## **Workout Tracker App: Development Roadmap**

This roadmap outlines the development of your cross-platform workout tracker, breaking the project into distinct phases from start to finish.

The core technology is .NET MAUI (Multi-platform App UI), which allows you to build native iOS and Android apps from a single C# codebase, satisfying all your project requirements.

### Phase 1: Foundation & Setup (Estimated: 1 Week)

This phase is all about getting your tools ready.

- 1. **Install Visual Studio 2022:** Download and install the latest version of Visual Studio (the free Community edition is fine).
- Select the .NET MAUI Workload: During installation, you must select the ".NET Multi-platform
  App UI development" workload. This installs the necessary SDKs for iOS and Android.
- 3. Set Up Emulators:
  - Android: Use the Android SDK Manager (included with the workload) to create an Android emulator (a "virtual device") for testing.
  - iOS: To build and test for iOS, you will need a Mac. Use the "Pair to Mac" feature in Visual Studio to connect to a Mac on your network for building and running on the iOS simulator.

# Phase 2: Core Feature Development - MVP (Estimated: 2-3 Weeks)

MVP stands for "Minimum Viable Product." Here, we'll build the essential "tracker" features. We will ignore the AI features for now.

- Create New Project: Open Visual Studio and create a new project using the ".NET MAUI App" template.
- 2. **Understand the Structure:** Familiarize yourself with the project. The UI is defined in .xaml files, and the logic is in the corresponding .xaml.cs (C#) files.
- 3. **Build Core Screens:** Focus on these three essential pages:
  - "Workouts" List Page: A main page that shows a list of past workouts (e.g., "Monday Chest Day").
  - "Workout Details" Page: A page to see the exercises for a specific workout (e.g., "Bench Press," "Push-ups").
  - "Log Workout" Page: A form where the user can add a new workout, add exercises, and enter their sets, reps, and weight.
- 4. **Implement Local Database:** Store the user's workout data on their device. The recommended way in .NET MAUI is using **SQLite**.

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### Phase 3: Al Feature Integration (Estimated: 1-2 Weeks)

Now we add the "smart" features that make your app unique.

#### 1. Implement Camera Capture:

- Use the built-in .NET MAUI APIs ( Microsoft.Maui.Media.ICamera ) to create a button that lets the user take a photo.
- Display the captured photo on the screen.
- The simple example code for this:

```
async void OnTakePhotoClicked(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
   if (MediaPicker.Default.IsCaptureSupported)
   {
      FileResult photo = await MediaPicker.Default.CapturePhotoAsync();

   if (photo != null)
   {
      // A photo was taken! 'photo.FullPath' has the path to the image file string localFilePath = photo.FullPath;

      // You can display the image on the screen to confirm
      MyImageComponent.Source = ImageSource.FromFile(localFilePath);
   }
}
```

#### 2. Connect to Google Gemini Al:

- Get API Key: Go to the Google Al Studio to get your free API key.
- Install SDK: In Visual Studio, go to "Manage NuGet Packages" and install Google.Apis.GenerativeLanguage.v1beta.
- Create Al Logic: Write a function that:
  - 1. Takes the photo file path from the step above.
  - 2. Reads the image file and converts it to a Base64 string.
  - 3. Creates a specific prompt (see example below).
  - 4. Calls the Gemini API (e.g., gemini-2.5-flash-preview-09-2025 model) with the prompt and the image.
  - 5. Parses the JSON response from Gemini.
  - 6. Displays the estimated calories to the user.
- Example Prompt for Gemini:

```
Analyze this image of a meal.
Identify all food items and their likely ingredients.
Estimate the portion size for each item.
```

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```
Return a JSON object with the total estimated nutrition for the entire meal, including: total_calories, total_protein_g, total_carbs_g, and total_fat_g.

Example response format:
{
    "total_calories": 500,
    "total_protein_g": 30,
    "total_carbs_g": 50,
    "total_fat_g": 20
}
```

## Phase 4: Refine, Test, and Deploy (Estimated: 2 Weeks)

The final phase is about polishing the app and getting it to users.

- 1. **Test Extensively:** Use the Android and iOS emulators (and real devices, if possible) to test every feature.
- 2. **Fix Bugs & Refine UI:** Clean up the user interface, fix any crashes, and make sure the app feels smooth to use.
- 3. **Beta Testing (Optional but Recommended):** Ask friends or family to try the app and give you feedback.
- 4. **Prepare for Deployment:** Follow the official guides to prepare your app for:
  - The Apple App Store
  - The Google Play Store

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