

Distributed System Labwork 1



Group 1 - ICT

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1 Introduction

1.1 Overview

In this labwork, we try to build a file transfer over TCP/IP in CLI, based on the provided chat system.

1.2 Protocol

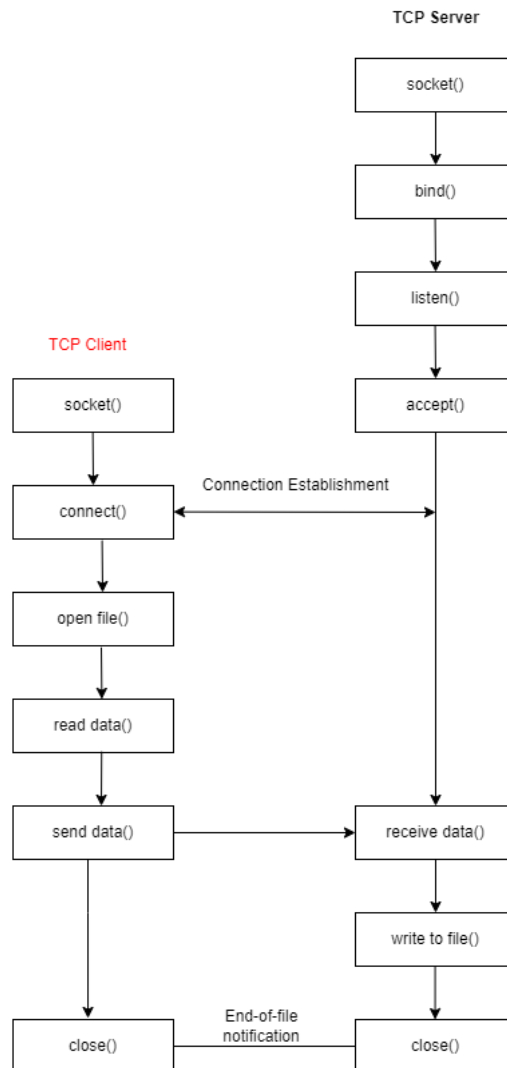


Figure 1: Protocol diagram

1.3 System organization

The server creates a specific port, here the port is 12345 given by our teacher. From the client CLI, it takes 1 arguments, the IP address. One client connects to one server only. The client send data through a character array called buffer. The buffer has a maximum size of 1024. After receiving the buffer, the server will writes it to the file. The client will notice the server there is nothing left after reaching end-of-file. Afterwards, both server and client will close.

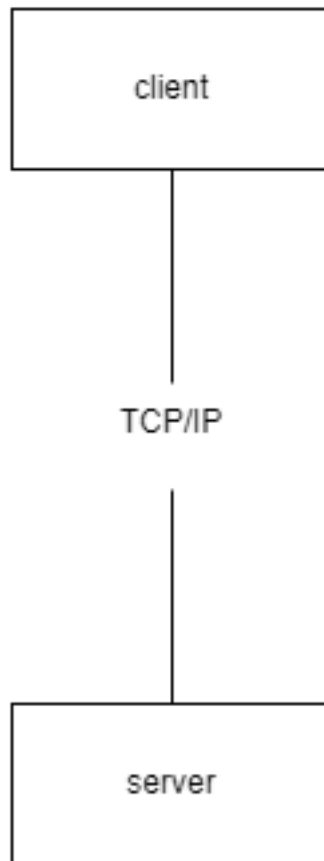


Figure 2: System organization

1.4 Implementation

From the client, we type `gcc client.c -o client`. Then type `./client 127.0.0.1`. We have implemented the client side:

```
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```

#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <netdb.h>
void error(const char* msg) {
    //print system error message
    perror(msg);
    exit(1);
}

void send_file(FILE* f, int sockfd) {
    char buffer[1024] = { 0 };
    while (fgets(buffer, sizeof(buffer), f) != NULL) {
        int i = send(sockfd, buffer, sizeof(buffer), 0);
        if (i == -1) {
            error("Error in sending data");
        }
        memset(&buffer, 0, sizeof(buffer));
    }
}

int main(int argc, char* argv[]) {
    int so;
    char s[100];
    struct sockaddr_in ad;

    socklen_t ad_length = sizeof(ad);
    struct hostent* hep;

    // create socket
    int serv = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);

    // init address
    hep = gethostbyname(argv[1]);
    memset(&ad, 0, sizeof(ad));
    ad.sin_family = AF_INET;
    ad.sin_addr = *((struct in_addr*)hep->h_addr_list[0]);
    ad.sin_port = htons(12345);

    // connect to server
    connect(serv, (struct sockaddr*)&ad, ad_length);

    memset(&s, 0, 100);
    FILE* f;
    f = fopen("send.txt", "r");
    if (f == NULL) {

```

```

        error("Error in reading file.");
    }
    else {
        printf("Reading file successfully..\n");
    }
    rewind(f);
    send_file(f, serv);
    printf("The file has been transfered successfully...\n");
    printf("Close...\n");
    close(serv);
    return 0;
}

```

From the server, we type `gcc server.c -o server`. Then type `./server`. We have implemented the server side:

```

#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <string.h>

void error(const char* msg) {
    //print system error message
    perror(msg);
    exit(1);
}

void write_file(FILE* fp, int sockfd) {
    char buffer[1024];

    while (1) {
        int n = recv(sockfd, buffer, sizeof(buffer), 0);
        if (n <= 0) {
            break;
        }
        fprintf(fp, "%s", buffer);
        memset(&buffer, 0, sizeof(buffer));
    }
    return;
}

int main() {
    int ss, cli, pid;
    struct sockaddr_in ad;

```

```

char s[100];
socklen_t ad_length = sizeof(ad);
FILE* fp;
// create the socket
ss = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);

// bind the socket to port 12345
memset(&ad, 0, sizeof(ad));
ad.sin_family = AF_INET;
ad.sin_addr.s_addr = INADDR_ANY;
ad.sin_port = htons(12345);
bind(ss, (struct sockaddr*)&ad, ad_length);

// then listen
listen(ss, 0);

while (1) {
    // an incoming connection
    cli = accept(ss, (struct sockaddr*)&ad, &ad_length);

    pid = fork();
    if (pid == 0) {
        printf("client connected\n");

        fp = fopen("received.txt", "w");
        if (fp == NULL) {
            error("Error in reading file.");
        }
        else {
            printf("Reading file successfully..\n");
        }
        write_file(fp, cli);
        printf("Received file.");

        return 0;
    }
    else {
        // continue the loop to accept more clients
        continue;
    }
}

// disconnect
close(cli);
close(ss);
}

```

Here is the result:

```
Reading file successfully..  
The file has been transfered successfully..  
Close...
```

Figure 3: Client side

```
client connected  
Reading file successfully..  
Received file.█
```

Figure 4: Server side

1.5 Contribution

Member	Contribution
Nguyen Xuan Tung	Client code
Nguyen Quang Anh	Server code
Lu Khanh Huyen	Design Protocol
Tran Hong Quan	Design Architecture
Vu Duc Chinh	Report

Table 1: Contribution Table