Cloud Configuration Scan Results

Check ID	File	Resource	Check Name	Line	Potential CVE/CWE	Guideline URL	Status
CKV_AZURE_160	/main.tf	azurerm_network_security_group.sg-vpguard	Ensure that HTTP (port 80) access is restricted from the internet	37-86	CVE-2019-0708: Remote Desktop Services Remote Code Execution Vulnerability CWE-79: Improper Neutralization of Input During Web Page Generation ('Cross-site Scripting') CWE-20: Improper Input Validation	https://docs.bridgecrew.io/docs/ensure-azure-http-port-80-access-from-the-internet-is-restricted	FAILED
CKV_AZURE_10	/main.tf	azurerm_network_security_group.sg-vpguard	Ensure that SSH access is restricted from the internet	37-86	 CVE-2019-3396: Improper Access Control CWE-287: Improper Authentication CWE-306: Missing Authentication for Critical Function 	https://docs.bridgecrew.io/docs/bc_azr_networking_3	FAILED
CKV_AZURE_50	/main.tf	azurerm_linux_virtual_machine.vmachine-vpguard	Ensure Virtual Machine Extensions are not Installed	127-184	CVE-2019-19781: Citrix Application Delivery Controller and Citrix Gateway Remote Code Execution CWE-79: Improper Neutralization of Input During Web Page Generation ('Cross-site Scripting') CWE-22: Improper Limitation of a Pathname to a Restricted Directory ('Path Traversal')	https://docs.bridgecrew.io/docs/bc_azr_general_14	FAILED
CKV_AZURE_179	/main.tf	azurerm_linux_virtual_machine.vmachine-vpguard	Ensure VM agent is installed	127-184			FAILED
CKV_AZURE_119	/main.tf	azurerm_network_interface.nic-vpguard	Ensure that Network Interfaces don't use public IPs	113-124	CVE-2019-1405: Azure Resource Manager Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability CWE-284: Improper Access Control CWE-306: Missing Authentication for Critical Function	https://docs.bridgecrew.io/docs/ensure-that-network-interfaces-dont-use-public-ips	FAILED
CKV_AZURE_183	/main.tf	azurerm_virtual_network.vn-vpguard	Ensure that VNET uses local DNS addresses	16-26			PASSED
CKV_AZURE_182	/main.tf	azurerm_virtual_network.vn-vpguard	Ensure that VNET has at least 2 connected DNS Endpoints	16-26			PASSED
CKV_AZURE_9	/main.tf	azurerm_network_security_group.sg-vpguard	Ensure that RDP access is restricted from the internet	37-86		https://docs.bridgecrew.io/docs/bc_azr_networking_2	PASSED
CKV_AZURE_77	/main.tf	azurerm_network_security_group.sg-vpguard	Ensure that UDP Services are restricted from the Internet	37-86		https://docs.bridgecrew.io/docs/ensure-that-udp-services-are-restricted-from-the-internet	PASSED
CKV_AZURE_118	/main.tf	azurerm_network_interface.nic-vpguard	Ensure that Network Interfaces disable IP forwarding	113-124		https://docs.bridgecrew.io/docs/ensure-that-network-interfaces-disable-ip-forwarding	PASSED
CKV_AZURE_1	/main.tf	azurerm_linux_virtual_machine.vmachine-vpguard	Ensure Azure Instance does not use basic authentication(Use SSH Key Instead)	127-184		https://docs.bridgecrew.io/docs/bc_azr_networking_1	PASSED
CKV_AZURE_178	/main.tf	azurerm_linux_virtual_machine.vmachine-vpguard	Ensure linux VM enables SSH with keys for secure communication	127-184			PASSED
CKV_AZURE_149	/main.tf	azurerm_linux_virtual_machine.vmachine-vpguard	Ensure that Virtual machine does not enable password authentication	127-184		https://docs.bridgecrew.io/docs/ensure-azure-virtual-machine-does-not-enable-password-authentication	PASSED
CKV_AZURE_92	/main.tf	azurerm_linux_virtual_machine.vmachine-vpguard	Ensure that Virtual Machines use managed disks	127-184		https://docs.bridgecrew.io/docs/ensure-that-virtual-machines-use-managed-disks	PASSED

Configuration Scripts Scan Results

File: config_lemp.tpl WARNING! apt update is not perform before installtions of package :|sudo apt update Before installing any packages using apt, it is advisable to run the above command File: config_php_xfer.tpl No vulnerability found in: [config_php_xfer.tpl] File: config_server.tpl No vulnerability found in: [config_server.tpl] File: config_web.tpl No vulnerability found in: [config_web.tpl] File: lempstack.tpl No vulnerability found in: [lempstack.tpl] File: very_vuln.tpl WARNING! apt update is not perform before installtions of package Before installing any packages using apt, it is advisable to run the above command Potential vulnerability found in: [vlc 3.0.17] |: |Multiple vulnerabilities in VideoLAN VLC [2022-11-29] |: |Severity: High |: |Verified: Yes Click here for more detail! Potential vulnerability found in: [libxml2 2.10.2] |:|Multiple vulnerabilities in Libxml2 [2022-10-30] |:|Severity:High |:|Verified:Yes Potential vulnerability found in: [mumble 1.3.0] |: Remote code execution in Mumble [2021-02-22] |: Severity: Medium |: Verified: Yes |:|Usage of weak encryption in Mumble [2020-07-24] |:|Severity:Medium |:|Verified:Yes ______ Click here for more detail Potential vulnerability found in: [samba 3.6.3] |:|Multiple vulnerabilities in Samba [2022-07-27] |:|Severity:Medium |:|Verified:Yes ______ |:|Information disclosure in Samba [2022-01-31] |:|Severity:Low |:|Verified:Yes ______ |: Remote code execution in Samba [2022-01-31] |: Severity: High |: Verified: Yes _____ |:|Multiple vulnerabilities in Samba [2021-11-10] |:|Severity:High |:|Verified:Yes ______ |:|Out-of-bounds read in Samba [2021-04-29] |:|Severity:Medium |:|Verified:Yes _____ |: |Multiple vulnerabilities in Samba [2020-10-29] |: |Severity: Medium |: |Verified: Yes ______ |: |Multiple vulnerabilities in Samba [2018-08-14] |: |Severity: High |: |Verified: Yes ______ |: OpenSUSE Linux update for samba [2017-11-30] |: Severity: Medium |: Verified: Yes ______ |:|Multiple vulnerabilities in Samba [2017-11-21] |:|Severity:Medium |:|Verified:Yes ______ |:|Multiple vulnerabilities in Samba [2017-09-20] |:|Severity:Low |:|Verified:Yes ______ Click here for more detail Potential vulnerability found in: [vsftpd 2.3.4] |:|Security restrictions bypass in vsftpd [2022-01-09] |:|Severity:Medium |:|Verified:Yes ______ |: OS Command Injection in vsftpd [2019-11-27] |: Severity: High |: Verified: Yes ______ |:|Security restrictions bypass in vsftpd [2015-01-28] |:|Severity:Low |:|Verified:Yes ______ Click here for more detail! Potential vulnerability found in: [polkit 0.113] |:|Denial of service in polkit [2022-03-13] |:|Severity:Low |:|Verified:Yes |:|Privilege escalation in polkit pkexec [2022-01-26] |:|Severity:Medium |:|Verified:Yes

: Privilege escalation in Polkit [2021-06-07] : Severity:Low : Verified:Yes						
·						
Click here for more detail! Potential vulnerability found in: [nginx 1.17.0]						
: Multiple vulnerabilities in nginx [2022-10-19] : Severity:Medium : Verified:Yes						
: Security restrictions bypass in nginx [2022-01-09] : Severity:Medium : Verified:Yes						
: Remote code execution in nginx [2021-05-25] : Severity:High : Verified:Yes						
: Information disclosure in nginx [2020-03-19] : Severity:Medium : Verified:Yes						
: HTTP request smuggling in Nginx [2020-01-13] : Severity:Medium : Verified:Yes						
: Remote denial of service in nginx [2019-08-13] : Severity:Medium : Verified:Yes						
Click here for more detail!						
Potential vulnerability found in: [mariadb 10.3.34]						
: Denial of service in MariaDB [2022-09-26] : Severity:Low : Verified:Yes						
: Buffer overflow in MariaDB [2022-08-04] : Severity:Low : Verified:Yes						
: Buffer overflow in MariaDB [2022-08-04] : Severity:Low : Verified:Yes						
: Improper Resource Shutdown or Release in MariaDB [2022-05-31] : Severity:Low : Verified:Yes						
: Multiple vulnerabilities in MariaDB [2022-05-23] : Severity:Low : Verified:Yes						
: Multiple vulnerabilities in MariaDB [2022-05-23] : Severity:Medium : Verified:Yes						
: Multiple vulnerabilities in MariaDB [2022-05-23] : Severity:Medium : Verified:Yes						
Click here for more detail!						
Potential vulnerability found in: [php 7.1.12]						
: Privilege escalation in PHP [2021-10-26] : Severity:Low : Verified:Yes						
: Remote code execution in PHP [2019-10-27] : Severity:High : Verified:Yes						
: Multiple vulnerabilities in PHP [2019-01-10] : Severity:High : Verified:Yes						
: Multiple vulnerabilities in PHP [2018-12-07] : Severity:Low : Verified:Yes						
: Multiple vulnerabilities in PHP [2018-11-22] : Severity:Low : Verified:Yes						
: Multiple vulnerabilities in PHP [2018-11-09] : Severity:Low : Verified:Yes						
: Denial of service vulnerabilities in PHP [2018-10-12] : Severity:Low : Verified:Yes						
: Multiple vulnerabilities in PHP [2018-10-10] : Severity:Low : Verified:Yes						
: Multiple vulnerabilities in PHP [2018-08-20] : Severity:Low : Verified:Yes						
: Information disclosure in PHP [2018-08-09] : Severity:Low : Verified:Yes						
Click here for more detail! Detantial value are bility for und in John 7.4.01						
Potential vulnerability found in: [php 7.1.0] : Privilege escalation in PHP [2021-10-26] : Severity:Low : Verified:Yes						
: Remote code execution in PHP [2019-10-27] : Severity:High : Verified:Yes						
: Multiple vulnerabilities in PHP [2019-01-10] : Severity:High : Verified:Yes						
: Multiple vulnerabilities in PHP [2018-12-07] : Severity:Low : Verified:Yes						
: Multiple vulnerabilities in PHP [2018-11-22] : Severity:Low : Verified:Yes						
: Multiple vulnerabilities in PHP [2018-11-09] : Severity:Low : Verified:Yes						
: Denial of service vulnerabilities in PHP [2018-10-12] : Severity:Low : Verified:Yes						
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
: Multiple vulnerabilities in PHP [2018-10-10] : Severity:Low : Verified:Yes						
: Multiple vulnerabilities in PHP [2018-08-20] : Severity:Low : Verified:Yes						
: Information disclosure in PHP [2018-08-09] : Severity:Low : Verified:Yes						
Click here for more detail! My and accourse in a fall of the property of the fall owing command was not avacuted.						
Mysql-secure-installation is not performed properly! The following command was not executed. : sudo mysql -e "UPDATE mysql.user SET Password = PASSWORD('\$database_pwd') WHERE User = 'root'"						
: sudo mysql -e "DROP DATABASE test"						
· succo inysq1 -e "Drop Database cesc"						

File: very_vuln2.tpl

WARNING! apt update is not perform before installtions of package |:|sudo apt update Before installing any packages using apt, it is advisable to run the above command Potential vulnerability found in: [libxml2 2.10.2] |:|Multiple vulnerabilities in Libxml2 [2022-10-30] |:|Severity:High |:|Verified:Yes Potential vulnerability found in: [samba 3.6.3] |:|Multiple vulnerabilities in Samba [2022-07-27] |:|Severity:Medium |:|Verified:Yes ______ |:|Information disclosure in Samba [2022-01-31] |:|Severity:Low |:|Verified:Yes ______ : Remote code execution in Samba [2022-01-31] |: Severity: High |: Verified: Yes ______ |:|Multiple vulnerabilities in Samba [2021-11-10] |:|Severity:High |:|Verified:Yes ______ |:|Out-of-bounds read in Samba [2021-04-29] |:|Severity:Medium |:|Verified:Yes ______ |:|Multiple vulnerabilities in Samba [2020-10-29] |:|Severity:Medium |:|Verified:Yes ______ |:|Multiple vulnerabilities in Samba [2018-08-14] |:|Severity:High |:|Verified:Yes ______ |: OpenSUSE Linux update for samba [2017-11-30] |: |Severity: Medium |: |Verified: Yes ______ |:|Multiple vulnerabilities in Samba [2017-11-21] |:|Severity:Medium |:|Verified:Yes ______ |:|Multiple vulnerabilities in Samba [2017-09-20] |:|Severity:Low |:|Verified:Yes Click here for more detail! Potential vulnerability found in: [vsftpd 2.3.4] |:|Security restrictions bypass in vsftpd [2022-01-09] |:|Severity:Medium |:|Verified:Yes ______ |: OS Command Injection in vsftpd [2019-11-27] |: Severity: High |: Verified: Yes ______ |:|Security restrictions bypass in vsftpd [2015-01-28] |:|Severity:Low |:|Verified:Yes Click here for more detail Potential vulnerability found in: [mysql 5.1.3] |:|Debian update for mysql-connector-java [2020-06-15] |:|Severity:Medium |:|Verified:Yes _____ |: |Multiple vulnerabilities in MySQL Connectors [2020-04-19] |: |Severity: Medium |: |Verified: Yes ______ |: |Authentication bypass using an alternate path or channel in Oracle MySQL Connectors [2018-10-17] |: |Severity: High |: |Verified: Yes ______ |: |Multiple vulnerabilities in Google, mysql [2014-01-15] |: |Severity:Low |: |Verified:Yes ______ : |Multiple vulnerabilities in Google, mysql [2014-01-15] |: |Severity: Medium |: |Verified: Yes ______ |:|Input validation error in Oracle MySQL Server [2013-10-16] |:|Severity:Low |:|Verified:Yes _____ |:|Input validation error in Oracle MySQL Server [2013-07-17] |:|Severity:Low |:|Verified:Yes ______ |:|Input validation error in Oracle MySQL Server [2013-07-17] |:|Severity:Low |:|Verified:Yes ______ |:|Input validation error in Google, mysql [2013-04-17] |:|Severity:Low |:|Verified:Yes ______ |:|Multiple vulnerabilities in Google, mysql [2013-04-17] |:|Severity:Low |:|Verified:Yes ______ Click here for more detail! Potential vulnerability found in: [polkit 0.113] |:|Denial of service in polkit [2022-03-13] |:|Severity:Low |:|Verified:Yes ______ |:|Privilege escalation in polkit pkexec [2022-01-26] |:|Severity:Medium |:|Verified:Yes ______ |:|Privilege escalation in Polkit [2021-06-07] |:|Severity:Low |:|Verified:Yes ______ Click here for more detail Potential vulnerability found in: [mumble 1.3.0] |: Remote code execution in Mumble [2021-02-22] |: |Severity: Medium |: |Verified: Yes ______ |:|Usage of weak encryption in Mumble [2020-07-24] |:|Severity:Medium |:|Verified:Yes ______ Click here for more detail! Potential vulnerability found in: [vlc 3.0.17] |:|Multiple vulnerabilities in VideoLAN VLC [2022-11-29] |:|Severity:High |:|Verified:Yes ______ Click here for more detail

Mysql-secure-installation is not performed properly! The following command was not executed.

|:|sudo mysql -e "UPDATE mysql.user SET Password = PASSWORD('\$database_pwd') WHERE User = 'root'" |:|sudo mysql -e "DROP USER ''@'\$(hostname)'" |:|sudo mysql -e "DROP DATABASE test"

Click here for more detail!

PHP Files Scan Results

Potential vulnerability found in: [assert-use.php] |:|vulnID:[A03.4] | line: |6| assert(\$tainted); |:|vulnID:[A03.4] | line:|12| assert(\$tainted > 1); _____ |:|vulnID:[A03.4] | line:|16| assert(\$name); _____ |:|vulnID:[A03.4] | line:|22| assert(\$name > 1); >>> Vulnerability ID: A03.4 >>> Details: Calling assert with user input is equivalent to eval'ing. >>> Severity: Medium >>> OWASP: A03:2021 - Injection >>> CWE: CWE-95: Improper Neutralization of Directives in Dynamically Evaluated Code ('Eval Injection') >>> Recommendation: Avoid using user-controlled input for assert command. Potential vulnerability found in: [backticks-use.php] |:|vulnID:[A03.8] | line:|4| echo `ping -n 3 {\$user_input}`; >>> Vulnerability ID: A03.8 >>> Details: Backticks use may lead to command injection vulnerabilities. >>> Severity: High >>> OWASP: **A03:2021 - Injection** >>> CWE: CWE-94: Improper Control of Generation of Code ('Code Injection') >>> Recommendation: Avoid using backticks with user-controlled input. Consider using execution commands with proper input validation. Potential vulnerability found in: [curl-ssl-verifypeer-off.php] |:|vulnID:[A02.3] | line:|9| curl_setopt(\$ch, CURLOPT_SSL_VERIFYPEER, false); >>> Vulnerability ID: A02.3 >>> Details: SSL verification is disabled but should not be (currently CURLOPT_SSL_VERIFYPEER=\$IS_VERIFIED) >>> Severity: Low >>> OWASP: A02:2021 - Cryptographic Failures >>> CWE: CWE-319: Cleartext Transmission of Sensitive Information |:|vulnID:[A10.1] | line:|3| \$ch = curl_init(); _____ |:|vulnID:[A10.1] | line:|5| curl_setopt(\$ch, CURLOPT_URL, "http://www.example.com/"); |:|vulnID:[A10.1] | line: |6| curl_setopt(\$ch, CURLOPT_HEADER, 0); _____ |:|vulnID:[A10.1] | line: |9| curl setopt(\$ch, CURLOPT SSL VERIFYPEER, false); _____ |:|vulnID:[A10.1] | line:|12| curl_setopt(\$ch, CURLOPT_SSL_VERIFYPEER, true); ______ >>> Vulnerability ID: A10.1 >>> Details: The web server receives a URL or similar request from an upstream component and retrieves the contents of this URL, but it does not sufficiently ensure that the request is being sent to the expected destination. >>> Severity: High >>> OWASP: A10:2021 - Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) >>> CWE: CWE-918: Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF) >>> Recommendation: Avoid using dangerous functions with payload data. https://cheatsheetseries.owasp.org/cheatsheets/Server_Side_Request_Forgery_Prevention_Cheat_Sheet.html Potential vulnerability found in: [deserialization.php] |:|vulnID:[A08.1] | line:|12| extract(\$var_array, EXTR_PREFIX_SAME, "wddx"); |:|vulnID:[A08.1] | line:|16| extract(\$bad, EXTR_PREFIX_SAME, "wddx"); _____ |:|vulnID:[A08.1] | line:|21| extract(\$bad2, EXTR_PREFIX_SAME, "wddx"); _____ |:|vulnID:[A08.1] | line:|25| extract(\$ok, EXTR_SKIP, "wddx"); _____ >>> Vulnerability ID: A08.1 >>> Details: Do not call 'extract()' on user-controllable data. >>> Severity: Medium >>> OWASP: A08:2021 - Software and Data Integrity Failures >>> CWE: CWE-502: Deserialization of Untrusted Data >>> Recommendation: Provide the EXTR_SKIP flag extract(\$VAR, EXTR_SKIP,...) to prevent overwriting existing variables.

Potential vulnerability found in: [eval-use.php]

```
|:|vulnID:[A03.5] | line:|4| eval($user_input);
  ______
>>> Vulnerability ID: A03.5
>>> Details: Evaluating non-constant commands. This can lead to command injection.
>>> Severity: High
>>> OWASP: A03:2021 - Injection
>>> CWE: CWE-78: Improper Neutralization of Special Elements used in an OS Command ('OS Command Injection')
>>> Recommendation: Avoid using user-controlled input for eval command.
Potential vulnerability found in: [exec-use.php]
  |:|vulnID:[A03.3] | line:|4| exec($user_input);
  |:|vulnID:[A03.3] | line:|10| passthru($user_input);
  |:|vulnID:[A03.3] | line:|13| $proc = proc_open($cmd, $descriptorspec, $pipes);
  ______
  |:|vulnID:[A03.3] | line:|16| $handle = popen($user_input, "r");
  _____
  |:|vulnID:[A03.3] | line:|19| $output = shell_exec($user_input);
  ______
  |:|vulnID:[A03.3] | line:|22| $output = system($user_input, $retval);
  ______
  |:|vulnID:[A03.3] | line:|25| pcntl_exec($path);
>>> Vulnerability ID: A03.3
>>> Details: Executing non-constant commands. This can lead to command injection.
>>> Severity: High
>>> OWASP: A03:2021 - Injection
>>> CWE: CWE-94: Improper Control of Generation of Code ('Code Injection')
>>> Recommendation: Avoid using user-controlled input for execution commands.
Potential vulnerability found in: [file-inclusion.php]
  |:|vulnID:[A03.1] | line: |6| include($user_input);
  |:|vulnID:[A03.1] | line:|12| include_once($user_input);
  |:|vulnID:[A03.1] | line:|18| require($user_input);
  _____
  |:|vulnID:[A03.1] | line:|24| require_once($user_input);
  ______
  |:|vulnID:[A03.1] | line:|30| include(__DIR__ . $user_input);
  ______
  |:|vulnID:[A03.1] | line:|46| require_once $pth;
>>> Vulnerability ID: A03.1
>>> Details: Detected non-constant file inclusion. This can lead to local file inclusion (LFI) or remote file inclusion (RFI) if user input reaches this statement. LFI and RFI could lead to sensitive files being obtained by attackers. Instead, explicitly specify what to include. If that is not a viable solution, validate user input thoroughly.
>>> Severity: Medium
>>> OWASP: A03:2021 - Injection
>>> CWE: CWE-98: Improper Control of Filename for Include/Require Statement in PHP Program ('PHP Remote File Inclusion')
>>> Recommendation: Valid user input thoroughly or explicitly specify what to include.
Potential vulnerability found in: [ftp-use.php]
  |:|vulnID:[A02.4] | line:|4| $conn_id = ftp_connect($ftp_server);
  ______
  |:|vulnID:[A02.4] | line:|7| $login_result = ftp_login($conn_id, $ftp_user_name, $ftp_user_pass);
  ______
>>> Vulnerability ID: A02.4
>>> Details: FTP allows for unencrypted file transfers. Consider using an encrypted alternative.
>>> OWASP: A02:2021 - Cryptographic Failures
>>> CWE: CWE-319: Cleartext Transmission of Sensitive Information
>>> Recommendation: Consider using ssh2_scp_send()
Potential vulnerability found in: [info.php]
  |:|vulnID:[A01.1] | line:|2| phpinfo();
>>> Vulnerability ID: A01.1
>>> Details: The 'phpinfo' function may reveal sensitive information about your environment.
>>> Severity: Medium
>>> OWASP: A01:2021 - Broken Access Control
>>> CWE: CWE-200: Exposure of Sensitive Information
>>> Recommendation: Recommended to remove phpinfo page in production environment
```

```
|:|vulnID:[A07.1] | line:|12| ldap_bind($ldapconn, NULL, NULL);
  ______
  |:|vulnID:[A07.1] | line:|15| ldap_bind($ldapconn, "username", "");
  ______
  |:|vulnID:[A07.1] | line:|20| ldap_bind($ldapconn, $a, $b);
  _____
  |:|vulnID:[A07.1] | line:|25| ldap_bind($ldapconn, $c, $d);
  ______
  |:|vulnID:[A07.1] | line:|30| ldap_bind($ldapconn, $e, $f);
  _____
  |:|vulnID:[A07.1] | line:|33| ldap_bind($ldapconn, "username", "password");
  _____
  |:|vulnID:[A07.1] | line:|36| ldap_bind($ldapconn, $username, $password);
  _____
>>> Vulnerability ID: A07.1
>>> Details: Detected anonymous LDAP bind. This permits anonymous users to execute LDAP statements.
>>> Severity: Low
>>> OWASP: A07:2021 - Identification and Authentication Failures
>>> CWE: CWE-287: Improper Authentication
>>> Recommendation: Consider enforcing authentication for LDAP.
Potential vulnerability found in: [mb-ereg-replace-eval.php]
  |:|vulnID:[A03.6] | line:|4| mb_ereg_replace($pattern, $replacement, $string, $user_input_options);
  ______
>>> Vulnerability ID: A03.6
>>> Details: Calling mb_ereg_replace with user input in the options can lead to arbitrary code execution. The eval modifier ('e') evaluates the replacement argument as code.
>>> Severity: Medium
>>> OWASP: A03:2021 - Injection
>>> CWE: CWE-94: Improper Control of Generation of Code ('Code Injection')
>>> Recommendation: Avoid using user-controlled input for mb_ereg_replace.
Potential vulnerability found in: [mcrypt-use.php]
  |:|vulnID:[A02.5] | line:|16| openssl_encrypt($plaintext, $cipher, $key, $options=0, $iv, $tag);
>>> Vulnerability ID: A02.5
>>> Details: Static IV used with AES in CBC mode. Static IVs enable chosen-plaintext attacks against encrypted data
>>> Severity: Medium
>>> OWASP: A02:2021 - Cryptographic Failures
>>> CWE: CWE-329: Generation of Predictable IV with CBC Mode
>>> Recommendation: Avoid using static IV for AES-CBC mode.
Potential vulnerability found in: [md5-loose-equality.php]
  |:|vulnID:[A02.1] | line:|4| md5("240610708") == "0";
  _____
  |:|vulnID:[A02.1] | line:|7| 0 == md5("240610708");
  ______
  |:|vulnID:[A02.1] | line:|10| 0 == md5_file("file.txt");
  ______
  |:|vulnID:[A02.1] | line:|13| md5("240610708") == md5_file("file.txt");
  ______
  |:|vulnID:[A02.1] | line:|16| md5("240610708") === "0";
  ______
>>> Vulnerability ID: A02.1
>>> Details: Detected usage of weak crypto function. Consider using stronger alternatives
>>> Severity: Low
>>> OWASP: A02:2021 - Cryptographic Failures
>>> CWE: CWE-327: Use of a Broken or Risky Cryptographic Algorithm
>>> Recommendation: Consider using stronger alternatives such as sodium
|:|vulnID:[A02.2] | line:|4| md5("240610708") == "0";
  ______
  |:|vulnID:[A02.2] | line:|7| 0 == md5("240610708");
  ______
  |:|vulnID:[A02.2] | line:|10| 0 == md5_file("file.txt");
  ______
  |:|vulnID:[A02.2] | line:|13| md5("240610708") == md5_file("file.txt");
  _____
  |:|vulnID:[A02.2] | line:|16| md5("240610708") === "0";
  ______
```

>>> Vulnerability ID: A02.2

>>> Details: It looks like MD5 is used as a password hash. MD5 is not considered a secure password hash because it can be cracked by an attacker in a short amount of time. Use a suitable password hash because it can be cracked by an attacker in a short amount of time. Use a suitable password hash because it can be cracked by an attacker in a short amount of time. Use a suitable password hash because it can be cracked by an attacker in a short amount of time. Use a suitable password hash because it can be cracked by an attacker in a short amount of time. Use a suitable password hash because it can be cracked by an attacker in a short amount of time.

>>> Severity: Medium

>>> OWASP: A02:2021 - Cryptographic Failures

>>> CWE: CWE-328: Use of Weak Hash

>>> Recommendation: Consider using password hash() function for password

```
|:|vulnID:[OVN.1] | line:|4| md5("240610708") == "0";
   _____
   |:|vulnID:[OVN.1] | line:|7| 0 == md5("240610708");
   _____
   |:|vulnID:[OVN.1] | line:|10| 0 == md5_file("file.txt");
   |:|vulnID:[OVN.1] | line:|13| md5("240610708") == md5 file("file.txt");
>>> Vulnerability ID: OVN.1
>>> Details: Make sure comparisons involving hash values are strict.
>>> Severity: Low
>>> OWASP:
>>> CWE: CWE-697: Incorrect Comparison
>>> Recommendation: (use `===` not `==`)
Potential vulnerability found in: [md5-used-as-password.php]
   |:|vulnID:[A02.2] | line:|4| $pass = md5($value);
   ______
   |:|vulnID:[A02.2] | line:|10| $pass = hash('md5', $value);
>>> Vulnerability ID: A02.2
>>> Details: It looks like MD5 is used as a password hash. MD5 is not considered a secure password hash because it can be cracked by an attacker in a short amount of time. Use a suitable password hash because it can be cracked by an attacker in a short amount of time. Use a suitable password hash because it can be cracked by an attacker in a short amount of time. Use a suitable password hash because it can be cracked by an attacker in a short amount of time. Use a suitable password hash because it can be cracked by an attacker in a short amount of time. Use a suitable password hash because it can be cracked by an attacker in a short amount of time. Use a suitable password hash because it can be cracked by an attacker in a short amount of time. Use a suitable password hash because it can be cracked by an attacker in a short amount of time. Use a suitable password hash because it can be cracked by an attacker in a short amount of time.
>>> OWASP: A02:2021 - Cryptographic Failures
>>> CWE: CWE-328: Use of Weak Hash
>>> Recommendation: Consider using password_hash() function for password
Potential vulnerability found in: [non-literal-header.php]
   |: |vulnID:[A03.7] | line: |5| header("Some-Header: $data");
   ______
   |:|vulnID:[A03.7] | line:|9| header("Some-Header: ".$data);
   ______
>>> Vulnerability ID: A03.7
>>> Details: Using user input when setting headers with 'header()' is potentially dangerous. This could allow an attacker to inject a new line and add a new header into the response
>>> Severity: Low
>>> OWASP: A03:2021 - Injection
>>> CWE: CWE-113: Improper Neutralization of CRLF Sequences in HTTP Headers ('HTTP Request/Response Splitting')
>>> Recommendation: Avoid using user-controlled input in HTTP header.
Potential vulnerability found in: [openssl-cbc-static-iv.php]
   |: |vulnID:[A02.2] | line: |41| $hash = substr($ivHashCiphertext, 16, 32);
   ______
   |:|vulnID:[A02.2] | line:|54| $hash = substr($ivHashCiphertext, 16, 32);
   ______
>>> Vulnerability ID: A02.2
>>> Details: It looks like MD5 is used as a password hash. MD5 is not considered a secure password hash because it can be cracked by an attacker in a short amount of time. Use a suitable password hash because it can be cracked by an attacker in a short amount of time. Use a suitable password hash because it can be cracked by an attacker in a short amount of time. Use a suitable password hash because it can be cracked by an attacker in a short amount of time. Use a suitable password hash because it can be cracked by an attacker in a short amount of time. Use a suitable password hash because it can be cracked by an attacker in a short amount of time. Use a suitable password hash because it can be cracked by an attacker in a short amount of time. Use a suitable password hash because it can be cracked by an attacker in a short amount of time. Use a suitable password hash because it can be cracked by an attacker in a short amount of time.
>>> Severity: Medium
>>> OWASP: A02:2021 - Cryptographic Failures
>>> CWE: CWE-328: Use of Weak Hash
>>> Recommendation: Consider using password hash() function for password
|:|vulnID:[A02.5] | line:|9| $ciphertext = openssl encrypt($plaintext, $method, $key, OPENSSL RAW DATA, $iv);
   ______
   |:|vulnID:[A02.5] | line:|21| $ciphertext = openssl_encrypt($plaintext, $method, $key, OPENSSL_RAW_DATA, $iv);
   ______
   |:|vulnID:[A02.5] | line:|32| $ciphertext = openssl_encrypt($plaintext, "AES-256-CBC", $key, OPENSSL_RAW_DATA, $iv);
   ______
   |:|vulnID:[A02.5] | line:|48| return openssl_decrypt($ciphertext, $method, $key, OPENSSL_RAW_DATA, $iv);
   _____
   |:|vulnID:[A02.5] | line:|61| return openssl_decrypt($ciphertext, $method, $key, OPENSSL_RAW_DATA, $iv);
   ______
>>> Vulnerability ID: A02.5
>>> Details: Static IV used with AES in CBC mode. Static IVs enable chosen-plaintext attacks against encrypted data
>>> Severity: Medium
>>> OWASP: A02:2021 - Cryptographic Failures
>>> CWE: CWE-329: Generation of Predictable IV with CBC Mode
>>> Recommendation: Avoid using static IV for AES-CBC mode.
Potential vulnerability found in: [php-permissive-cors.php]
   |:|vulnID:[A07.2] | line:|5| header("Access-Control-Allow-Origin: *");
   ______
   |:|vulnID:[A07.2] | line:|8| header("Access-Control-Allow-Origin:* ");
   _____
```

|:|vulnID:[A07.2] | line:|11| Header("access-control-allow-origin: *");

```
>>> Vulnerability ID: A07.2
>>> Details: Access-Control-Allow-Origin response header is set to "*". This will disable CORS Same Origin Policy restrictions.
>>> Severity: Low
>>> OWASP: A07:2021 - Identification and Authentication Failures
>>> CWE: CWE-346: Origin Validation Error
>>> Recommendation:
Potential vulnerability found in: [php-ssrf.php]
  |:|vulnID:[A10.1] | line:|5| $ch = curl_init($_GET['r']);
  |:|vulnID:[A10.1] | line:|11| $ch = curl_init($url);
  |:|vulnID:[A10.1] | line:|15| $ch = curl_init();
  |:|vulnID:[A10.1] | line:|17| curl_setopt($ch, CURLOPT_URL, $_POST['image_url']);
  ______
  |:|vulnID:[A10.1] | line:|21| $ch = curl_init();
  _____
  |:|vulnID:[A10.1] | line:|24| curl_setopt($ch, CURLOPT_URL, $url);
  _____
  |:|vulnID:[A10.1] | line:|30| $file = fopen($url, 'rb');
  _____
  |:|vulnID:[A10.1] | line:|35| $file = fopen($_POST['r'], 'rb');
  ______
  |:|vulnID:[A10.1] | line:|41| $file = file_get_contents($url);
  _____
  |:|vulnID:[A10.1] | line:|46| $file = file_get_contents($_POST['r']);
  ______
  |:|vulnID:[A10.1] | line:|51| $file = file_get_contents("index.php");
  _____
  |:|vulnID:[A10.1] | line:|57| $file = fopen("/tmp/test.txt", 'rb');
  ______
>>> Vulnerability ID: A10.1
>>> Details: The web server receives a URL or similar request from an upstream component and retrieves the contents of this URL, but it does not sufficiently ensure that the request is being sent to the expected destination
>>> Severity: High
>>> OWASP: A10:2021 - Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF)
>>> CWE: CWE-918: Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF)
>>> Recommendation: Avoid using dangerous functions with payload data. https://cheatsheetseries.owasp.org/cheatsheets/Server_Side_Request_Forgery_Prevention_Cheat_Sheet.html
Potential vulnerability found in: [redirect-to-request-uri.php]
  |:|vulnID:[A01.2] | line: |4| header('Location: '.$ SERVER['REQUEST URI']);
  ______
  |:|vulnID:[A01.2] | line:|7| header('location:'.$_SERVER['REQUEST_URI']);
  ______
  |:|vulnID:[A01.2] | line:|10| header('Location: '.$_SERVER['REQUEST_URI'].'/');
  |:|vulnID:[A01.2] | line:|13| header("Location: ".$_SERVER['REQUEST_URI']);
  ______
  |:|vulnID:[A01.2] | line:|16| header('Location: '.$_SERVER["REQUEST_URI"]);
  ______
  |:|vulnID:[A01.2] | line:|25| header('Location: https://semgrep.dev'.$_SERVER['REQUEST URI']);
  ______
>>> Vulnerability ID: A01.2
>>> Details: Redirecting to the current request URL may redirect to another domain, if the current path starts with two slashes.
>>> Severity: Low
>>> OWASP: A01:2021 - Broken Access Control
>>> CWE: CWE-601: URL Redirection to Untrusted Site ('Open Redirect')
>>> Recommendation: Avoid using user-controlled input for redirection.
Potential vulnerability found in: [unlink-use.php]
  |:|vulnID:[A01.3] | line:|5| unlink("/storage/" . $data . "/test");
>>> Vulnerability ID: A01.3
>>> Details: Using user input when deleting files with `unlink()` is potentially dangerous. A malicious actor could use this to modify or access files they have no right to.
>>> Severity: Medium
>>> OWASP: A01:2021 - Broken Access Control
>>> CWE: CWE-22: Improper Limitation of a Pathname to a Restricted Directory ('Path Traversal')
>>> Recommendation: Avoid using user-controlled input for unlinking files.
Potential vulnerability found in: [unserialize-use.php]
  |:|vulnID:[A08.2] | line:|5| $object = unserialize($data);
  ______
>>> Vulnerability ID: A08.2
>>> Details: Calling `unserialize()` with user input in the pattern can lead to arbitrary code execution
>>> Severity: Low
>>> OWASP: A08:2021 - Software and Data Integrity Failures
```

```
>>> CWE: CWE-502: Deserialization of Untrusted Data
```

>>> Recommendation: Consider using JSON or structured data approaches (e.g. Google Protocol Buffers).

|:|vulnID:[A02.2] | line: | 19 | \$hashed password = str rot13('totally secure');

|:|vulnID:[A02.2] | line:|22| \$hashed_password = sodium_crypto_generichash('mypassword');

Potential vulnerability found in: [weak-crypto.php]

```
|:|vulnID:[A02.1] | line:|4| $hashed_password = crypt('mypassword');
 ______
 |:|vulnID:[A02.1] | line: |7| $hashed_password = md5('mypassword');
 ______
 |:|vulnID:[A02.1] | line:|10| $hashed_password = md5_file('filename.txt');
 ______
 |:|vulnID:[A02.1] | line:|13| $hashed password = sha1('mypassword');
 ______
 |:|vulnID:[A02.1] | line:|16| $hashed_password = sha1_file('filename.txt');
 ______
 |:|vulnID:[A02.1] | line:|19| $hashed_password = str_rot13('totally secure');
 _____
>>> Vulnerability ID: A02.1
>>> Details: Detected usage of weak crypto function. Consider using stronger alternatives
>>> Severity: Low
>>> OWASP: A02:2021 - Cryptographic Failures
>>> CWE: CWE-327: Use of a Broken or Risky Cryptographic Algorithm
>>> Recommendation: Consider using stronger alternatives such as sodium
|:|vulnID:[A02.2] | line:|4| $hashed_password = crypt('mypassword');
 _____
 |:|vulnID:[A02.2] | line: |7| $hashed_password = md5('mypassword');
 ______
 |:|vulnID:[A02.2] | line:|10| $hashed_password = md5_file('filename.txt');
 ______
 |:|vulnID:[A02.2] | line:|13| $hashed_password = sha1('mypassword');
 _____
 |:|vulnID:[A02.2] | line:|16| $hashed_password = sha1_file('filename.txt');
 _____
```

>>> Vulnerability ID: A02.2

>>> Details: It looks like MD5 is used as a password hash. MD5 is not considered a secure password hash because it can be cracked by an attacker in a short amount of time. Use a suitable password hash because it can be cracked by an attacker in a short amount of time. Use a suitable password hash because it can be cracked by an attacker in a short amount of time. Use a suitable password hash because it can be cracked by an attacker in a short amount of time. Use a suitable password hash because it can be cracked by an attacker in a short amount of time. Use a suitable password hash because it can be cracked by an attacker in a short amount of time. Use a suitable password hash because it can be cracked by an attacker in a short amount of time.

>>> Severity: Medium

>>> OWASP: A02:2021 - Cryptographic Failures

>>> CWE: CWE-328: Use of Weak Hash

>>> Recommendation: Consider using password_hash() function for password