

Your Name: Key

Calculus I, Math 151-06, Quiz #11

1. [6 points] Suppose a particle moves on a straight line in such a way that its velocity is 6 ft/s for its first two seconds of travel, and then -4 ft/s after that. Find the total distance travelled by the particle on the interval $1 \leq t \leq 4$.

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Dist travelled} &= \int_1^4 |v(t)| dt = \int_1^2 |6| dt + \int_2^4 |-4| dt \\ &= \int_1^2 6 dt + \int_2^4 4 dt \\ &= 6(2-1) + 4(4-2) = 6 + 8 = \boxed{14 \text{ ft}}\end{aligned}$$

2. [19 points total] Evaluate the following integrals.

(a) [6 points] $\int 2 \sec^2 t (3 - 4 \tan t + 2 \tan^2 t) dt$

$u = \tan t$
 $du = \sec^2 t dt$

$$= \int 2(3 - 4u + 2u^2) du$$

$$= \int (6 - 8u + 4u^2) du = 6u - 4u^2 + \frac{4}{3}u^3 + C$$

$$= \boxed{6 \tan t - 4 \tan^2 t + \frac{4}{3} \tan^3 t + C}$$

(b) [6 points] $\int \frac{e^{\sqrt{w}}}{\sqrt{w}} dw$

$$u = \sqrt{w}$$

$$du = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{w}} dw$$

$$2 du = \frac{1}{\sqrt{w}} dw$$

$$= \int 2e^u du = 2e^u + C = \boxed{2e^{\sqrt{w}} + C}$$

(c) [7 points] $\int_0^{\ln 2} \frac{e^z}{e^z + 1} dz$

$$u = e^z + 1$$

$$du = e^z dz$$

$z=0$: $u = e^0 + 1 = 1 + 1 = 2$

$z=\ln 2$: $u = e^{\ln 2} + 1 = 2 + 1 = 3$

$$= \int_2^3 \frac{du}{u} = \ln|u| \Big|_2^3 = \boxed{\ln 3 - \ln 2}$$

(or $\boxed{\ln \frac{3}{2}}$)