

TRAINING SESSION NAME

Firewall

Table of contents

- [A.1 Nfacct](#)
 - [1. Technical concept](#)
 - [1.1 Concept](#)
 - [1.2 libraries](#)
 - [1.3 Config](#)
 - [1.3.1 nfacct.conf file](#)
 - [1.3.2 Restore nfacct config](#)
 - [1.3.3 Save to nfacct config](#)
 - [1.3.4 Flush nfacct config](#)
 - [1.3.5 Show nfacct config](#)
 - [1.4 iptables config](#)
- [A.2 Nflog](#)
 - [1. Technical concept](#)
 - [1.1 Concept](#)
 - [1.2 libraries](#)
 - [1.3 Config](#)
 - [1.3.1 iptables config file](#)
 - [1.3.2 Show log with tcpdump](#)
- [B. Questions, Exercises](#)
- [C. References](#)
- [D. Sharing-Training Activities\(if have\)](#)

A.1 Nfacct

1. Technical concept

1.1 Concept

nfacct is the command line tool to create/retrieve/delete accounting objects

Main Features

- listing the objects of the nfacct table in plain text/XML
- automatically get and reset objects of the nfacct table
- adding new objects to the nfacct table
- deleting objects from the nfacct table

1.2 libraries

- libnetfilter_acct is the userspace library providing the interface to extended accounting infrastructure.
- libmnl: is a minimalistic user-space library oriented to Netlink developers. There are a lot of common tasks in parsing, validating, and constructing of both the Netlink header and TLVs that are repetitive and easy to get wrong. This library aims to provide simple helpers that allow you to reuse code and avoid re-inventing the wheel.

1.3 Config

1.3.1 nfacct.conf file

```
{ pkts = 00000000000000000000, bytes = 00000000000000000000 } = 0x01;  
{ pkts = 00000000000000000000, bytes = 00000000000000000000 } = 0x02;  
{ pkts = 00000000000000000000, bytes = 00000000000000000000 } = 0x03;  
{ pkts = 00000000000000000000, bytes = 00000000000000000000 } = 0x04;  
{ pkts = 00000000000000000000, bytes = 00000000000000000000 } = 0x05;
```

1.3.2 Restore nfacct config

```
/usr/sbin/nfacct restore < nfacct.conf
```

1.3.3 Save to nfacct config

```
/usr/sbin/nfacct list > nfacct.conf
```

1.3.4 Flush nfacct config

```
/usr/sbin/nfacct flush
```

1.3.5 Show nfacct config

```
/usr/sbin/nfacct list json
```

Output:

```
root@thuan-VirtualBox:/home/thuan# nfacct list json  
{ "timestamp" : 1680055953,  
  "nfacct_counters" : [  
    { "pkts" : 0, "bytes" : 0, "name" : "0x01" },  
    { "pkts" : 0, "bytes" : 0, "name" : "0x02" },  
    { "pkts" : 0, "bytes" : 0, "name" : "0x03" },  
    { "pkts" : 25515, "bytes" : 1042506, "name" : "0x04" },  
    { "pkts" : 41527, "bytes" : 103657626, "name" : "0x05" }  
  ] }
```

1.4 iptables config

```
-A INPUT -m nfacct --nfacct-name 0x05  
-A FORWARD -m nfacct --nfacct-name 0x04  
-A OUTPUT -m nfacct --nfacct-name 0x04
```

Output:

```
root@thuan-VirtualBox:/home/thuan# iptables -A INPUT -m nfacct --nfacct-name 0x05  
root@thuan-VirtualBox:/home/thuan# iptables -A OUTPUT -m nfacct --nfacct-name 0x04  
root@thuan-VirtualBox:/home/thuan# iptables -A FORWARD -m nfacct --nfacct-name 0x04  
root@thuan-VirtualBox:/home/thuan# iptables -nvL  
Chain INPUT (policy ACCEPT 903 packets, 2030K bytes)  
pkts bytes target prot opt in out source destination nfacct-name 0x05  
3208 7461K all -- * * 0.0.0.0/0 0.0.0.0/0 nfacct-name 0x05  
  
Chain FORWARD (policy ACCEPT 0 packets, 0 bytes)  
pkts bytes target prot opt in out source destination nfacct-name 0x04  
0 0 all -- * * 0.0.0.0/0 0.0.0.0/0 nfacct-name 0x04  
  
Chain OUTPUT (policy ACCEPT 837 packets, 37283 bytes)  
pkts bytes target prot opt in out source destination nfacct-name 0x04  
1690 76350 all -- * * 0.0.0.0/0 0.0.0.0/0 nfacct-name 0x04
```

A.2 Nflog

1. Technical concept

1.1 Concept

Package nflog provides an API to interact with the log subsystem of the netfilter family from the linux kernel.

1.2 libraries

libnetfilter_log is a userspace library providing interface to packets that have been logged by the kernel packet filter. It is part of a system that deprecates the old syslog/dmesg based packet logging. This library has been previously known as libnfnetlink_log.

libnetfilter_log is used by ulogd2.

1.3 Config

1.3.1 iptables config file

```
-A INPUT -j NFLOG --nflog-prefix INPUT_DROP --nflog-group 19
```

Output:

```
root@thuan-VirtualBox:/home/thuan# iptables -A INPUT -j NFLOG --nflog-prefix INPUT_DROP --nflog-group 19  
root@thuan-VirtualBox:/home/thuan# iptables -nvL  
Chain INPUT (policy ACCEPT 189 packets, 463K bytes)  
pkts bytes target prot opt in out source destination nflog-prefix INPUT_DROP nflog-group 19  
188 460K NFLOG all -- * * 0.0.0.0/0 0.0.0.0/0 nflog-prefix INPUT_DROP nflog-group 19  
  
Chain FORWARD (policy ACCEPT 0 packets, 0 bytes)  
pkts bytes target prot opt in out source destination  
  
Chain OUTPUT (policy ACCEPT 169 packets, 6760 bytes)  
pkts bytes target prot opt in out source destination
```



1.3.2 Show log with tcpdump

```
tcpdump -ni nflog:19 -ttt
```

Output:

```
root@thuan-VirtualBox: /home/thuan# tcpdump -ni nflog:19 -ttt
tcpdump: verbose output suppressed, use -v or -vv for full protocol decode
listening on nflog:19, link-type NFLOG (Linux netfilter log messages), capture size 262144 bytes
00:00:00.000000 IP 91.189.91.43.443 > 10.0.2.15.39330: Flags [P.], seq 188594063:188596748, ack 3019662207, win 65535, length 1785
00:00:00.000889 IP 91.189.91.43.443 > 10.0.2.15.39330: Flags [P.], seq 1785:4285, ack 1, win 65535, length 2500
00:00:00.009332 IP 91.189.91.43.443 > 10.0.2.15.39330: Flags [P.], seq 4285:6785, ack 1, win 65535, length 2500
00:00:00.000024 IP 91.189.91.43.443 > 10.0.2.15.39330: Flags [P.], seq 6785:7500, ack 1, win 65535, length 715
00:00:00.006471 IP 91.189.91.43.443 > 10.0.2.15.39330: Flags [P.], seq 7500:10000, ack 1, win 65535, length 2500
00:00:00.010345 IP 91.189.91.43.443 > 10.0.2.15.39330: Flags [P.], seq 10000:12500, ack 1, win 65535, length 2500
00:00:00.008360 IP 91.189.91.43.443 > 10.0.2.15.39330: Flags [P.], seq 12500:15000, ack 1, win 65535, length 2500
00:00:00.004640 IP 91.189.91.43.443 > 10.0.2.15.39330: Flags [P.], seq 15000:17500, ack 1, win 65535, length 2500
00:00:00.007768 IP 91.189.91.43.443 > 10.0.2.15.39330: Flags [P.], seq 17500:20000, ack 1, win 65535, length 2500
00:00:00.006137 IP 91.189.91.43.443 > 10.0.2.15.39330: Flags [P.], seq 20000:22500, ack 1, win 65535, length 2500
00:00:00.059416 IP 91.189.91.43.443 > 10.0.2.15.39330: Flags [P.], seq 22500:25000, ack 1, win 65535, length 2500
00:00:00.218592 IP 91.189.91.43.443 > 10.0.2.15.39330: Flags [P.], seq 25000:27500, ack 1, win 65535, length 2500
00:00:00.007317 IP 91.189.91.43.443 > 10.0.2.15.39330: Flags [P.], seq 27500:28750, ack 1, win 65535, length 1250
00:00:00.000047 IP 91.189.91.43.443 > 10.0.2.15.39330: Flags [P.], seq 28750:30000, ack 1, win 65535, length 1250
00:00:00.008081 IP 91.189.91.43.443 > 10.0.2.15.39330: Flags [P.], seq 30000:32500, ack 1, win 65535, length 2500
```

B. Questions, Exercises

NA

C. References

No.	Info	Link/ file/ name of ebook
1	Nfacct introduction	https://www.netfilter.org/projects/nfacct/index.html
2	Nfacct code review	http://charette.no-ip.com:81/programming/doxygen/netfilter/group_nfacct.html
3	Nfacct clone source code	git clone git://git.netfilter.org/nfacct
4	Sequence diagram	http://charette.no-ip.com:81/programming/doxygen/netfilter/dir_9780868c6b71f5d64c6e4d0f1808a326.html
5	Nfacct vs ulogd2	https://home.regit.org/2012/07/flow-accounting-with-netfilter-and-ulogd2/