# Package 'iNEXT.meta'

## August 26, 2025

Type Package

<b>Title</b> Meta-analysis of the Difference Between Two Treatments in iNterpolation and EXTrapolation for Beta Diversity Across Three Dimensions		
Version 1.0.0		
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<b>Description</b> Provides functions to compute the difference between two treatments in taxonomic, phylogenetic, or functional diversity (3D) at a standardized sample coverage across alpha, beta, and gamma diversity levels, as well as dissimilarity and turnover indices. This package also includes tools to conduct meta-analysis and generate forest plots for visualizing the results.		
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<b>Imports</b> dplyr, forestplot, grid, gridExtra, iNEXT.3D, iN-EXT.beta3D, knitr, magrittr, metafor, purrr, rmarkdown, stringr, tibble, tidyr		
Suggests tidyverse		
Encoding UTF-8		
LazyData true		
VignetteBuilder knitr		
<b>Depends</b> R (>= 4.0)		
RoxygenNote 7.3.2		
R topics documented:  iNEXT.meta-package Beetle_abundance_data Beetle_distM Beetle_tree Bird_distM Bird_incidence_data Bird_tree DataInfobeta3Dmeta ggiNEXTmeta iNEXTbeta3Dmeta		
Index 11		

iNEXT.meta-package Meta-analysis of the difference between two treatments in interpolation and extrapolation for beta diversity across three dimensions

## **Description**

iNEXT.meta (Meta-analysis of the difference between two treatments in interpolation and extrapolation for beta diversity across three dimensions) is an R package that extends the concepts of iNEXT.beta3D (Chao et al., 2023) to meta-analysis (fixed-effect model).

iNEXT.meta is primarily designed to integrate results comparing diversity differences between two treatments across multiple studies. It enables the calculation of three dimensions (3D) of diversity: taxonomic diversity (TD), phylogenetic diversity (PD) and functional diversity (FD), at a specified level of sample coverage.

This package provides three main functions:

- 1. DataInfobeta3Dmeta provides basic data information in each combination of site and treatment for (1) the gamma reference sample in the pooled assemblage, and (2) the alpha reference sample in the joint assemblage.
- 2. iNEXTbeta3Dmeta estimates the difference of standardized 3D diversity with common sample coverage (for alpha, beta, gamma diversity, and four classes of dissimilarity measures) between two treatments, and fit a fixed-effect model to perform meta-analysis.
- 3. ggiNEXTmeta visualizes the output from the function iNEXTbeta3Dmeta by providing forest plot of the difference between two treatments of standardized 3D diversity in each study/site and meta-analysis.

## **Description**

This dataset includes beetle species abundance data in eleven sites (B04, B05, B06, B07, H09, L11, P08, S10, U01, U02, U03) with two treatments (Control and Enhanced).

## Usage

data("Beetle\_abundance\_data")

#### Format

Beetle\_abundance\_data is a matrix where:

- The first two columns represent Site, Treatment.
- The remaining 1308 columns correspond to species names.

Beetle\_distM 3

Beetle\_distM

Species pairwise distance matrix for beetle species

## **Description**

This dataset includes a beetle species pairwise symmetric distance matrix for 199 species listed in the Beetle\_abundance\_data dataset. Each element in the matrix represents a Gower distance between two species computed from species traits.

## Usage

```
data("Beetle_distM")
```

#### **Format**

Beetle\_distM is a 1308 x 1308 (species by species) symmetric data.frame. Each element of the data.frame is between zero (for species pairs with identical traits) and one.

Beetle\_tree

Phylogenetic tree for beetle abundance data

## Description

This dataset includes a phylogenetic tree spanned by 1308 species listed in the Beetle\_abundance\_data dataset.

#### Usage

```
data("Beetle_tree")
```

## **Format**

Beetle\_tree is a list (phylo tree) with the following phylogenetic information:

A list of 4:

\$ edge: int [1:1720, 1:2] 1309 1310 1311 1312 1313 1310 1311 ...

\$ edge.length: num [1:1720] 0.1091 0.4511 0.2800 0.0349 0.1000 0.0160 ...

\$ Nnode : int 413

\$tip.label: chr [1:1308] "Otiorhynchus\_porcatus" "Otiorhynchus\_crataegi" "Otiorhynchus\_pupillatus"

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4 Bird\_incidence\_data

Bird\_distM

Species pairwise distance matrix for bird species

## **Description**

This dataset includes a bird species pairwise symmetric distance matrix for 72 species listed in the Bird\_incidence\_data dataset. Each element in the matrix represents a Gower distance between two species computed from species traits.

#### Usage

```
data("Bird_distM")
```

#### **Format**

Bird\_distM is a 72 x 72 (species by species) symmetric data.frame. Each element of the data.frame is between zero (for species pairs with identical traits) and one.

Bird\_incidence\_data

Bird incidence raw data (datatype = "incidence\_raw" for TD, PD, and FD)

## **Description**

This dataset includes bird species incidence data in eleven sites (B04, B05, B06, B07, H09, L11, P08, S10, U01, U02, U03) with two treatments (Control and Enhanced). In each combinations of eleven sites and two treatments (B04C, B04E, B05C, B05E, ...), there are 84, 84, 49, 69, 75, 84, 71, 57, 62, 77, 48, 78, 84, 84, 64, 83, 77, 69, 84, 55, 84, 51 sampling units.

#### Usage

```
data("Bird_incidence_data")
```

#### **Format**

Bird\_incidence\_data is a matrix where:

- The first three columns represent Site, Treatment, and Patch.
- The remaining 72 columns correspond to species names.

Bird\_tree 5

Bird\_tree

Phylogenetic tree for bird incidence data

## **Description**

This dataset includes a phylogenetic tree spanned by 72 species listed in the Bird\_incidence\_data dataset.

## Usage

```
data("Bird_tree")
```

#### **Format**

Bird\_tree is a list (phylo tree) with the following phylogenetic information:

A list with 4 elements:

\$ edge : int [1:135, 1:2] 73 74 75 75 74 73 1 2 3 76 ... \$ edge.length: num [1:30] 19.1 68.5 15.8 84.3 16.5 ...

\$ Nnode: int 64

\$ tip.label : chr [1:16] "Bonasa\_bonasia" "Tetrao\_urogallus" "Bucephala\_clangula" ...

DataInfobeta3Dmeta

Data information for reference samples

## Description

DataInfobeta3Dmeta provides basic data information for each combination of site and treatment for (1) the gamma reference sample in the pooled assemblage, and (2) the alpha reference sample in the joint assemblage.

## Usage

```
DataInfobeta3Dmeta(
  data,
  diversity = "TD",
  datatype = "abundance",
  PDtree = NULL,
  PDreftime = NULL,
  FDdistM = NULL,
  FDtype = "AUC",
  FDtau = NULL
)
```

6 DataInfobeta3Dmeta

## **Arguments**

data	<ul> <li>(a) For datatype = "abundance", a data.frame whose first two columns are study/site and treatment, followed by species columns (an assemblage = site × treatment).</li> <li>(b) For datatype = "incidence_raw", a data.frame whose first three columns are study/site, treatment, and patch, followed by species columns with entries in {0,1}.</li> </ul>
diversity	Diversity type: 'TD' (Taxonomic), 'PD' (Phylogenetic), or 'FD' (Functional).
datatype	"abundance" for individual-based data, or "incidence_raw" for incidence-by-sampling-units data (0/1).
PDtree	(required for diversity = "PD") a phylogenetic tree in Newick format for all observed species in the pooled data.
PDreftime	(required only for diversity = "PD") a numeric reference time; default NULL uses the root age of PDtree.
FDdistM	(required for diversity = "FD") a species pairwise distance matrix for the pooled data.
FDtype	(required for diversity = "FD") either "tau_value" for a specified threshold or "AUC" (default) for the area under the tau-profile.
FDtau	(required for diversity = "FD" and FDtype = "tau_value") a value in [0,1] specifying the threshold. If FDtau = NULL (default), the threshold is set to the mean pairwise distance (quadratic entropy).

## Value

A data.frame with basic information restricted to the pooled and joint assemblages. Columns follow iNEXT.beta3D::DataInfobeta3D output.

## **Examples**

```
## (Data Information) Taxonomic diversity for abundance data
data("Beetle_abundance_data")
info_TD_abu <- DataInfobeta3Dmeta(data = Beetle_abundance_data,</pre>
                                    diversity = 'TD',
                                    datatype = 'abundance')
info_TD_abu
## (Data Information) Taxonomic diversity for incidence data (Bird)
data("Bird_incidence_data")
info_TD_inc <- DataInfobeta3Dmeta(data = Bird_incidence_data,</pre>
                                    diversity = 'TD',
                                    datatype = 'incidence_raw')
info_TD_inc
\ensuremath{\mbox{\#\#}} (Data Information) Mean phylogenetic diversity for abundance data
data("Beetle_abundance_data")
data("Beetle_tree")
info_PD_abu <- DataInfobeta3Dmeta(data = Beetle_abundance_data,</pre>
                                    diversity = 'PD',
                                    datatype = 'abundance',
                                    PDtree = Beetle_tree, PDreftime = NULL)
info_PD_abu
```

ggiNEXTmeta 7

```
## (Data Information) Mean phylogenetic diversity for incidence data (Bird)
data("Bird_incidence_data")
data("Bird_tree")
info_PD_inc <- DataInfobeta3Dmeta(data = Bird_incidence_data,</pre>
                                   diversity = 'PD',
                                   datatype = 'incidence_raw',
                                   PDtree = Bird_tree,
                                   PDreftime = NULL)
info PD inc
## (Data Information) Functional diversity for abundance data (tau-value)
data("Beetle_abundance_data")
data("Beetle_distM")
info_FDtau_abu <- DataInfobeta3Dmeta(data = Beetle_abundance_data,</pre>
                                      diversity = 'FD',
                                      datatype = 'abundance',
                                      FDdistM = Beetle_distM,
                                      FDtype = "tau_value", FDtau = NULL)
info_FDtau_abu
## (Data Information) Functional diversity for abundance data (AUC)
data("Beetle_abundance_data")
data("Beetle_distM")
info_FDAUC_abu <- DataInfobeta3Dmeta(data = Beetle_abundance_data,</pre>
                                      diversity = 'FD',
                                      datatype = 'abundance',
                                      FDdistM = Beetle_distM,
                                      FDtype = "AUC", FDtau = NULL)
info_FDAUC_abu
## (Data Information) Functional diversity for incidence data (Bird)
data("Bird_incidence_data")
data("Bird_distM")
info_FDtau_inc <- DataInfobeta3Dmeta(data = Bird_incidence_data,</pre>
                                      diversity = 'FD',
                                      datatype = 'incidence_raw',
                                      FDdistM = Bird_distM,
                                      FDtype = "tau_value", FDtau = NULL)
info_FDtau_inc
```

ggiNEXTmeta

Forest plot of the standardized 3D diversity difference (fixed effect)

#### **Description**

ggiNEXTmeta draws a forest plot for the difference of standardized 3D diversity between two treatments, summarized using a fixed-effect model.

## Usage

```
ggiNEXTmeta(output, q, num_round = 3, range, type = NULL, level = NULL)
```

8 iNEXTbeta3Dmeta

#### **Arguments**

The output from iNEXTbeta3Dmeta. output A value of Order. g present in output. q Number of decimal places shown. num\_round Optional lower/upper bounds to clip CIs (pass to forestplot's clip; comrange mented out by default). One of "Gamma", "Alpha", "Beta", "1-C", "1-U", "1-V", or "1-S". type level Optional sample coverage (in percent) to annotate in the title; if NULL, no anno-

tation is added.

#### Value

A forest plot showing site-level differences and the fixed-effect combined estimate.

#### **Examples**

```
data("Beetle_abundance_data")
out <- iNEXTbeta3Dmeta(Beetle_abundance_data, diversity = "TD",</pre>
                       order.q = c(0,1,2), datatype = "abundance",
                       level = NULL, nboot = 10,
                       treatment_order = c("Enhanced", "Control"))
ggiNEXTmeta(out, q = 0, num_round = 3, range = c(-20,15), type = "Gamma", level = NULL)
```

iNEXTbeta3Dmeta

Difference of standardized 3D diversity (fixed-effect meta-analysis)

#### **Description**

iNEXTbeta3Dmeta estimates the difference of standardized 3D (taxonomic, phylogenetic, functional) diversity between two treatments (e.g., Enhanced vs. Control) and synthesizes results across sites using a fixed-effect model.

#### Usage

```
iNEXTbeta3Dmeta(
 data,
 diversity = "TD",
 order.q = 0,
 datatype = "abundance",
 level = NULL,
 nboot = 10,
 treatment_order,
 conf = 0.95,
 PDtree,
 PDreftime = NULL,
 PDtype = "meanPD",
 FDdistM,
 FDtype = "AUC",
 FDtau = NULL,
 FDcut_number = 30
)
```

iNEXTbeta3Dmeta 9

#### **Arguments**

data Same structure as iNEXT.beta3D; for datatype = "abundance", the first two columns are site and treatment; for datatype = "incidence\_raw", the first three columns are site, treatment, and patch. 'TD', 'PD', or 'FD'. diversity Numeric vector of diversity orders (e.g., c(0,1,2)). order.q "abundance" or "incidence\_raw". datatype level Sample-coverage level in [0,1]. If NULL, the function uses the minimum coverage achieved at double the reference sample size across all site x treatment nhoot Number of bootstrap replications for uncertainty. treatment\_order Character vector of length 2 specifying the treatment order; differences are computed as treatment\_order[1] - treatment\_order[2]. conf Confidence level (default 0.95). PDtree, PDreftime, PDtype, FDdistM, FDtype, FDtau, FDcut\_number

## Value

A list with seven components: Summary\_Gamma, Summary\_Alpha, Summary\_Beta, Summary\_1-C, Summary\_1-U, Summary\_1-V, and Summary\_1-S. Each component contains: (1) a data frame of site-level differences (with SE, CI, weights) plus a fixed-effect combined row, and (2) a one-row meta summary with Cochran's Q (Q\_val), degrees of freedom (df\_val), p-value (p\_val), and heterogeneity percentage (I2\_val).

As in iNEXT.beta3D.

## **Examples**

```
## TD / abundance (Beetle), coverage-standardized, fixed effect
data("Beetle_abundance_data")
out_TD_abu <- iNEXTbeta3Dmeta(data = Beetle_abundance_data, diversity = "TD",</pre>
                               order.q = c(0,1,2), datatype = "abundance", level = NULL,
                       nboot = 10, treatment_order = c("Enhanced","Control"), conf = 0.95)
out_TD_abu
## PD / abundance (Beetle) - requires Beetle_tree
data("Beetle_abundance_data"); data("Beetle_tree")
out_PD_abu <- iNEXTbeta3Dmeta(data = Beetle_abundance_data, diversity = "PD",</pre>
                              order.q = c(0,1,2), datatype = "abundance", level = NULL,
                       nboot = 10, treatment_order = c("Enhanced", "Control"), conf = 0.95,
                               PDtree = Beetle_tree, PDreftime = NULL, PDtype = "meanPD")
out_PD_abu
## FD / abundance (Beetle) - requires Beetle_distM
data("Beetle_abundance_data"); data("Beetle_distM")
out_FD_abu <- iNEXTbeta3Dmeta(data = Beetle_abundance_data, diversity = "FD",</pre>
                              order.q = c(0,1,2), datatype = "abundance", level = NULL,
                       nboot = 10, treatment_order = c("Enhanced", "Control"), conf = 0.95,
                              FDdistM = Beetle_distM, FDtype = "AUC", FDcut_number = 30)
out_FD_abu
## TD / incidence_raw (Bird)
```

iNEXTbeta3Dmeta

# **Index**

```
* datasets
    Beetle_abundance_data, 2
    Beetle_distM, 3
    Beetle_tree, 3
    Bird_distM, 4
    Bird\_incidence\_data, 4
    Bird_tree, 5
* package
    iNEXT.meta-package, 2
{\tt Beetle\_abundance\_data, 2}
Beetle_distM, 3
Beetle_tree, 3
Bird_distM, 4
Bird_incidence_data, 4
Bird_tree, 5
DataInfobeta3Dmeta, 5
ggiNEXTmeta, 7
iNEXT.meta(iNEXT.meta-package), 2
iNEXT.meta-package, 2
iNEXTbeta3Dmeta, 8
```