

## 448. Find All Numbers Disappeared in an Array

[Add to List](#)[Question](#)[Editorial Solution](#)[My Submissions \(/problems/find-all-numbers-disappeared-in-an-array/submissions/\)](#)

Total Accepted: **20926** Total Submissions: **38197** Difficulty: **Easy** Contributors: **yuhaowang001** (/yuhaowang001/)

Given an array of integers where  $1 \leq a[i] \leq n$  ( $n$  = size of array), some elements appear twice and others appear once.

Find all the elements of  $[1, n]$  inclusive that do not appear in this array.

Could you do it without extra space and in  $O(n)$  runtime? You may assume the returned list does not count as extra space.

**Example:**

**Input:**

[4,3,2,7,8,2,3,1]

**Output:**

[5,6]

[Subscribe \(/subscribe/\)](/subscribe/) to see which companies asked this question

[Show Tags](#)[Show Similar Problems](#)

Have you met this question in a real interview?

☐ Yes☐ No[Discuss \(https://discuss.leetcode.com/category/575\)](https://discuss.leetcode.com/category/575)[Top Solutions](#)[Pick One \(/problems/random-one-question/\)](/problems/random-one-question/)

C++



```
1 class Solution {
2 public:
3     vector<int> findDisappearedNumbers(vector<int>& nums) {
4         int n = nums.size();
5         vector<int> res;
6         for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){
7             int m = abs(nums[i]) - 1;
8             nums[m] = nums[m] < 0 ? nums[m] : -nums[m];
9         }
10        for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){
11            if(nums[i] > 0) res.push_back(i + 1);
12        }
13        return res;
14    }
15 };
```

Notes

Custom Testcase ☐

Contribute Testcase

[Run Code](#)[Submit Solution](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions \(/faq/\)](#) | [Terms of Service \(/tos/\)](#)

[Privacy](#)

Copyright © 2017 LeetCode