
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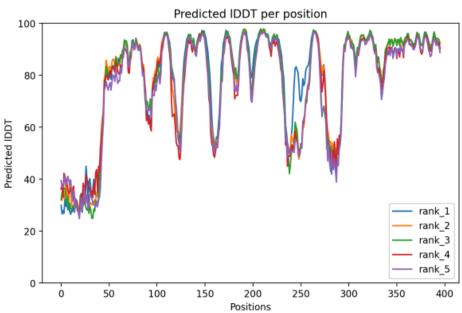
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C	Cysteine	0.0202
D	Aspartic acid	0.0379
E	Glutamic acid	0.0657
F	Phenylalanine	0.0429
G	Glycine	0.0556
H	Histidine	0.053
I	Isoleucine	0.0303
K	Lysine	0.048
L	Leucine	0.0985
M	Methionine	0.0177
N	Asparagine	0.0404
	Proline	0.0631
Q	Glutamine	0.0404
R	Arginine	0.0783
S	Serine	0.0884
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Y	Tyrosine	0.0202

三、結構層級分析

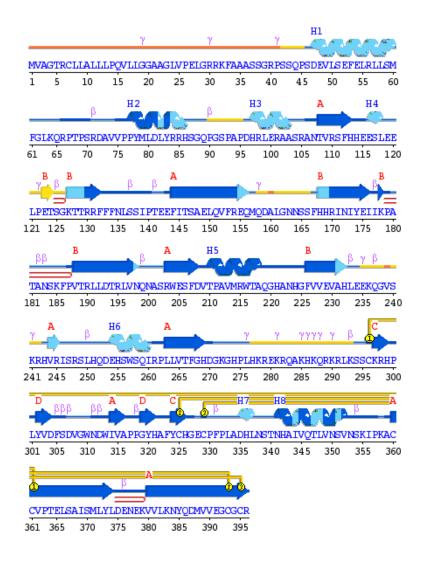
使用alpha fold 2進行結構預測, 並獲取分析結果



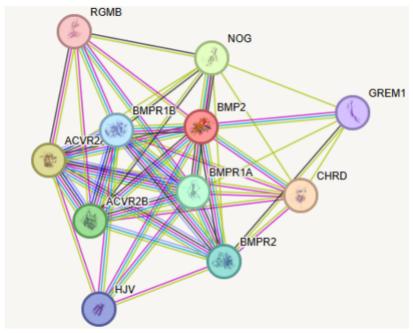


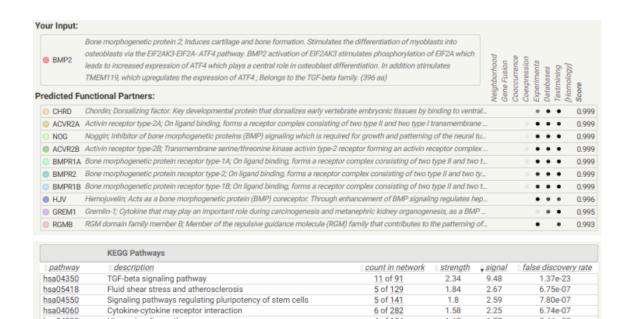


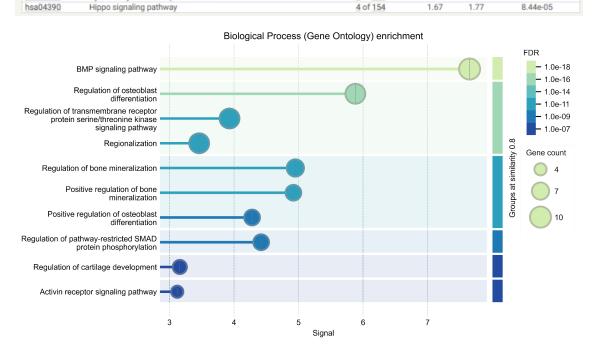
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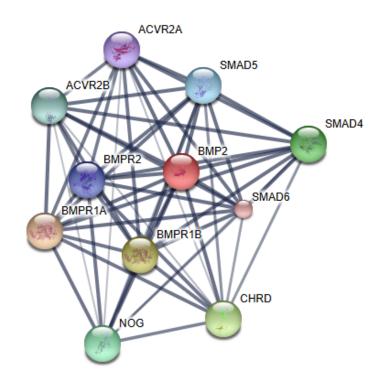
四、pathway分析 STRING:protein-protein interaction的數據庫







STITCH:chemicals-protein interaction的數據庫



KEGG:涵蓋細胞層級網路、酵素反應、genome等資料庫

Pathway	map04060 Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction
	map04350 TGF-beta signaling pathway
	map04390 Hippo signaling pathway
	map05200 Pathways in cancer
	map05217 Basal cell carcinoma
Disease	H00482 Brachydactyly
	H02481 Syndromic disorder with short stature

五、virtual screening

六、統整與結論

1. 序列層級分析

BLAST和Motif分析可知BMP2帶有TGF-beta domain且在不同物種中高度保守,代表了其對骨骼與軟骨發育的重要性,並作為調控因子在進化中扮演關鍵的角色。

2. 結構層級分析

了解protein結構以及特定氨基酸殘基的位置, 能在基因工程或藥物設計時, 了解受體或ligand的特定結合區域, 增加研發效率。

3. pathway分析

BMP2與其他骨與軟骨生成的相關蛋白如:SMAD、ACVR彼此具有高可信度的交互作用,提供治療的方向。而TGF-beta也是其中的關鍵,在骨生成、組織修復具重要作用,可能促進軟骨及基質生成。

綜上所述, BMP2是一種高度保守的多功能蛋白, 其序列與結構特徵支持了它在骨骼和軟骨修復中的核心作用。通過 pathway分析可以看出, BMP2通過調控TGF-beta訊號傳遞中的關鍵節點, 參與了組織修復及再生過程。這些研究結果表明, BMP2在半月板修復中具有潛力, 可作為未來治療策略的新方向, 並進一步探索其與其他protein或化合物的交互作用。

七、心得

本次報告最令我有感的是,在分析生物資訊的數據時,時常會有許多可能的結果,如何選擇有用的資料並進行分析是件不容易的事。此外,有關人體的調控非常複雜,protein間的關係環環相扣,該如何尋找切入點也是門學問。也期許未來能出現有效治療膝關節相關疾病的治療方法,造福更多患者。

八、資料來源

[1]https://www.rah.com.tw/page/news/show.aspx?num=3366&kind=35&page=1&lang=TW

[2]https://kb.commonhealth.com.tw/library/52.html#data-9-collapse

[3]https://www.vghtc.gov.tw/UnitPage/RowViewDetail?WebRowsID=04766cfc-0731-4 b75-8893-da969aa73518&UnitID=ed2fa610-1b99-4a70-b977-918c87e28e25&Compan yID=e8e0488e-54a0-44bf-b10c-d029c423f6e7&UnitDefaultTemplate=1

[4]Claus, S., Aubert-Foucher, E., Demoor, M., Camuzeaux, B., Paumier, A., Piperno, M., ... & Mallein-Gerin, F. (2010). Chronic exposure of bone morphogenetic protein-2 favors chondrogenic expression in human articular chondrocytes amplified in monolayer cultures. Journal of cellular biochemistry, 111(6), 1642-1651.