Lecture 5 Heterogeneous Effects

Instrumental Variables

Causal Inference Using Graphs August 13, 2019

Goals and Objectives

Review of Constant

Effects

Heterogeneous Effects

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Acknowledgements

Goals and Objectives
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Effects

Heterogeneous Effects

Daniel Arnon contributed to many of the slides from lecture 5 today.

Goals and Objectives for This Morning:

Goals and Objectives

Review of Constant Effects

- Review IV with constant effects
- Introduce IV with heterogeneous effects
- Learning about compliers

Overview

Goals and Objectives

Review of Constant Effects

Heterogeneous Effects

1 Review of Constant Effects

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Heterogeneous Effects

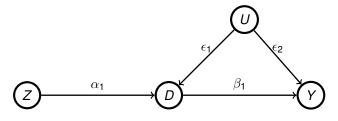
1 Review of Constant Effects

Review of Constant Effects

Heterogeneous Effects

Consider the following path model:

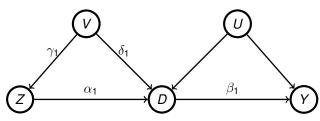
Figure: Confounding on D and Y



Discuss the Wald estimator and why it works.

Lets consider a few more path models:

Figure: Confounding on Z, D, Y



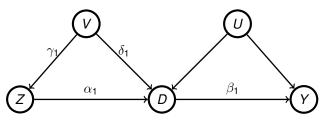
Can we still calculate the effect of $D \rightarrow Y$?

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Lets consider a few more path models:

Figure: Confounding on Z, D, Y



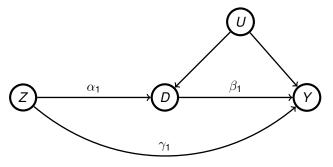
Can we still calculate the effect of
$$D \rightarrow Y$$
?
$$\frac{Y \sim Z}{D \sim Z} \xrightarrow{p} \frac{\alpha_1 \beta_1 + \gamma_1 \delta_1 \beta_1}{\alpha_1 + \gamma_1 \delta_1} = \frac{\beta_1 (\gamma_1 + \delta_1)}{\gamma_1 + \delta_1} = \beta_1$$

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Let's consider one more DAG:

Figure: Direct Effect of Z on Y

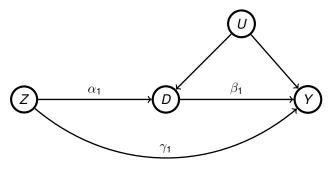


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Let's consider one more DAG:

Figure: Direct Effect of Z on Y



$$\frac{Y \sim Z}{D \sim Z} \xrightarrow{\rho} \frac{\alpha_1 \beta_1 + \gamma_1}{\alpha_1} = \beta_1 + \frac{\gamma_1}{\alpha_1}$$

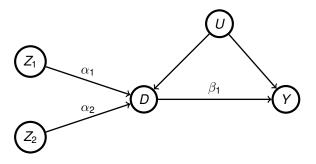
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Multiple Instruments

Consider the following DAG, with multiple instruments:

Figure: Multiple Instruments, No Exclusion Restriction Violation



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Estimating with Wald: The other option is to use a Wald Estimator for each instrument, and to weight them by the strength of the instrument. Formally:

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Wald1: } \frac{\mathbf{Y} \sim \mathbf{Z_1}}{\mathbf{D} \sim \mathbf{Z_1}} = \frac{\alpha_1 \beta_1}{\alpha_1} \\ & \text{Wald2: } \frac{\mathbf{Y} \sim \mathbf{Z_2}}{\mathbf{D} \sim \mathbf{Z_2}} = \frac{\alpha_2 \beta_1}{\alpha_2} \end{aligned}$$

2 Estimating with 2SLS: ψ Wald1 + $(1 - \psi)$ Wald2. Where $\psi = \frac{\alpha_1 \text{Cov}(D, Z_1)}{\alpha_1 \text{Cov}(D, Z_1) + \alpha_2 \text{Cov}(D, Z_2)}$

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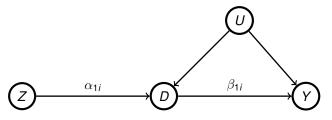
Effects

Heterogeneous Effects

		$d_i(0)$		
		0	1	
$d_i(1)$	0	Never	Defier	
	1	Complier	Always	

Table: Principal strata for compliance behavior

Figure: Heterogenous Effects with Confounding on D and Y



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			$d_i(0)$	
			0	1
- C	$J_i(1)$	0	Never	Defier
			$\alpha_{1i} = 0$	$\alpha_{1i} = -1$
		1	Complier	Always
			$\alpha_{1i} = 1$	$\alpha_{1i} = 0$

Table: Principal strata and monotonicity

 $\frac{E[\alpha_{1i}\beta_{1i}]}{E[\alpha_{1i}]}$

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$$\frac{E[\alpha_{1i}\beta_{1i}]}{E[\alpha_{1i}]}$$

$$=\frac{E[\beta_{1i}|\alpha_{1i}=1]Pr(\alpha_{1i}=1)-E[\beta_{1i}|\alpha_{1i}=-1]Pr(\alpha_{1i}=-1)}{Pr(\alpha_{1i}=1)-Pr(\alpha_{1i}=-1)}$$

Effects

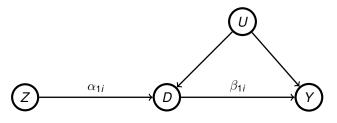
$$E[\alpha_{1i}\beta_{1i}]$$

$$=\frac{E[\beta_{1i}|\alpha_{1i}=1]Pr(\alpha_{1i}=1)-E[\beta_{1i}|\alpha_{1i}=-1]Pr(\alpha_{1i}=-1)}{Pr(\alpha_{1i}=1)-Pr(\alpha_{1i}=-1)}$$

 $E[\alpha_{1i}]$

$$= E[\beta_{1i}|\alpha_{1i} = 1] \left(\frac{Pr(\alpha_{1i} = 1) - \frac{E[\beta_{1i}|\alpha_{1i} = -1]}{E[\beta_{1i}|\alpha_{1i} = 1]} Pr(\alpha_{1i} = -1)}{Pr(\alpha_{1i} = 1) - Pr(\alpha_{1i} = -1)} \right)$$

Figure: Heterogenous Effects with Confounding on *D* and *Y*, Continuous Treatment



$$D_i = \alpha_0 + \alpha_{1i}Z_i + \epsilon_i$$

$$Y_i = \gamma_0 + \beta_{1i} D_i + \nu_i$$

What are compliers now?

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$$\frac{E[\alpha_{1i}\beta_{1i}]}{E[\alpha_{1i}]} = E[\frac{\alpha_{1i}}{E[\alpha_{1i}]}\beta_{1i}]$$
$$\frac{\frac{1}{n}\sum \alpha_{1i}\beta_{i}}{\frac{1}{n}\sum \alpha_{1i}} = \frac{1}{n}\sum \frac{\alpha_{1i}\beta_{i}}{\bar{\alpha}_{1}}$$

Learning about compliers for one-sided noncompliance (binary treatment)

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One sided non-compliance refers to a case a patient cannot get a drug without being assigned to treatment, i.e. there are no always-takers. There are only compliers and never-takers.

$$\frac{E[\alpha_{1i}\beta_{1i}]}{E[\alpha_{1i}]} = \frac{Pr(\alpha_{1i} = 1)E[\beta_i]|\alpha_{1i} = 1}{Pr(\alpha_{1i} = 1)} = E[\beta_i|\alpha_{1i} = 1]$$

Because under one-sided non-compliance, we know for every treated individual whether they are compliers or never takers.

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$$E[g(x_i)|\alpha_{1i} = 1, D_{1i} > D_{0i}] = \frac{E[\kappa_i g(x_i)]}{E[\kappa_i]}$$

Where:

$$\kappa_i = 1 - \underbrace{\frac{D_i(1 - Z_i)}{1 - Pr(Z_i = 1|X_i)}}_{\text{D=1, Z=0} \rightarrow \text{always-taker}} - \underbrace{\frac{(1 - D_i)Z_i}{Pr(Z_i = 1|X_i)}}_{\text{Z=1, D=0} \rightarrow \text{never-taker}}$$

In this equation, $\kappa_i=1$ for compliers. For identifiable always-takers and never-takers, the κ equation gives negative values. The equation identifies who looks like they would have been always-takers and never takers based on their covariate characteristics. $E[\alpha_i]=E[\kappa_i]=$ proportion of compliers $(Pr(D_1>D_0).$

Learning about weights with continuous treatment

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Ideas?

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This afternoon, mediation analysis and more with heterogeneous effects.