STA 371G Outline

Spring 2017

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Office Hours: Monday & Wednesday 3:30-5:00 PM. You are welcome to come by my

office at other times.

Wednesday, January 18

Topics:

- Introduction
- Probability
- Random variables

Reading Assignments:

You are recommended to read:

Chapter 1 of OpenIntro Statistics, 3rd edition

Monday, January 23

Topics:

- Probability distributions
- Mean, variance and standard deviation of a random variable

Reading Assignments:

If you are not familiar with the topics discussed in class, you are recommended to read:

pp. 156-168, 189-195, of Data analysis and decision making, 4th edition

or

pp. 196-206, 225-231 of Data analysis and decision making, 3rd edition

You are also recommended to read:

pp. 1-14 of "1 TopicSummary_ProbabilityConceptsAndNormalDistributions.pdf" (available in Canvas/files)

To learn more about these topics, you may further read:

Chapters 2.1, 2.2, 2.4, and 2.5 of OpenIntro Statistics, 3rd edition

Wednesday, January 25

- Mean, variance and standard deviation of a random variable
- Add a constant to a random variable
- Multiply a random variable by a constant
- Conditional, joint and marginal probabilities

Monday, January 30

- Conditional, joint and marginal probabilities
- Independent random variables, sum of independent random variables

Wednesday, February 1

- Continuous random variables
- Probability density function: area under the curve represents probability
- Standard normal distribution $Z \sim \mathcal{N}(0,1)$
- Normal distribution $X \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu, \sigma^2)$
- If $X \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu, \sigma^2)$, then $P(X < x) = P(\frac{X-u}{\sigma} < \frac{x-u}{\sigma}) = P(Z < \frac{x-u}{\sigma})$.

Reading Assignments:

To get familiar with the normal distribution, you are recommended to read:

pp. 211-215, 217-225 of Data analysis and decision making, 4th edition or

pp. 247-250, 253-260 of Data analysis and decision making, 3rd edition

You are also recommended to read:

pp. 15-30 of "1TopicSummary_ProbabilityConceptsAndNormalDistributions.pdf" (available in Canvas/files)

You may further read:

Chapters 3.1.1, 3.1.2, 3.1.4 and 3.1.5 of OpenIntro Statistics, 3rd edition

Monday, February 6

- Standard normal calculations in Excel: NORMSDIST, or in R: pnorm (type "?pnorm" in R for help).
- Understand the meaning of the standard deviation σ in a normal distribution: $P(\mu \sigma < X < \mu + \sigma) = ?$ and $P(\mu 2\sigma < X < \mu + 2\sigma) = ?$

- Normal calculations in Excel:
 - NORMSDIST, NORMDIST NORMSINV, NORMINV

or in R:

pnorm, qnorm (type "?pnorm" and "?qnorm" in R for help).

- Standardizing a normal random variable $Z = \frac{X-\mu}{\sigma} \sim \mathcal{N}(0,1)$ Interpretation: the value of Z is the number of standard deviations that X deviates towards the left (if Z < 0) or the right (if Z > 0) of the mean.
- Plot a normal distribution in Excel and R

Wednesday, February 8

- Example: Testing at ZTel, we will make an Excel spreadsheet for calculations
- Case study, Texas BBA Salary Statistics
- Expectation of a continuous random variable
- Population mean, variance, standard deviation
- Sample mean, sample variance, standard error of the sample mean
- Sampling distribution of the sample mean

Reading Assignments:

To learn more about estimation and sampling distribution, please read:

pp. 352-353, 366-371, 374, 388-395 of Data analysis and decision making, 4th edition or

pp. 378-379, 393-398, 400-401, 422-430 of Data analysis and decision making, 3rd edition

You are also recommended to read:

"2TopicSummary_EstimationAndSamplingDistributions.pdf" (available in Canvas/files)

For this topic, you may further read:

Chapters 4.1, 4.2, 4.4 and 5.3 of OpenIntro Statistics, 3rd edition

Monday, February 13

- Sampling distribution of the sample mean
- Confidence interval
- Simple linear regression
- Linear prediction: $Y = b_0 + b_1 X$
- Least squares estimation of b_0 and b_1

- Examples: predict house price, baseball runs per game
- Using Excel and R to do the calculation
- Excel add-in: Palisade Decision Tools (including StatTools) for Windows, StatPlus:mac LE for Mac.

Reading Assignments:

Chapters 7.1 and 7.2 of OpenIntro Statistics, 3rd edition pp. 531-551 of Data analysis and decision making, 4th edition or

pp. 562-584 of Data analysis and decision making, 3rd edition

Wednesday, February 15

- Sample mean, variance, and standard deviation
- Sample covariance, sample correlation
- \bullet Linear relationship between X and Y
- $b_0 = \bar{y} b_1 \bar{x}, b_1 = r_{xy} \times \frac{s_y}{s_x}$
- $\operatorname{mean}(e)=0$, $\operatorname{Corr}(e,X)=0$, $\operatorname{Corr}(e,\hat{Y})=0$, $\operatorname{Corr}(\hat{Y},X)=1$
- SST, SSR, SSE
- Coefficient of determination: $R^2 = \frac{SSR}{SST} = 1 \frac{SSE}{SST}$
- $R^2 = r_{xy}^2$ measures the proportion of variation in Y explained by X.

Reading Assignments:

PDF "Simple Linear Regression" posted in Canvas/files

Monday, February 20

- Statistical model for simple linear regression
- Statistical model for simple linear regression:

$$Y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X + \epsilon, \ \epsilon \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \sigma^2)$$
$$Y \sim \mathcal{N}(\beta_0 + \beta_1 X, \sigma^2)$$

- ullet Conditional distribution of Y given X
- 95% prediction interval of Y given X: $\beta_0 + \beta_1 X \pm 2\sigma$
- Conditional and marginal distributions of Y

- Interpretation of ϵ and σ
- The error terms ϵ_i are independent, and identically distributed
- Least squares estimation and Gaussian maximum likelihood (optional)
- True line $\beta_0 + \beta_1 X$ and least squares line $b_0 + b_1 X$

Reading Assignments:

- "3TopicSummary_RegressionModelAndEstimation.pdf" (available in Canvas/files)
- "5TopicSummary_CorrelationAndCovariance.pdf" (available in Canvas/files)
- "6TopicSummary_ComputingAndInterpretingRSquare.pdf" (available in Canvas/files)
- $\label{thm:convex} \mbox{``17TopicSummary_InterpretingAndEstimatingVarianceOfEpsilon.pdf'' (available in Canvas/files)}$

Wednesday, February 22

- Case study: Waite First Securities, Milk and Money
- Discuss Practice Exam #1
- Common problems in homework assignments
- Topic summary for Midterm #1

Monday, February 27

• Midterm Exam #1, FAC 21, 7:00-10:00 pm

Wednesday, March 1

- Degrees of freedom
- In SLR, σ^2 is estimated with $s^2 = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n e_i^2}{n-2} = \frac{SSE}{n-2}$.
- SLR regression standard error: $s = \sqrt{SSE/(n-2)}$
- Sampling distributions of regression parameters
- Confidence intervals of regression parameters
- Hypothesis testing in SLR: t-statistic and p-value

Monday, March 6

- Multiple regression
- T-test

• Example: Supervisor performance data

• Understanding multiple regression

• Examples: Auto MPG, Baseball

Wednesday March 8

- \bullet F-test
- Understanding multiple regression
- Correlation and causation
- $\bullet \ \ {\rm Multicollinearity}$
- Example: Number of beer and weight & height

Monday, March 20

- Multicollinearity
- Dummy variables and interactions
- Example: Gender Discrimination in Salary at Fifth National Bank
- Case study: Orion Bus Industries—Contract Bidding Strategy

Wednesday March 22

- Example: MidCity House Price
- Diagnostics
- Polynomial regression

Reading Assignments:

Chapters 10, 11.1-11.5, and 11.8-11.11 of Data analysis and decision making, 4th edition or

Chapters 11, 12.1-12.5, and 12.8-12.11 of Data analysis and decision making, 3rd edition

"4TopicSummary_NonlinearRelationships.pdf" (available in Canvas/files)

Monday, March 27

• Slides 3.3 pages 25-46

- Variable interaction
- Log transformation
- Case Study, Oakland A's (A)
- Case Study, Oakland A's (B)

Reading Assignments:

 $"9Topic Summary_Measuring The Quality Of The Estimate Of Beta.pdf" (available in Canvas/files)$

"10TopicSummary_HypothesisTestingInRegression.pdf" (available in Canvas/files)

Wednesday, March 29

- Slides 4.1, Slides 4.2 pages 1-15
- Time series: fitting a trend
- Autocorrelation
- Time series regression, Hotel Occupancy Case

Reading Assignments:

Chapter 12 of Data analysis and decision making, 4th edition or

Chapter 13 of Data analysis and decision making, 3rd edition

Monday, April 3

- Slides 4.2 pages 16-end, Slides 4.3 pages 1-15
- Random walk models
- Autoregressive models
- Example: Monthly stock closing prices
- Example: Daily/Monthly temperature
- Example: Monthly Boston Armed Robberies Jan.1966-Oct.1975
- Seasonal models
- Example: Fisher river daily temperatures

Reading Assignments:

"8TopicSummary_ForecastingModelForSPSSSales.pdf" (available in Canvas/files)

Wednesday, April 5

 $\bullet\,$ Slides 4.3 pages 16-end

• Example: Monthly airline passengers

• Case study: Northern Napa Valley Winery, Inc.

• Example: Monthly liquor sales

 \bullet Review for Midterm Exam #2

Monday, April 10

 \bullet Midterm Exam #2