NHSPC Preparation Contest (Unofficial)

Problem 2: Simple Queries

Time Limit: 1 sec **Memory Limit:** 32 MB

You don't have much time to read stories so we are going directly to the problem-

You have an array A[1,...], with infinitely many elements. Initially all elements are set to 0. You need to answer Q queries. Each Query is given in form $[L_i, R_i]$. To answer a query you need to do 3 jobs -

- 1. Print the value of A[L] + A[R].
- 2. Set A[L] = A[R] = 0
- 3. Add 1 to the values of A[L+1], A[L+2], ..., A[R-2], A[R-1].

Input Description

First line of the input file contains a number Q- the number of queries. Then there will be Q lines, **i-th** line will contain 2 integers L_i , R_i

Output Description

Print the desired value in a seperate line and also update the main array as expected.

Constrains

For 40% of the total score, $Q \le 100$, $1 \le L < R \le 2500$

For perfect score, $Q \le 10^5$, $1 \le L \le R \le 10^5$

Sample

Input	Output
4	0
1 4	
3 7	1
1 6	2
2 6	

Explanation

Initially the array is $\{0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,\dots\}$

Second query [3,7] - A[3] + A[7] = 0, so we print 0, Set A[3] = A[7] = 0 and now add 1 to the elements A[4], A[5], A[6]. The array look like $\{0,1,0,1,1,1,0,0,0,...\}$

Third query [1,6] - A[1] + A[6] = 1, we print 1. Set A[1] = A[6] = 0, and add 1 to the elements A[2], A[3], A[4], A[5]. The array look like $\{0,2,1,2,2,0,0,0,\ldots\}$

Forth query [2,6] - A[2] + A[6] = 2, we print 2, set A[2] = A[6] = 0, and add 1 to the elements A[3], A[4], A[5]. The array look like - $\{0,0,2,3,4,0,0,0,....\}$

Hint: We never wanted you to output the main array: D It is infinity in size: D

1