

Data Analysis on Movie's Gross

Group Members

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Abstract

The analysis is based on the US movies over the last three decades. I am interest in exploring what increases movie gross and how the movie preferences change over time. By conducting data preprocessing, exploratory data analysis, preliminary fit, model selection, model validation, model diagnostics, and bootstrap, my final regression model shows that higher budget and better directors increase gross, unsurprisingly. Releasing movies in summer and winter may help to increase gross. Horror movies become the most popular genre since the 1990's, animation and adventure movies behave increasingly better than other genres recently, in terms of gross. In addition, increasing budget on animation brings significantly more gross while the rate of return for horror movies is the lowest among all the movies. PG and PG-13 are also more popular than the other ratings.

Introduction

Over the last several decades, the US movie industry has experienced significant changes as the constant improvement in streaming platforms create competition for market share in the movie industry. I believe that gross best describes success in the movie industry and provides crucial information regarding financial performance of the business. Therefore, I am interested in exploring the relationships between gross and movie features, such as budget, genre, rating, year, and others. Especially, I would like to know how the effects of genre and rating on gross change as budget increases and time goes by.

The analysis relies on the data of global movies from 1980 to 2020, which scraped from IMDb and posted on Kaggle by Daniel Grijalva. The original dataset contains 7668 observations and 15 variables combined with 6 quantitative and 9 categorical variables. The variables include gross, budget, runtime, rating, genre, score, country, director, and release date.

To explore what affects movie gross and how the effects change, I first preprocess the data and conduct exploratory data analysis. I then examine preliminary findings followed by model selection, model validation, and model diagnostics. Finally, I perform bootstrapping to see the random variation in the results.

Methods and Results

1. Data Preprocessing

First, I restrict my data to the movies released before 2020 and produced by US companies due to much fewer observations in 2020 and of other countries. Therefore, the analysis focuses on US movies throughout three decades from 1980 to 2019. Second, I remove some variables from the dataset, such as name, writer, star, and company, as they have considerable variation. I also exclude votes from the analysis as it is an endogenous variable. However, to keep movie's information as much as possible, I generate a new variable, director tier; it has levels, A, B, and C, which grouped by the average score a director received for all his or her movies. I believe this categorical variable is a proxy for the capability or popularity of the director and further affects gross. In addition, based on the released date, I create a categorical variable, season, in which March, April, and May are categorized as spring, June, July, August as

summer, September, October, November as fall, and the rest as winter. Third, I find the dataset has a great number of missing values due to the variable, budget. Since the missingness is not completely random, I decide to compute the missing values with the single imputation for the purpose of better practice of what I learn from this course. Finally, I have a full dataset with 5345 observations and 8 variables. In addition, I split the data into training and validation sets in the ratio 50:50 for the later model validation.

2. *Exploratory Data Analysis*

Among the 8 variables, one half is quantitative, and the other half is qualitative. Figure 1 displays the distributions of quantitative variables, gross, budget, runtime, and year. Except year, all the other variables are right-skewed. Looking at their scatter plots, shown in Figure 2, there is no obvious nonlinear relationship between gross and budget and they are highly correlated. Rating, genre, director tier, and season are the four qualitative variables, and their illustrations are pie charts in the Figure 3. As shown, NC-17/R and PG-13 are the two largest ratings; comedy, action, and drama are the three largest genres; for tier, the majority of directors belong to B while the minority to A; four seasons have similar proportions although winter's is slightly smaller. Looking at the side-by-side box plots in Figure 4, it shows that animation and tier A have noticeable higher gross than their counterparts.

3. *Preliminary Fit*

Based on the training data, I first regress budget, runtime, year, rating, genre, director tier, and released season onto gross. By performing model diagnostics, I find the residuals are not normally distributed. I then apply the Box-Cox procedure and find that lambda is 0, so I take a log transformation on gross, referring to $\log(\text{gross})$ thereafter. Also, I take the log transformation on budget and runtime because they have right-skewed distributions as well. Repeating the procedures of model fitting, model diagnostics, and Box-Cox transformation with the new variables, the results show that residuals are still non-normal, and lambda is 2 this time. I therefore raise $\log(\text{gross})$ to the second power and conduct the whole process with the updated variable; again, the violation of the normality assumption is still there, and lambda is close to 2. As a result, I raise $\log(\text{gross})$ to the fourth power, and this solves the non-normality problem of the residuals. Therefore, the model assumption of normality generally holds for the last regression model. All the results about the transformation procedures are shown in Figure 5. For the last model, there exists an unobvious problem of unequal variance, but I believe the model assumptions hold reasonably.

Then, I make a scatter plot matrix on the newly constructed quantitative variables in Figure 6, and it shows that there is no obvious nonlinearity among the variables. Additionally, I plot residuals of the last fit against interaction terms in Figure 7. From the observation, it is possible to include interaction terms between quantitative variables as there might be some unclear linear patterns between $\log(\text{budget})$ and $\log(\text{runtime})$ as well as $\log(\text{budget})$ and year.

4. *Model Selection*

In this step, I apply forward stepwise procedure on the training data to select a good model that balance bias and variance, with the consideration of both first-order models and models with interaction terms. The initial model has 0 predictor, while the full first-order model contains 7 predictors and the full model with interaction terms contains 29 predictors. In my

case, the number of coefficients for the full first-order model is 20 and for the full model with interaction terms is 156. The criteria used for model selection are AIC and BIC, in which the smaller, the better. Consequently, the procedure returns 3 candidate models. First, AIC and BIC are identical in selecting the first-order model and they find the best model as below:

$$\log(\text{gross})_i^4 = \beta_0 + \beta_1 \log(\text{budget})_i + \beta_2 \log(\text{runtime})_i + \beta_3 \text{year}_i + \beta_4 \text{rating}_i + \beta_5 \text{genre}_i + \beta_6 \text{tier}_i + \beta_7 \text{season}_i + \varepsilon_i$$

Second, for the models with interaction terms, AIC finds the following:

$$\begin{aligned} \log(\text{gross})_i^4 = & \beta_0 + \beta_1 \log(\text{budget})_i + \beta_2 \log(\text{runtime})_i + \beta_3 \text{year}_i + \beta_4 \text{rating}_i + \beta_5 \text{genre}_i + \beta_6 \text{tier}_i + \beta_7 \text{season}_i \\ & + \beta_8 \log(\text{budget})_i * \log(\text{runtime})_i + \beta_9 \log(\text{budget})_i * \text{year}_i + \beta_{10} \log(\text{budget})_i * \text{rating}_i + \beta_{11} \log(\text{budget})_i * \text{genre}_i + \beta_{12} \log(\text{budget})_i * \text{tier}_i \\ & + \beta_{13} \log(\text{runtime})_i * \text{year}_i + \beta_{14} \log(\text{runtime})_i * \text{genre}_i + \beta_{15} \log(\text{runtime})_i * \text{season}_i \\ & + \beta_{16} \text{year}_i * \text{rating}_i + \beta_{17} \text{year}_i * \text{genre}_i + \beta_{18} \text{year}_i * \text{season}_i \\ & + \beta_{19} \text{rating}_i * \text{tier}_i + \varepsilon_i \end{aligned}$$

Third, in contrast to AIC, BIC gives the following as the best model with interaction terms:

$$\begin{aligned} \log(\text{gross})_i^4 = & \beta_0 + \beta_1 \log(\text{budget})_i + \beta_2 \log(\text{runtime})_i + \beta_3 \text{year}_i + \beta_4 \text{rating}_i + \beta_5 \text{genre}_i + \beta_6 \text{tier}_i + \beta_7 \text{season}_i \\ & + \beta_8 \log(\text{budget})_i * \log(\text{runtime})_i + \beta_9 \log(\text{budget})_i * \text{year}_i + \beta_{10} \log(\text{runtime})_i * \text{year}_i + \varepsilon_i \end{aligned}$$

5. Model Validation

For this part, I perform both internal validation using the training data and external validation using the validation data. In terms of internal validation, I compute C_p and Press_p , and then compare C_p with p as well as Press_p with SSE_p for each candidate model. Specifically,

Model 1: $\text{Press}_p = 1.80 \times 10^{12}$, $C_p = 348.06$, $\text{SSE}_p = 1.77 \times 10^{12}$, $p = 20$, $\text{MSPE}_v = 6.48 \times 10^8$, $\text{MSE}_p = 6.67 \times 10^8$

Model 2: $\text{Press}_p = 1.65 \times 10^{12}$, $C_p = 82.78$, $\text{SSE}_p = 1.56 \times 10^{12}$, $p = 67$, $\text{MSPE}_v = 6.00 \times 10^8$, $\text{MSE}_p = 5.97 \times 10^8$

Model 3: $\text{Press}_p = 1.68 \times 10^{12}$, $C_p = 151.56$, $\text{SSE}_p = 1.65 \times 10^{12}$, $p = 23$, $\text{MSPE}_v = 6.03 \times 10^8$, $\text{MSE}_p = 6.22 \times 10^8$

If C_p is close to p , the model has little bias; among the three models, Model 2 has the least bias as its C_p is similar to p the most although they still have big difference. If Press_p is not much larger than SSE_p , there is no severe over-fitting; since the model bias is relatively high for all the models, no over-fitting problem is detected.

In terms of external validation, I first fit same regression models on the validation data, and then compute mean square prediction error, MSPE_v , and compare it with SSE_p/n . If MSPE_v is not much larger than SSE_p/n , there is no severe over-fitting; again, the three models do not have the over-fitting problem. Since Model 2 has the smallest MSPE_v , its predictive ability is the best compared to the other two. As a result, Model 2 is the best model I can have relying on the training and validation data.

6. Model Diagnostics

I conduct model diagnostics for the final model on the entire dataset. The diagnostic plots in Figure 8 shows that although the residuals are generally normal distributed, there is a little non-constancy in variance probably due to outliers. I therefore use Cook's distance to identify the influential cases. Before the influential cases, I use studentized deleted residuals and Bonferroni outlier test procedure to identify outlying Y and use leverage and the value of $2p/n$ to identify outlying X. The results show that there are 548 cases defined as outlying X observations while only 1 case for Y. According to Cook's distance. I find 3 influential cases. Removing the 3 cases, I refit the model, but there is no obvious change based on the diagnostic plots in Figure 9. The average absolute percent difference in the fitted values with and without the most influential cases is 1%, so they do not have very large influence on prediction, and I decide to retain all the cases.

7. Bootstrap

As there is slight non-constancy in residual variance, I perform bootstrap by resampling the original data to have better standard errors. The distribution of coefficients is normal. Figure 10 displays the distribution of coefficients for $\log(\text{budget})$ and year, for example.

Conclusion and Discussion

Following the procedures: data preprocessing, exploratory data analysis, preliminary fit, model selection, model validation, model diagnostics, and bootstrap, my final regression model contains 19 X variables with 7 main effects and 12 second order interactions. In addition, the model assumption of residuals about normality and constant variance reasonably holds by examining the diagnostic plots of the final model. However, due to the cumulative transformations, log and fourth power, on gross and the log transformation on budget and runtime, along with the interaction terms, the results become complicated to interpret. Therefore, I use the interaction plots combined with the model parameters to answer my questions of interest in the first place.

Generally, budget, runtime, and year positively affect gross; compared with tier A, tier B and C tend to decrease gross; compared with fall, summer and winter tend to increase gross. In terms of movie rating and genre, my interpretation is based on the interaction plots. In Figure 11, it shows the effect of interaction between budget and rating on gross. As shown, the interaction effect is not significant because different ratings have similar effects on gross as budget increases. In Figure 12, as budget increases, all genres have positive effects on gross; in contrast, animation has the greatest effects while horror has the smallest effects compared with other genres. Figure 13 shows gross against the interaction between rating and year. Based on the observation, G movies are less preferred as time goes by, but such effect is not as significant as it shows since the number of G movies is limited in the dataset. PG and PG-13 become more and more popular over the last three decades; R and NC-17 movies also become more popular while their effect on gross increases slowly. In Figure 14, the overall effects of interaction between genre and year on gross are positive. Particularly, horror movies become the most popular than all the others since the 1990's in terms of gross. Interestingly, action movies which brought the most gross during the 1980's become less popular than most of the others today. Since movies of other genres have limited observation, its effects are not significant. In addition, adventure and animation movies behave better on gross from years to years.

One of the limitations of this study is the great number of missing values in budget. Although I use the single imputation to compute the missing values, the results possible remain biased somehow. Second limitation is that the dataset does not contain all the important features of the movies and therefore the model bias is relatively higher. The third one is about the sampling; I doubt the sample distribution of year is representative.

Appendix 1

Figure 1: Histograms of Quantitative Variables

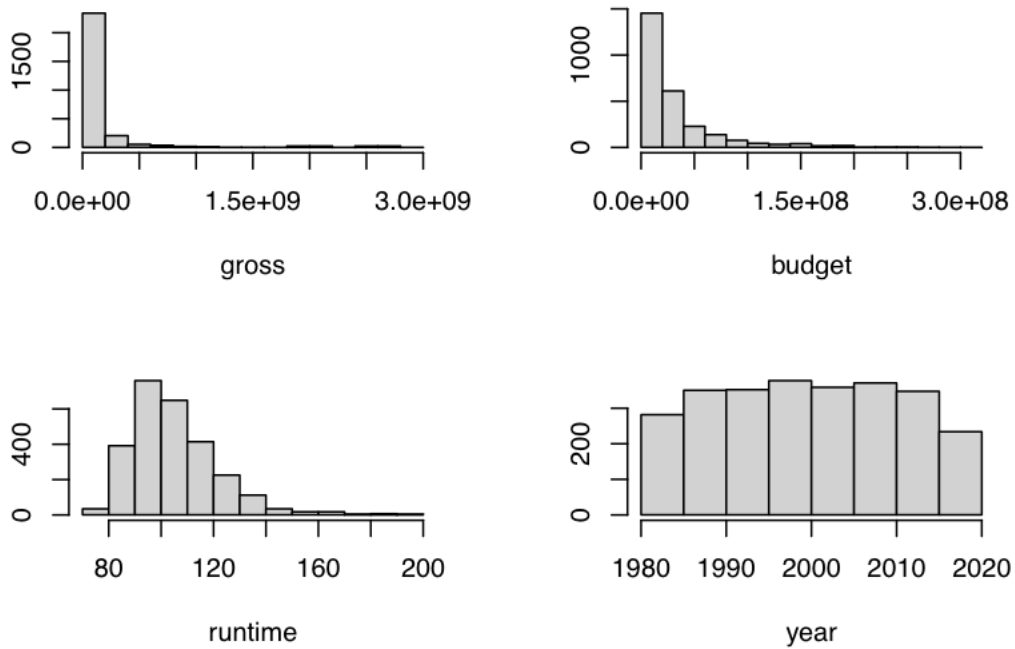


Figure 2: Scatter Plot Matrix of Quantitative Variables

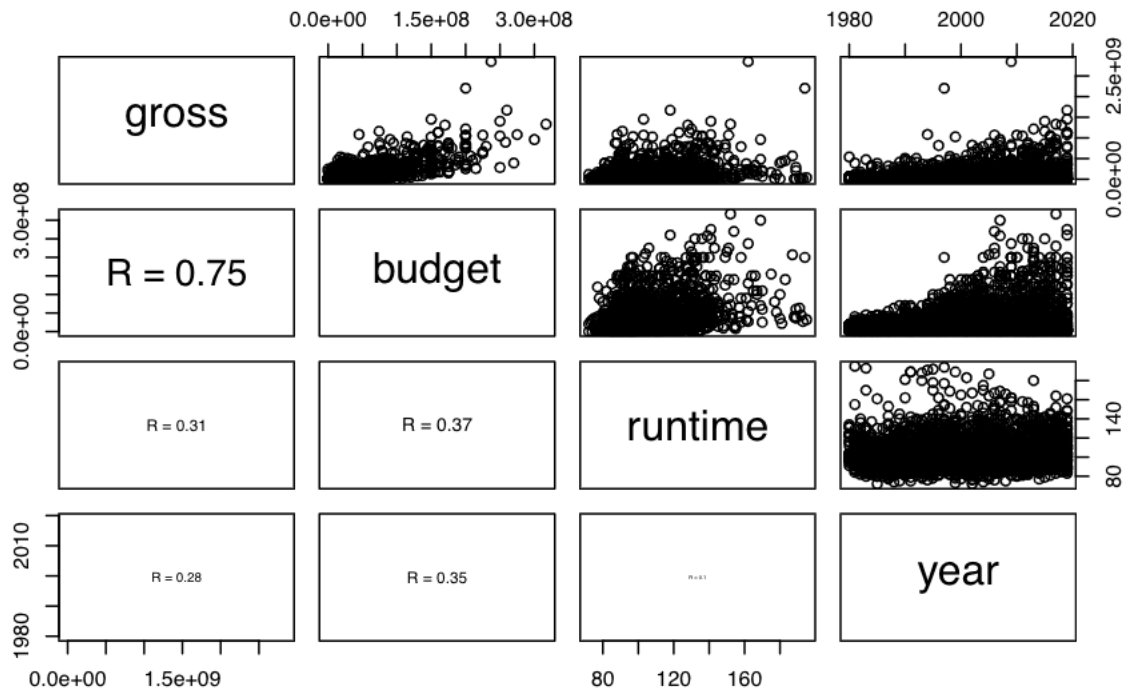


Figure 3a: Pie Charts of Qualitative Variables

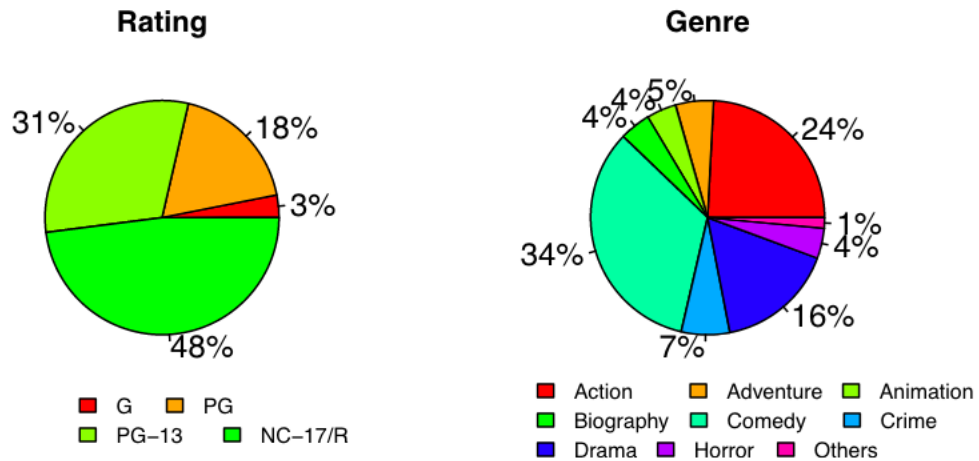


Figure 3b: Pie Charts of Qualitative Variables

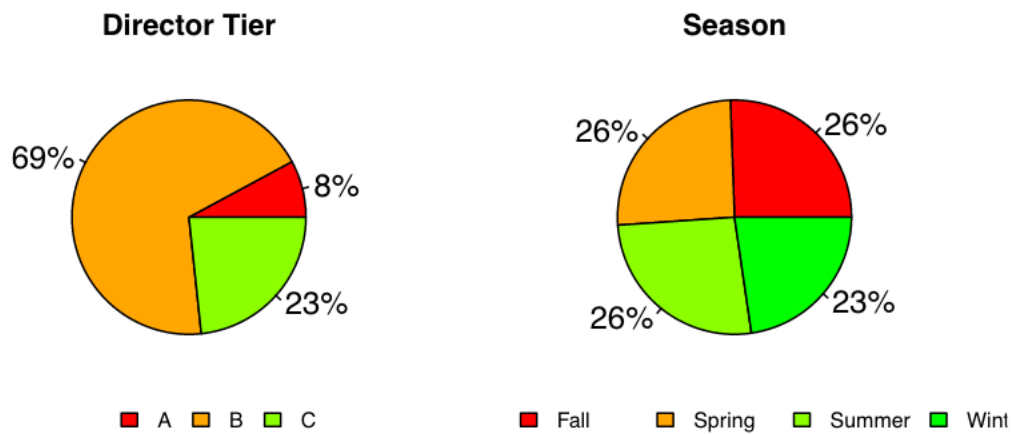


Figure 4a: Side-by-Side Box Plots

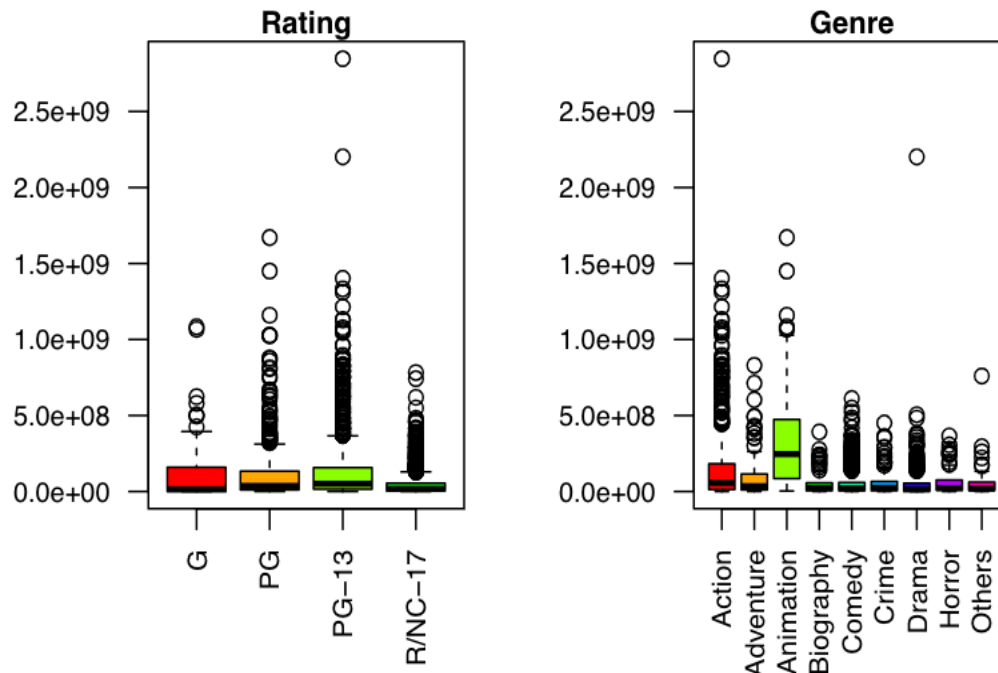


Figure 4b: Side-by-Side Box Plots

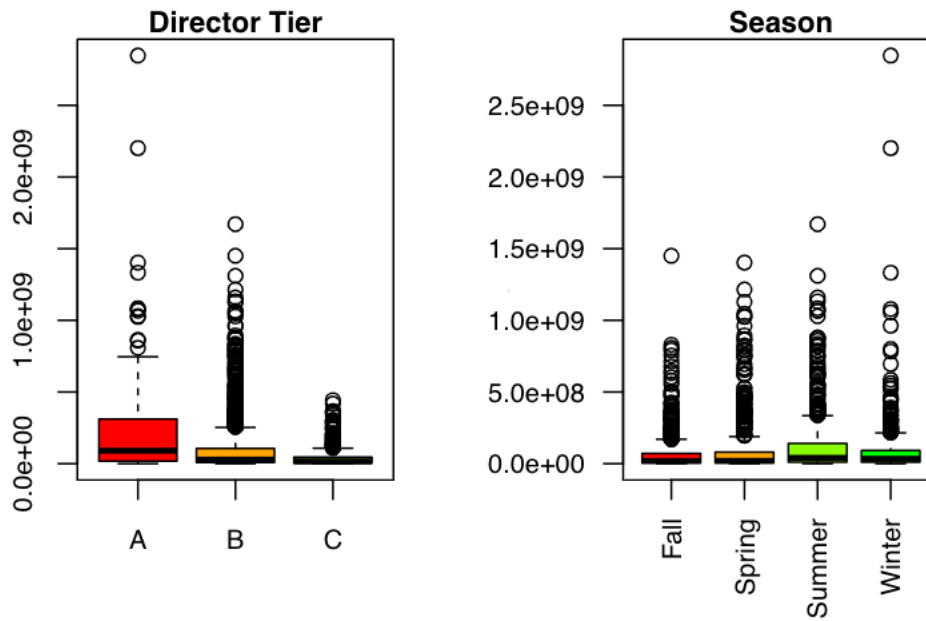


Figure 5a: Preliminary Regression of gross

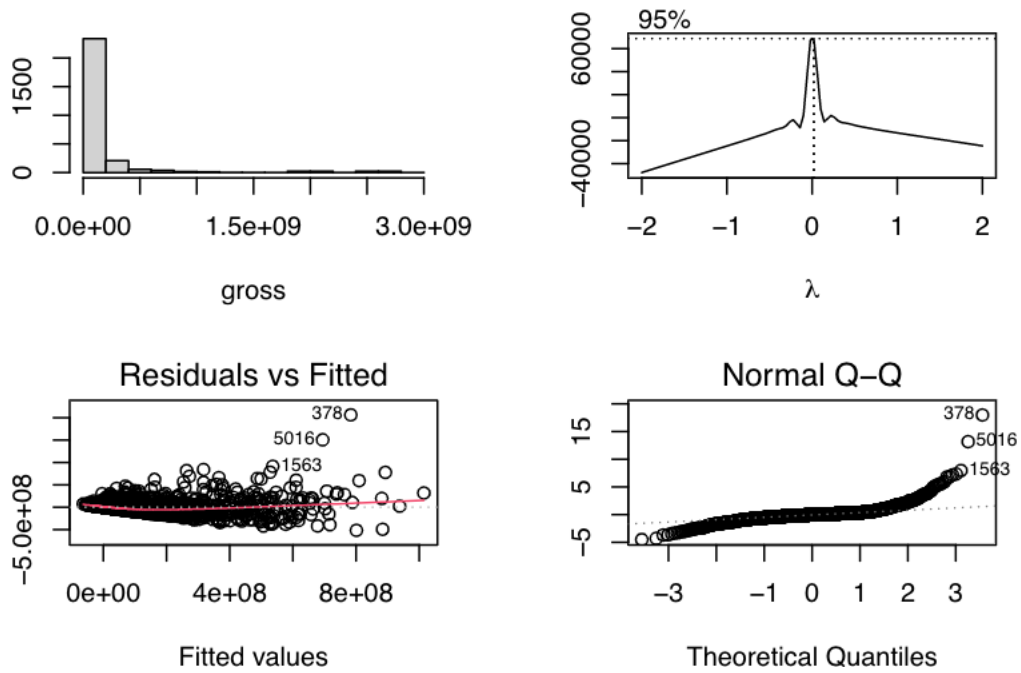


Figure 5b: Preliminary Regression of log(gross)

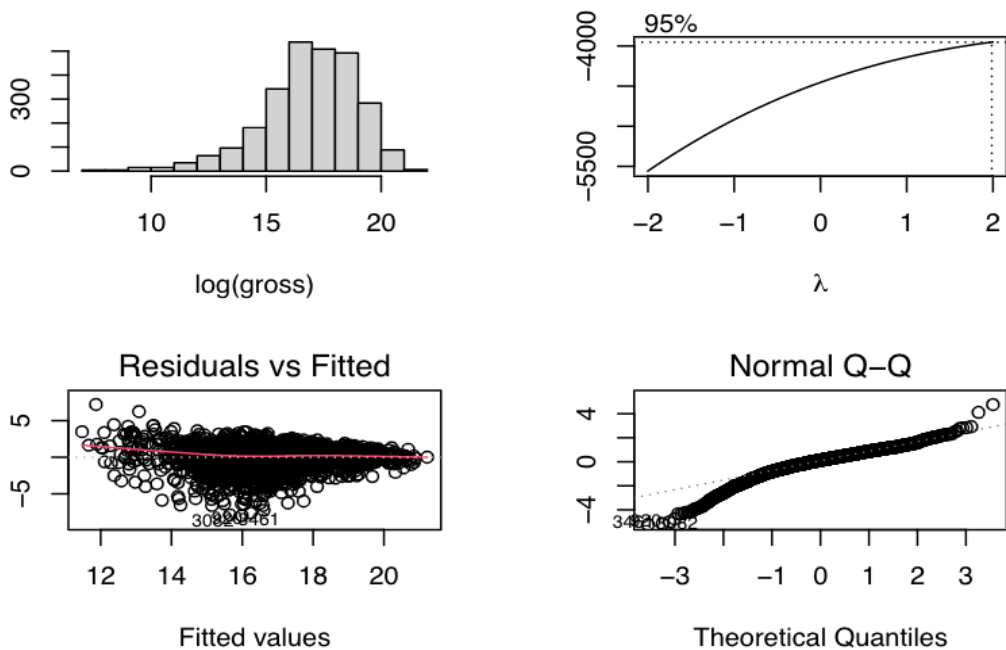


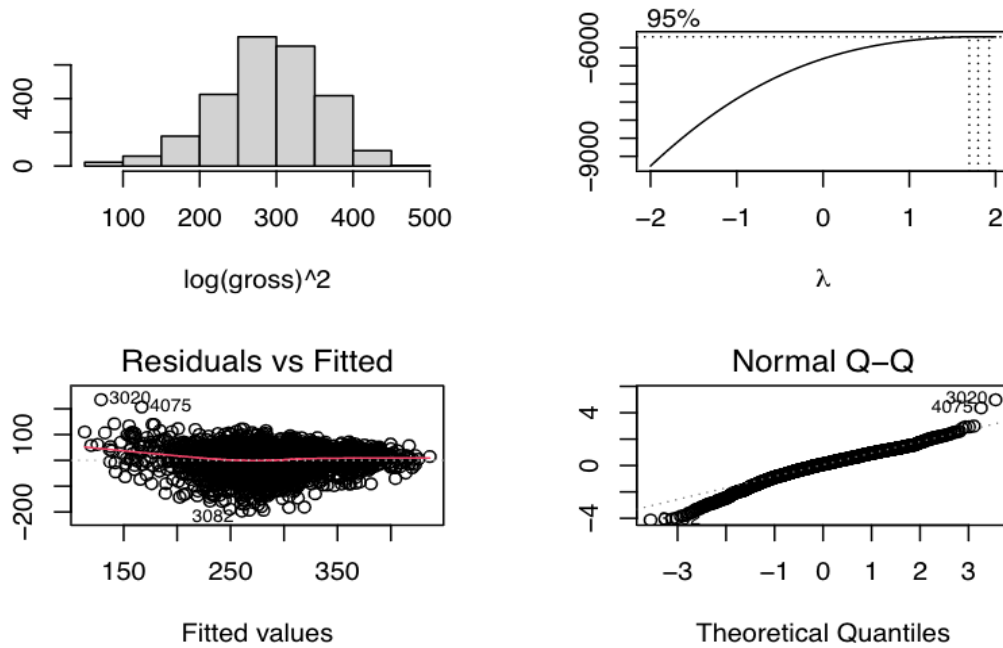
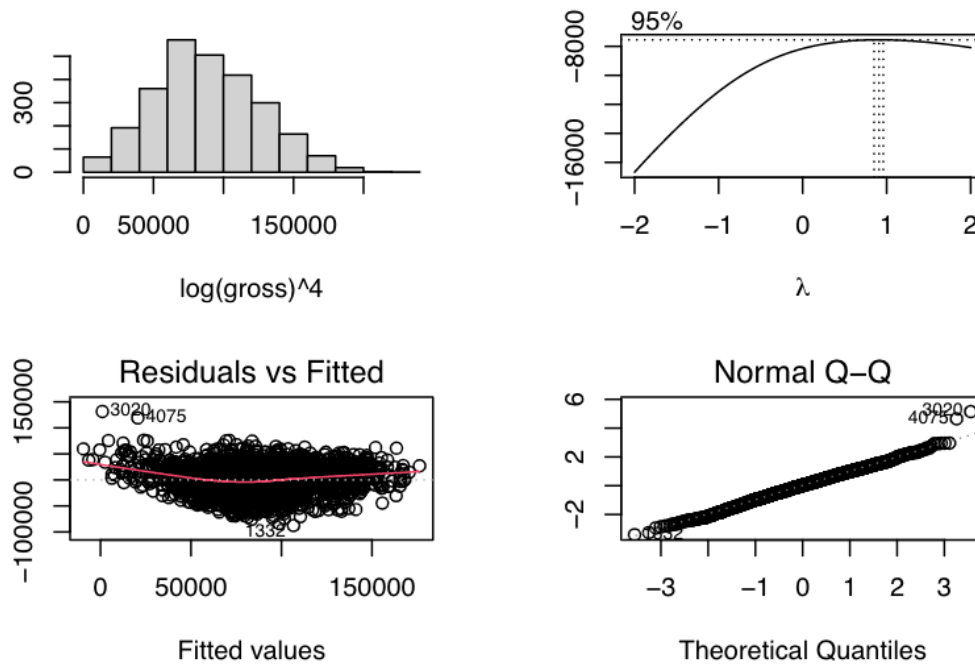
Figure 5c: Preliminary Regression of $\log(\text{gross})^2$ Figure 5d: Preliminary Regression of $\log(\text{gross})^4$ 

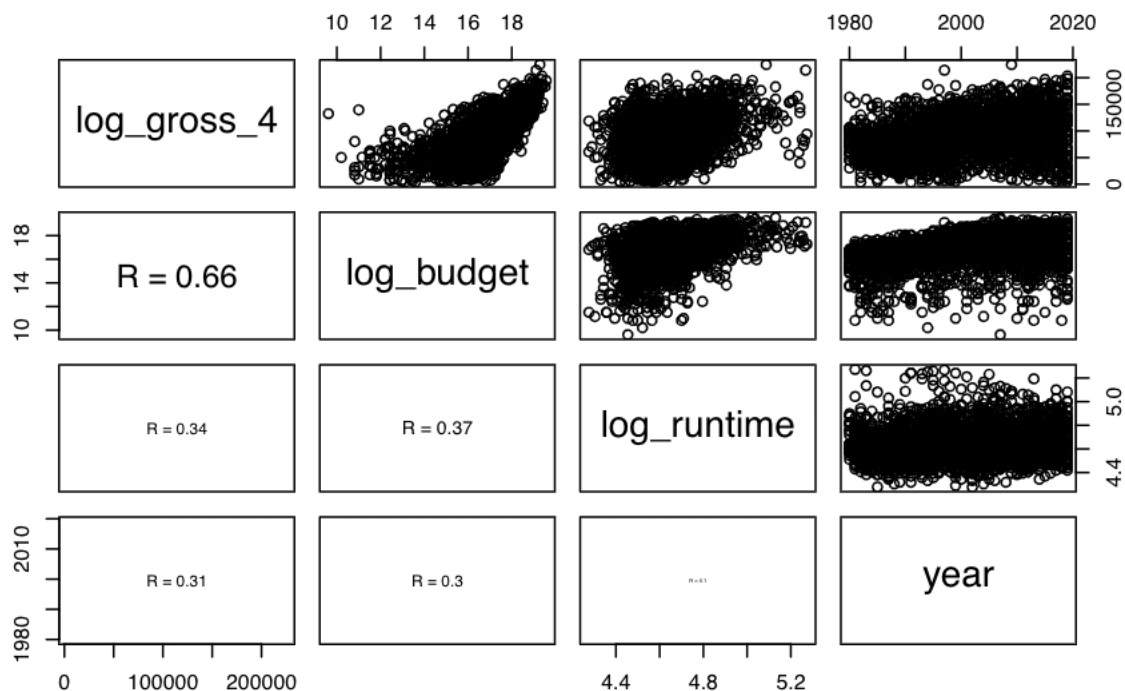
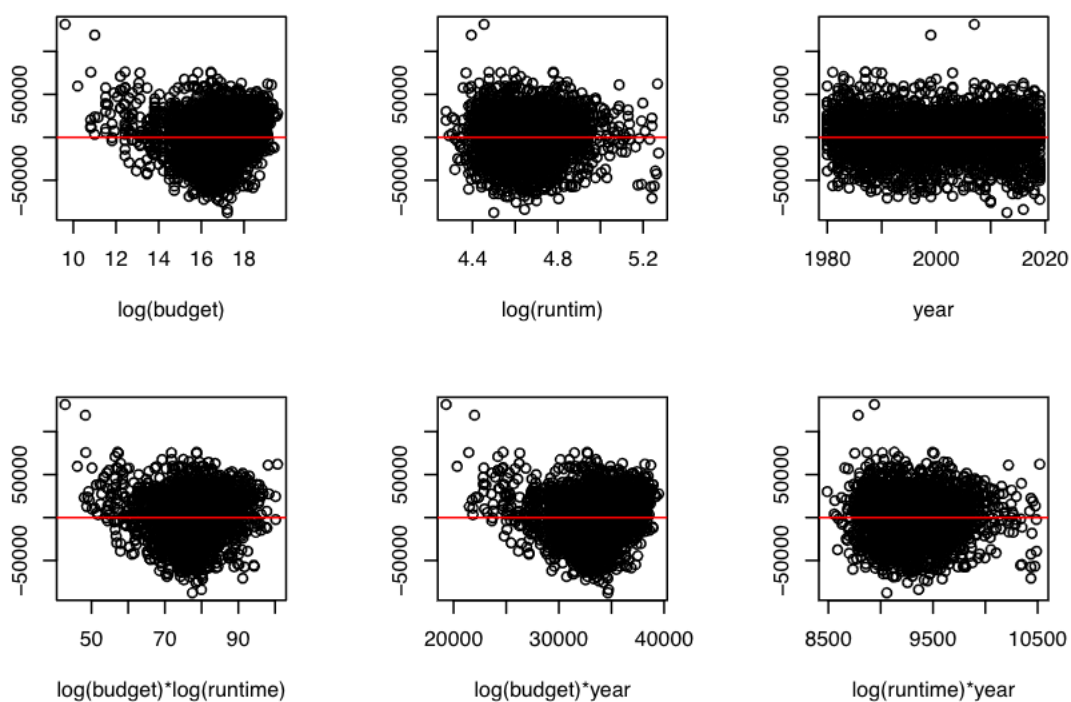
Figure 6: Scatter Plot Matrix of $\log(\text{gross})^4$ and Transformed X VariablesFigure 7: Model on $\log(\text{gross})^4$: Residuals vs. Interaction Terms

Figure 8: Diagnostic Plots for Final Model

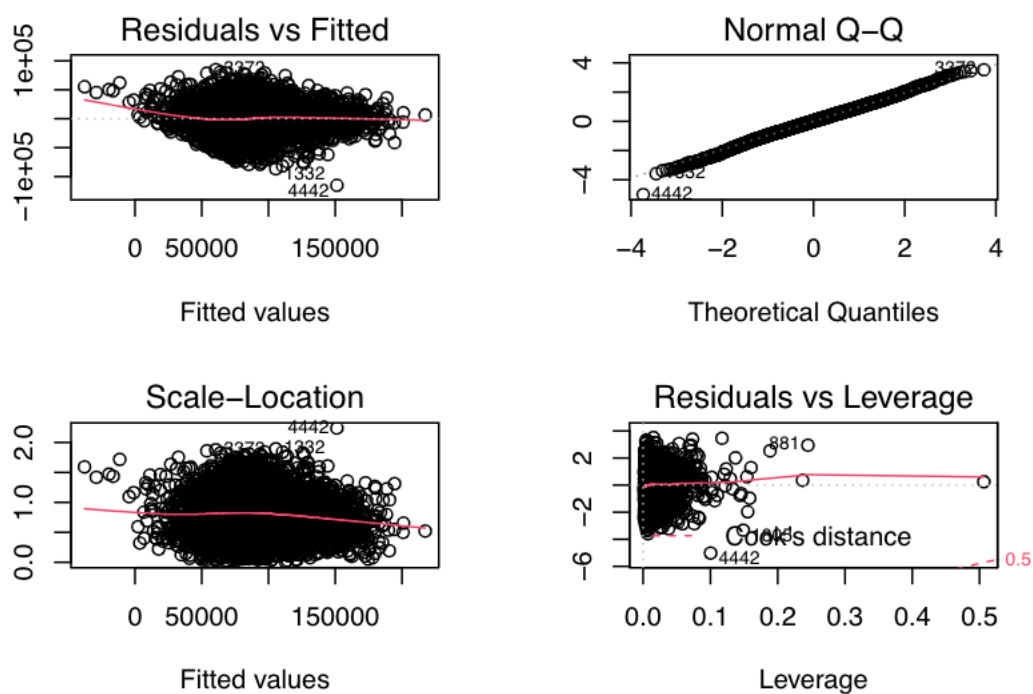


Figure 9: Cook's Distance

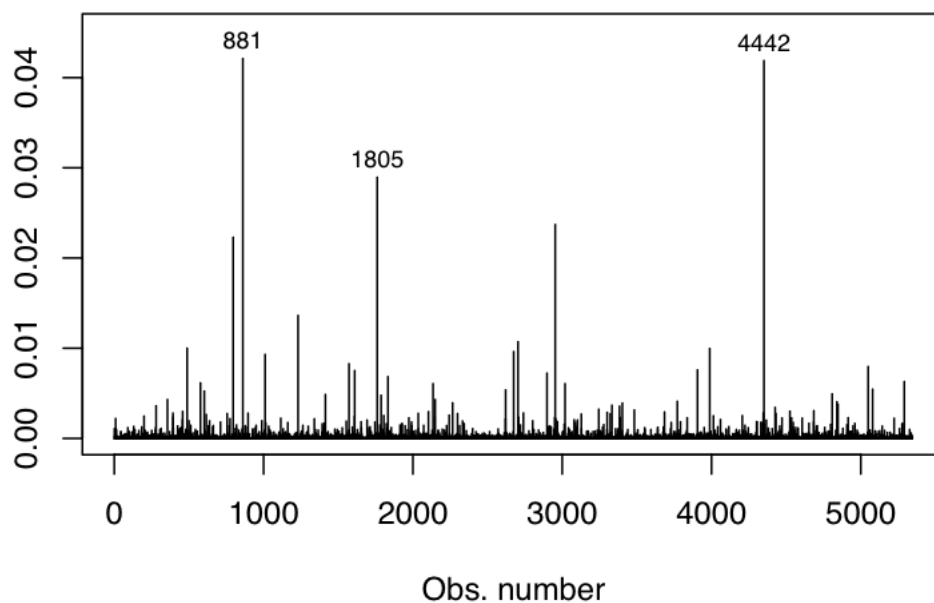
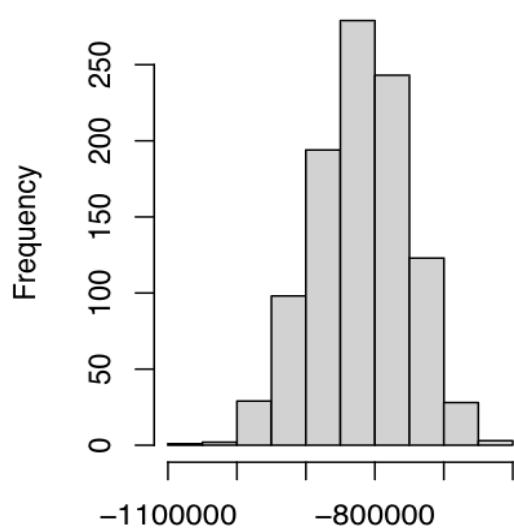
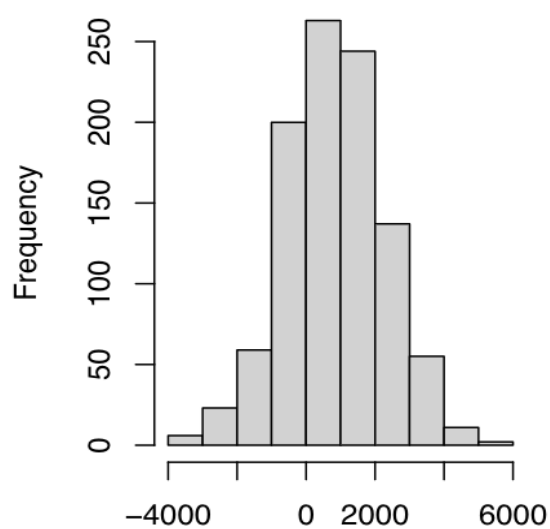


Figure 10: Bootstrap Estimate Coefficients

bootstrap estimate β^* for $\log(\text{gross})$



bootstrap estimate β^* for year

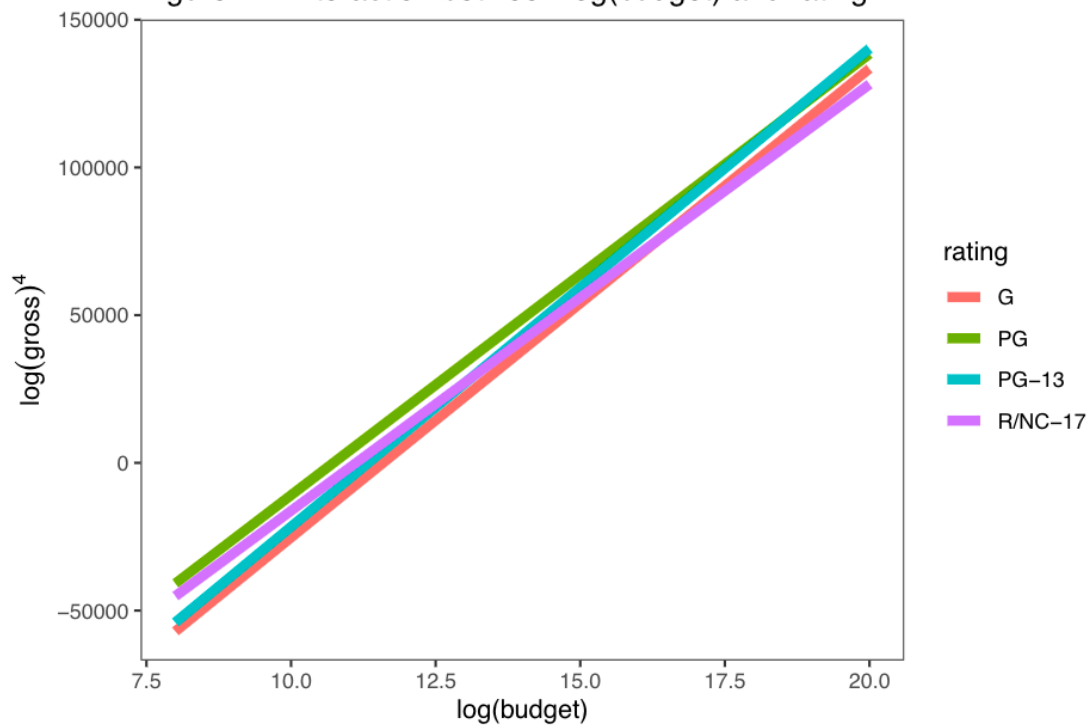
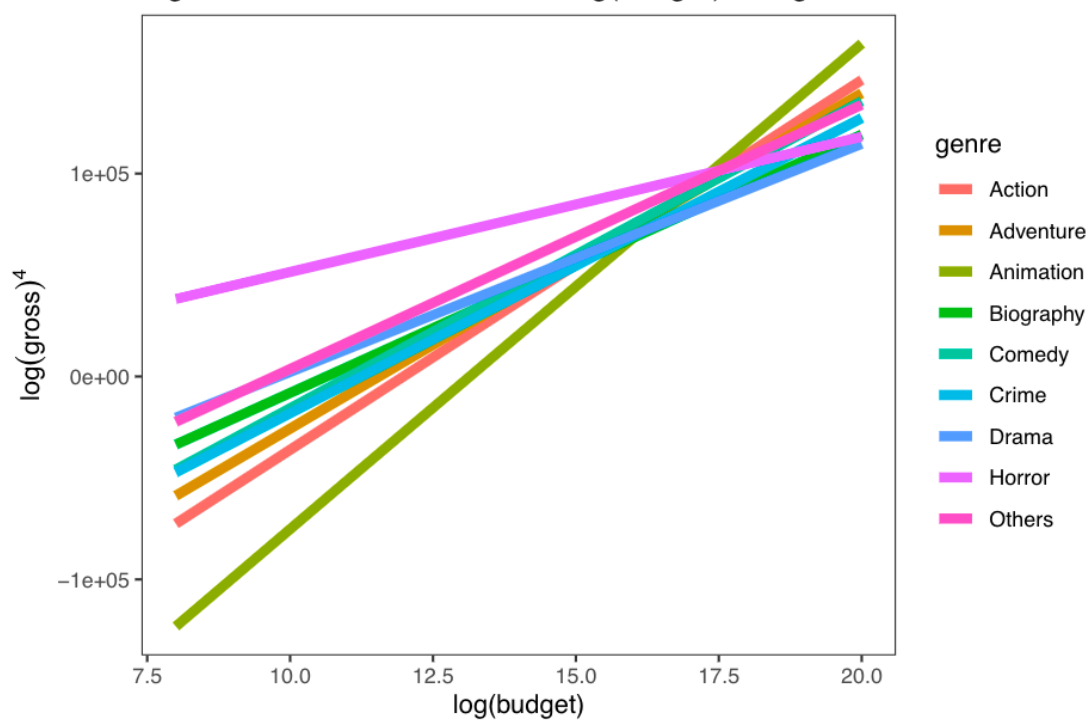
Figure 11: Interaction between $\log(\text{budget})$ and ratingFigure 12: Interaction between $\log(\text{budget})$ and genre

Figure 13: Interaction between year and rating

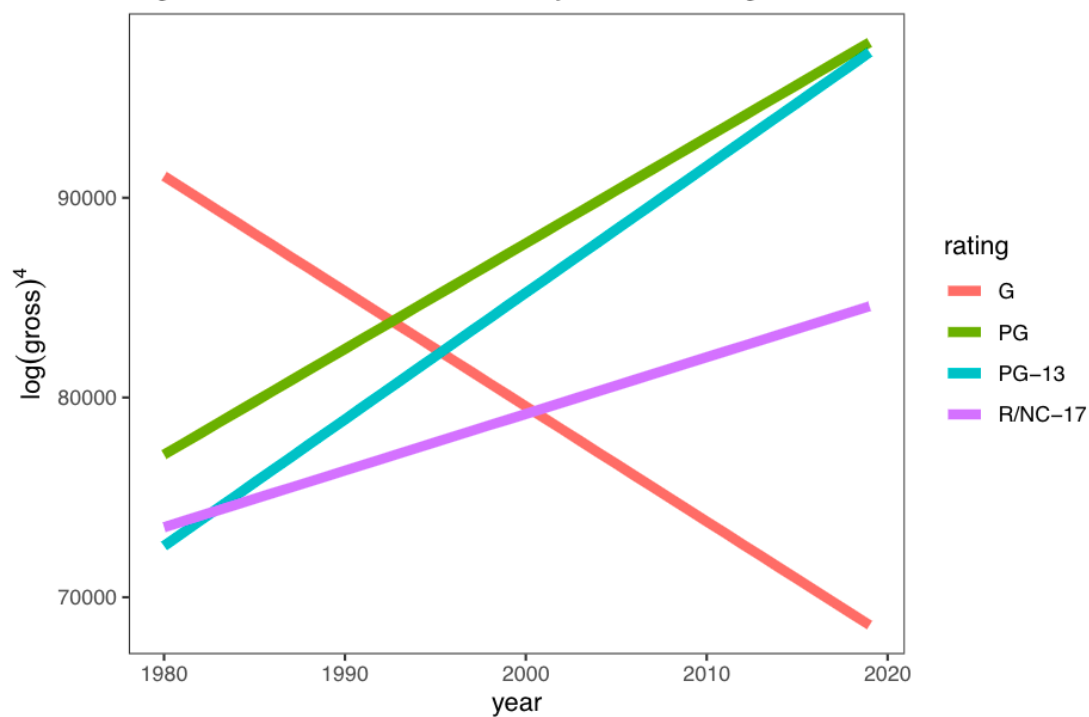
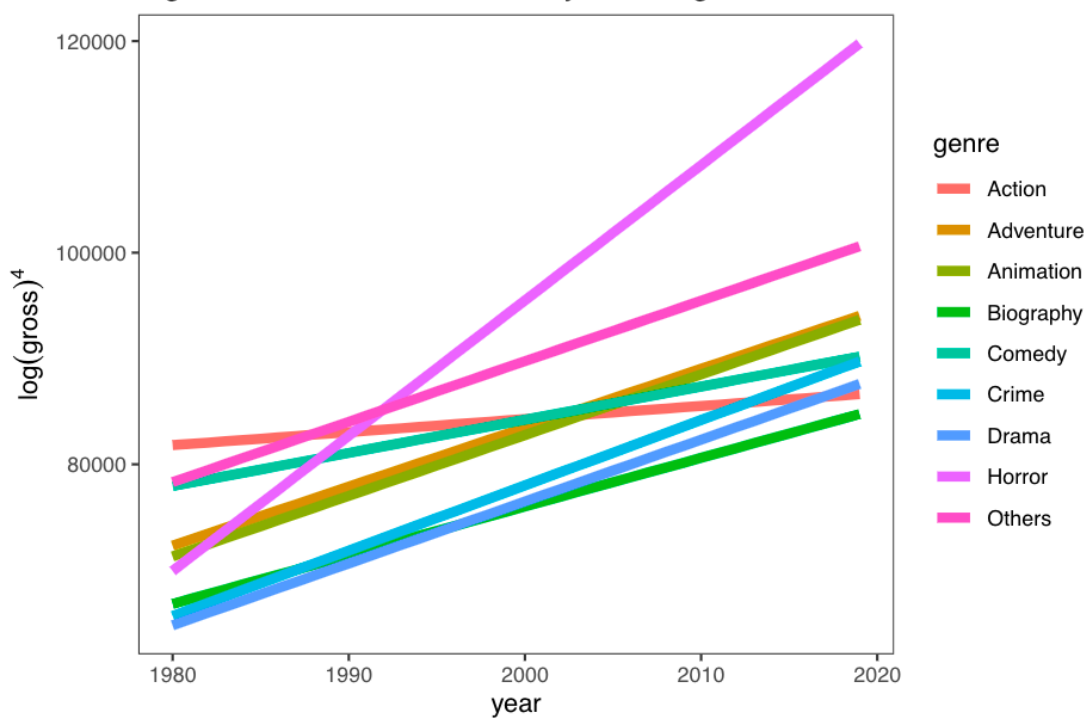


Figure 14: Interaction between year and genre



Appendix 2

Data Preprocessing

```
setwd("/Users/mingzhao/Desktop")

movies <- read.csv("movies.csv")

dim(movies)

## [1] 7668 15

sapply(movies, class)

##      name      rating      genre      year  released      score
## "character" "character" "character" "integer" "character" "numeric"
##      votes    director      writer      star    country      budget
## "numeric" "character" "character" "character" "character" "numeric"
##      gross    company      runtime
## "numeric" "character" "numeric"

sum(is.na(movies))

## [1] 2370

sapply(movies, function(x) sum(is.na(x)))

##      name  rating  genre  year released  score  votes director
##      0      0      0      0      0      3      3      0
##  writer    star  country  budget  gross  company  runtime
##      0      0      0      2171    189      0      4

#####

# Y
hist(movies$gross)

#0.USA
length(unique(movies$country))

## [1] 60

movies$USA <- ifelse(movies$country=="United States", 1, 0)
table(movies$USA)

##
##      0      1
## 2193 5475

#1.year
table(movies$year)

##
## 1980 1981 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995
```

```
## 92 113 126 144 168 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200
## 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011
## 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200
## 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020
## 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 25
```

```
is.na(movies$year) <- which(movies$year==2020)
#movies$period[movies$year>1989 & movies$year<2000] <- "1990-1999"
#movies$period[movies$year>1999 & movies$year<2010] <- "2000-2009"
#movies$period[movies$year>2009 & movies$year<2020] <- "2010-2019"
table(movies$year)
```

```
##
## 1980 1981 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995
## 92 113 126 144 168 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200
## 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011
## 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200
## 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019
## 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200
```

```
#2.budget
hist(movies$budget)
```

```
#3.genre
table(movies$genre)
```

```
##
## Action Adventure Animation Biography Comedy Crime Drama Family
## 1705 427 338 443 2245 551 1518 11
## Fantasy History Horror Music Musical Mystery Romance Sci-Fi
## 44 1 322 1 2 20 10 10
## Sport Thriller Western
## 1 16 3
```

```
movies$genre[movies$genre=="Family" |
  movies$genre=="Fantasy" |
  movies$genre=="History" |
  movies$genre=="Music" |
  movies$genre=="Musical" |
  movies$genre=="Mystery" |
  movies$genre=="Romance" |
  movies$genre=="Sci-Fi" |
  movies$genre=="Sport" |
  movies$genre=="Thriller" |
  movies$genre=="Western"] <- "Others"
movies$genre <- as.factor(movies$genre)
table(movies$genre)
```

```
##
## Action Adventure Animation Biography Comedy Crime Drama Horror
## 1705 427 338 443 2245 551 1518 322
## Others
## 119
```

```
#4.rating
table(movies$rating)
```



```
##
##           Approved      G      NC-17 Not Rated      PG      PG-13      R
##           77           1      153      23      283      1252      2112      3697
##      TV-14      TV-MA      TV-PG      Unrated      X
##           1           9           5      52           3
```

```
movies$rating[movies$rating=="      |
               movies$rating=="Approved" |
               movies$rating=="Not Rated" |
               movies$rating=="Unrated"] <- "G"
movies$rating[movies$rating=="X" |
               movies$rating=="TV-MA" |
               movies$rating=="NC-17" |
               movies$rating=="R"] <- "R/NC-17"
movies$rating[movies$rating=="TV-PG"] <- "PG"
movies$rating[movies$rating=="TV-14"] <- "PG-13"
movies$rating <- as.factor(movies$rating)
table(movies$rating)
```

```
##
##           G      PG      PG-13 R/NC-17
##           566      1257      2113      3732
```

#5.runtime

```
summary(movies$runtime)
```

```
##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.    NA's
##      55.0   95.0   104.0   107.3   116.0   366.0      4
```

#6.season/month

```
movies$released <- as.character(movies$released)
movies$released <- gsub("\\(.*", " ", movies$released)
movies$released <- as.Date(movies$released, "%B %d, %Y")
movies$month=as.integer(lubridate::month(movies$released))
movies$season=ifelse(movies$month %in% c(12,1,2),"Winter",
                     ifelse(movies$month %in% c(3,4,5),"Spring",
                              ifelse(movies$month %in% c(6,7,8),"Summer", "Fall")))
movies$season <- as.factor(movies$season)
table(movies$season)
```

```
##
##      Fall Spring Summer Winter
##      2114   1893   1874   1787
```

#7.director tier

```
summary(movies$score)
```

```
##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.    NA's
##      1.90   5.80   6.50   6.39   7.10   9.30      3
```

```
movies$mscore <- ave(movies$score, movies$director, FUN = mean)
movies$smscore <- scales::rescale(movies$mscore, to=c(0,1))
summary(movies$smscore)
```

```
##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.    NA's
##      0.0000  0.6162  0.6913  0.6803  0.7559  1.0000      30
```

```

movies$tier[movies$mscore>=0.8] <- "A"
movies$tier[movies$mscore>=0.6 & movies$mscore<0.8] <- "B"
movies$tier[movies$mscore<0.6] <- "C"
movies$tier <- as.factor(movies$tier)
table(movies$tier)

##
##      A      B      C
## 1028 5076 1534

#####

# single imputation

mi_data <- movies[movies$USA==1, ]
mi_data <- mi_data[!is.na(mi_data$year),]

mi_data <- subset(mi_data,select=-c(released, director, writer, star, company,
                                   gross, month, season, tier, country, USA, mscore, smscore))

sapply(mi_data, function(x) sum(is.na(x)))

##      name rating   genre   year   score   votes   budget runtime
##         0       0       0       0       0       0    1092       1

dim(mi_data)

## [1] 5456      8

sum(is.na(mi_data))

## [1] 1093

sapply(mi_data, class)

##      name      rating      genre      year      score      votes
## "character" "factor"   "factor"   "integer"   "numeric"   "numeric"
##      budget      runtime
##      "numeric"   "numeric"

mi_data$budget[mi_data$budget>50000000 & mi_data$budget<=356000000] <- 0
sapply(mi_data, function(x) sum(is.na(x)))

##      name rating   genre   year   score   votes   budget runtime
##         0       0       0       0       0       0    1092       1

mi_data_screen <- mi_data[(mi_data$budget!=0 | is.na(mi_data$budget)), ]

mi_data_screen <-mi_data_screen[complete.cases(mi_data_screen$runtime),]

sapply(mi_data_screen, function(x) sum(is.na(x)))

##      name rating   genre   year   score   votes   budget runtime
##         0       0       0       0       0       0    1092       0

mi <- lm(budget~rating+genre+year+score+votes+runtime, data=mi_data_screen)
library(MASS)
par(mfrow=c(1,1))
boxcox(mi)

```

```
par(mfrow=c(2,2))
plot(mi)
```

```
mi_data_screen$sqrt_budget <- sqrt(mi_data_screen$budget)
mi_data_screen$log_votes <- log(mi_data_screen$votes)
mi_data_screen$log_runtime <- log(mi_data_screen$runtime)

mi2 <- lm(sqrt_budget~rating+genre+year+score+log_votes+log_runtime, data=mi_data_screen)
par(mfrow=c(1,1))
boxcox(mi2)
```

```
par(mfrow=c(2,2))
plot(mi2)
```

```
library(mice)
```

```
mice_data <- subset(mi_data_screen, select=c(name,sqrt_budget,rating,genre,year,score,log_votes,log_runtime))
apply(mice_data, function(x) sum(is.na(x)))
```

```
##      name sqrt_budget      rating      genre      year      score
##      0      1092          0          0          0          0
## log_votes log_runtime
##      0          0
```

```
imputed_data <- mice(mice_data[-1], m = 5, seed=2021)
```

```
##
## iter imp variable
## 1 1 sqrt_budget
## 1 2 sqrt_budget
## 1 3 sqrt_budget
## 1 4 sqrt_budget
## 1 5 sqrt_budget
## 2 1 sqrt_budget
## 2 2 sqrt_budget
## 2 3 sqrt_budget
## 2 4 sqrt_budget
## 2 5 sqrt_budget
## 3 1 sqrt_budget
## 3 2 sqrt_budget
## 3 3 sqrt_budget
## 3 4 sqrt_budget
## 3 5 sqrt_budget
## 4 1 sqrt_budget
## 4 2 sqrt_budget
## 4 3 sqrt_budget
## 4 4 sqrt_budget
## 4 5 sqrt_budget
## 5 1 sqrt_budget
## 5 2 sqrt_budget
## 5 3 sqrt_budget
## 5 4 sqrt_budget
## 5 5 sqrt_budget
```

```

#imputed_data$imp$sqrt_budget
#imp_tot <- complete(imputed_data, "broad", inc = TRUE)
#imp_tot <- subset(imp_tot, select=c(sqrt_budget.0, sqrt_budget.1, sqrt_budget.2, sqrt_budget.3, sqrt_b
#imp_tot$sqrt_budget <- apply(imp_tot[-1], 1, mean)
imp_tot <- complete(imputed_data, 2)
mi_data_screen$imp_budget <- imp_tot$sqrt_budget^2

imp_movies <- subset(mi_data_screen, select = c(name,imp_budget,year))

samples <- movies[movies$USA==1, ]
samples <- samples[!is.na(samples$year),]

data <- merge(samples, imp_movies, by = c("name","year"), all.x = TRUE)

data$budget[is.na(data$budget)] <- data$imp_budget[is.na(data$budget)]

data <- subset(data,select=c(gross,budget,runtime,year,rating,genre,tier,season))

dt.split <- data[complete.cases(data),]

dim(dt.split)

## [1] 5345      8
#####

# data splitting

set.seed(2021)

n <- nrow(dt.split)
ids = sample(1:n, size=n/2, replace=FALSE)

train = dt.split[ids,]
valid = dt.split[-ids,]

dim(data)

## [1] 5456      8
dim(valid)

## [1] 2673      8

```

Exploratory Data Analysis

```

par(mfrow = c(2, 2),oma=c(2,2,2,2),mar=c(4,3,3,3))
hist(train$gross, main=NULL, xlab="gross")
hist(train$budget, main=NULL, xlab="budget")
mtext("Figure 1: Histograms of Quantitative Variables", side = 3, font=2, line=-1, outer=TRUE)
hist(train$runtime, main=NULL, xlab="runtime")
hist(train$year, main=NULL, xlab="year")

```

```

panel.cor <- function(x, y) {
  # usr <- par('usr') on.exit(par(usr))
  par(usr = c(0, 1, 0, 1))
  r <- round(cor(x, y, use = "complete.obs"), 2)
  txt <- paste0("R = ", r)
  cex.cor <- 0.8/strwidth(txt)
  text(0.5, 0.5, txt, cex = cex.cor * r)
}

pairs(~ + gross + budget + runtime + year, data = train, lower.panel = panel.cor, main="Figure 2: Scatter")

par(mfrow = c(1, 2), oma=c(2,2,2,2), mar=c(4,3,3,3))
pct <- round(100*prop.table(table(train$rating)))
lab <- paste(pct)
lab <- paste(lab, '%', sep='')
pie(table(train$rating), labels=lab, col=rainbow(9))
title("Rating", line=-0.9, cex.main=0.9)
legend(-0.7, -1.1, c('G', 'PG'), cex = 0.7, fill = rainbow(9)[1:2], horiz = TRUE, inset = c(0, -0.1), xpd = TRUE)
legend(-0.7, -1.3, c('PG-13', 'NC-17/R'), cex = 0.7, fill = rainbow(9)[3:4], horiz = TRUE, inset = c(0, -0.1), xpd = TRUE)

pct <- round(100*prop.table(table(train$genre)))
lab <- paste(pct)
lab <- paste(lab, '%', sep='')
pie(table(train$genre), labels=lab, col=rainbow(9))
title("Genre", line=-0.9, cex.main=0.9)
legend(-1.3, -1, c('Action', 'Adventure', 'Animation'), cex = 0.7, fill = rainbow(9)[1:3], horiz = TRUE, inset = c(0, -0.1), xpd = TRUE, bty = "n")
legend(-1.3, -1.2, c('Biography', 'Comedy', 'Crime'), cex = 0.7, fill = rainbow(9)[4:6], horiz = TRUE, inset = c(0, -0.1), xpd = TRUE, bty = "n")
legend(-1.3, -1.4, c('Drama', 'Horror', 'Others'), cex = 0.7, fill = rainbow(9)[7:9], horiz = TRUE, inset = c(0, -0.1), xpd = TRUE, bty = "n")
mtext("Figure 3a: Pie Charts of Qualitative Variables", side = 3, font=2, line=-1, outer=TRUE)

par(mfrow = c(1, 2), oma=c(2,2,2,2), mar=c(4,3,3,3))
pct <- round(100*prop.table(table(train$tier)))
lab <- paste(pct)
lab <- paste(lab, '%', sep='')
pie(table(train$tier), labels=lab, col=rainbow(9))
title("Director Tier", line=-1, cex.main=0.9)
legend(-0.6, -1.2, c('A', 'B', 'C'), cex = 0.7, fill = rainbow(9), horiz = TRUE, inset = c(0, -0.1), xpd = TRUE)

pct <- round(100*prop.table(table(train$season)))
lab <- paste(pct)
lab <- paste(lab, '%', sep='')
pie(table(train$season), labels=lab, col=rainbow(9))
title("Season", line=-1, cex.main=0.9)
legend(-1.6, -1.2, c('Fall', 'Spring', 'Summer', 'Winter'), cex = 0.7, fill = rainbow(9), horiz = TRUE, inset = c(0, -0.1), xpd = TRUE)
mtext("Figure 3b: Pie Charts of Qualitative Variables", side = 3, font=2, line=-1, outer=TRUE)

par(mfrow = c(1, 2), oma=c(2,2,2,2), mar=c(4,3,3,3))
boxplot(train$gross~train$rating, xlab=NULL, ylab='gross', col=rainbow(9), las = 2, cex.axis=0.8)
title("Rating", line=0.2, cex.main=0.9)
boxplot(train$gross~train$genre, xlab=NULL, ylab='gross', col=rainbow(9), las = 2, cex.axis=0.8)
title("Genre", line=0.2, cex.main=0.9, xpd = FALSE)
mtext("Figure 4a: Side-by-Side Box Plots", side = 3, font=2, line=-1, outer=TRUE)

```

```

boxplot(train$gross~train$tier, xlab=NULL,ylab='gross',col=rainbow(9), las = 0, cex.axis=0.8)
title("Director Tier", line=0.2, cex.main=0.9)
boxplot(train$gross~train$season, xlab=NULL,ylab='gross',col=rainbow(9), las = 2, cex.axis=0.8)
title("Season", line=0.2, cex.main=0.9)
mtext("Figure 4b: Side-by-Side Box Plots", side = 3, font=2, line=-1, outer=TRUE)

```

Preliminary Fit

```

# model 1
modell1 <- lm(gross~.,data=train)
summary(modell1) #R-squared: 0.5833

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = gross ~ ., data = train)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -517019649  -40497234  -2553287   25724957  2063903139
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  -6.131e+08  4.618e+08  -1.328  0.184373
## budget        2.967e+00  7.828e-02  37.906 < 2e-16 ***
## runtime       8.324e+05  1.695e+05   4.909 9.68e-07 ***
## year         2.773e+05  2.300e+05   1.206 0.227983
## ratingPG      3.469e+05  1.440e+07   0.024 0.980778
## ratingPG-13   -6.180e+06  1.479e+07  -0.418 0.676153
## ratingR/NC-17 -1.216e+07  1.443e+07  -0.843 0.399311
## genreAdventure -4.125e+06  1.134e+07  -0.364 0.716140
## genreAnimation 9.925e+07  1.419e+07   6.993 3.39e-12 ***
## genreBiography -2.290e+07  1.237e+07  -1.851 0.064270 .
## genreComedy    4.901e+06  6.480e+06   0.756 0.449520
## genreCrime     -1.437e+07  1.025e+07  -1.402 0.160892
## genreDrama     -2.684e+06  7.797e+06  -0.344 0.730687
## genreHorror     4.433e+07  1.230e+07   3.604 0.000319 ***
## genreOthers    2.272e+07  1.923e+07   1.181 0.237636
## tierB          -4.113e+07  8.837e+06  -4.654 3.42e-06 ***
## tierC          -5.641e+07  1.019e+07  -5.538 3.37e-08 ***
## seasonSpring   1.077e+07  6.317e+06   1.705 0.088351 .
## seasonSummer   1.774e+07  6.298e+06   2.817 0.004887 **
## seasonWinter   7.387e+06  6.516e+06   1.134 0.257027
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 115600000 on 2652 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.5833, Adjusted R-squared:  0.5803
## F-statistic: 195.3 on 19 and 2652 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16

par(mfrow=c(2,2))
plot(modell1, sub.caption = "")

library(MASS)
par(mfrow=c(1,1))

```

```
boxcox(model1) #Lambda is around 0, so we need to take log transformation on Y.
```

```
# model 2
```

```
train$log_gross <- log(train$gross)
train$log_budget <- log(train$budget)
train$log_runtime <- log(train$runtime)
```

```
hist(train$log_gross)
```

```
model2 <- lm(log_gross~log_budget+log_runtime+year+rating+genre+tier+season,data=train)
summary(model2) #R-squared: 0.4683
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = log_gross ~ log_budget + log_runtime + year + rating +
##     genre + tier + season, data = train)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -7.9900 -0.7032  0.2026  0.9423  7.2120
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)   -25.31386    6.089790  -4.157 3.33e-05 ***
## log_budget      0.745561    0.028452  26.205 < 2e-16 ***
## log_runtime     2.144239    0.254175   8.436 < 2e-16 ***
## year           0.009958    0.003007   3.311 0.000940 ***
## ratingPG       0.458742    0.192866   2.379 0.017451 *
## ratingPG-13    0.446976    0.198442   2.252 0.024376 *
## ratingR/NC-17  0.052990    0.191939   0.276 0.782509
## genreAdventure -0.036945    0.149471  -0.247 0.804792
## genreAnimation  1.224642    0.188213   6.507 9.15e-11 ***
## genreBiography -0.615193    0.160649  -3.829 0.000131 ***
## genreComedy    -0.103712    0.083740  -1.238 0.215642
## genreCrime     -0.467234    0.133530  -3.499 0.000475 ***
## genreDrama     -0.605070    0.101178  -5.980 2.53e-09 ***
## genreHorror     0.741838    0.163114   4.548 5.66e-06 ***
## genreOthers     0.026839    0.254104   0.106 0.915891
## tierB          -0.319131    0.116720  -2.734 0.006296 **
## tierC          -0.692771    0.134768  -5.140 2.94e-07 ***
## seasonSpring    0.071238    0.083584   0.852 0.394129
## seasonSummer    0.390091    0.083341   4.681 3.00e-06 ***
## seasonWinter    0.258869    0.086297   3.000 0.002727 **
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 1.531 on 2652 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.4686, Adjusted R-squared:  0.4648
## F-statistic: 123.1 on 19 and 2652 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16

par(mfrow=c(2,2))
plot(model2, sub.caption = "")

par(mfrow=c(1,1))
boxcox(model2)
```

```

# model 3
train$log_gross_2 <- train$log_gross^2

hist(train$log_gross_2)

model3 <- lm(log_gross_2~log_budget+log_runtime+year+rating+genre+tier+season,data=train)
summary(model3) #R-squared: 0.499

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = log_gross_2 ~ log_budget + log_runtime + year +
##     rating + genre + tier + season, data = train)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -196.697  -25.487    4.764   30.732  235.215
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  -1.354e+03  1.900e+02  -7.124 1.35e-12 ***
## log_budget    2.382e+01  8.877e-01  26.831 < 2e-16 ***
## log_runtime    7.475e+01  7.930e+00   9.426 < 2e-16 ***
## year          4.537e-01  9.382e-02   4.836 1.40e-06 ***
## ratingPG      1.202e+01  6.017e+00   1.997 0.04593 *
## ratingPG-13    1.129e+01  6.191e+00   1.824 0.06821 .
## ratingR/NC-17 -2.175e+00  5.988e+00  -0.363 0.71648
## genreAdventure -2.885e+00  4.663e+00  -0.619 0.53625
## genreAnimation 4.220e+01  5.872e+00   7.187 8.56e-13 ***
## genreBiography -2.333e+01  5.012e+00  -4.655 3.40e-06 ***
## genreComedy    -4.900e+00  2.613e+00  -1.875 0.06084 .
## genreCrime     -1.648e+01  4.166e+00  -3.955 7.85e-05 ***
## genreDrama     -2.121e+01  3.157e+00  -6.719 2.23e-11 ***
## genreHorror     2.353e+01  5.089e+00   4.624 3.94e-06 ***
## genreOthers     3.830e-01  7.928e+00   0.048 0.96147
## tierB          -1.164e+01  3.642e+00  -3.197 0.00141 **
## tierC          -2.385e+01  4.205e+00  -5.672 1.56e-08 ***
## seasonSpring    3.286e+00  2.608e+00   1.260 0.20777
## seasonSummer    1.308e+01  2.600e+00   5.029 5.25e-07 ***
## seasonWinter    8.034e+00  2.692e+00   2.984 0.00287 **
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 47.78 on 2652 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.499, Adjusted R-squared:  0.4954
## F-statistic: 139 on 19 and 2652 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16

par(mfrow=c(2,2))
plot(model3, sub.caption = "")

par(mfrow=c(1,1))
boxcox(model3)

#model 4
train$log_gross_4 <- train$log_gross^4

```



```

hist(train$log_gross_4)

model4 <- lm(log_gross_4~log_budget+log_runtime+year+rating+genre+tier+season,data=train)
summary(model4) #R-squared: 0.499

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = log_gross_4 ~ log_budget + log_runtime + year +
##     rating + genre + tier + season, data = train)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -87655 -16668    536   17606  131510
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  -1.072e+06  1.027e+05 -10.432  < 2e-16 ***
## log_budget    1.280e+04  4.799e+02  26.675  < 2e-16 ***
## log_runtime   4.692e+04  4.287e+03  10.944  < 2e-16 ***
## year          3.693e+02  5.072e+01   7.282 4.32e-13 ***
## ratingPG      4.307e+03  3.253e+03   1.324  0.18565
## ratingPG-13   3.622e+03  3.347e+03   1.082  0.27921
## ratingR/NC-17 -4.584e+03  3.237e+03  -1.416  0.15686
## genreAdventure -3.399e+03  2.521e+03  -1.348  0.17771
## genreAnimation 2.639e+04  3.174e+03   8.312  < 2e-16 ***
## genreBiography -1.647e+04  2.710e+03  -6.078 1.39e-09 ***
## genreComedy    -4.533e+03  1.412e+03  -3.209  0.00135 **
## genreCrime     -1.083e+04  2.252e+03  -4.810 1.59e-06 ***
## genreDrama     -1.340e+04  1.706e+03  -7.852 5.90e-15 ***
## genreHorror     1.180e+04  2.751e+03   4.291 1.84e-05 ***
## genreOthers    -5.878e+02  4.286e+03  -0.137  0.89092
## tierB          -8.003e+03  1.969e+03  -4.065 4.94e-05 ***
## tierC          -1.502e+04  2.273e+03  -6.608 4.71e-11 ***
## seasonSpring   2.599e+03  1.410e+03   1.843  0.06539 .
## seasonSummer   7.595e+03  1.406e+03   5.403 7.13e-08 ***
## seasonWinter   3.927e+03  1.456e+03   2.698  0.00702 **
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 25830 on 2652 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.5331, Adjusted R-squared:  0.5297
## F-statistic: 159.4 on 19 and 2652 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16

par(mfrow=c(2,2))
plot(model4, sub.caption = "")

par(mfrow=c(1,1))
boxcox(model4)

#summary
par(mfrow = c(2, 2),oma=c(2,2,2,2),mar=c(4,3,3,3))
hist(train$gross, main=NULL, xlab = "gross")
boxcox(model1)
plot(model1,1, sub.caption = expression(paste("Figure 5a: Preliminary Regression of ", gross)))
plot(model1,2, sub.caption = "")

```

```

par(mfrow = c(2, 2),oma=c(2,2,2,2),mar=c(4,3,3,3))
hist(train$log_gross, main=NULL, xlab = "log(gross)")
boxcox(model2)
plot(model2,1, sub.caption = expression(paste("Figure 5b: Preliminary Regression of ", log(gross))))
plot(model2,2, sub.caption = "")

par(mfrow = c(2, 2),oma=c(2,2,2,2),mar=c(4,3,3,3))
hist(train$log_gross_2, main=NULL, xlab = "log(gross)^2")
boxcox(model3)
plot(model3,1, sub.caption = expression(paste("Figure 5c: Preliminary Regression of ", log(gross)^2)))
plot(model3,2, sub.caption = "")

par(mfrow = c(2, 2),oma=c(2,2,2,2),mar=c(4,3,3,3))
hist(train$log_gross_4, main=NULL, xlab = "log(gross)^4")
boxcox(model4)
plot(model4,1, sub.caption = expression(paste("Figure 5d: Preliminary Regression of ", log(gross)^4)))
plot(model4,2, sub.caption = "")

#pairs(~ + log_gross + log_budget + log_runtime + year, data = train, lower.panel = panel.cor, main=exp

#pairs(~ + log_gross_2 + log_budget + log_runtime + year, data = train, lower.panel = panel.cor, main=e

pairs(~ + log_gross_4 + log_budget + log_runtime + year, data = train, lower.panel = panel.cor, main=exp

#interaction discussion
par(mfrow = c(2, 3),oma=c(2,2,2,2),mar=c(4,3,3,3))
plot(train$log_budget,model4$residuals, xlab="log(budget)")
abline(h=0, col='red')
plot(train$log_runtime,model4$residuals, xlab="log(runtime)")
abline(h=0, col='red')
plot(train$year,model4$residuals, xlab="year")
abline(h=0, col='red')
plot(train$log_budget*train$log_runtime,model4$residuals, xlab="log(budget)*log(runtime)")
abline(h=0, col='red')
plot(train$log_budget*train$year,model4$residuals, xlab="log(budget)*year")
abline(h=0, col='red')
plot(train$log_runtime*train$year,model4$residuals, xlab="log(runtime)*year")
abline(h=0, col='red')
mtext(expression(paste("Figure 7: Model on ", log(gross)^4, ": Residuals vs. Interaction Terms")), side =

```

Model Selection

```

train <- subset(train,select=c(log_gross_4, log_budget, log_runtime, year, rating, genre, tier, season))

model_0 = lm(log_gross_4~1, data=train) #only intercept
model_F = lm(log_gross_4~., data=train) #first-order models
model_F2 = lm(log_gross_4~.^2, data=train) #interaction models

#forwrdr stepwise procedure
length(model_F$coefficients)

## [1] 20

```

```

length(model_F2$coefficients)

## [1] 156

library(MASS)

sel1 = stepAIC(model_0, scope=list(lower=model_0, upper=model_F), direction="both", k=2, trace=0) #AIC
sel2 = stepAIC(model_0, scope=list(lower=model_0, upper=model_F), direction="both", k=log(n), trace=0)

sel3 = stepAIC(model_0, scope=list(lower=model_0, upper=model_F2), direction="both", k=2, trace=0) #AIC
sel4 = stepAIC(model_0, scope=list(lower=model_0, upper=model_F2), direction="both", k=log(n), trace=0)

sel1$call; sel2$call; sel3$call; sel4$call

## lm(formula = log_gross_4 ~ log_budget + genre + log_runtime +
##     year + rating + tier + season, data = train)

## lm(formula = log_gross_4 ~ log_budget + tier + genre + log_runtime +
##     year + rating + season, data = train)

## lm(formula = log_gross_4 ~ log_budget + genre + log_runtime +
##     tier + rating + year + season + log_budget:genre + log_budget:log_runtime +
##     log_budget:year + genre:year + log_budget:rating + log_runtime:year +
##     rating:year + genre:log_runtime + log_runtime:season + year:season +
##     log_budget:tier + tier:rating, data = train)

## lm(formula = log_gross_4 ~ log_budget + tier + genre + log_runtime +
##     year + rating + season + log_budget:log_runtime + log_budget:year +
##     log_runtime:year, data = train)

# sel1 and sel2 are identical

sel1$anova; sel3$anova; sel4$anova

## Stepwise Model Path
## Analysis of Deviance Table
##
## Initial Model:
## log_gross_4 ~ 1
##
## Final Model:
## log_gross_4 ~ log_budget + genre + log_runtime + year + rating +
##     tier + season
##
##
##           Step Df      Deviance Resid. Df  Resid. Dev      AIC
## 1
## 2 + log_budget   1 1.653074e+12      2670 2.135834e+12 54778.12
## 3 + genre        8 1.101726e+11      2662 2.025662e+12 54652.61
## 4 + log_runtime  1 1.185188e+11      2661 1.907143e+12 54493.51
## 5 + year         1 4.589669e+10      2660 1.861246e+12 54430.42
## 6 + rating       3 3.645073e+10      2657 1.824795e+12 54383.57
## 7 + tier         2 3.531243e+10      2655 1.789483e+12 54335.36
## 8 + season       3 2.033636e+10      2652 1.769147e+12 54310.82

## Stepwise Model Path
## Analysis of Deviance Table

```

```

##
## Initial Model:
## log_gross_4 ~ 1
##
## Final Model:
## log_gross_4 ~ log_budget + genre + log_runtime + tier + rating +
##   year + season + log_budget:genre + log_budget:log_runtime +
##   log_budget:year + genre:year + log_budget:rating + log_runtime:year +
##   rating:year + genre:log_runtime + log_runtime:season + year:season +
##   log_budget:tier + tier:rating
##
##
##
##          Step Df      Deviance Resid. Df  Resid. Dev      AIC
## 1
## 2      + log_budget  1 1.653074e+12      2670 2.135834e+12 54778.12
## 3          + genre   8 1.101726e+11      2662 2.025662e+12 54652.61
## 4      + log_runtime  1 1.185188e+11      2661 1.907143e+12 54493.51
## 5      + log_budget:genre  8 8.006003e+10      2653 1.827083e+12 54394.92
## 6 + log_budget:log_runtime  1 4.024945e+10      2652 1.786833e+12 54337.40
## 7          + tier     2 2.894769e+10      2650 1.757886e+12 54297.76
## 8          + rating   3 2.635329e+10      2647 1.731532e+12 54263.40
## 9          + year     1 1.985428e+10      2646 1.711678e+12 54234.58
## 10      + log_budget:year  1 5.672015e+10      2645 1.654958e+12 54146.54
## 11          + season   3 2.140430e+10      2642 1.633554e+12 54117.76
## 12          + year:genre  8 1.787773e+10      2634 1.615676e+12 54104.35
## 13      + log_budget:rating  3 1.103331e+10      2631 1.604642e+12 54092.04
## 14      + log_runtime:year  1 6.647675e+09      2630 1.597995e+12 54082.95
## 15          + rating:genre 22 2.964114e+10      2608 1.568354e+12 54076.92
## 16          + year:rating  3 5.025142e+09      2605 1.563329e+12 54074.35
## 17      + log_runtime:genre  8 1.070051e+10      2597 1.552628e+12 54072.00
## 18      + log_runtime:season  3 6.428350e+09      2594 1.546200e+12 54066.91
## 19          + year:season  3 4.369502e+09      2591 1.541830e+12 54065.35
## 20      + log_budget:tier  2 3.248526e+09      2589 1.538582e+12 54063.71
## 21          - genre:rating 22 2.515573e+10      2611 1.563737e+12 54063.05
## 22          + rating:tier  6 7.809289e+09      2605 1.555928e+12 54061.67

## Stepwise Model Path
## Analysis of Deviance Table
##
## Initial Model:
## log_gross_4 ~ 1
##
## Final Model:
## log_gross_4 ~ log_budget + tier + genre + log_runtime + year +
##   rating + season + log_budget:log_runtime + log_budget:year +
##   log_runtime:year
##
##
##
##          Step Df      Deviance Resid. Df  Resid. Dev      AIC
## 1
## 2      + log_budget  1 1.653074e+12      2670 2.135834e+12 54791.29
## 3          + tier     2 8.384097e+10      2668 2.051993e+12 54701.45
## 4          + genre   8 1.234406e+11      2660 1.928553e+12 54604.35
## 5      + log_runtime  1 6.569999e+10      2659 1.862853e+12 54520.32

```

```
## 6 + log_budget:log_runtime 1 5.891365e+10      2658 1.803939e+12 54443.03
## 7           + year 1 2.505423e+10      2657 1.778885e+12 54414.25
## 8           + log_budget:year 1 7.011358e+10      2656 1.708771e+12 54315.38
## 9           + rating 3 2.806517e+10      2653 1.680706e+12 54296.89
## 10          + season 3 2.308749e+10      2650 1.657618e+12 54285.68
## 11          + log_runtime:year 1 8.646139e+09      2649 1.648972e+12 54280.29

step.f = sel1
step.f2 = sel3
step.f3 = sel4

# Therefore, there is 3 candidate models.

#best subset selection procedure

#library(leaps)

#sub_set <- regsubsets(log_gross_4~.^2,data=train,nbest=1,numax=15,method="exhaustive", really.big=T)

#sum_sub <- summary(sub_set)

#n <- nrow(train)
#p.m <- as.integer(as.numeric(rownames(sum_sub$which))+1)

#sse=sum_sub$rss
#aic=n*log(sse/n)+2*p.m
#bic=n*log(sse/n)+log(n)*p.m

#res_sub <- cbind((sum_sub$which+0), sse, sum_sub$rsq, sum_sub$adjr2, sum_sub$cp, bic, aic)

#sse0 <- sum(model_0$residuals^2)
#p0 <- 1
#c0 <- sse0/(summary(model_F2)$sigma^2)-(n-2*p0)
#aic0=n*log(sse0/n)+2*p0
#bic0=n*log(sse0/n)+log(n)*p0

#none=c(1, rep(0,20), sse0, 0, 0, c0, bic0, aic0)

#res_sub <- rbind(none, res_sub)
#colnames(res_sub) <- c(colnames(sum_sub$which), "sse", "R^2", "R^2_a", "Cp", "bic", "aic")
#round(res_sub,5)
```

Model Validation

Internal Validation

```
fit3 <- lm(log_gross_4~.^2, data=train)

mse3<-anova(fit3)["Residuals",3]
mse3 #593462127

## [1] 593462127

# Candidate Model 1
sse.fs1<-anova(step.f)["Residuals",2]
sse.fs1 #1.769147e+12
```

```

## [1] 1.769147e+12
mse.fs1<-anova(step.f) ["Residuals",3]
mse.fs1 #667098982

## [1] 667098982
p.fs1<-length(step.f$coefficients)
p.fs1 #20

## [1] 20
##C_p
cp.fs1<-sse.fs1/mse3-(n-2*p.fs1)
cp.fs1 #348.0605

## [1] -2323.94
##Press_p
press.fs1<-sum(step.f$residuals^2/(1-influence(step.f)$hat)^2)
press.fs1 #1.797707e+12

## [1] 1.797707e+12
## Candidate Model 2
sse.fs2<-anova(step.f2) ["Residuals",2]
sse.fs2 #1.555928e+12

## [1] 1.555928e+12
mse.fs2<-anova(step.f2) ["Residuals",3]
mse.fs2 #597285255

## [1] 597285255
p.fs2<-length(step.f2$coefficients)
p.fs2 #67

## [1] 67
##C_p
cp.fs2<-sse.fs2/mse3-(n-2*p.fs2)
cp.fs2 #82.78

## [1] -2589.218
##Press_p
press.fs2<-sum(step.f2$residuals^2/(1-influence(step.f2)$hat)^2)
press.fs2 #1.653771e+12

## [1] 1.653771e+12
## Candidate Model 3
sse.fs3<-anova(step.f3) ["Residuals",2]
sse.fs3 #1.648972e+12

## [1] 1.648972e+12
mse.fs3<-anova(step.f3) ["Residuals",3]
mse.fs3 #622488616

## [1] 622488616

```

```

p.fs3<-length(step.f3$coefficients)
p.fs3 #23

## [1] 23

##C_p
cp.fs3<-sse.fs3/mse3-(n-2*p.fs3)
cp.fs3 #151.5637

## [1] -2520.436

##Press_p
press.fs3<-sum(step.f3$residuals^2/(1-influence(step.f3)$hat)^2)
press.fs3 #1.680874e+12

## [1] 1.680874e+12

```

External Validation

```

valid$log_gross_4 <- log(valid$gross)^4
valid$log_budget <- log(valid$budget)
valid$log_runtime <- log(valid$runtime)

valid <- subset(valid,select=c(log_gross_4, log_budget, log_runtime, year, rating, genre, tier, season))

n <- nrow(valid)

# Candidate Model 1
fit.fs1.v<-lm(step.f, data=valid)
summary(step.f)

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = log_gross_4 ~ log_budget + genre + log_runtime +
##     year + rating + tier + season, data = train)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -87655 -16668    536  17606 131510
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  -1.072e+06  1.027e+05 -10.432  < 2e-16 ***
## log_budget    1.280e+04  4.799e+02  26.675  < 2e-16 ***
## genreAdventure -3.399e+03  2.521e+03  -1.348  0.17771
## genreAnimation  2.639e+04  3.174e+03   8.312  < 2e-16 ***
## genreBiography -1.647e+04  2.710e+03  -6.078  1.39e-09 ***
## genreComedy    -4.533e+03  1.412e+03  -3.209  0.00135 **
## genreCrime     -1.083e+04  2.252e+03  -4.810  1.59e-06 ***
## genreDrama     -1.340e+04  1.706e+03  -7.852  5.90e-15 ***
## genreHorror     1.180e+04  2.751e+03   4.291  1.84e-05 ***
## genreOthers    -5.878e+02  4.286e+03  -0.137  0.89092
## log_runtime    4.692e+04  4.287e+03  10.944  < 2e-16 ***
## year           3.693e+02  5.072e+01   7.282  4.32e-13 ***
## ratingPG       4.307e+03  3.253e+03   1.324  0.18565
## ratingPG-13    3.622e+03  3.347e+03   1.082  0.27921

```

```
## ratingR/NC-17 -4.584e+03 3.237e+03 -1.416 0.15686
## tierB -8.003e+03 1.969e+03 -4.065 4.94e-05 ***
## tierC -1.502e+04 2.273e+03 -6.608 4.71e-11 ***
## seasonSpring 2.599e+03 1.410e+03 1.843 0.06539 .
## seasonSummer 7.595e+03 1.406e+03 5.403 7.13e-08 ***
## seasonWinter 3.927e+03 1.456e+03 2.698 0.00702 **
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 25830 on 2652 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.5331, Adjusted R-squared: 0.5297
## F-statistic: 159.4 on 19 and 2652 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

```
summary(fit.fs1.v)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = step.f, data = valid)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -106348 -16177      983   16416   88096
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -1.096e+06  9.910e+04 -11.060 < 2e-16 ***
## log_budget   1.258e+04  4.778e+02  26.333 < 2e-16 ***
## genreAdventure -6.430e+03  2.470e+03  -2.603 0.00929 **
## genreAnimation  1.850e+04  3.087e+03   5.994 2.33e-09 ***
## genreBiography -1.896e+04  2.537e+03  -7.474 1.05e-13 ***
## genreComedy    -7.461e+03  1.414e+03  -5.276 1.43e-07 ***
## genreCrime     -1.357e+04  2.165e+03  -6.267 4.28e-10 ***
## genreDrama     -1.374e+04  1.686e+03  -8.153 5.42e-16 ***
## genreHorror     1.151e+04  2.655e+03   4.335 1.51e-05 ***
## genreOthers     1.459e+03  4.320e+03   0.338 0.73555
## log_runtime     4.042e+04  4.396e+03   9.194 < 2e-16 ***
## year           3.956e+02  4.904e+01   8.067 1.08e-15 ***
## ratingPG        1.512e+04  3.113e+03   4.857 1.26e-06 ***
## ratingPG-13     1.537e+04  3.148e+03   4.883 1.11e-06 ***
## ratingR/NC-17   5.218e+03  3.052e+03   1.710 0.08740 .
## tierB          -1.382e+04  1.896e+03  -7.287 4.17e-13 ***
## tierC          -1.844e+04  2.219e+03  -8.310 < 2e-16 ***
## seasonSpring    4.393e+03  1.383e+03   3.178 0.00150 **
## seasonSummer    8.696e+03  1.375e+03   6.326 2.94e-10 ***
## seasonWinter    6.354e+03  1.394e+03   4.557 5.42e-06 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 25310 on 2653 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.5462, Adjusted R-squared: 0.5429
## F-statistic: 168 on 19 and 2653 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

```
##percent change in parameter estimation
```

```
round(abs(coef(step.f)-coef(fit.fs1.v))/abs(coef(step.f))*100,3)
```



```
##      (Intercept)      log_budget genreAdventure genreAnimation genreBiography
##           2.288           1.708           89.194           29.879           15.133
##      genreComedy      genreCrime      genreDrama      genreHorror      genreOthers
##           64.613           25.263           2.560           2.520           348.258
##      log_runtime      year      ratingPG      ratingPG-13      ratingR/NC-17
##           13.847           7.107           251.142           324.373           213.828
##           tierB      tierC      seasonSpring      seasonSummer      seasonWinter
##           72.679           22.807           69.062           14.494           61.797
```

```
##percent change in standard errors
```

```
sd.fs1<- summary(step.f)$coefficients[,"Std. Error"]
sd.fs1.v<- summary(fit.fs1.v)$coefficients[,"Std. Error"]
round(abs(sd.fs1-sd.fs1.v)/sd.fs1*100,3)
```

```
##      (Intercept)      log_budget genreAdventure genreAnimation genreBiography
##           3.514           0.432           2.018           2.758           6.368
##      genreComedy      genreCrime      genreDrama      genreHorror      genreOthers
##           0.127           3.856           1.226           3.508           0.801
##      log_runtime      year      ratingPG      ratingPG-13      ratingR/NC-17
##           2.552           3.318           4.294           5.936           5.731
##           tierB      tierC      seasonSpring      seasonSummer      seasonWinter
##           3.669           2.357           1.933           2.210           4.209
```

```
##mean squared prediction error
```

```
pred.fs1<-predict.lm(step.f,valid[, -1]) #valid[, -1]=dataset without log_gross_4
mspe.fs1<-mean((pred.fs1-valid[,1])^2) #valid[,1]=log_gross_4
mspe.fs1 #648278691
```

```
## [1] 648278691
```

```
press.fs1/n #672542932
```

```
## [1] 672542932
```

```
mse.fs1 #667098982
```

```
## [1] 667098982
```

```
# Candidate Model 2
```

```
fit.fs2.v<-lm(step.f2,data=valid)
summary(step.f2)
```

```
##
```

```
## Call:
```

```
## lm(formula = log_gross_4 ~ log_budget + genre + log_runtime +
##      tier + rating + year + season + log_budget:genre + log_budget:log_runtime +
##      log_budget:year + genre:year + log_budget:rating + log_runtime:year +
##      rating:year + genre:log_runtime + log_runtime:season + year:season +
##      log_budget:tier + tier:rating, data = train)
```

```
##
```

```
## Residuals:
```

```
##      Min      1Q  Median      3Q      Max
## -85243 -15357      296  16160  85341
```

```
##
```

```
## Coefficients:
```

```
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)    1.415e+06  3.437e+06   0.412 0.680561
## log_budget     -8.623e+05  8.882e+04  -9.708 < 2e-16 ***
```

## genreAdventure	-7.095e+05	4.875e+05	-1.455	0.145664	
## genreAnimation	-9.907e+05	7.642e+05	-1.296	0.194956	
## genreBiography	-9.277e+05	4.978e+05	-1.863	0.062509	.
## genreComedy	-4.395e+05	2.709e+05	-1.622	0.104844	
## genreCrime	-6.533e+05	4.810e+05	-1.358	0.174523	
## genreDrama	-9.045e+05	3.119e+05	-2.900	0.003759	**
## genreHorror	-2.505e+06	4.779e+05	-5.241	1.73e-07	***
## genreOthers	-1.389e+06	8.171e+05	-1.700	0.089178	.
## log_runtime	2.635e+06	8.004e+05	3.293	0.001006	**
## tierB	-5.225e+04	2.440e+04	-2.141	0.032376	*
## tierC	-2.274e+04	2.887e+04	-0.788	0.430982	
## ratingPG	-1.097e+06	6.512e+05	-1.685	0.092078	.
## ratingPG-13	-1.475e+06	6.531e+05	-2.258	0.023998	*
## ratingR/NC-17	-7.166e+05	6.240e+05	-1.148	0.250924	
## year	-1.492e+02	1.742e+03	-0.086	0.931740	
## seasonSpring	-3.255e+04	2.557e+05	-0.127	0.898690	
## seasonSummer	4.557e+05	2.496e+05	1.826	0.067959	.
## seasonWinter	-1.012e+05	2.655e+05	-0.381	0.703170	
## log_budget:genreAdventure	-4.951e+03	2.284e+03	-2.168	0.030258	*
## log_budget:genreAnimation	-4.264e+02	2.853e+03	-0.149	0.881234	
## log_budget:genreBiography	-9.077e+03	2.683e+03	-3.383	0.000728	***
## log_budget:genreComedy	-4.493e+03	1.312e+03	-3.426	0.000623	***
## log_budget:genreCrime	-1.634e+03	2.398e+03	-0.681	0.495704	
## log_budget:genreDrama	-7.987e+03	1.529e+03	-5.222	1.91e-07	***
## log_budget:genreHorror	-1.347e+04	2.281e+03	-5.907	3.95e-09	***
## log_budget:genreOthers	-8.297e+02	4.330e+03	-0.192	0.848067	
## log_budget:log_runtime	1.765e+04	3.205e+03	5.508	3.98e-08	***
## log_budget:year	3.993e+02	4.358e+01	9.163	< 2e-16	***
## genreAdventure:year	4.104e+02	2.443e+02	1.680	0.093101	.
## genreAnimation:year	6.358e+02	4.043e+02	1.573	0.115891	
## genreBiography:year	4.169e+02	2.438e+02	1.710	0.087427	.
## genreComedy:year	2.431e+02	1.370e+02	1.774	0.076112	.
## genreCrime:year	2.871e+02	2.415e+02	1.189	0.234732	
## genreDrama:year	4.291e+02	1.569e+02	2.735	0.006272	**
## genreHorror:year	1.181e+03	2.342e+02	5.044	4.88e-07	***
## genreOthers:year	7.343e+02	4.016e+02	1.829	0.067567	.
## log_budget:ratingPG	1.334e+03	1.829e+03	0.729	0.465784	
## log_budget:ratingPG-13	1.715e+03	1.840e+03	0.932	0.351384	
## log_budget:ratingR/NC-17	-1.338e+03	1.638e+03	-0.817	0.414227	
## log_runtime:year	-1.458e+03	4.053e+02	-3.598	0.000326	***
## ratingPG:year	5.264e+02	3.279e+02	1.606	0.108489	
## ratingPG-13:year	7.117e+02	3.270e+02	2.177	0.029594	*
## ratingR/NC-17:year	3.553e+02	3.123e+02	1.138	0.255321	
## genreAdventure:log_runtime	-5.971e+03	1.600e+04	-0.373	0.709076	
## genreAnimation:log_runtime	-5.761e+04	2.941e+04	-1.959	0.050209	.
## genreBiography:log_runtime	5.009e+04	2.042e+04	2.453	0.014246	*
## genreComedy:log_runtime	6.354e+03	1.126e+04	0.564	0.572596	
## genreCrime:log_runtime	2.191e+04	1.503e+04	1.458	0.144926	
## genreDrama:log_runtime	3.689e+04	1.256e+04	2.937	0.003343	**
## genreHorror:log_runtime	8.131e+04	2.600e+04	3.127	0.001784	**
## genreOthers:log_runtime	-1.236e+04	3.522e+04	-0.351	0.725706	
## log_runtime:seasonSpring	1.724e+04	9.854e+03	1.750	0.080247	.
## log_runtime:seasonSummer	2.019e+04	9.653e+03	2.091	0.036604	*
## log_runtime:seasonWinter	-7.874e+03	9.035e+03	-0.871	0.383588	

```
## year:seasonSpring      -2.288e+01  1.293e+02 -0.177 0.859539
## year:seasonSummer      -2.711e+02  1.245e+02 -2.178 0.029516 *
## year:seasonWinter      7.065e+01  1.324e+02  0.533 0.593825
## log_budget:tierB       1.110e+03  1.365e+03  0.813 0.416157
## log_budget:tierC      -9.634e+02  1.651e+03 -0.584 0.559525
## tierB:ratingPG         2.983e+04  8.894e+03  3.354 0.000808 ***
## tierC:ratingPG         2.831e+04  1.023e+04  2.767 0.005701 **
## tierB:ratingPG-13      2.705e+04  8.461e+03  3.198 0.001402 **
## tierC:ratingPG-13      2.473e+04  9.955e+03  2.485 0.013031 *
## tierB:ratingR/NC-17    2.764e+04  8.246e+03  3.352 0.000814 ***
## tierC:ratingR/NC-17    2.560e+04  9.705e+03  2.638 0.008394 **
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 24440 on 2605 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.5893, Adjusted R-squared:  0.5789
## F-statistic: 56.64 on 66 and 2605 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

```
summary(fit.fs2.v)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = step.f2, data = valid)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -105388  -14829    477    15230   86838
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)   -1.521e+06  3.303e+06  -0.460 0.645245
## log_budget     -8.022e+05  8.462e+04  -9.480 < 2e-16 ***
## genreAdventure  -7.914e+05  4.539e+05  -1.743 0.081393 .
## genreAnimation  -2.018e+05  7.087e+05  -0.285 0.775842
## genreBiography  -3.314e+05  4.724e+05  -0.701 0.483097
## genreComedy     -2.410e+05  2.640e+05  -0.913 0.361226
## genreCrime      -1.284e+06  4.025e+05  -3.189 0.001445 **
## genreDrama      -9.420e+05  3.099e+05  -3.040 0.002392 **
## genreHorror     -2.416e+06  4.463e+05  -5.413 6.78e-08 ***
## genreOthers     -4.428e+05  7.559e+05  -0.586 0.558099
## log_runtime     3.285e+06  7.666e+05   4.286 1.89e-05 ***
## tierB           -9.234e+03  2.087e+04  -0.442 0.658225
## tierC           -1.441e+04  2.561e+04  -0.563 0.573639
## ratingPG        -3.071e+06  5.713e+05  -5.376 8.30e-08 ***
## ratingPG-13     -3.069e+06  5.579e+05  -5.501 4.15e-08 ***
## ratingR/NC-17   -2.428e+06  5.320e+05  -4.564 5.26e-06 ***
## year            1.536e+03  1.675e+03   0.917 0.359095
## seasonSpring    3.364e+05  2.400e+05   1.402 0.161139
## seasonSummer    2.757e+05  2.368e+05   1.164 0.244368
## seasonWinter    1.305e+05  2.459e+05   0.531 0.595774
## log_budget:genreAdventure 3.592e+03  2.690e+03   1.335 0.182019
## log_budget:genreAnimation 1.405e+04  3.060e+03   4.593 4.59e-06 ***
## log_budget:genreBiography -1.989e+03  2.678e+03  -0.743 0.457763
## log_budget:genreComedy   -1.481e+03  1.349e+03  -1.098 0.272412
## log_budget:genreCrime    -5.045e+03  2.109e+03  -2.392 0.016819 *
```

```
## log_budget:genreDrama      -5.853e+03  1.450e+03  -4.037  5.58e-05 ***
## log_budget:genreHorror     -1.066e+04  2.058e+03  -5.182  2.37e-07 ***
## log_budget:genreOthers     -5.054e+03  3.068e+03  -1.647  0.099616 .
## log_budget:log_runtime      2.422e+04  2.946e+03   8.221  3.15e-16 ***
## log_budget:year            3.539e+02  4.151e+01   8.526  < 2e-16 ***
## genreAdventure:year         4.599e+02  2.305e+02   1.995  0.046178 *
## genreAnimation:year         1.489e+02  3.764e+02   0.396  0.692466
## genreBiography:year        2.780e+02  2.325e+02   1.196  0.231951
## genreComedy:year           1.306e+02  1.333e+02   0.980  0.327247
## genreCrime:year            6.244e+02  1.988e+02   3.141  0.001704 **
## genreDrama:year            5.223e+02  1.558e+02   3.353  0.000812 ***
## genreHorror:year           1.227e+03  2.285e+02   5.369  8.60e-08 ***
## genreOthers:year           7.052e+01  3.764e+02   0.187  0.851403
## log_budget:ratingPG        -3.058e+03  1.697e+03  -1.802  0.071689 .
## log_budget:ratingPG-13     -4.265e+02  1.579e+03  -0.270  0.787120
## log_budget:ratingR/NC-17   -1.071e+03  1.427e+03  -0.751  0.453016
## log_runtime:year           -1.833e+03  3.883e+02  -4.721  2.47e-06 ***
## ratingPG:year              1.563e+03  2.889e+02   5.412  6.82e-08 ***
## ratingPG-13:year           1.545e+03  2.797e+02   5.526  3.60e-08 ***
## ratingR/NC-17:year         1.226e+03  2.667e+02   4.598  4.47e-06 ***
## genreAdventure:log_runtime -4.130e+04  1.658e+04  -2.490  0.012831 *
## genreAnimation:log_runtime -7.310e+04  2.773e+04  -2.636  0.008435 **
## genreBiography:log_runtime -4.256e+04  1.780e+04  -2.391  0.016887 *
## genreComedy:log_runtime     5.844e+02  1.180e+04   0.050  0.960493
## genreCrime:log_runtime      2.355e+04  1.804e+04   1.305  0.191880
## genreDrama:log_runtime      -2.886e+03  1.220e+04  -0.236  0.813095
## genreHorror:log_runtime      3.182e+04  2.727e+04   1.167  0.243334
## genreOthers:log_runtime      8.445e+04  4.137e+04   2.041  0.041328 *
## log_runtime:seasonSpring    9.274e+03  9.359e+03   0.991  0.321829
## log_runtime:seasonSummer    8.802e+03  9.103e+03   0.967  0.333688
## log_runtime:seasonWinter    8.599e+03  8.827e+03   0.974  0.330065
## year:seasonSpring           -1.879e+02  1.219e+02  -1.542  0.123300
## year:seasonSummer           -1.540e+02  1.192e+02  -1.292  0.196324
## year:seasonWinter           -8.193e+01  1.241e+02  -0.660  0.509064
## log_budget:tierB            1.964e+01  1.232e+03   0.016  0.987283
## log_budget:tierC           -1.370e+02  1.515e+03  -0.090  0.927966
## tierB:ratingPG              6.838e+03  8.190e+03   0.835  0.403895
## tierC:ratingPG              1.030e+04  9.576e+03   1.076  0.282090
## tierB:ratingPG-13           -6.597e+03  8.010e+03  -0.824  0.410253
## tierC:ratingPG-13           -7.463e+02  9.358e+03  -0.080  0.936441
## tierB:ratingR/NC-17         -4.716e+03  7.517e+03  -0.627  0.530421
## tierC:ratingR/NC-17        -3.263e+03  8.872e+03  -0.368  0.713077
```

```
## ---
```

```
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
##
```

```
## Residual standard error: 23800 on 2606 degrees of freedom
```

```
## Multiple R-squared:  0.6057, Adjusted R-squared:  0.5957
```

```
## F-statistic: 60.65 on 66 and 2606 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

```
##percent change in parameter estimation
```

```
round(abs(coef(step.f2)-coef(fit.fs2.v))/abs(coef(step.f2))*100,3)
```

```
##              (Intercept)              log_budget
##              207.479              6.975
##      genreAdventure      genreAnimation
```

##	11.538	79.627
##	genreBiography	genreComedy
##	64.282	45.155
##	genreCrime	genreDrama
##	96.494	4.137
##	genreHorror	genreOthers
##	3.543	68.131
##	log_runtime	tierB
##	24.667	82.326
##	tierC	ratingPG
##	36.618	179.864
##	ratingPG-13	ratingR/NC-17
##	108.053	238.772
##	year	seasonSpring
##	1129.627	1133.358
##	seasonSummer	seasonWinter
##	39.496	228.964
##	log_budget:genreAdventure	log_budget:genreAnimation
##	172.547	3396.298
##	log_budget:genreBiography	log_budget:genreComedy
##	78.088	67.046
##	log_budget:genreCrime	log_budget:genreDrama
##	208.715	26.721
##	log_budget:genreHorror	log_budget:genreOthers
##	20.841	509.159
##	log_budget:log_runtime	log_budget:year
##	37.205	11.365
##	genreAdventure:year	genreAnimation:year
##	12.044	76.583
##	genreBiography:year	genreComedy:year
##	33.314	46.276
##	genreCrime:year	genreDrama:year
##	117.533	21.720
##	genreHorror:year	genreOthers:year
##	3.874	90.397
##	log_budget:ratingPG	log_budget:ratingPG-13
##	329.254	124.876
##	log_budget:ratingR/NC-17	log_runtime:year
##	19.947	25.690
##	ratingPG:year	ratingPG-13:year
##	196.988	117.157
##	ratingR/NC-17:year	genreAdventure:log_runtime
##	245.090	591.566
##	genreAnimation:log_runtime	genreBiography:log_runtime
##	26.884	184.984
##	genreComedy:log_runtime	genreCrime:log_runtime
##	90.803	7.469
##	genreDrama:log_runtime	genreHorror:log_runtime
##	107.823	60.869
##	genreOthers:log_runtime	log_runtime:seasonSpring
##	783.363	46.221
##	log_runtime:seasonSummer	log_runtime:seasonWinter
##	56.397	209.209
##	year:seasonSpring	year:seasonSummer

```
##              721.365              43.177
##      year:seasonWinter      log_budget:tierB
##              215.974              98.231
##      log_budget:tierC      tierB:ratingPG
##              85.783              77.079
##      tierC:ratingPG      tierB:ratingPG-13
##              63.615              124.383
##      tierC:ratingPG-13      tierB:ratingR/NC-17
##              103.017              117.064
##      tierC:ratingR/NC-17
##              112.746
```

##percent change in standard errors

```
sd.fs2<- summary(step.f2)$coefficients[,"Std. Error"]
sd.fs2.v<- summary(fit.fs2.v)$coefficients[,"Std. Error"]
round(abs(sd.fs2-sd.fs2.v)/sd.fs2*100,3)
```

```
##              (Intercept)              log_budget
##              3.886              4.733
##      genreAdventure      genreAnimation
##              6.881              7.254
##      genreBiography      genreComedy
##              5.110              2.563
##      genreCrime      genreDrama
##              16.313              0.637
##      genreHorror      genreOthers
##              6.605              7.487
##      log_runtime      tierB
##              4.220              14.474
##      tierC      ratingPG
##              11.292              12.270
##      ratingPG-13      ratingR/NC-17
##              14.581              14.754
##      year      seasonSpring
##              3.841              6.127
##      seasonSummer      seasonWinter
##              5.117              7.367
## log_budget:genreAdventure log_budget:genreAnimation
##              17.815              7.244
## log_budget:genreBiography log_budget:genreComedy
##              0.184              2.835
##      log_budget:genreCrime      log_budget:genreDrama
##              12.069              5.205
##      log_budget:genreHorror      log_budget:genreOthers
##              9.769              29.146
##      log_budget:log_runtime      log_budget:year
##              8.070              4.747
##      genreAdventure:year      genreAnimation:year
##              5.640              6.890
##      genreBiography:year      genreComedy:year
##              4.637              2.711
##      genreCrime:year      genreDrama:year
##              17.680              0.688
##      genreHorror:year      genreOthers:year
##              2.425              6.268
```

```
##          log_budget:ratingPG      log_budget:ratingPG-13
##                7.187                14.149
##  log_budget:ratingR/NC-17      log_runtime:year
##                12.896                4.199
##                ratingPG:year      ratingPG-13:year
##                11.885                14.462
##                ratingR/NC-17:year genreAdventure:log_runtime
##                14.605                3.628
## genreAnimation:log_runtime genreBiography:log_runtime
##                5.704                12.814
##  genreComedy:log_runtime      genreCrime:log_runtime
##                4.765                20.045
##  genreDrama:log_runtime      genreHorror:log_runtime
##                2.835                4.865
##  genreOthers:log_runtime      log_runtime:seasonSpring
##                17.467                5.026
##  log_runtime:seasonSummer      log_runtime:seasonWinter
##                5.693                2.306
##  year:seasonSpring      year:seasonSummer
##                5.704                4.254
##  year:seasonWinter      log_budget:tierB
##                6.333                9.731
##  log_budget:tierC      tierB:ratingPG
##                8.228                7.913
##  tierC:ratingPG      tierB:ratingPG-13
##                6.428                5.329
##  tierC:ratingPG-13      tierB:ratingR/NC-17
##                6.001                8.845
##  tierC:ratingR/NC-17
##                8.581
```

```
##mean squared prediction error
pred.fs2<-predict.lm(step.f2, valid[, -1])
mspe.fs2<-mean((pred.fs2-valid[,1])^2)
mspe.fs2 #600040753, smaller than mspe.fs1
```

```
## [1] 600040753
```

```
press.fs2/n #618694544
```

```
## [1] 618694544
```

```
mse.fs2 #597285255
```

```
## [1] 597285255
```

```
# Candidate Model 3
fit.fs3.v<-lm(step.f3,data=valid)
summary(step.f3)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = log_gross_4 ~ log_budget + tier + genre + log_runtime +
##     year + rating + season + log_budget:log_runtime + log_budget:year +
##     log_runtime:year, data = train)
##
## Residuals:
```

```
##      Min      1Q Median      3Q      Max
## -89706 -16178      295 16336 133745
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 1025309.03 3080081.64   0.333 0.739248
## log_budget  -880826.48   73499.76 -11.984 < 2e-16 ***
## tierB        -7652.38    1923.53  -3.978 7.13e-05 ***
## tierC       -14359.16    2210.61  -6.496 9.85e-11 ***
## genreAdventure -1857.89   2443.20  -0.760 0.447064
## genreAnimation 23323.02   3148.79   7.407 1.73e-13 ***
## genreBiography -11033.09  2653.16  -4.158 3.31e-05 ***
## genreComedy   -1525.11   1384.03  -1.102 0.270592
## genreCrime    -7244.27   2197.75  -3.296 0.000993 ***
## genreDrama    -8693.33   1690.65  -5.142 2.92e-07 ***
## genreHorror   13185.22   2662.60   4.952 7.81e-07 ***
## genreOthers    2400.94   4146.70   0.579 0.562639
## log_runtime  2446079.38  720690.65   3.394 0.000699 ***
## year          60.20     1566.83   0.038 0.969357
## ratingPG      3850.48    3201.67   1.203 0.229220
## ratingPG-13   1881.94    3279.41   0.574 0.566107
## ratingR/NC-17 -4301.56    3182.33  -1.352 0.176586
## seasonSpring  2194.91    1364.91   1.608 0.107933
## seasonSummer  7891.26    1360.13   5.802 7.34e-09 ***
## seasonWinter  3355.90    1408.00   2.383 0.017221 *
## log_budget:log_runtime 18628.26  2585.58   7.205 7.55e-13 ***
## log_budget:year    404.23     36.63  11.036 < 2e-16 ***
## log_runtime:year   -1361.71   365.37  -3.727 0.000198 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 24950 on 2649 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.5648, Adjusted R-squared:  0.5612
## F-statistic: 156.3 on 22 and 2649 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

```
summary(fit.fs3.v)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = step.f3, data = valid)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min      1Q Median      3Q      Max
## -127218 -15186      673  15615  80126
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -3.060e+06  2.959e+06  -1.034 0.301147
## log_budget  -8.476e+05  7.091e+04 -11.952 < 2e-16 ***
## tierB       -1.201e+04  1.853e+03  -6.482 1.07e-10 ***
## tierC       -1.726e+04  2.154e+03  -8.012 1.68e-15 ***
## genreAdventure -3.952e+03  2.390e+03  -1.654 0.098299 .
## genreAnimation  1.552e+04  3.044e+03   5.097 3.69e-07 ***
## genreBiography -1.420e+04  2.471e+03  -5.747 1.01e-08 ***
## genreComedy   -4.779e+03  1.378e+03  -3.469 0.000531 ***
```



```
## genreCrime          -9.624e+03  2.111e+03  -4.558 5.40e-06 ***
## genreDrama          -9.412e+03  1.659e+03  -5.674 1.55e-08 ***
## genreHorror          1.232e+04  2.563e+03   4.807 1.62e-06 ***
## genreOthers          1.680e+03  4.167e+03   0.403 0.686784
## log_runtime          3.146e+06  6.889e+05   4.567 5.16e-06 ***
## year                 2.245e+03  1.509e+03   1.487 0.137006
## ratingPG             1.312e+04  3.018e+03   4.346 1.44e-05 ***
## ratingPG-13          1.260e+04  3.048e+03   4.133 3.70e-05 ***
## ratingR/NC-17        3.793e+03  2.953e+03   1.284 0.199141
## seasonSpring          3.962e+03  1.334e+03   2.971 0.002999 **
## seasonSummer          8.899e+03  1.331e+03   6.687 2.77e-11 ***
## seasonWinter          6.620e+03  1.346e+03   4.917 9.35e-07 ***
## log_budget:log_runtime 2.198e+04  2.594e+03   8.471 < 2e-16 ***
## log_budget:year       3.798e+02  3.528e+01  10.767 < 2e-16 ***
## log_runtime:year      -1.743e+03  3.502e+02  -4.978 6.84e-07 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 24410 on 2650 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.5783, Adjusted R-squared:  0.5748
## F-statistic: 165.2 on 22 and 2650 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

```
##percent change in parameter estimation
```

```
round(abs(coef(step.f3)-coef(fit.fs3.v))/abs(coef(step.f3))*100,3)
```

```
##          (Intercept)          log_budget          tierB
##          398.433          3.778          56.956
##          tierC          genreAdventure          genreAnimation
##          20.203          112.742          33.462
##          genreBiography          genreComedy          genreCrime
##          28.684          213.362          32.854
##          genreDrama          genreHorror          genreOthers
##          8.271          6.557          30.012
##          log_runtime          year          ratingPG
##          28.634          3630.021          240.683
##          ratingPG-13          ratingR/NC-17          seasonSpring
##          569.352          188.181          80.524
##          seasonSummer          seasonWinter log_budget:log_runtime
##          12.767          97.263          17.981
##          log_budget:year          log_runtime:year
##          6.038          28.018
```

```
##percent change in standard errors
```

```
sd.fs3<- summary(step.f3)$coefficients[,"Std. Error"]
```

```
sd.fs3.v<- summary(fit.fs3.v)$coefficients[,"Std. Error"]
```

```
round(abs(sd.fs3-sd.fs3.v)/sd.fs3*100,3)
```

```
##          (Intercept)          log_budget          tierB
##          3.940          3.519          3.673
##          tierC          genreAdventure          genreAnimation
##          2.547          2.176          3.313
##          genreBiography          genreComedy          genreCrime
##          6.881          0.458          3.925
##          genreDrama          genreHorror          genreOthers
##          1.878          3.743          0.487
##          log_runtime          year          ratingPG
```

```
##           4.413           3.661           5.721
##           ratingPG-13           ratingR/NC-17           seasonSpring
##           7.052           7.193           2.276
##           seasonSummer           seasonWinter log_budget:log_runtime
##           2.159           4.370           0.341
##           log_budget:year           log_runtime:year
##           3.689           4.155
```

```
##mean squared prediction error
pred.fs3<-predict.lm(step.f3, valid[, -1])
mspe.fs3<-mean((pred.fs3-valid[,1])^2)
mspe.fs3 #602561604 smaller than mspe.fs2
```

```
## [1] 602561604
```

```
press.fs3/n #628834176
```

```
## [1] 628834176
```

```
mse.fs3 #622488616
```

```
## [1] 622488616
```

```
# Candidate Model 2 is the final model
```

Model Diagnostics

```
# fit Candidate Model 2 on whole data
dt.split$log_gross_4 <- log(dt.split$gross)^4
dt.split$log_budget <- log(dt.split$budget)
dt.split$log_runtime <- log(dt.split$runtime)
```

```
dt.split <- subset(dt.split, select=c(log_gross_4, log_budget, log_runtime, year, rating, genre, tier, s
```

```
fit.fs2.final<-lm(step.f2, data=dt.split)
summary(fit.fs2.final)
```

```
##
```

```
## Call:
```

```
## lm(formula = step.f2, data = dt.split)
```

```
##
```

```
## Residuals:
```

```
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -115175 -15625      401    15933    84745
```

```
##
```

```
## Coefficients:
```

```
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)   -3.344e+05  2.369e+06  -0.141  0.887753
## log_budget    -8.125e+05  6.058e+04 -13.412 < 2e-16 ***
## genreAdventure -7.485e+05  3.314e+05  -2.259  0.023952 *
## genreAnimation -6.893e+05  5.143e+05  -1.340  0.180189
## genreBiography -5.790e+05  3.415e+05  -1.695  0.090087 .
## genreComedy    -3.487e+05  1.891e+05  -1.844  0.065302 .
## genreCrime     -1.019e+06  3.064e+05  -3.326  0.000887 ***
## genreDrama     -8.902e+05  2.197e+05  -4.052  5.15e-05 ***
## genreHorror    -2.370e+06  3.254e+05  -7.282  3.76e-13 ***
## genreOthers    -9.360e+05  5.487e+05  -1.706  0.088071 .
```

## log_runtime	2.967e+06	5.503e+05	5.392	7.26e-08	***
## tierB	-2.333e+04	1.558e+04	-1.497	0.134406	
## tierC	-1.194e+04	1.881e+04	-0.635	0.525493	
## ratingPG	-2.203e+06	4.230e+05	-5.207	1.99e-07	***
## ratingPG-13	-2.428e+06	4.183e+05	-5.806	6.79e-09	***
## ratingR/NC-17	-1.705e+06	3.983e+05	-4.282	1.89e-05	***
## year	8.482e+02	1.200e+03	0.707	0.479757	
## seasonSpring	1.832e+05	1.744e+05	1.050	0.293732	
## seasonSummer	3.966e+05	1.712e+05	2.317	0.020545	*
## seasonWinter	6.143e+04	1.798e+05	0.342	0.732651	
## log_budget:genreAdventure	-1.698e+03	1.706e+03	-0.995	0.319748	
## log_budget:genreAnimation	5.699e+03	2.059e+03	2.768	0.005656	**
## log_budget:genreBiography	-5.490e+03	1.889e+03	-2.907	0.003665	**
## log_budget:genreComedy	-3.090e+03	9.384e+02	-3.292	0.001000	***
## log_budget:genreCrime	-3.674e+03	1.545e+03	-2.379	0.017407	*
## log_budget:genreDrama	-6.983e+03	1.048e+03	-6.664	2.93e-11	***
## log_budget:genreHorror	-1.156e+04	1.523e+03	-7.592	3.70e-14	***
## log_budget:genreOthers	-5.198e+03	2.417e+03	-2.151	0.031527	*
## log_budget:log_runtime	2.134e+04	2.135e+03	9.997	< 2e-16	***
## log_budget:year	3.661e+02	2.974e+01	12.312	< 2e-16	***
## genreAdventure:year	4.332e+02	1.671e+02	2.593	0.009534	**
## genreAnimation:year	4.503e+02	2.726e+02	1.652	0.098568	.
## genreBiography:year	3.365e+02	1.678e+02	2.005	0.044977	*
## genreComedy:year	1.899e+02	9.555e+01	1.987	0.046935	*
## genreCrime:year	4.932e+02	1.526e+02	3.231	0.001240	**
## genreDrama:year	4.612e+02	1.104e+02	4.176	3.01e-05	***
## genreHorror:year	1.155e+03	1.625e+02	7.106	1.35e-12	***
## genreOthers:year	4.480e+02	2.695e+02	1.662	0.096489	.
## log_budget:ratingPG	-9.322e+02	1.222e+03	-0.763	0.445504	
## log_budget:ratingPG-13	3.142e+02	1.184e+03	0.265	0.790770	
## log_budget:ratingR/NC-17	-1.430e+03	1.059e+03	-1.350	0.177068	
## log_runtime:year	-1.654e+03	2.786e+02	-5.935	3.12e-09	***
## ratingPG:year	1.105e+03	2.136e+02	5.176	2.35e-07	***
## ratingPG-13:year	1.210e+03	2.096e+02	5.773	8.22e-09	***
## ratingR/NC-17:year	8.601e+02	1.996e+02	4.309	1.67e-05	***
## genreAdventure:log_runtime	-1.949e+04	1.138e+04	-1.713	0.086850	.
## genreAnimation:log_runtime	-6.608e+04	2.001e+04	-3.303	0.000962	***
## genreBiography:log_runtime	-2.398e+03	1.330e+04	-0.180	0.856880	
## genreComedy:log_runtime	4.331e+03	8.109e+03	0.534	0.593322	
## genreCrime:log_runtime	1.882e+04	1.148e+04	1.640	0.101146	
## genreDrama:log_runtime	1.634e+04	8.688e+03	1.881	0.060055	.
## genreHorror:log_runtime	5.654e+04	1.860e+04	3.040	0.002379	**
## genreOthers:log_runtime	2.834e+04	2.576e+04	1.100	0.271297	
## log_runtime:seasonSpring	1.270e+04	6.756e+03	1.879	0.060263	.
## log_runtime:seasonSummer	1.605e+04	6.594e+03	2.433	0.014991	*
## log_runtime:seasonWinter	1.710e+03	6.258e+03	0.273	0.784684	
## year:seasonSpring	-1.198e+02	8.839e+01	-1.355	0.175513	
## year:seasonSummer	-2.316e+02	8.575e+01	-2.701	0.006929	**
## year:seasonWinter	-3.217e+01	9.018e+01	-0.357	0.721322	
## log_budget:tierB	2.256e+02	9.013e+02	0.250	0.802344	
## log_budget:tierC	-8.522e+02	1.101e+03	-0.774	0.438934	
## tierB:ratingPG	1.677e+04	5.949e+03	2.819	0.004831	**
## tierC:ratingPG	1.810e+04	6.915e+03	2.618	0.008867	**
## tierB:ratingPG-13	9.106e+03	5.758e+03	1.582	0.113809	

```

## tierC:ratingPG-13          1.064e+04  6.767e+03  1.572 0.115908
## tierB:ratingR/NC-17       9.599e+03  5.469e+03  1.755 0.079274 .
## tierC:ratingR/NC-17       9.182e+03  6.476e+03  1.418 0.156334
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 24200 on 5278 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.5896, Adjusted R-squared:  0.5844
## F-statistic: 114.9 on 66 and 5278 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16
anova(fit.fs2.final)

## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Response: log_gross_4
##
##           Df      Sum Sq   Mean Sq    F value    Pr(>F)
## log_budget  1 3.3261e+12 3.3261e+12 5677.2940 < 2.2e-16 ***
## genre       8 2.0890e+11 2.6112e+10  44.5699 < 2.2e-16 ***
## log_runtime 1 1.9874e+11 1.9874e+11 339.2237 < 2.2e-16 ***
## tier        2 9.2860e+10 4.6430e+10  79.2500 < 2.2e-16 ***
## rating      3 9.8391e+10 3.2797e+10  55.9802 < 2.2e-16 ***
## year       1 7.7087e+10 7.7087e+10 131.5771 < 2.2e-16 ***
## season     3 4.6414e+10 1.5471e+10  26.4079 < 2.2e-16 ***
## log_budget:genre  8 8.9146e+10 1.1143e+10  19.0201 < 2.2e-16 ***
## log_budget:log_runtime 1 7.2210e+10 7.2210e+10 123.2524 < 2.2e-16 ***
## log_budget:year  1 1.0557e+11 1.0557e+11 180.2024 < 2.2e-16 ***
## genre:year      8 3.8380e+10 4.7975e+09   8.1887 4.521e-11 ***
## log_budget:rating 3 7.6902e+09 2.5634e+09   4.3754 0.004402 **
## log_runtime:year 1 2.0587e+10 2.0587e+10 35.1391 3.264e-09 ***
## rating:year     3 2.3477e+10 7.8255e+09  13.3572 1.106e-08 ***
## genre:log_runtime 8 1.9671e+10 2.4589e+09   4.1970 5.026e-05 ***
## log_runtime:season 3 3.8233e+09 1.2744e+09   2.1753 0.088781 .
## year:season     3 5.0512e+09 1.6837e+09   2.8739 0.034864 *
## log_budget:tier  2 1.0887e+09 5.4434e+08   0.9291 0.394969
## tier:rating      6 6.3615e+09 1.0603e+09   1.8097 0.093084 .
## Residuals     5278 3.0922e+12 5.8587e+08
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

par(mfrow = c(2, 2),oma=c(2,2,2,2),mar=c(4,3,3,3))
plot(fit.fs2.final, sub.caption = "Figure 8: Diagnostic Plots for Final Model")

# outlying and influential cases
n.s <- nrow(dt.split)
res <- residuals(fit.fs2.final)
p <- length(fit.fs2.final$coefficients)
h1 <- influence(fit.fs2.final)$hat
d.res.std <- studres(fit.fs2.final) #studentized deleted residuals
qt(1-0.05/(2*n.s),n.s-p) # bonferronis thresh hold

## [1] 4.435915

idx.Y <- as.vector(which(abs(d.res.std)>=qt(1-0.1/(2*n.s),n.s-p)))
#idx.Y ## outliers in Y
length(idx.Y)

## [1] 1

```

```

idx.X <- as.vector(which(h1>(2*p/n.s)))
#idx.X ## outliers in X
length(idx.X)

## [1] 548

#plot(h1,res,xlab="leverage",ylab="residuals")
par(mfrow=c(1,1))
plot(fit.fs2.final, which=4, main = "Figure 9: Cook's Distance", caption = "" )

##cooks_d <- cooks.distance(fit.fs2.final)
##n <- nrow(dt.split)
##influential <- as.numeric(names(cooks_d)[(cooks_d > (4/n))])
##df_screen <- dt.split[-influential, ]

#Case 881, 1805, 4442 is an influential case according to Cook's distance

influential <- c(881, 1805, 4442)
fit.fs2.final2<-lm(fit.fs2.final, data=dt.split[-influential,])
par(mfrow = c(2, 2),oma=c(2,2,2,2),mar=c(4,3,3,3))
plot(fit.fs2.final2, sub.caption = "Figure 9: Diagnostic Plots for Final Model without Influential Cases")

f1<-fitted(fit.fs2.final)
f2<-fitted(fit.fs2.final2)
SUM<-sum(abs((f1[-influential]-f2)/f1[-influential]))
SUM<-SUM+abs((f1[influential]-predict(fit.fs2.final,newdata = dt.split[influential,]))/f1[influential])
per.average<-SUM/n.s
per.average

##          902          1849          4533
## 0.00100251 0.00100251 0.00100251

# No case is removed

```

Bootstrap

```

library(boot)
set.seed(2021)

model_coef <- function(data, i){
  d <- data[i,]
  fit <- lm(step.f2, data=d)
  return(coef(fit))
}

coeff <- boot(data=dt.split, statistic= model_coef, R=1000)

coeff

##
## ORDINARY NONPARAMETRIC BOOTSTRAP
##
## Call:
## boot(data = dt.split, statistic = model_coef, R = 1000)

```

```

##
##
## Bootstrap Statistics :
##      original      bias      std. error
## t1*  -3.343765e+05  4.621735e+04  2.803274e+06
## t2*  -8.125443e+05 -7.915358e+03  6.741213e+04
## t3*  -7.484556e+05  1.450402e+04  3.643172e+05
## t4*  -6.892917e+05  4.768616e+04  5.897861e+05
## t5*  -5.789723e+05  1.104027e+04  4.167428e+05
## t6*  -3.486978e+05 -5.918612e+03  1.866280e+05
## t7*  -1.019197e+06 -3.127004e+03  3.185119e+05
## t8*  -8.902362e+05 -1.014567e+04  2.429246e+05
## t9*  -2.369750e+06 -5.017108e+03  3.625512e+05
## t10* -9.360414e+05  1.139331e+04  5.722025e+05
## t11*  2.967412e+06  2.761634e+04  6.529946e+05
## t12* -2.333148e+04 -1.406276e+03  1.686459e+04
## t13* -1.194303e+04 -1.828338e+03  2.028627e+04
## t14* -2.203020e+06 -2.762387e+04  5.046326e+05
## t15* -2.428496e+06 -1.915614e+04  4.877757e+05
## t16* -1.705497e+06 -2.784591e+04  4.719416e+05
## t17*  8.482446e+02 -3.062632e+01  1.432337e+03
## t18*  1.831675e+05  6.224597e+03  1.774253e+05
## t19*  3.965688e+05 -5.973453e+03  1.731317e+05
## t20*  6.142952e+04  2.834644e+03  1.809121e+05
## t21* -1.697825e+03  9.886877e+01  1.912147e+03
## t22*  5.699328e+03  3.867338e+02  2.870052e+03
## t23* -5.490348e+03  3.130200e+02  2.276641e+03
## t24* -3.089699e+03 -1.601011e+01  9.257017e+02
## t25* -3.674323e+03  1.025558e+02  1.627404e+03
## t26* -6.982589e+03  1.586158e+01  1.120382e+03
## t27* -1.156282e+04  5.267382e+01  2.007890e+03
## t28* -5.198044e+03  1.305190e+02  2.501277e+03
## t29*  2.133809e+04 -1.454977e+02  2.419109e+03
## t30*  3.661414e+02  4.307837e+00  3.284898e+01
## t31*  4.332512e+02 -9.229379e+00  1.921018e+02
## t32*  4.502932e+02 -2.548130e+01  3.167035e+02
## t33*  3.365157e+02 -7.500283e+00  1.942870e+02
## t34*  1.898960e+02  5.108729e+00  9.649625e+01
## t35*  4.931986e+02  1.615105e+00  1.619396e+02
## t36*  4.611857e+02  5.518914e+00  1.231000e+02
## t37*  1.154959e+03  2.126031e+00  1.834657e+02
## t38*  4.479895e+02 -3.495454e+00  2.983190e+02
## t39* -9.322277e+02 -8.906468e+01  1.427945e+03
## t40*  3.141672e+02 -9.172539e+01  1.381856e+03
## t41* -1.430123e+03 -6.893691e+01  1.212684e+03
## t42* -1.653618e+03 -1.220781e+01  3.327947e+02
## t43*  1.105470e+03  1.441973e+01  2.552888e+02
## t44*  1.210121e+03  1.020408e+01  2.442548e+02
## t45*  8.600685e+02  1.435983e+01  2.360160e+02
## t46* -1.949035e+04  4.849136e+02  1.582374e+04
## t47* -6.608411e+04 -8.135773e+02  2.016255e+04
## t48* -2.397976e+03 -2.550657e+02  1.993837e+04
## t49*  4.330642e+03 -8.626076e+02  8.692965e+03
## t50*  1.881677e+04 -3.709832e+02  1.247407e+04

```

```
## t51* 1.633959e+04 -2.404797e+02 1.013241e+04
## t52* 5.654036e+04 2.253911e+00 1.979156e+04
## t53* 2.833944e+04 -1.405757e+03 2.797132e+04
## t54* 1.269655e+04 -1.571968e+02 8.355639e+03
## t55* 1.604631e+04 -7.318880e+02 7.248504e+03
## t56* 1.709884e+03 -6.089079e+02 7.268200e+03
## t57* -1.197586e+02 -2.747174e+00 9.269095e+01
## t58* -2.316420e+02 4.717497e+00 8.806689e+01
## t59* -3.216991e+01 -3.578886e-03 9.085082e+01
## t60* 2.256218e+02 8.562872e+01 9.149091e+02
## t61* -8.522166e+02 7.090670e+01 1.143515e+03
## t62* 1.677316e+04 3.098690e+01 7.153011e+03
## t63* 1.810305e+04 5.670091e+02 7.976870e+03
## t64* 9.106102e+03 -4.143491e+01 6.586210e+03
## t65* 1.064100e+04 6.320769e+02 7.493780e+03
## t66* 9.599393e+03 -3.877014e+01 6.535085e+03
## t67* 9.181576e+03 6.666586e+02 7.327605e+03
```

```
par(mfrow=c(1,2))
hist(coeff$t[,2], xlab="bootstrap estimate beta* for log(gross)", main=NULL)
hist(coeff$t[,17], xlab="bootstrap estimate beta* for year", main=NULL)
mtext("Figure 10: Bootstrap Estimate Coefficients", side = 3, font=2, line=-1, outer=TRUE)
```

Discussion

```
library(carData)
library(effects)
```

```
## lattice theme set by effectsTheme()
## See ?effectsTheme for details.
```

```
#interaction
```

```
budget.genre <- effect('log_budget*genre', fit.fs2.final,
                      se=TRUE, confidence.level=.95, typical=mean)
```

```
budget.rating <- effect('log_budget*rating', fit.fs2.final,
                      se=TRUE, confidence.level=.95, typical=mean)
```

```
inter.budget1 <- as.data.frame(budget.genre)
inter.budget2 <- as.data.frame(budget.rating)
```

```
summary(inter.budget1$fit)
```

```
##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.
## -123118  -3556   44777   45161   92203   163977
```

```
summary(inter.budget2$fit)
```

```
##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.
## -57034   -6467   42313   42905   92127   140187
```

```
library(ggplot2)
plot.inter.budget1<-ggplot(data=inter.budget1, aes(x=log_budget, y=fit, group=genre))+
  coord_cartesian()+
  geom_line(size=2, aes(color=genre))+
```

```

ylab(expression(paste(log(gross)^4)))+
xlab("log(budget)")+
ggtitle("Figure 12: Interaction between log(budget) and genre")+
theme_bw()+
  theme(panel.grid.major=element_blank(),
        panel.grid.minor=element_blank())+
scale_fill_grey()

plot.inter.budget2<-ggplot(data=inter.budget2, aes(x=log_budget, y=fit, group=rating))+
  coord_cartesian()+
  geom_line(size=2, aes(color=rating))+
  ylab(expression(paste(log(gross)^4)))+
  xlab("log(budget)")+
  ggtitle("Figure 11: Interaction between log(budget) and rating")+
  theme_bw()+
    theme(panel.grid.major=element_blank(),
          panel.grid.minor=element_blank())+
scale_fill_grey()

plot.inter.budget2

plot.inter.budget1

#####

year.genre <- effect('genre*year', fit.fs2.final,
                     xlevels=list(year = c(1980:2019)),
                     se=TRUE, confidence.level=.95, typical=mean)

year.rating <- effect('rating*year', fit.fs2.final,
                     xlevels=list(year = c(1980:2019)),
                     se=TRUE, confidence.level=.95, typical=mean)

inter.genre <- as.data.frame(year.genre)
inter.rating <- as.data.frame(year.rating)

summary(inter.genre$fit)

##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.
##  64783   77262   82904   83099   87282  119778

summary(inter.rating$fit)

##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.
##  68606   77597   82044   82816   87883   97774

library(ggplot2)
plot.inter.genre<-ggplot(data=inter.genre, aes(x=year, y=fit, group=genre))+
  coord_cartesian()+
  geom_line(size=2, aes(color=genre))+
  ylab(expression(paste(log(gross)^4)))+
  xlab("year")+
  ggtitle("Figure 14: Interaction between year and genre")+
  theme_bw()+

```



```

    theme(panel.grid.major=element_blank(),
          panel.grid.minor=element_blank())+
    scale_fill_grey()

plot.inter.rating<-ggplot(data=inter.rating, aes(x=year, y=fit, group=rating))+
  coord_cartesian()+
  geom_line(size=2, aes(color=rating))+
  ylab(expression(paste(log(gross)^4)))+
  xlab("year")+
  ggtitle("Figure 13: Interaction between year and rating")+
  theme_bw()+
  theme(panel.grid.major=element_blank(),
        panel.grid.minor=element_blank())+
  scale_fill_grey()

plot.inter.rating

plot.inter.genre

```

References

<https://www.kaggle.com/danielgrijalvas/movies>