

# Swing & Java2D Exercise Book

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# 1 Introduction

## 2 GUI in Java



## 3 Getting Started with Swing



## 4 Java2D and Rendering



## 5 Creating a File Browser

*5.1 Add a column to the table indicating the date the file was last modified*

**5.1.1 Make use of the `java.io.File.lastModified()` method. It returns a long value that can be used to create a `java.util.Date` object.**

**5.1.2 Extra credit if the date is also rendered as DD/MM/YYYY**

*5.2 Center the table icon representing the file type.*

**5.2.1 Use the `setHorizontalAlignment()` method.**

*5.3 Hide hidden files.*

**5.3.1 To detect whether a file is hidden use the `File.isHidden()` method.**

*5.4 Color table rows with files larger than 1mb in red.*

*5.5 Make the tree node selection color (the highlighted background color) yellow.*

*5.6 Make sure the tables selected row will be painted in pink.*

*5.7 Add a command line switch that allows the user to place the tree to the right of the table.*

*5.8 Add a column indicating whether a file is hidden or not.*

*5.9 Add a column that will feature a check box widget.*

**5.9.1 The column doesn't have to be editable.**

**5.9.2 The content of the column can be always checked/unchecked.**

*5.10 Display files as well as directories within the tree.*





**5.10.1 Ignore tree selections in which a file is selected.**

*5.11 Add a column displaying the percentage of the size of the file relatively to the rest of the directory.*

**5.11.1 If a directory has 3 files sized 2kb, 2kb and 4kb. The percentage column will show: 25, 25, 50.**

**5.11.2 It is not essential to create a renderer so the values will appear with a % sign.**

*5.12 Make every odd row background yellow, and every even row light blue. Make sure that selection still functions as expected.*

*5.13 Have the model change a directory based on the user double clicking on a row in the table.*

**5.13.1 Add a mouse listener to the table.**

**5.13.2 To resolve the row matching the appropriate point use the method `JTable.rowAtPoint()`.**

*5.14 Add a row to the table containing the file: “..”. Double clicking on this row (which should always be row 0) should result in going to the parent directory.*

**5.14.1 Add a mouse listener to the table.**

**5.14.2 To resolve the row matching the appropriate point use the method `JTable.rowAtPoint()`.**

*5.15 Make the GUI 50% larger.*

**5.15.1 Increase the font size.**

**5.15.2 Increasing the image size is desirable but not essential.**



## 6 Actions, Menus, Buttons and Tool bars

# 7 Containers



## 8 Layout managers

*8.1 Build an “Icon Layout” that will layout elements in a similar way to the “icon view” in windows explorer.*

*8.2 Build a top-down version of the flow layout.*

*8.3 Build a circular flow layout.*

**8.3.1 It will organize the components in a circle in a similar way to the flow layout.**

**8.3.2 The radius of the circle may be predetermined for simplicity.**

*8.4 Build a “folding layout” it will act like a flow layout, however when a flag is set it will place all the components at 0,0 allowing the components to “fold”.*

**8.4.1 Demonstrate this by placing several buttons and when clicking on of them the container should toggle the layout state and revalidate.**

**8.4.2 The best solution would be to derive from flow layout.**

*8.5 Use spring layout to build an attractive user registration form with the following attributes: first name, surname, gender, date of birth.*

**8.5.1 No actual functionality is necessary, only the layout**

*8.6 Use grid bag layout to build an attractive user registration form with the following attributes: first name, surname, gender, date of birth.*

**8.6.1 No actual functionality is necessary, only the layout**

*8.7 Use nested box layouts to build an attractive user registration form with the following attributes: first name, surname, gender, date of birth.*



**8.7.1 No actual functionality is necessary, only the layout**

*8.8 Make a “BiDi aware” version of flow layout.*

*8.9 Layout components in a browser like user interface: view area (text pane), address bar (text field), search button (to the right of the address bar), toolbar & menu bar.*

**8.9.1 No actual functionality is necessary, only the layout**

**8.9.2 Extra credit for a status bar at the bottom**

*8.10 Make a BiDi aware version of border layout that will replace east & west when in right to left mode.*

*8.11 Adapt the natural grid layout so components placed within it are centered in their cell rather than left/right aligned.*

*8.12 Adapt the natural grid layout so it will take into consideration the insets of components within it.*

*8.13 Add a “vertical span” feature to the natural grid layout allowing a cell to span vertically.*

*8.14 Add a “horizontal span” feature to the natural grid layout allowing a cell to span horizontally.*

*8.15 Add a “zoom” feature to the natural grid layout that will treat all sizes as x% larger than they really are.*

**8.15.1 This can be accomplished by sizing everything to larger values according to the zoom factor.**



## 9 Java Beans

# 10 Keyboard



# 11 Advanced Swing

*11.1 Design a utility that downloads the content of <http://www.yahoo.com/> in an offline thread and updates a JLabel with this content.*

**11.1.1** The update operation should occur on the Swing thread, while the download operation should occur on a separate thread.

**11.1.2** This can be accomplished using any of the methods for thread control.

*11.2 Create a tool that spawns 100 threads, each of which generate 100 random numbers and place them into a text area.*

**11.2.1** The update operation should occur on the Swing thread, while random number generation should occur on a separate thread.

**11.2.2** This can be accomplished using any of the methods for thread control.

*11.3 Create a tool that spawns a thread that counts from 0 to 1,000,000 and then back down to 0 repeatedly. The tool should update the GUI on its current status.*

**11.3.1** The counting thread is in an infinite loop.

**11.3.2** The update operation should occur on the Swing thread, while the counting operation should occur on a separate thread.

**11.3.3** This can be accomplished using any of the methods for thread control.



*11.4 Create a proxy to the ListModel interface that will allow it to have a “title” object on top. Demonstrate this functionality by having a list containing the elements: “Red”, “Green”, “Blue” and the proxy will add the word “Colors” into the list before them thus producing: “Colors”, “Red”, “Green”, “Blue”.*

**11.4.1 A proxy interface and an abstract proxy class are desired but not essential for this exercise.**

*11.5 Create a proxy for the tree model that hides all of the folders matching the name “hidden”. Use the file system tree model to demonstrate how a directory named “hidden” is indeed hidden.*

**11.5.1 A proxy interface and an abstract proxy class are desired but not essential for this exercise.**

*11.6 Create a ComboBoxModel proxy that allows us to place a separator in a specific location. So if we have a combo box containing: “Red”, “Green”, “Blue”, “Fucia”, “Caramel”, “Nut” and we would want to create a: new SeparatorComboProxy(model, 3) which would result in: “Red”, “Green”, “Blue”, “-----”, “Fucia”, “Caramel”, “Nut”. The combo model should disallow the selection of the separator row.*

**11.6.1 Disallowing selection is easy in the combo box model since it contains support for selection. This can be disabled by simply doing nothing.**

**11.6.2 A proxy interface and an abstract proxy class are desired but not essential for this exercise.**

*11.7 Create a reflection proxy that traces all the calls to the underlying model and logs them using System.out. Apply this proxy to at least two different models.*



*11.8 Create a proxy that converts a tree model to a table model. It should receive a node within the tree and display the content of that node within a single column in a table model. Demonstrate this functionality by using the file system tree model to create a simple file browser without a “real” table model.*

*11.9 Create a proxy that converts a `TableModel` and a `ListSelectionModel` into a `ComboBoxModel`. The value of the list entry should be mapped to a value of one of the columns in the table model. Changes in the combo selection should update the table. Demonstrate this functionality on the table model.*

**11.9.1 You can access the list selection model of a `JTable` via a getter method in `JTable`.**

**11.9.2 The selection in a combo box is within the combo box model while the selection in the table maps to a list selection model.**

*11.10 Create a template that orders elements in a form. Nest it together with a template that places elements in the bottom of the screen. Create a demo in which a user can fill out a form and select ok/cancel operations when the form is completed.*

*11.11 Create a proxy table model that validates input. Invalid input should be rejected.*

**11.11.1 All input is sent to the table via the `setValueAt`, method.**

*11.12 Adapt the Swing worker class to make use of a thread pool rather than spawn a different thread every time.*

**11.12.1 Changes to the semantics of the swing worker class are valid.**

*11.13 Layer proxies on the table, for performing a simple operation (such as logging). Try to layer as much proxies as possible and inspect performance.*

**11.13.1 Disable the actual functionality of the proxy in order to determine whether this is the cause of performance degradation. See how many proxies can be created.**

*11.14 Create a table model containing random data with 50,000,000 rows and 20 columns. Apply layers of proxies and verify that its performance is still similar to the performance of a 200 row table model.*

*11.15 Adapt the Swing worker class to make use of the new java concurrency package and simplify its implementation.*



# 12 Eye Candy



# 13 Look & Feel



# 14 Tables



# 15 Table Rendering

## 15.1



# 16 Text Components



# 17 i18n

## 17.1



# 18 Performance



# 19 Deployment



## 20 Desktop Integration

# 21 Transferable



## 22 Undo

