

Computer Graphics

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Chapter 3

An Introduction to EGL

EGL

- ▶ Provides mechanisms for...
 - Communicating with the native windowing system
 - Querying the available types & configurations of drawing surfaces (eglGetConfigs, eglChooseConfig)
 - Creating drawing surfaces (eglCreateWindowSurface, eglCreatePbufferSurface)
 - Synchronizing rendering between OpenGL ES 2.0 and other graphics-rendering APIs (e.g. OpenVG) (eglWaitClient, eglWaitNative)
 - Managing rendering resources such as texture maps

EGL

- ▶ “Glue” layer between GLES2 and the native windowing system, such as X Window (GNU/Linux), MS Windows, or Quartz (OSX)

Steps

1. Create & initialize a connection with the local EGL display (eglGetDisplay)
2. Initialize EGL (eglInitialize)
3. Choose a surface configuration (eglGetConfigs, eglChooseConfig)
4. Create a rendering surface (eglCreateWindowSurface, eglCreatePbufferSurface)
5. Create a context (eglCreateContext)
6. Bind the context with the rendering surface (eglMakeCurrent)

eglGetDisplay

- ▶ Connect to the EGL display server
- ▶ `EGLDisplay eglGetDisplay(EGLNativeDisplayType display_id);`
- ▶ `EGLNativeDisplayType display_id`
 - Defined to match the native window system's display type (e.g. HDC on MS Windows)
 - `EGL_DEFAULT_DISPLAY` accepted
- ▶ Returns `EGL_NO_DISPLAY` if a display connection is not available

Error Checking for EGL

- ▶ Most EGL functions return EGL_TRUE/
EGL_FALSE
- ▶ Error codes should be queried by
eglGetError

eglInitialize

- ▶ Initialize EGL's internal data structure and returns the version of EGL implementation
- ▶ EGLBoolean eglInitialize(EGLDisplay display, EGInt *majorVersion, EGInt *minorVersion);
- ▶ Error codes: EGL_BAD_DISPLAY, EGL_NOT_INITIALIZED

Determining the Available Surface Configurations

► Two ways

- Query every surface configurations and find the best choice ourselves (eglGetConfigs)
- Specify a set of requirements and let EGL make a recommendation for the best match (eglChooseConfig)

► EGLConfig returned

eglGetConfigs

- ▶ To query all EGL surface configurations
- ▶ `EGLBoolean eglGetConfigs(EGLDisplay display, EGLConfig *configs, EGLint maxReturnConfigs, EGLint *numConfigs);`
- ▶ Two ways
 - `configs==NULL`: `numConfigs` set and can be used to allocate enough memory
 - `configs!=NULL`: `configs` filled with available configurations

EGLConfig

- ▶ Contains all of the information about a surface made available by EGL
 - # of colors, additional buffers (e.g. depth & stencil buffers), type of surfaces, etc.
- ▶ An attribute can be queried by eglGetConfigAttrib

eglChooseConfig

- ▶ To let EGL make the choice of matching EGLConfig
- ▶ EGLBoolean eglChooseConfig(EGLDisplay display, const EGLint *attribList, EGLConfig *config, EGLint maxReturnConfigs, EGLint *numConfigs);
- ▶ Returned configurations are sorted properly

eglCreateWindowSurface

- ▶ Create a window
- ▶ EGLSurface
`eglCreateWindowSurface(EGLDisplay display, EGLConfig config, EGLNativeWindowType native_window, const EGLint *attribList);`
- ▶ Attribute: `EGL_RENDER_BUFFER`
- ▶ Only double-buffering is supported on GLES2

pbuffers

- ▶ Nonvisible off-screen surfaces
- ▶ Most often used for generating texture maps (cf: use FBO for “render-to-texture”)
- ▶ EGLBoolean
eglCreatePbufferSurface(EGLDisplay display, EGLConfig config, const EGLint *attribList);

Rendering Context

- ▶ Data structure internal to GLES2
- ▶ Contains all of the states required for operation
- ▶ EGLContext eglCreateContext(EGLDisplay display, EGLConfig config, EGLContext shareContext, const EGLint *attribList);
- ▶ Attribute:
EGL_CONTEXT_CLIENT_VERSION

Binding a Context with a Rendering Surface

- ▶ EGLBoolean eglMakeCurrent(EGLDisplay display, EGLSurface draw, EGLSurface read, EGLContext context);
- ▶ Usually draw==read