Exercise 2 (10 points) - can be done individually or in pair

- The first lines of all source files must be comment containing <u>names & IDs of all</u> members. Also create file readme.txt containing names & IDs of all members.
- Put all files (source, input, output) in folder Ex2_xxx where xxx = your full ID. That is, your source files must be in package Ex2_xxx and input/output files (if there is any) must be read from/write to this folder
- The group representative zips Ex2_xxx & submits it to Google Classroom. The other members submit only readme.txt. Email submission is not accepted.
- The exercise is graded only once, and after graded, members can't be added.

- 1. Get density threshold from user.
- 2. Read country name, population, area (in km²) from input file. For each country,
 - 2.1 Calculate population density = population/area.
 - 2.2 Calculate its population and area in thousands (K), millions (M), or billions (B):

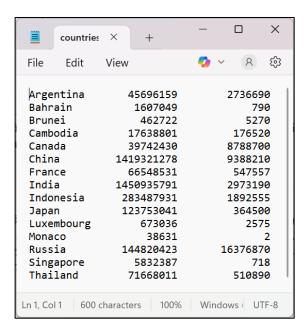
- 2.3 Also check whether its density > input threshold.
- 3. Write the output to another file in the same format as in demo:
 - 3.1 Country name must be left aligned.
 - 3.2 Actual population and its value in K/M/B, if applicable.
 - 3.3 Actual area and its value in K/M/B, if applicable.
 - Actual population and actual area must be printed with thousand separators.
 - Values in K/M/B must be printed with 1 decimal place.
 - All numeric values must be righted aligned.
 - 3.3 Population density with thousand separator & 1 decimal place, right aligned.
 - 3.4 Whether the population density > input threshold
 - 3.5 All columns must be properly aligned. You'll get point deduction for messy output.
- 4. The output file must be placed in the same folder as Java file + input file.

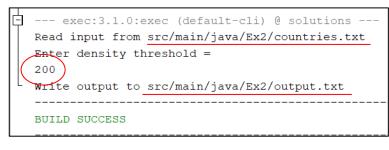
Note 1

- Maximum integer value is 2³² i.e. about 2 billion.
- You can still use <u>int</u> variables to keep population and area (for values >2 billion, you have to use <u>long</u> variables instead).
- But since we will calculate density as double, it's better to read population and area into double variables which can keep much bigger value than int.

Note 2

- Use %s, %f, %d formatting instead of \t to avoid messy spacing
- When printing the output to file, use \r\n instead of \n





output.txt	× +		-		×
File Edit	View		o ~	A	(2)
Country	Population	Area(km2)	Density (>200.0?)		
======= Argentina	45,696,159 = 45.7 N	1 2,736,690 = 2.7 M	16.7 no	=	
Bahrain	1,607,049 = 1.6 M	790	2,034.2 yes		
Brunei	462,722 = 462.7 H	(5,270 = 5.3 K	87.8 no		
Cambodia	17,638,801 = 17.6 N	176,520 = 176.5 K	99.9 no		
Canada	39,742,430 = 39.7 N	1 8,788,700 = 8.8 M	4.5 no		
China	1,419,321,278 = 1.4 E	3 9,388,210 = 9.4 M	151.2 no		
France	66,548,531 = 66.5 N	547,557 = 547.6 K	121.5 no		
India	1,450,935,791 = 1.5 E	3 2,973,190 = 3.0 M	488.0 yes		
Indonesia	283,487,931 = 283.5 N	1 1,892,555 = 1.9 M	149.8 no		
Japan	123,753,041 = 123.8 N	1 364,500 = 364.5 K	339.5 yes		
Luxembourg	673,036 = 673.0 k	(2,575 = 2.6 K	261.4 yes		
Monaco	38,631 = 38.6 k	2	19,315.5 yes		
Russia	144,820,423 = 144.8 N	16,376,870 = 16.4 M	8.8 no		
Singapore	5,832,387 = 5.8 N	718	8,123.1 yes		
Thailand	71,668,011 = 71.7 N	510,890 = 510.9 K	140.3 no		
Ln 1, Col 1 1,4	411 characters	100% Window	vs (CRLF) UTF-8		