

Sentiment Analysis

Week 12 – Code Practice

Professor: Misuk Kim
Teaching Assistant: Minjoo Son
minjoo77@hanyang.ac.kr



Contents

1. Introduction

2. Sentiment Analysis

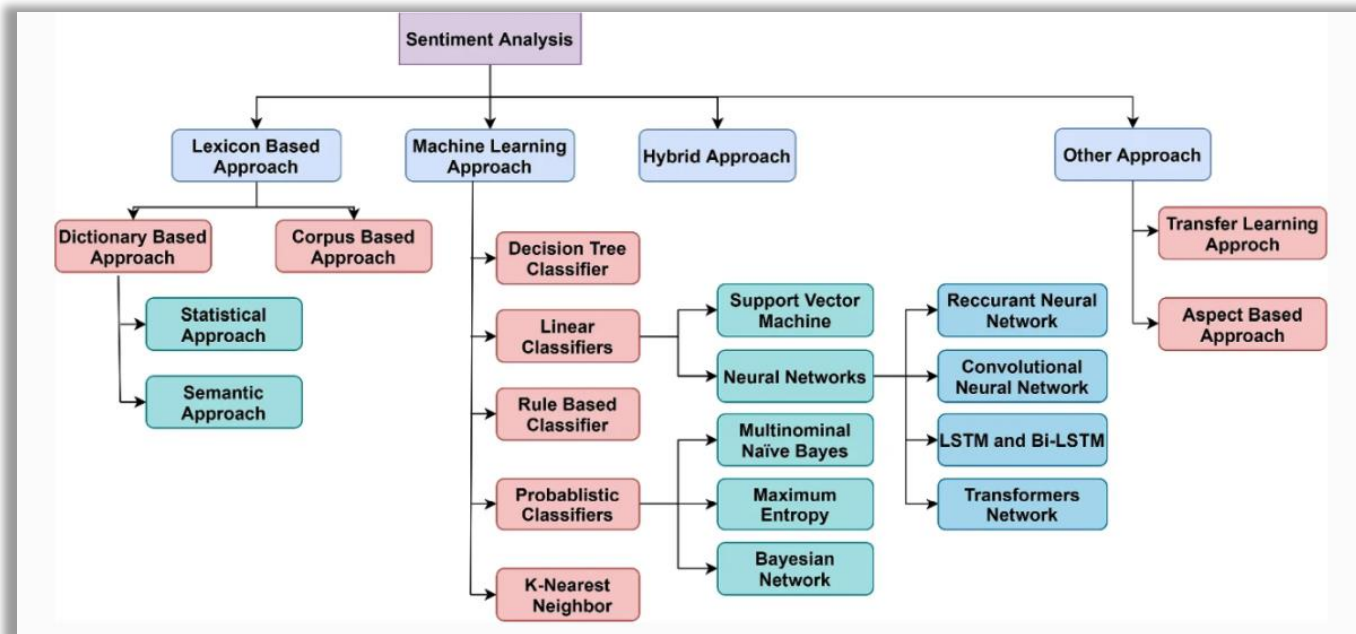
3. Assignment

❖ Week 12 Objective

- Sentiment Analysis
 - Lexicon-based
 - Machine learning-based through training

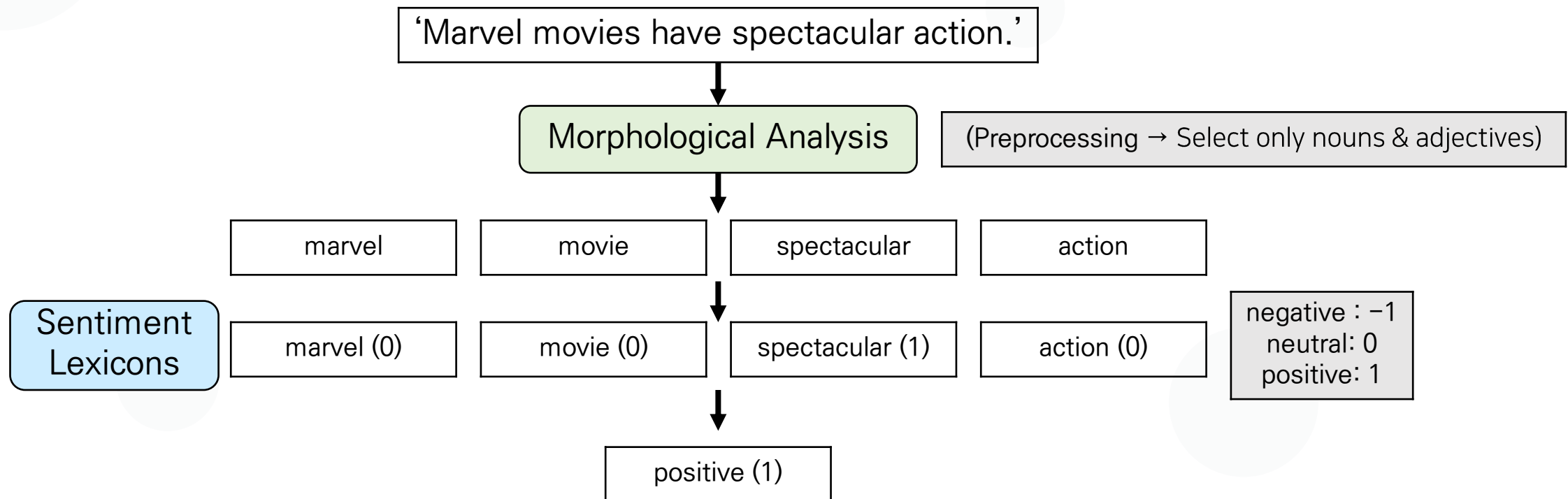
❖ Understanding Sentiment Analysis

- Sentiment analysis refers to the process of analyzing subjective information such as **opinions, evaluations, and attitudes expressed in text.**
- Sentiment is a subjective emotion towards a particular subject, usually classified into three categories: positive, neutral, and negative.
- There are various methodologies for sentiment analysis, which can generally be categorized into lexicon-based analysis and machine learning-based analysis.



❖ Lexicon-based Sentiment Analysis

- This method involves creating a sentiment lexicon by assigning positive or negative sentiments to words like nouns, adjectives, and verbs. Sentiment analysis is then performed using this lexicon.
- While lexicons can be built manually, external sentiment lexicons are often used due to the time and effort required for manual creation.

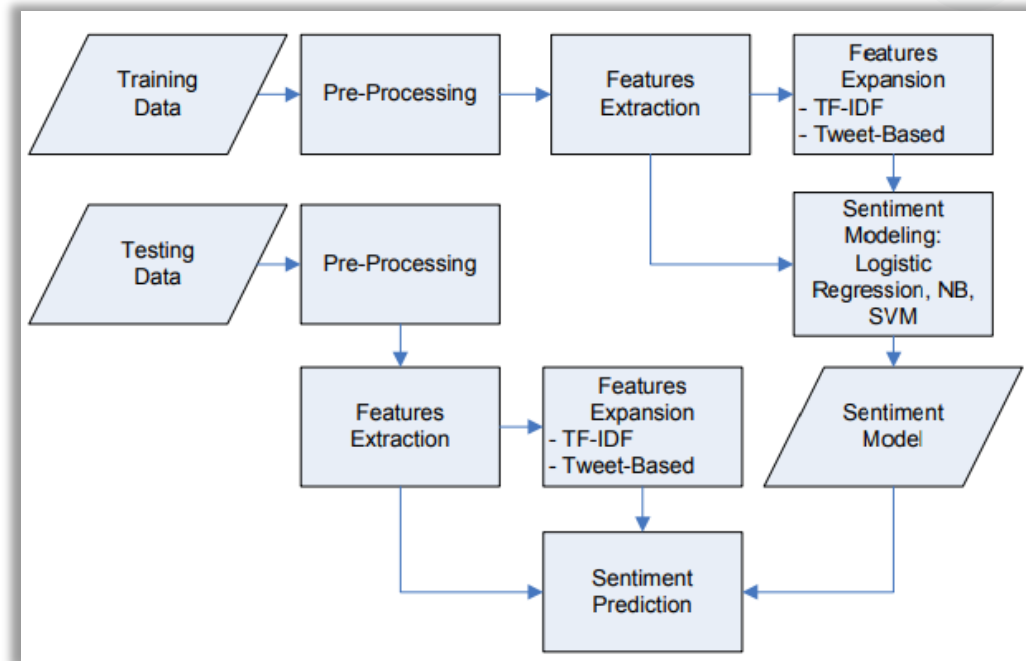


❖ Lexicon-based Sentiment Analysis

- Code Practice
- Codes on Github: <https://github.com/ming9oori/Unstructured-Data-Analysis>

❖ Sentiment Analysis Based on Machine Learning through Training

- To perform sentiment analysis using machine learning, a **labeled training dataset is needed**. For example, if analyzing movie reviews, the dataset should pair each review with a sentiment label.
- This is a document classification problem with classes like 'positive', 'negative', and 'neutral'.
- With the dataset, various classification algorithms can be used to train a model to predict sentiment.

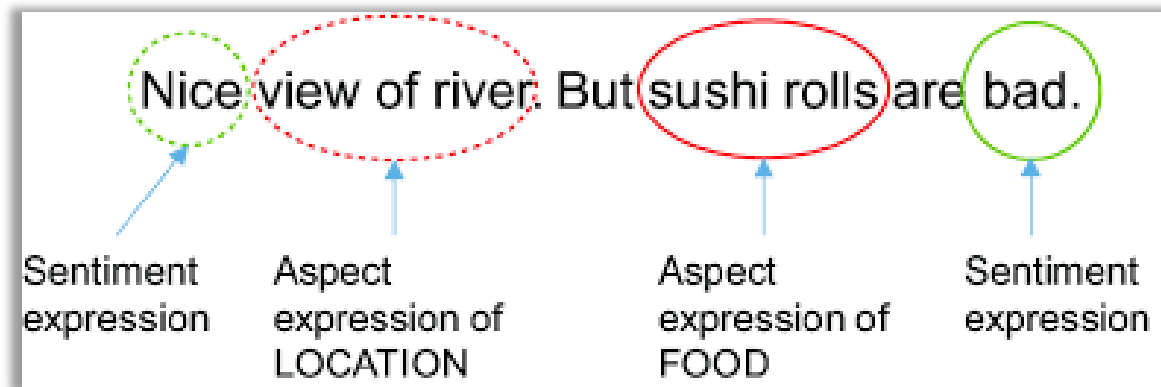


❖ Sentiment Analysis Based on Machine Learning through Training

- Code Practice
- Github repository: <https://github.com/ming9oori/Unstructured-Data-Analysis>

❖ Advanced: Aspect-Based Sentiment Analysis (ABSA)

- **Definition:** Classifying sentiment towards specific aspects (topics) in a text.
- **Importance:** A single text may contain multiple aspects, each requiring independent sentiment analysis.
- **Challenge:** Accurately aligning sentiment expressions with their corresponding aspects for effective opinion mining.



❖ Advanced: Sentiment Analysis using Pre-trained Language Models

- Reference link: https://medium.com/@manjindersingh_10145/sentiment-analysis-with-bert-using-huggingface-88e99deec9a

❖ Assignment 4 – Sentiment Analysis

- Choose **only one** of the two tasks below, complete it, and save the files as ‘Assignment_YourName_YourStudentID.ipynb’ and submit it to the ‘Code Practice Assignment 4 – Sentiment Analysis’ section under Assignments.
 - Download the ‘**Week 12 – Sentiment Analysis – Assignment Skeleton Code.ipynb**’ from the GitHub page and perform machine learning-based sentiment analysis on the IMDB review dataset.
 - Github repository: <https://github.com/ming9oori/Unstructured-Data-Analysis>
 - Follow the instructions in the link below to perform **Sentiment Analysis with BERT using Huggingface**.
 - Github repository: https://medium.com/@manjindersingh_10145/sentiment-analysis-with-bert-using-huggingface-88e99deec9a

과제	전체 성적의 10%
Code Practice Assignment 1 - Text Representation 달함 마감 10월 14일 오후 11:00 100 점	✓
Code Practice Assignment 2 - Dimensionality Reduction 달함 마감 10월 21일 오후 11:00 100 점	✓
Code Practice Assignment 3 - Document Classification 마감 11월 11일 오후 11:00 100 점	✓
Code Practice Assignment 4 - Sentiment Analysis 마감 11월 25일 오후 11:00 100 점	✓

Q & A

Thank you for your attention. Any questions are welcome!

Minjoo Son

