TASK 5 - What is the relationship between store trading duration and revenue?

- 1. Start using the Microsoft SQL SERVER to explore data. It is useful to check the variables on AdventureWorks_Dictionary.
- 2. After checking the variabel **Trading Store Duration** and **Revenue**, exploring the <u>AdventureWorks_Dictionary</u>. Was decided to discuss which value(Column) value should We use to align **Trading Store Duration** and **Revenue**.
- So, We decided to use **TotalDue** placed on **SalesOrderHeader** table as the
 revenue and **YaerOpened** placed on **View: Sales.vStoreWithDemographics** and
 subtract the values from last year considering in this database.
- After It, was created an INNER join from Key_ values placed on Tables SalesOrderHeader (Sale.Person.ID), and from the key values placed on View: Sales.vStoreWithDemographics (BusinessEntity.ID)
- 5. We also selected the StoreName, Grouped the StoreName and YearOpened and Ordered the result by Duration.
- 6. So, we've got the guery <u>SQL QUERY REVENUE BY TotalDue</u>

```
SELECT st.Name,

(2019 - de.YearOpened) AS Duration,

SUM(soh.TotalDue) AS Revenue

FROM Sales.SalesOrderHeader AS soh

INNER JOIN Sales.Store AS st

ON soh.SalesPersonID =

st.SalesPersonID

INNER JOIN Sales.vStoreWithDemographics AS de

ON st.BusinessEntityID =

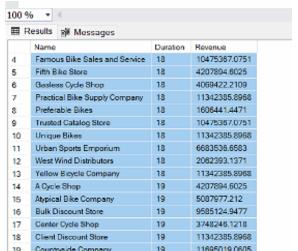
de.BusinessEntityID

WHERE soh.Status = 5

GROUP BY st.Name, de.YearOpened

ORDER BY Duration;
```

7. After executing, download the Results Question5 table Revenue by totalDue.csv.



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- 8. Open Python and import the methods pandas, numpy and matplotlib to use functions import pandas as pd import numpy as np from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
- 9. Use the function pd.read_csv() to run the code.
- 10. So, to check the relation between Trading Store in duration and Revenue, we used the charts: **Scatterplot**, **Line plot** because they are all used to compare continuous variables and check the correlation between theirs. We also did a bar chart and histogram for Revenue values (to check how the distribution was). We used some function to name the axis, add title, and divide the values.

We saved the code on Question5 Revenue Total Due.py

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt

#td means trading duration vs revenue

td = pd.read_csv("datasets/Question5_table_Revenue_by_totalDue.csv")
print(td.head())

plt.scatter(td.Duration, td.Revenue)
plt.title("Trading Store Duration vs Revenue in Bilions$")
plt.xlabel("Trading Store Duration In Years")
plt.ylabel("Revenue Value in Money ")
plt.show()

#What is the relationship between Trading Store Duration and Revenue ?

#plt.bar(td.Duration, td.Revenue)

#plt.barh (td.Duration, td.Revenue)

#plt.hist (td.Duration)

#plt.hist (td.Duration)

#plt.hist (td.Duration)

#plt.xlabel("Trading Store Duration vs Revenue")

#plt.xlabel("Trading Store Duration In Years")

#plt.ylabel("Revenue Value in Money ")

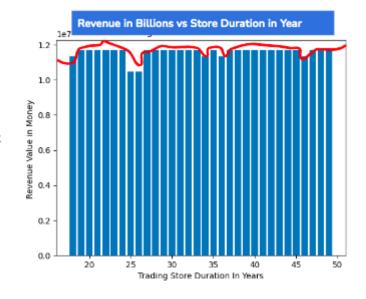
#plt.show()
```

11. After executing the charts below, we have got the conclusion that there's no relation between Trading Store Duration and Revenue. As we can see on the charts below. Because the scatter chart comes with points not relationed, and also, checking the bar chart, we could see a small variation which is considered not relevant.

There's none Relation between Store Trading Duration (in Years) and Revenue. The Revenue from each store name are not relation with your duration time.



We can see the revenue decreased in specific duration stores, but we can not consider it as relevant). There's none variation.



Also, the Revenue value there's none normalized distribution. Which doesn't mean much, but assumes he doesn't follow a standard behavior

