

Department of Computer Science.
 IMSC-CSA Digital Logic and Computer Architecture

CIA-1

Consider last four digit of your register number is an integer part & last 2 digit is a fraction part.

② 2044013

→ 7013.13

① Decimal to Binary

2	7013
2	3506 - 1
2	1753 - 0
2	876 - 1
2	438 - 0
2	219 - 0
2	104 - 4
2	52 - 0
2	26 - 0
2	13 - 0
2	6 - 1
2	3 - 1
2	1 - 1

2	219 - 0
2	109 - 1
2	54 - 1
2	27 - 0
2	13 - 1
2	6 - 1
2	3 - 0
2	1 - 1

1101101100101.00100001

$$\begin{aligned}
 0.13 \times 2 &= 0.26 \\
 0.26 \times 2 &= 0.52 \\
 0.52 \times 2 &= 1.04 \\
 0.04 \times 2 &= 0.08 \\
 0.08 \times 2 &= 0.16 \\
 0.16 \times 2 &= 0.32 \\
 0.32 \times 2 &= 0.64 \\
 0.64 \times 2 &= 1.28 \\
 &\dots 0.00100001 \dots
 \end{aligned}$$

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1101101100101.00100001

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 \end{aligned}$$

7013.13 \rightarrow (1101101100101.00100001)₂

Repetd

② Decimal to Octal

$$(7013.13)_{10}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \overline{) 7013} \\ \underline{64} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \overline{) 7013} \\ \underline{876} 5 \\ 8 \overline{) 109} 4 \\ \underline{96} 13 \\ 8 \overline{) 13} 5 \\ \underline{8} 1 - 5 \end{array}$$

4

$$0.13 \times 8 = 1.04$$

$$0.04 \times 8 = 0.32$$

$$0.32 \times 8 = 2.56$$

$$0.56 \times 8 = 4.48$$

$$\therefore (15545.1024)_8$$

③ Binary to decimal

$$1101101100101.00100001$$

$$(1 \times 2^{12}) + (1 \times 2^{11}) + (0 \times 2^{10}) + (1 \times 2^9) + (1 \times 2^8) + (0 \times 2^7) + (1 \times 2^6)$$

$$+ (1 \times 2^5) + (0 \times 2^4) + (0 \times 2^3) + (1 \times 2^2) + (0 \times 2^1) + (1 \times 2^0)$$

$$(0 \times 2^{-1}) + (0 \times 2^{-2}) + (1 \times 2^{-3}) + (0 \times 2^{-4}) + (0 \times 2^{-5}) + (0 \times 2^{-6})$$

$$(0 \times 2^{-7}) + (1 \times 2^{-8})$$

4

$$4096 + 2048 + 0 + 512 + 256 + 0 + 64 + 32$$

$$+ 0 + 0 + 4 + 0 + 1 + 0 + 0 + 0.125 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 0$$

$$7013 + 0.0039$$

$$7013.1289$$

$$\rightarrow (7013.13)_{10}$$

④ Octal to decimal

$$(15545.1024)_8$$

$$(1 \times 8)^4 + (5 \times 8)^3 + (5 \times 8)^2 + (4 \times 8)^1 + (5 \times 8)^0 + (1 \times 8)^{-1} + (0 \times 8)^{-2} + (2 \times 8)^{-3} + (4 \times 8)^{-4}$$

$$4096 + (5 \times 512) + (5 \times 64) + 32 + 1 +$$

$$0.125 + 0 + 2 \times 0.0019 + 4 \times 0.00024$$

$$7009 + 0.125 + 0.0038 + 0.00096$$

$$7009.12916$$

$$7009.13$$

II Octal to binary.

$$15545.1024$$

$$1 \quad 5 \quad 5 \quad 4 \quad 5 \quad . \quad 1 \quad 0 \quad 2 \quad 4$$

$$001 \quad 101 \quad 101 \quad 100 \quad 101 \quad 001 \quad 000 \quad 010 \quad 100$$

$$(001101101100101001000010100)_2$$

② Hexa

Do the arithmetic

① $(101001)_2 / 11_2$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 1101 \\
 \hline
 11 \overline{) 101001} \\
 \underline{11} \\
 100 \\
 \underline{11} \\
 0101 \\
 \underline{11} \\
 10
 \end{array}$$

Q - 1101₂

R - 10

② 1001×1111

$$\begin{array}{r}
 1001 \times 1111 \\
 \hline
 1001 \\
 1001x \\
 1001xx \\
 1001xxx \\
 \hline
 10000111
 \end{array}$$

10000111_2

③ 9's complement 678

$$\begin{array}{r}
 678 \quad 999 \\
 - 678 \\
 \hline
 321
 \end{array}$$

9's $\rightarrow 321_4$

→ 2's complement of $(1001001001)_2$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1001001001 \\ 1's \quad 0110110110 \\ \hline + 1 \\ \hline 1101101111 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

2's $\rightarrow 1101101111$