Homework Questions on Week 2 Lecture

1. **Missing Numbers:** An Array has numbers from 1 to n (unordered). There are some missing numbers in the array. Print the missing numbers. In case there are no missing elements print "No missing elements".

Inputs to Function:

 $n - highest integer of the array (n < 10^5)$

Array elements separated by space (maximum size of the array is 10⁵). The array elements are unordered. There may be repetitions of elements, multiple elements missing or no elements missing.

Output Format:

Numbers missing in the array separated by space or one after the other.

Test Cases:

10 1 2 4 5 6 7 9 10

Output:-

38

Input:-

Input:-

6

123456

Output:-

No missing elements

Concepts tested: Use of data types, Space and Time complexity, Edge test cases

2. **Find Range:** Given an unordered array of integers find the range of values in the array.

Input to Function:

n – size of array

Array elements separated by space

Output Format:

Range of Values

Test Cases:

Input:-

5

108617

Output:-

9

Input:-

```
10

1 8 2 9 4 5 10 5 6 12

Output:-

18

Input:-

8

5 2 10 15 8 4 2 6

Output:-

13
```

Concepts tested: Time Complexity, Implementation of GetMaximum and GetMinimum functions from textbook.

3. **Find Missing Number(Sorted Array):** You are given a sorted array of integers from 1 to n. There is one missing number in the array. Find the missing number. The obvious solution is to go through all the elements and find the missing element. We can however do it faster. Think how can we reduce the runtime of the function.

Input to Function:

Array elements

Output:

Missing element

Test Cases:

Input:-

1234578910

Output:-

6

Concepts tested: Binary Search

4. Find Second Maximum Number and Second Minimum Number: Given an unordered array of n integers find the second maximum and second minimum number in the array. If there are more than two instances of the greatest number in the array then look for the number that is smaller than them for the second maximum. Similarly for the second minimum. If all the numbers in the array are the same then the second maximum and second minimum function should yield "NULL" as a result.

Input to Function:

Array elements separated by space

Output:

Second Max: x Second Min: y **Test Cases**

Input:-

 $1\; 2\; 4\; 8\; 7\; 6\; 3\; 5\; 9\; 10$

Output:-

Second Max: 9 Second Min: 2 Input:-

112358967

Output:-

Second Max: 8 Second Min: 2

Input:-

222222222

Output:-

Second Max: NULL Second Min: NULL

Concepts tested: Edge Cases Handling, Array traversal, Variation of getMax and getMin from textbook

5. **First Non Repeating character in a string:** Strings can be thought of as character arrays. With that thought in mind if you are given a String (all lowercase letters), find the first non-repeating character in the String(character array). A non-repeating character is one appearing only once in the string. The first non-repeating character is the first among such ones. If there are no repeating characters then return "NULL".

Input to Function:

String to be checked

Output:

First non-repeating character

Test Cases:

Input:-

computerengineer

Output:-

С

Input:-

electricalengineer

Output:-

Ι

Input:-

anna

Output:-

NULL

Concepts tested: Data types, Array traversal, Access Properties of an Array, Object Array.