SETTING UP CYGWIN ON WINDOWS 7

Cygwin is a linux emulator that runs on the Windows operating system. Although Cygwin is not technically an operating system, it allows a windows user to have essentially the same functionality as a linux user.

Installing Cygwin on your Windows PC is usually quite easy, but some anti-virus software can interfere with it. I would first try to install Cygwin with your anti-virus software still running, and if your computer hangs during the install, you should try again with your anti-virus software turned off (for the install). Don't forget to turn it back on afterwards.

Here, I provide directions on how to download and install Cygwin on a Windows PC. On the pictures provided, blue circles indicate places I am highlighting in the tutorial.

1.0 DOWNLOAD CYGWIN FILES TO A LOCAL DIRECTORY

You many need to have administrator access in order to install Cygwin on your PC. I'm not sure because I haven't tried it as a standard user.

The first step is to download the install files unto your computer. These are temporary files, and you can manually delete them after you have installed Cygwin. I recommend having at least 5 GB available on your hard drive.

Create a directory to store these temporary files. This directory can be created anywhere. For my install, I created the following:

D:/CygwinInstall-2015-01-08/

Go to the Cygwin website: http://www.cygwin.com

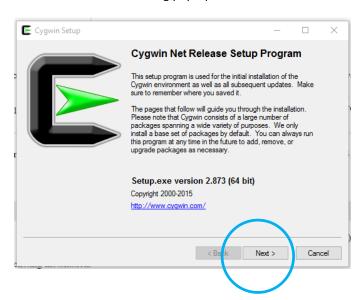
From there, click on the link for the installation program. Choose either 32-bit or 64-bit version, depending on your computer. I will assume that you are using a 64-bit computer (which is common for computers purchased within the last few years). See picture on next page.



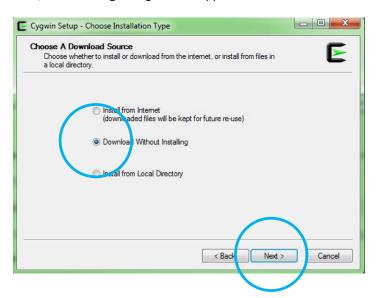
If you are using Internet explorer, you will see a dialog box asking whether you want to run or save the file. Choose Run. If you are using Chrome, you will first download it; then, manually run the setup file.



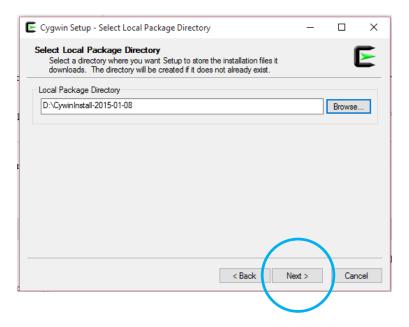
You should see the following pop-up screen. Select Next:



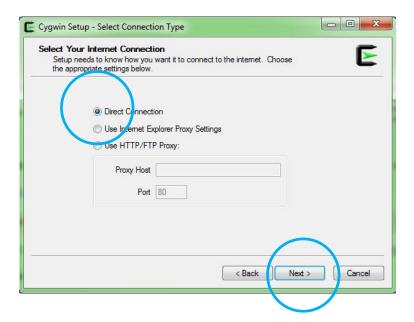
Next, the following dialog box will appear. Choose "Download without Installing" and choose "Next."



Next, you will choose the location of the directory that you created to store the temporary install files. Browse for and select this directory and then, click "Next."



The following screen should appear. Select "Direct Connection" and then, click "Next."



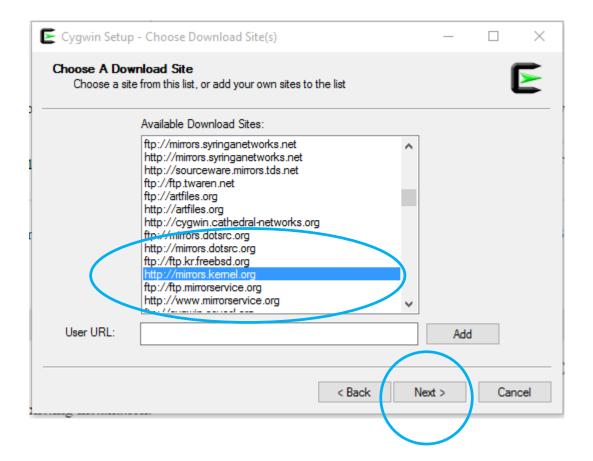
Okay, this next part can be tricky. The cygwin files are available from many different sites called "mirrors". Supposedly, each mirror contains the exact same files, but I have not found this to be fully true in my experience. Also, some mirrors are much faster than others, and this rarely has anything to do with how far away the mirror site is from your current location.

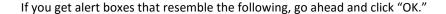
FYI-The following website provides a list of all of the current mirror sites and their locations.

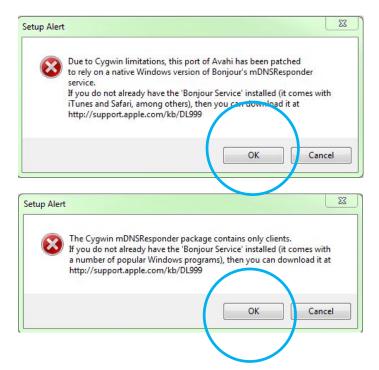
http://www.cygwin.com/mirrors.html

In my experience, the site from Palo Alto titled "mirrors.kernal.org" always seems to work well. Scroll down the list, and select "http://mirrors.kernal.org". Make sure it is the http site (not ftp or rsync). Sometimes though, this site gets hung up, so it may be useful to select 2 of them. You can select another by keeping the control key pressed while you select another. To be safe, lets also choose: http://mirrors.sonic.net

Then click "Next".







Next, the following will appear (see next page). What does this mean? Well, cygwin programs are packaged into collections of "packages", with each package providing a particular program, set of programs, or functionality. These packages are grouped into the categories shown on the screen. For example, the groups are labeled as Accessibility, Admin, Archive, Audio, Base, Database, etc.

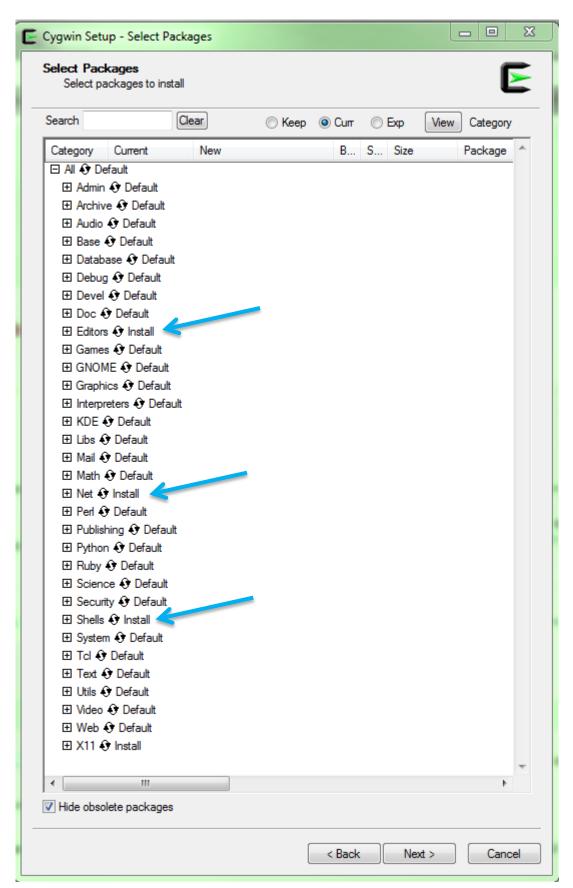
If you wanted to perform a full download of all packages, you would click the word "Default" listed after "All" at the top of the list. The reason we won't do this is because it would lead to a HUGE install. After you click once, (and perhaps wait a second or two), the words "default" would change to "install". The possible choices rotate through default, install, reinstall, and uninstall.

By default, cygwin will only install the bare minimum of packages with will provide basic operation of the operating system. We will need the default packages plus a few others.

We need to perform a full install of each of the following package groups:

Editors, Net, Shells

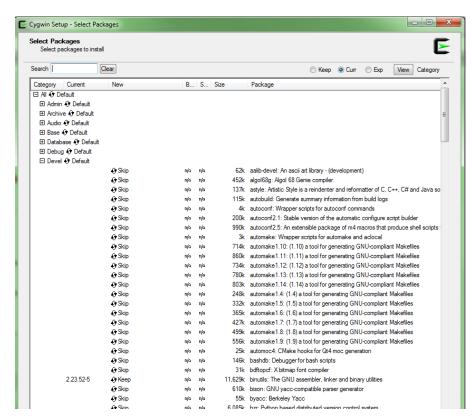
Click the word "Default" after each of the above package groups. **Important note**: After you click "Default", it may appear that nothing happens. If so, just wait a few seconds, and you will see the word change from "Default" to "Install". This is often where people screw up the install, because they keep clicking.



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Once, you have made sure **Editors**, **Shells**, and **Net** are switched from "Default" to "Install", we will drop into the **Devel** group to select the sub-packages required for the C-compiler. Click on the "+" before "**Devel**."

- Once you expand, you should see something like this:



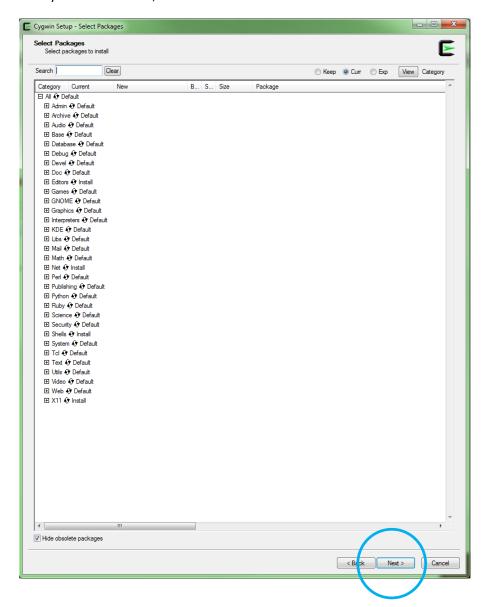
You can add packages by selecting the "Skip" icon, which turns it to some version number. Scroll down and do this for every package that starts with "gcc" (about 10 of them) and "gdb", and do this for the package called "make."

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Skip	n/a	n/a	1,305k	fossil: DVCS with built-in wiki, http server and issue tracker	C 0.
♦ 4.9.3-1	\times		13,601k	gcc-ada: GNU Compiler Collection (Ada)	s fi
♦ 4.9.3-1	\boxtimes		14,795k	gcc-core: GNU Compiler Collection (C, OpenMP)	
♦ 4.9.3-1	\boxtimes		5,970k	gcc-fortran: GNU Compiler Collection (Fortran)	
♦ 4.9.3-1	\boxtimes		8,009k	gcc-g++: GNU Compiler Collection (C++)	
♦ 4.9.3-1	\times		4,612k	gcc-objc: GNU Compiler Collection (Objective-C)	ws
♦ 4.9.3-1	\times		4,836k	gcc-objc++: GNU Compiler Collection (Objective-C++)	
⊕ 2.59-2	\times		425k	gcc-tools-epoch1-autoconf: (gcc-special) automatic configure script builder	
⊕ 1.9.6-2	\boxtimes		419k	gcc-tools-epoch1-automake: (gcc-special) a tool for generating GNU-compliant Mi	
⊕ 2.64-2	\times		712k	gcc-tools-epoch2-autoconf: (gcc-special) automatic configure script builder	
⊕ 1.11.6-1	\times		589k	gcc-tools-epoch2-automake: (gcc-special) a tool for generating GNU-compliant Mi	
⊕ 1.0.3-1	\times		6k	gccmakedep: X Makefile dependency tool for GCC	
⊕ 7.8-2	\times		2,454k	gdb: The GNU Debugger	ins
♦ Skip	n/a	n/a	24k	gendef: Generates exports definitions by analyzing DLLs.	
⊕ Skip	n/a	7/0	1,733k	gettest devel. CNU Internationalization development utilities	
♦ Skip	n/a	n/a	4,762k	git: Distributed version control system	

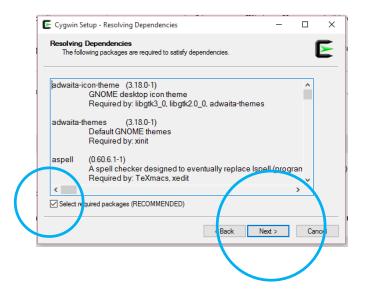
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	Skip	n/a	n/a	15k	libvorbis-devel: The Vorbis General Audio Compression Codec (Development)	
i.	Skip	n/a	n/a	111k	libXpm-noX-devel: X.Org X Pixmap library no X required (devel)	
	O Skin	nlo	nto	1,0196	lokalize: KDE gettevt catalog editor	
?	⊕ 4.1-1	\boxtimes		414k	make: The GNU version of the 'make' utility	
	Skip	n/a	n/a	30k	makedepend: X Makefile dependency tool	
ı	♠ Skip	n/a	n/a	29k	mate-common: Common development files for MATE Desktop packages	
	Skip	n/a	n/a	171k	mcpp: C/C++ preprocessor	
e	♠ Skip	n/a	n/a	1,747k	mercurial: Python based distributed version control system (DVCS)	ust
31	⊕ Skip	n/a	n/a	5,355k	mingw-binutils: Binutils for MinGW.org Win32 toolchain	

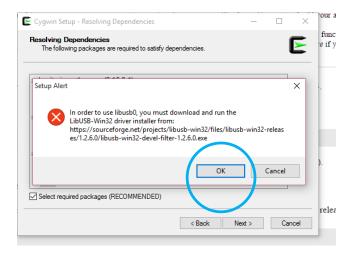
Once you have done this, click Next.



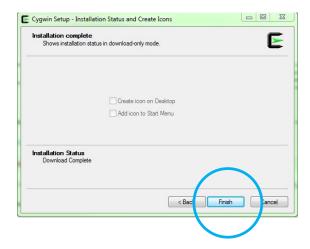
The following page may come up. If so, make sure "Install these packages to meet dependencies" is selected, and click "Next".



You may get the following pop-up. If so, click ok:



The download will begin, and it usually takes a long time. It could take 10-30 minutes or perhaps more with a fast internet connection. Once it has finished, the following box should come up. Click "Finish."



2.0 INSTALL CYGWIN

Now, you will need to install Cygwin. You will follow a similar procedure, as before.

Go back to the Cygwin webpage: http://www.cygwin.com

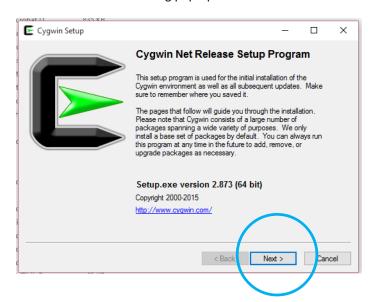
From there, click on the link for the installation program. Choose either 32-bit or 64-bit version, depending on your computer. I will assume that you are using a 64-bit computer (which is common for computers purchased within the last few years). See picture on next page.



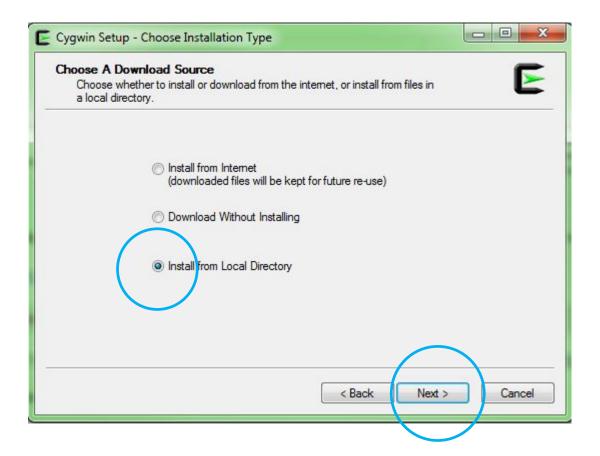
If you are using Internet explorer, you will see a dialog box asking whether you want to run or save the file. Choose Run.



You should see the following pop-up screen. Select Next:



The following should appear. Select "Install from Local Directory" and click "Next."



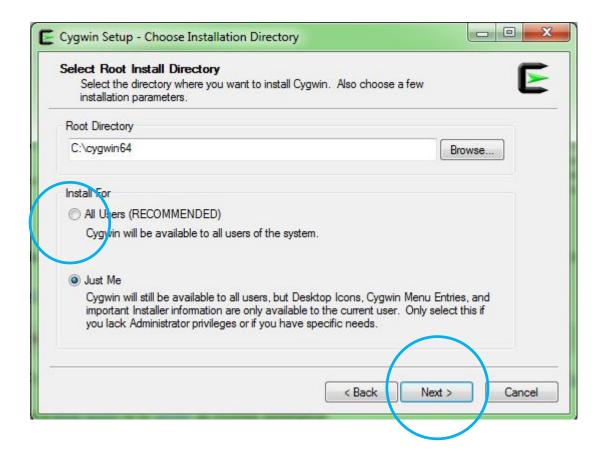
A window will appear that asks which directory to set as the root cygwin directory. This is where cywin will be **installed to**. In **cannot** be the same directory that contains the downloaded files; otherwise, you may have a real mess on your hands.

By default, Cygwin chooses a default directory:

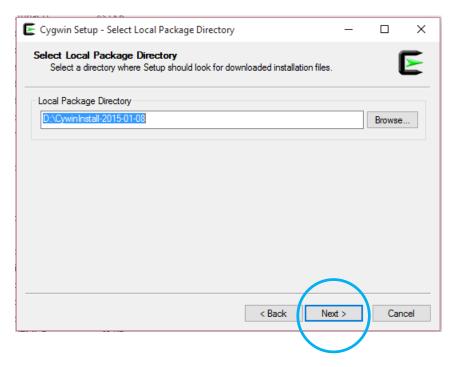
C:\cygwin64 (for the 64-bit version).

You can change the directory, if you would like.

Click "Just Me," or "All Users". I prefer "All Users", but it depends on how you use your machine. Then, click "Next."



Next, browse for the directory that you downloaded the temporary install files to, and click "Next".



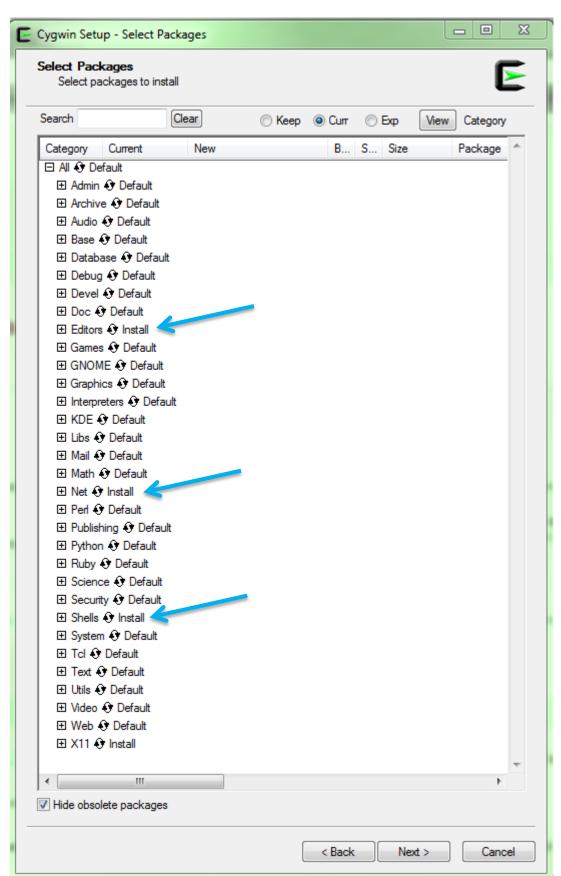
Like before, you will then need to go through and select packages. Same procedure as before.

We need to perform a full install of the following package groups:

Editors, Net, Shells

Click the word "Default" after each of the above package groups. **Important note**: After you click "Default", it may appear that nothing happens. If so, just wait a few seconds, and you will see the word change from "Default" to "Install". This is often where people screw up the install, because they keep clicking.

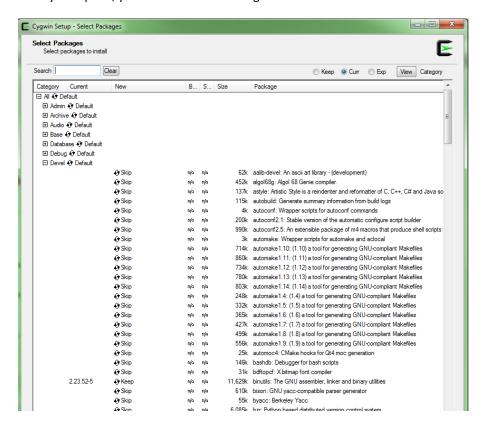
(See next page)



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Once, you have made sure **Editors**, **Shells**, and **Net** are switched from "Default" to "Install", we will drop into the **Devel** group to select the sub-packages required for the C-compiler. Click on the "+" before "**Devel**."

- Debug Default
 Devel Default
 Doc Default
 Editors Install
 Games Default
 GNOME Default
 Graphics Default
 Interpreters Default
- Once you expand, you should see something like this:



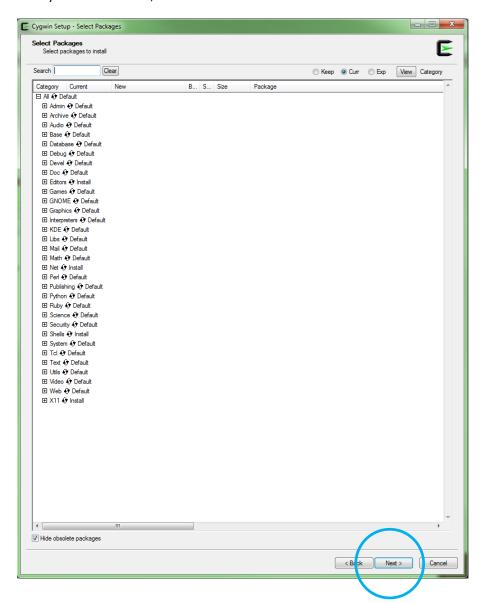
You can add packages by selecting the "Skip" icon, which turns it to something else (maybe a number). In my case, it shows "Keep" because I had already installed these packages.

Scroll down and do this for every package that starts with "gcc" (about 10 of them) and "gdb", and do this for the package called "make."

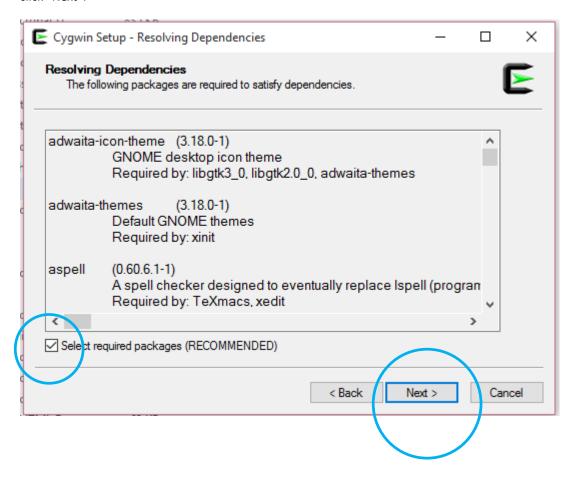
II.	· .				· · · ·	
	Skip	n/a	n/a	905k	flex: A fast lexical analyzer generator	- 11
	Skip	n/a	n/a	2,294k	fossil: DVCS with built-in wiki, http server and issue tracker	
4.8.2-1		n/a	n/a	13,271k	gcc-core: GNU Compiler Collection (C, OpenMP)	
4.8.2-1		n/a	n/a	5,395k	gcc-fortran: GNU Compiler Collection (Fortran)	- 11
4.8.2-1		n/a	n/a	7,365k	gcc-g++: GNU Compiler Collection (C++)	- 11
4.8.2-1		n/a	n/a	4,121k	gcc-objc: GNU Compiler Collection (Objective-C)	
4.8.2-1		n/a	n/a	4,314k	gcc-objc++: GNU Compiler Collection (Objective-C++)	- 11
2.59-2		nja	n/a	425k	gcc-tools-epoch1-autoconf: (gcc-special) automatic configure script builder	- 11
1.9.6-2		nja	n/a	419k	gcc-tools-epoch1-automake: (gcc-special) a tool for generating GNU-complia	- 11
2.64-2		n/a	n/a	712k	gcc-tools-epoch2-autoconf: (gcc-special) automatic configure script builder	- 11
1.11.6-1	€ Кеер	n/a	n/a	589k	gcc-tools-epoch2-automake: (gcc-special) a tool for generating GNU-complia	- 11
1.0.2-1	€ Кеер	n/a	n/a	4k	gccmakedep: X Makefile dependency tool for GCC	- 11
7.6.50-4		nja	n/a	3,142k	gdb: The GNU Debugger	- 11
	♦ Skip	ηία	nja	24k	gendet: Generates exports definitions by analyzing DLLs.	
	Skip	n/a	n/a	2,852k	gettext-devel: GNU Internationalization development utilities	
	Skip	n/a	n/a	3,900k	git: Distributed version control system	

 V		.,	
Skip	n/a n/a	108k libvala0.20-devel: Compiler for the GObject type system	
Skip	n/a n/a	1,486k libvala0.20_0: Compiler for the GObject type system	
Skip	n/a n/a	16k libvorbis-devel: The Vorbis General Audio Compression Codec (Development	
Skip	n/a n/a	36k libwmf-devel: Windows Metafile library (development)	
Q Skin	nla nla	111k lih Xom-oo X-devel: X Org. X Pixmap lihrany no. X required (devel)	
 4.0-2	⊠ n/a	366k make: The GNU version of the 'make' utility	
Skip	nja nja	30k makedepend: X Makefile dependency tool	
Skip	n/a n/a	1,693k mercurial: Python based distributed version control system (DVCS)	=
Skip	n/a n/a	5,355k mingw-binutils: Binutils for MinGW.org Win32 toolchain	
Skip	n/a n/a	519k mingw-bzip2: Bzip2 for MinGW.org win32 toolchain (util)	
Skip	n/a n/a	? mingw-gcc: GNU Compiler Collection	- 1
◆ Skip	n/a n/a	13,317k mingw-gcc-core: GNU Compiler Collection (C, OpenMP)	

Once you have done this, click Next.

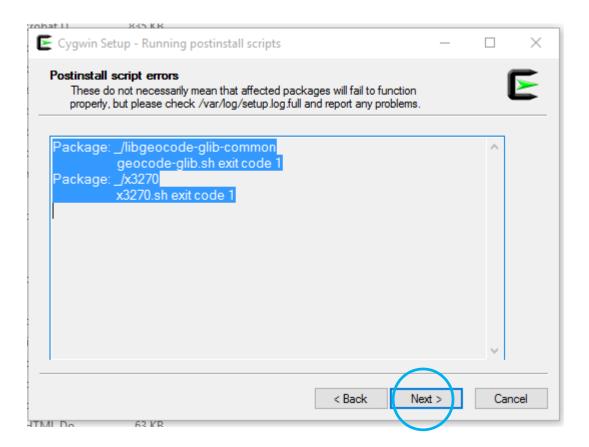


The following page may come up. If so, make sure "Install these packages to meet dependencies" is selected, and click "Next".



It may take about 30 minutes or so to install Cygwin. Nice time to get a coffee or tea! If you turned your virus protection off, be careful not to download other things or go to suspicious websites while you are waiting!

You may get something like this pop-up. If so, just click next (and hope for the best!).



Next, the following page will appear. Unclick "Create icon on Desktop" and click "Finish". The reason that we don't want the icon is because it is for the basic Cygwin shell. We will actually be using a different version called "Xwindows".

