#### CSCI 3104 Spring 2022 Instructors: Profs. Chen and Layer

# Problem Set 0

Due D	teJanuary 18, 202	2
Name	te	e
Studen	ID	D
	rators List Your Collaborators Her	
Cont	ents	
1 Ins	ructions	1
2 Ho	or Code (Make Sure to Virtually Sign)	1
3 <b>№</b> T	X Intro	3
3.1	Problem 2	3
3.2	Problem 3	4
3.3	Problem 4	5
3.4	Problem 5	6

### 1 Instructions

- The solutions **should be typed**, using proper mathematical notation. We cannot accept hand-written solutions. Here's a short intro to LATEX.
- You should submit your work through the **class Canvas page** only. Please submit one PDF file, compiled using this LATEX template.
- You may not need a full page for your solutions; pagebreaks are there to help Gradescope automatically find where each problem is. Even if you do not attempt every problem, please submit this document with no fewer pages than the blank template (or Gradescope has issues with it).
- You are welcome and encouraged to collaborate with your classmates, as well as consult outside resources. You must cite your sources in this document. Copying from any source is an Honor Code violation. Furthermore, all submissions must be in your own words and reflect your understanding of the material. If there is any confusion about this policy, it is your responsibility to clarify before the due date.
- Posting to any service including, but not limited to Chegg, Reddit, StackExchange, etc., for help on an assignment is a violation of the Honor Code.
- You **must** virtually sign the Honor Code (see Section 2). Failure to do so will result in your assignment not being graded.

## 2 Honor Code (Make Sure to Virtually Sign)

**Problem 1.** • My submission is in my own words and reflects my understanding of the material.

- Any collaborations and external sources have been clearly cited in this document.
- I have not posted to external services including, but not limited to Chegg, Reddit, StackExchange, etc.

• I have neither copied nor provided others solutions they can copy.

Agreed (signature here). I agree to the above, Mia Nguyen

# 3 LATEX Intro

## 3.1 Problem 2

**Problem 2.** By default, text in LATEX is represented as normal text. To write math, we put it between \$ signs, which is called math mode. This equation is in math mode:  $E = mc^2$ .

Please recreate the following image using LATEX:

Answer. My favorite function is  $f(x) = 2^x$ .

## 3.2 Problem 3

**Problem 3.** Commands are prefaced by a backslash, for example, in math mode, the command  $\$  theta creates the Greek letter theta, i.e.  $\theta$ .

Curly braces are used to group symbols together. For example, to write  $2^{a+b}$ , we write  $2^{a}$  a + b.

Please recreate the following image using LATEX:

*Proof.* Did you know that  $e^{\pi i} = -1$ ?

### 3.3 Problem 4

**Problem 4.** Some commands take one or more arguments, which go in curly braces immediately after the commands. For example, the command \textbf takes one argument and makes text bold.

In math mode, the command \sqrt takes one argument and places the square-root symbol around it. The \frac command takes two arguments, a numerator and a denominator, and creates a fraction.

Please recreate the following image using LATEX:

*Proof.* An **excellent** number is  $\frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2}$ .

### 3.4 Problem 5

**Problem 5.** To write math over multiple lines, we can use the align environment. It can be used as follows:

```
\begin{align*}
  16 &= 4 \cdot 4 \\
     &= 2^2 \cdot 2^2 \\
     &= 2^4 .
\end{align*}
```

This produces:

$$16 = 4 \cdot 4$$
$$= 2^2 \cdot 2^2$$
$$= 2^4.$$

The ampersand specifies where to align each row with the row above. The double-backslash creates a break to a new line.

Please recreate the following image using LATEX(hint: use the command \log):

Proof.

$$\log(abc) = \log(ab) + \log(c)$$
$$= \log(a) + \log(b) + \log(c)$$