## Interview Questions (optional)

<b>3/3</b> points earned (100%)					
Excellent!					
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Course Home					
1/1 points					
=	esign a data type that supports insert in logarithmic time, find- nt time, and remove-the-median in logarithmic time.				
Note: these interview To get a hint, submit a	questions are ungraded and purely for your own enrichment. a solution.				
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## Thank you for your response.

*Hint*: maintain *two* binary heaps, one that is max-oriented and one that is min-oriented.



2.

Randomized priority queue. Describe how to add the methods sample() and delRandom() to our binary heap implementation. The two methods return a key that is chosen uniformly at random among the remaining keys, with the latter method also removing that key. The sample() method should take constant time; the delRandom() method should take logarithmic time. Do not worry about resizing the underlying array.

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Thank you for your response.



1/1 points

3.

**Taxicab numbers.** A *taxicab* number is an integer that can be expressed as the sum of two cubes of integers in two different ways:  $a^3 + b^3 = c^3 + d^3$ . For example,  $1729 = 9^3 + 10^3 = 1^3 + 12^3$ . Design an algorithm to find all taxicab numbers with a, b, c, and d less than n.

- Version 1: Use time proportional to  $n^2 \log n$  and space proportional to  $n^2$ .
- Version 2: Use time proportional to  $n^2 \log n$  and space proportional to n

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Thank you for your response.

Hints:

- Version 1: Form the sums  $a^3 + b^3$  and sort.
- Version 2: Use a min-oriented priority queue with n items.

