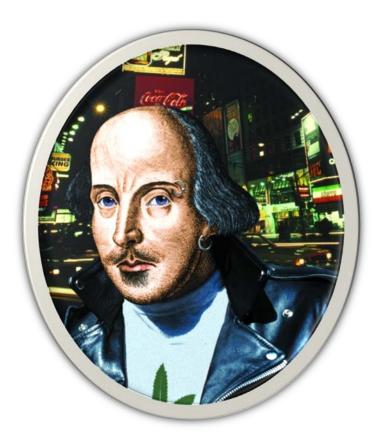


Richard Ill

Richard, Duke of Gloucester, Act 1.1

GENERAL EDITOR: John Nobody 10/2/2016



Shakespeare in Times Square, New York by kind permission of Mirko Ilic

Copyright Mirko Ilic Inc.

EDITOR: JOHN NOBODY

GUIDE TO NO.2 'OBERVATION' SCRIPTS

DIFFERENCE BETWEEN NO.1 AND NO.2 SCRIPTS

No.1 'Standard' theatre script has six performance features built in that are retained in no.2 & 3 theatre scripts as well as the *e*Play:

- ✓ To make the shape of speeches more readily discernible
 - o an exploded 'pie-chart' text
 - o underlining of last line or half-line of a verse sentence
- ✓ The 'grave' accent to show metrically sounded -èd verb endings.
- ✓ Basic elision i.e. 'desp'rate' for 'desperate'
- ✓ An X at the end of a verse line to alert you to a note about scansion and elision in the corresponding ePlay resource
- ✓ The symbol o to alert you to a note about text, lineation, stage direction or speech header in the *e*Play

No.2 'Observation' theatre scripts (both A4 and A3 versions) have the following *additional* performance information built in:

- ✓ Verse line syllable count ^{11, 12, etc} (note: to avoid clutter regular lines of 10 are not shown interest lies in deviations from the norm)
- ✓ Idenfication of epic caesuras ^{7e > 6, 5e > 4} last weak stress discounted
- ✓ To indicate a missing beat / possible pause, an inverted triangle between text > xxxxx

 ✓ xxxxx
- ✓ The abbreviation *Rh!* in the margin to alert you to a *Rh*yme
- ✓ Based on metrical rules applied to each individual verse line:
 - o More challenging elisions, i.e. virtuous [VIRt-chus]
 - o Possible expansions, i.e. for 'ocean' > o-ce-an [O-ce-an]
 - Pronunciation issues, i.e. [can-NOT] in one line but [CAN-not] in another. Ditto [AL-lies] and [al-LIES]
 - The poet's accent for placement of stress, i.e. ádversary
 [AD-ver-s'-ry] (USA) as opposed to [ad-VER-sa-ry] (UK)
- ✓ Major gear changes in mood, attitude or argument marked by the symbol tel:openics (smaller, subtler ones analysed in the ePlay)
- ✓ Rhetorically dramatic line-endings marked by the abbreviation LE (Line Ending) and LEV (Line Ending Verb). Examples over page
- ✓ The abbreviation ∞ [FF] for false friends we have substituted and [FF] ° for ones we haven't (none here but five in Sir Thomas More No. 2 A3 landscape DEMO).
- ✓ Performance observations by Versebuster (not shown here). For this A4 option observations are be sent to your inbox as a separate document. As shown in the Sir Thomas More A3 landscape DEMO, 'observations' sit side-by-side with the text.

NB

Glossary, annotations and a heap of additional performance information can be found in the *e*Play. In no.3 script you'll find suggestions for phrasing.

ACT 1 SCENE 1 NO OF LINES: 43 TIME (approx): 2 min 35 sec

FEATURES

- Script links to a 800-page, easily navigated, *e*Play resource packed with line-by-line *performance* information
- ◆ Syllable count and elision already done for you!
- ◆ Help in right margin with unusual metrical pronunciations
- ◆ Plenty of white space to make your own notes
- ♦ Nice, easy-toread, large font
- Exploded text showing shape of speech and main thoughts
- ◆ Light, tripping, performance punctuation
- ◆ Text is checked line-by-line against five well-known editions to give you the most inspired options, with further choices listed in the *e*Play
- ◆ Comprehensive stage directions with additional suggestions in *e*Play

SAVE MONEY!

♦ The A4 script prints great just in B&W. Both individual speech and full-play theatre scripts also print well double-sided. Make sure to use 'standard office' 70gsm paper or thicker

A street near the Tower of London

⁰ 1481 А.Д.

A: Enter Richard Duke of Gloucester alone

The osymbol alerts you an important note in the ePlay to do with text, lineation, Stage Direction or Speech Header. We compare five editions line by line and these can vary greatly

RICHARD

- 1: Now is the winter of our discontent LE
- ²: Made glorious summer by this sun of York, ^{11x} o
- 3: And all the clouds that lour'd upon our House LE
- 4: In the deep bosom of the ocean buried. 11.
- 5: Now are our brows bound with victorious wreaths, 11x
- 6: Our bruisèd arms hung up for monuments,
- 7: Our stern alarums chang'd to merry meetings, 11
- 8: Our dreadful marches to delightful measures. 11
- 9: Grim-visag'd War hath smooth'd his wrinkled front,
- ^{10:} And now, instead of mounting barbèd steeds
- ^{11:} To fright the souls of fearful ádvers'ries, ^x
- ^{12:} He capers nimbly in a lady's chamber ^{11.}
- ^{13:} To the lascivious pleasing of a lute. ^{11x}

והו

- ^{14:} But I, that am not shap'd for sportive tricks,
- ^{15:} Nor made to court an am'rous looking-glass; ^x
- ^{16:} I that am rudely stamp'd and want love's majesty ^{12x}
- ^{17:} To strut before a wanton ambling nymph;
- ^{18:} I that am cúrtail'd of this fair proportion, ¹¹
- ^{19:} Cheated of feature by dissembling Nature, ¹¹
- ^{20:} Deform'd, unfinish'd, sent before my time
- ^{21:} Into this breathing world scarce half made up—
- ^{22:} And that so lamely and unfashionable ¹¹ LE
- ^{23:} That dogs bark at me as I halt by them—

Our scripts have been designed to accommodate a decent number of lines combined with generous line spacing and generous white space all round for director's notes or your own. If the page gets messy, just print again and tidy The x symbol alerts you a note in the *e*Play to do with scansion, elision and stress

NB

You can do
Shakespeare in
any accent you
like – you don't
need to be Sir
John Gielgud.
What is
important is to
convey truthfully
Shakespeare's
intentions
embedded in the
stylised text!

[AD-ver-s'ries]

verse lines, often of incomplete sense, whose endings can provide dramatic suspense with a top-up breath here rather than running on – check out (1), (3), (22) & next page

[CUR-tail'd]

In line with the established principles of scansion, shaded vowels – see io (2), (5) & (13) – alert you they can be elided, dropped, or just left as they are. Re (11), (18) & (27) see over

TIME (approx): 2 min 35 sec ACT 1 SCENE 1 No of lines: 43

- X In the *e*Play you'll find a note that one famous edition (out of the five we compare) thinks that 'determined' (30) should be 3 sybs not 4 ['deter-mi-ned'] as the others score it. Will you find their reason convincing?
- ^{24:} Why, I in this weak-piping time of peace LE
- ²⁵: Have no delight to pass away the time LE
- ²⁶: Unless to see my shadow in the sun ° <
- ^{27:} And déscant on mine own deformity!

- ²⁸: And therefore, since I cannot prove a lover ¹¹ LE
- ^{29:} To entertain these fair well-spoken days,
- 30: I am determined to prove a villain 11x
- 31: And hate the idle pleasures of these days.

We also offer a SUGGESTED PHRASING script (see No.3 DEMO) that shows hidden caesuras (minisense breaks) // . Mostly after nouns and strong verbs, they act rather like supports for a washing-line sagging with wet clothes - see

- ^{32:} Plots have I laid, inductions dan-ge-rous, ⁹⁻¹⁰
- 33: By drunken prophecies, libels, and dreams,
- 34: To set my brother Clarence and the King LE
- 35: In deadly hate, the one against the other; 11
- ³⁶: And if King Edward be as true and just LE
- ³⁷: As I am subtle, false, and trea-che-rous, ⁹⁻¹⁰
- 38: This day should Clarence closely be mew'd up x
- 39: About a prophecy which says that 'G' LE
- ^{40:} Of Edward's heirs // the murderer shall be.

40A: • Enter his brother, the Duke of Clarence, guarded,

⁴⁰B: and Sir Robert Brakenbury, Lieutenant of the Tower

42: What means this armèd guard

Dive Thoughts, down to my soul; here Clarence comes.

^{43:} That waits upon your Grace? ^{6a}

Brother, good day! 4 o

Continued from previous page (bottom right)

Notice the metrically correct pronunciations given to the right of lines (11) [AD-ver-s'ries], (18) [CUR-tail'd], (27) [DES-cant]. While it wouldn't bother a teenage audience if these were overlooked, more sophisticated audiences might be disappointed – it would be like hearing a bum note. It signals amateurishness. Like opera buffs, a lot of people (and critics) know their Shakespeare – never underestimate them!

In the *e*Play you'll find a note that some editions have 'spy' for 'see' (26). Which do you prefer?

[DES-cant]

9-10 It is quite common to find in Shakespeare's dramatic verse (rather than his poems) words that, technically, need to be elongated or given at least given their full syllabic value, otherwise the line will be short - see (32) & (37). We invite you to follow or to ignore. We call it '*ACT*' > 'According To Taste'

Rh!

Rh! To speed you on your way, we mark all *Rh*ymes in the text. Okay, some are easy to spot like (39) & (40). But how about 'gone' and son'? Or 'war' and 'are', or 'love' and 'prove'? They used to rhyme before the 'Great Vowel Shift' (see our website).

You can ignore them but not the intent behind them. Remember Shakespeare's rhyme is not there just to be cute; it has a variety of acting functions. Check the *e*Play and then ACT!

Underlining

slipped in at (40)

example we

Underlining is a great visual tool for helping to instantly recognise the shape of thoughts, whether one line or 20. The underlining is also your target don't run out of puff getting there as the last line often contains the thrust or conclusion of what preceded it!

Check out (4), (8), (13), (27), (31) & (40)