

Social Network Analysis - MicroFinance

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Regression on the Centrality measures of village leaders

This report outlines the impact of centrality metrics on the adoption of a **micro-finance** scheme in 75 villages in India.

From the summary output below, it can be observed that the model has $MultipleR - squared = 0.3314$. This suggests that the model does not explain most of the variance in the response variable **mf**, and it explains only **33%** of the variance in the micro finance scheme adoption variable.

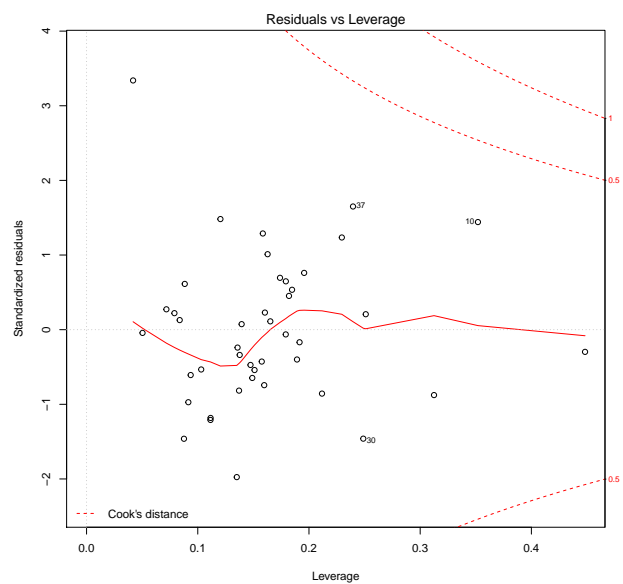
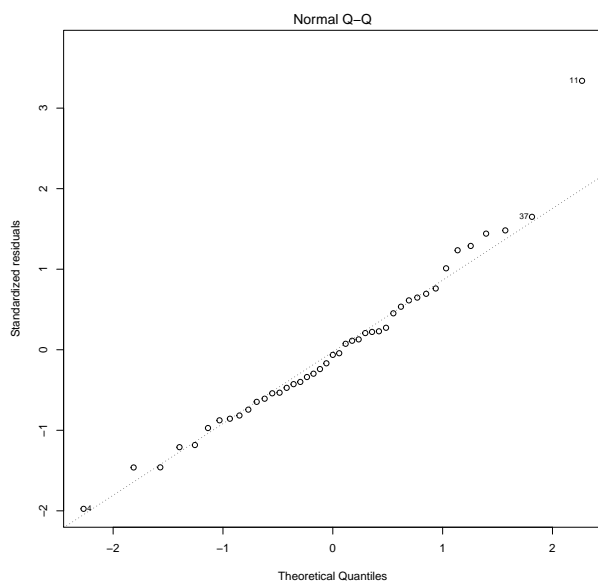
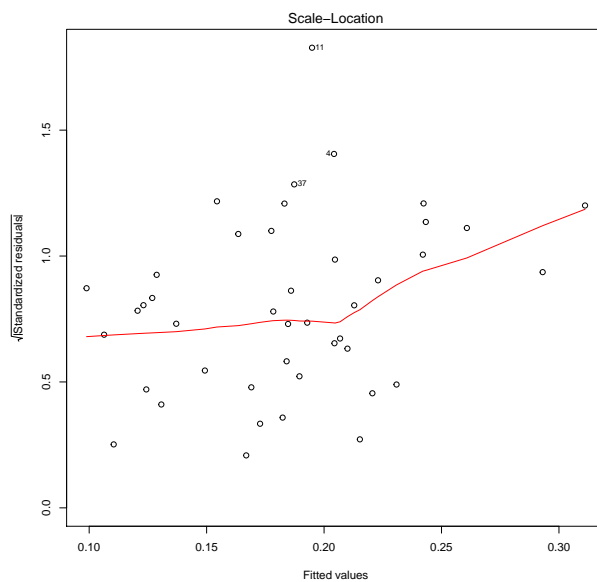
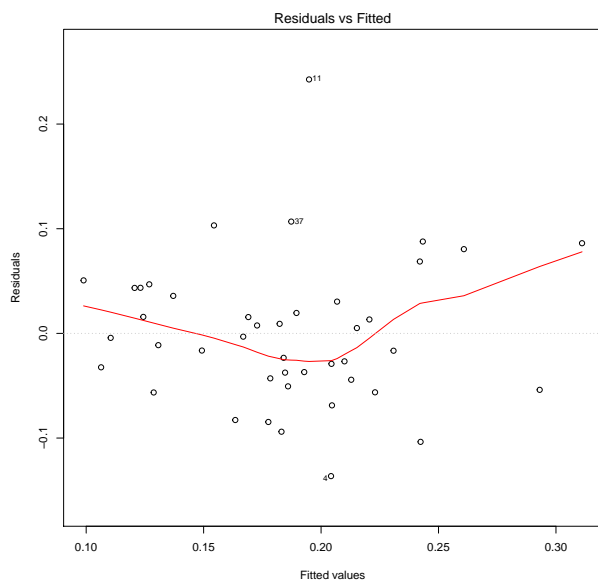
We can observe from the p-values and the QQ-Plot that **numHH** (number of households) has the only significant impact which is very minute and negative in nature. The variables **fractionLeaders** (fraction of population that are villagers), **degree_leader** (degree measure of the leaders) and **closeness centrality_leader** (closeness measure of the leaders) all have a negative impact as well, but they are statistically insignificant. The variable **between centrality_leader** (betweenness measure of the leaders) has a huge but statistically insignificant positive impact (even though the QQ-plot suggests a correlation) while **eigenvector centrality_leader** (eigen vector centrality measure of leaders) has a small positive impact on **mf** but it is also statistically insignificant.

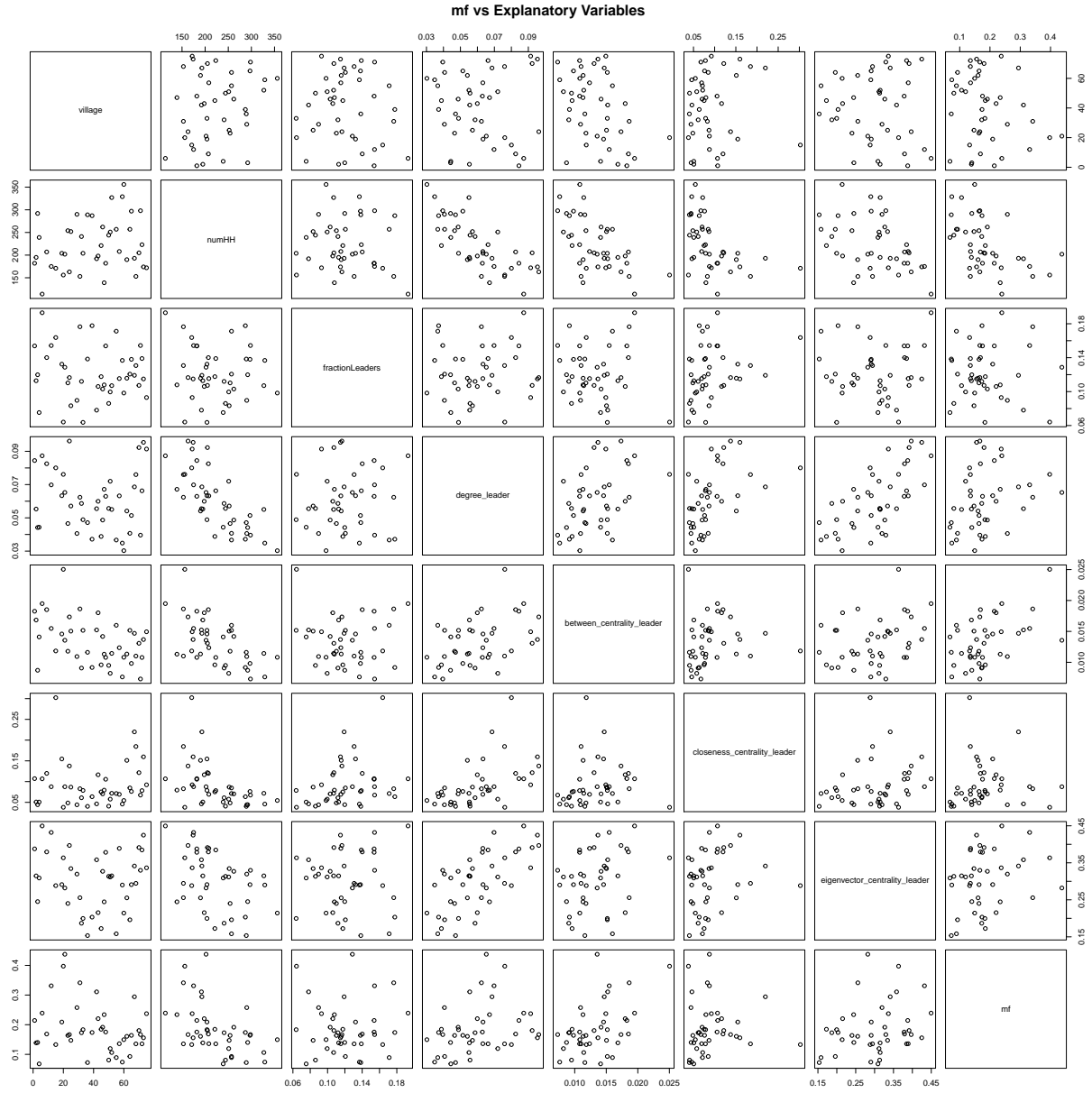
In summary, based on the qq-plots and p-values from the summary statistics, we conclude that only **number of households** has a statistically significant affect but it is very miniscule. In this model, the role of the leader is not statistically significant.

```
summary(results)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = mf ~ . - village, data = microFinance)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.13637 -0.04363 -0.00427  0.03964  0.24262
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)      0.296975   0.158217   1.877   0.0686 .
## numHH           -0.000716   0.000350  -2.046   0.0481 *
## fractionLeaders  -0.012408   0.395898  -0.031   0.9752
## degree_leader    -0.979266   1.294128  -0.757   0.4542
## between centrality_leader  6.210669   3.937754   1.577   0.1235
## closeness centrality_leader -0.200685   0.283705  -0.707   0.4839
## eigenvector centrality_leader  0.146715   0.208247   0.705   0.4856
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.07423 on 36 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.3314, Adjusted R-squared:  0.2199
## F-statistic: 2.974 on 6 and 36 DF,  p-value: 0.01836
```

$results = lm(mf . - village, data = microFinance)$





Clearly there is no **strong** correlation between *mf* and the explanatory variables.