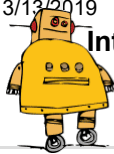


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By mangopeach (/member/mangopeach/) in Technology (/technology/) > Arduino (/technology/arduino/)

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Here's a brief tutorial that should get you up and running interfacing your Arduino with a MySQL database. For the sake of this tutorial, I am assuming you know how to set up and use MySQL. This tutorial does not require much Python experience, but you will be required to install two Python libraries for this project.

Glad we're on the same page, let's get to it!



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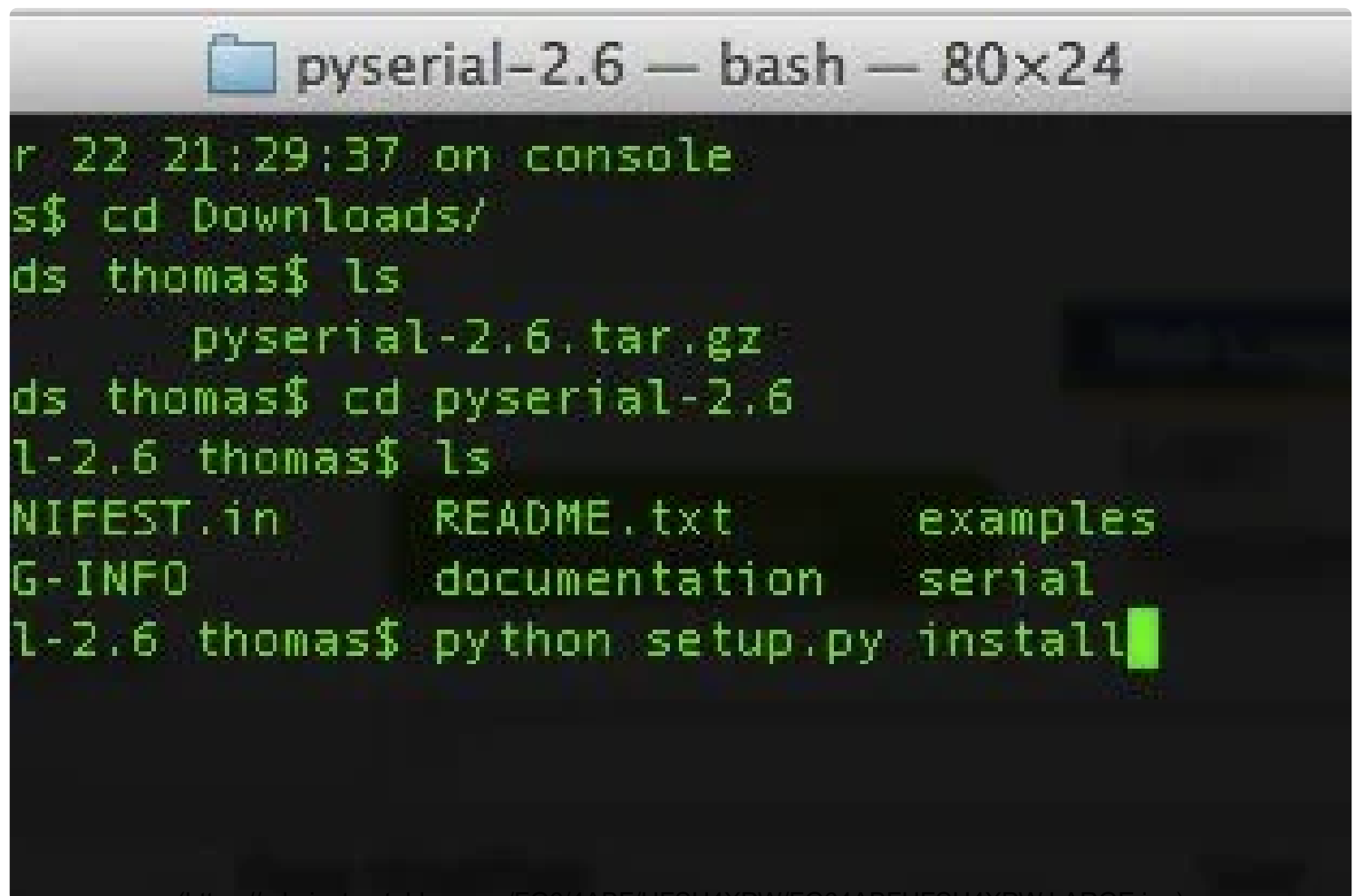


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Step 1: Downloading and Installing the Python Libraries



```
pyserial-2.6 — bash — 80x24
r 22 21:29:37 on console
s$ cd Downloads/
ds thomas$ ls
    pyserial-2.6.tar.gz
ds thomas$ cd pyserial-2.6
l-2.6 thomas$ ls
NIFEST.in      README.txt     examples
G-INFO        documentation  serial
l-2.6 thomas$ python setup.py install
```

First, I'll point you in the right direction for installing the required Python libraries.

Interface Arduino to MySQL Using Python by mangopeach (7member/mangopeach/)

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First you'll need to install the pySerial library. Simply put, the pySerial library allows your Python script to talk with the serial port in which the Arduino is connected. I.e. you can kind of think of it as a stream connecting the Arduino code to the Python code (insert other silly analogies here).

1. You can download the pySerial library here:

<https://pypi.python.org/pypi/pyserial> (<https://pypi.python.org/pypi/pyserial>).

2. For mac or linux users, download the file and extract it. Open terminal and cd into the extracted folder and run the following command:

```
python setup.py install
```

This will install the pySerial package. (screen shot below)

Next, we will install the library to allow Python to talk with MySQL called MySQLdb. I just want to note, this step can be very annoying, but very rewarding once completed. I have included a guide for you to follow, but I recommend you have MySQL, python, and XCode(or the latest GCC) installed before you try and install MySQLdb.

1. download the library from source forge:

<http://sourceforge.net/projects/mysql-python/?source=dlp>

2. If you're lucky enough, you should just be able to download it, extract it, open Terminal, cd into the folder and run `python setup.py install`, just as you did before. If this works, you're awesome and you should awesome, but if not, this guide should help. Note, I had to do step 6 before step 3.

<http://stackoverflow.com/questions/1448429/how-to-install-mysqldb-python-data->



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Step 2: Fewf, Now Let's Set Up Our Arduino!

```
//you can ignore this part, just for the temperature sensor
#include "DHT.h"
#define DHTPIN 2
#define DHTTYPE DHT22
DHT dht(DHTPIN, DHTTYPE);

void setup() {
  Serial.begin(9600);
  dht.begin(); //start the temp reading (agian only for temperature sensor)
}

void loop() {
  //read the temperature and humidity (temperature sensor specific code)
  float h = dht.readHumidity(); //read humidity
  float t = dht.readTemperature(); //read temperature (C)

  // check if returns are valid
  if (isnan(t) || isnan(h)) {
    Serial.println("Failed to read from DHT");
  } else { //if it read correctly
    Serial.print(h); //humidity
    Serial.print(" \t"); //tab
    Serial.println(t); //temperature (C)
  }
}
```

Done Saving.

Binary sketch size: 5,736 bytes (of a 32,256 byte maximum)

22 <https://cdn.instructables.com/F12/7QYN/HESHSPBA/F12/7QYN/HESHSPBA/Arduino-Uno-on-USB-to-serial-1411>

All right. Now that we've gotten all of the annoying steps out of the way, let's get to the fun parts!

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by mangopeach (/member/mangopeach/)

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For the sake of getting you up and running, I'll keep this short and concise.

1. Let's get our Arduino sending some output.

What we're going to do is essentially send data from our Arduino for our Python code to process, so let's first get our Arduino to send some data.

I have a temperature/humidity sensor lying around, so I'm going to take the readings from this and send them to my Python code.

Here's the sample code:

```
//you can ignore this part, just for the temperature sensor
#include "DHT.h"
#define DHTPIN 2
#define DHTTYPE DHT22
DHT dht(DHTPIN, DHTTYPE);

void setup() {
  Serial.begin(9600);
  dht.begin(); //start the temp reading (agian only for temperature sensor
}

void loop() {
  //read the temperature and humidity (temperature sensor specific code)
  float h = dht.readHumidity(); //read humidity
  float t = dht.readTemperature(); //read temperature (C)
```

// check if returns are valid

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if (isnan(t) || isnan(h)) {

Serial.println("Failed to read from DHT");

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} else { //if it read correctly

Serial.print(h); //humidity

Serial.print(" \t"); //tab

Serial.println(t); //temperature (C)

}

}

It should be pretty straight forward. Again, I'm using a temperature/humidity sensor to get some data to send to the Python, but this could obviously be substituted with anything other data; it's just used as an example!

Note: the Serial.print lines are the data that is being sent to the serial port that the Python code will be grabbing and doing all the wonderful things with it.



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Step 3: Let's Go Ahead and Set Up Our MySQL

```
new-host-2:~ thomas$ mysql -u root -p
Enter password:
Welcome to the MySQL monitor.  Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 13
Server version: 5.6.11 MySQL Community Server (GPL)

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affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective
owners.

Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.

mysql> create database testing;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> grant usage on *.* to testUser@localhost identified by 'testPassword';
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> grant all privileges on testing.* to testUser@localhost;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.11 sec)

mysql> \q!
Bye
new-host-2:~ thomas$ mysql -u testUser -p
Enter password:
Welcome to the MySQL monitor.  Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 116
Server version: 5.6.11 MySQL Community Server (GPL)

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affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective
owners.

Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.

mysql> use testing;
Database changed
mysql> create table weatherData (
  -> weatherDataID int(11) AUTO_INCREMENT NOT NULL,
  -> humidity decimal(4,2) NOT NULL,
  -> tempC decimal(4,2) NOT NULL,
  -> constraint weatherData_PK primary key (weatherDataID)
  -> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)

mysql> \q!
Bye
new-host-2:~ thomas$
```

Now that we have the code running on our Arduino, we need some Python code to talk to it, but first we need a MySQL database and table to store this data.

Our Arduino is reading the temp/humidity data every second and writing it with `Serial.print()`. So we're going to write some Python to grab this data and insert it into some MySQL.

First, I'll create a simple MySQL table to store this data.

weatherDataID int(11) AUTO_INCREMENT NOT NULL,

humidity decimal(4,2) NOT NULL,

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tempC decimal(4,2) NOT NULL,

constraint weatherData_PK primary key (weatherDataID)

);

This table is simple enough, just going to store the humidity and temperature reading that I'm getting from the Arduino.

Attached is a screen shot of me setting up this database using the mysql command line. Here's a wonderful guide to refresh your memory on the process if need be (I know I reference it monthly).

<http://www.debuntu.org/how-to-create-a-mysql-database-and-set-privileges-to-a-user/> (<http://www.debuntu.org/how-to-create-a-mysql-database-and-set-privileges-to-a-user/>).



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Step 4: Python TIEM


```
select * from weatherData;
```

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```
-----+-----+-----+
dataID | humidity | tempC |
-----+-----+-----+
1      | 39.20    | 21.60 |
2      | 39.30    | 21.60 |
3      | 39.10    | 21.70 |
-----+-----+-----+
set (0.00 sec)
```

<https://code.instructables.com/5BQW5ENHUEQHEJ23/5BQW5ENHUEQHEJ23-LARGE.jpg>

Alright, fewf, now we've got our Arduino ready and a database all prepared for our data. Last step is to write the Python to get this data and insert it into our database.

```
#!/usr/bin/python
```

```
import serial
```

```
import MySQLdb
```

```
#establish connection to MySQL. You'll have to change this for your database.
```

```
dbConn =
```

```
MySQLdb.connect("localhost","database_username","password","database_name")
```

```
or die ("could not connect to database")
```

```
#open a cursor to the database
```

```
cursor = dbConn.cursor()
```

device = '/dev/tty.usbmodem1411' #this will have to be changed to the serial port
you are using

try:

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```
print "Trying...",device  
arduino = serial.Serial(device, 9600)
```

except:

```
print "Failed to connect on",device
```

try:

```
data = arduino.readline() #read the data from the arduino  
pieces = data.split("\t") #split the data by the tab  
#Here we are going to insert the data into the Database  
try:  
    cursor.execute("INSERT INTO weatherData (humidity,tempC) VALUES (%s,%s)",  
(pieces[0],pieces[1]))  
    dbConn.commit() #commit the insert  
    cursor.close() #close the cursor  
except MySQLdb.IntegrityError:  
    print "failed to insert data"  
finally:  
    cursor.close() #close just incase it failed  
except:  
    print "Failed to get data from Arduino!"
```

Okay, so hopefully this is relatively understandable from the comments. The real important parts to note are to make sure you configure the connection to be specific to your data for your database (i.e. username/password/database name). Secondly, you're going to want to change the device=" line to point to the usb serial port that you are using.

Once you configure this script as you needed, you should see the data being populated in your MySQL table when you run the script. Here's an example below of what mine is populating like (see image)

Interface Arduino to MySQL Using Python by mangopeach (/member/mangopeach/) Follow

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Well that's about it! Hopefully you're all set up and good to go now. You should be able to do a number of cool things now with this basis, and I hope you have some fun with it. Go put this data on your website or do whatever your heart desires!

Thanks for reading, and please please please feel free to let me know if you have any suggestions to improve this tutorial, or have suggestions for any tutorials you'd like to see in the future.

Best,
Tom



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```
u'll have to change this for your database.  
t","sk","mypass","test") or die ("could not connect to data  
  
this will have to be changed to the serial port you are us  
  
9600)  
ice  
  
he data from the arduino  
the tab
```

skolk (/member/skolk/) made it!

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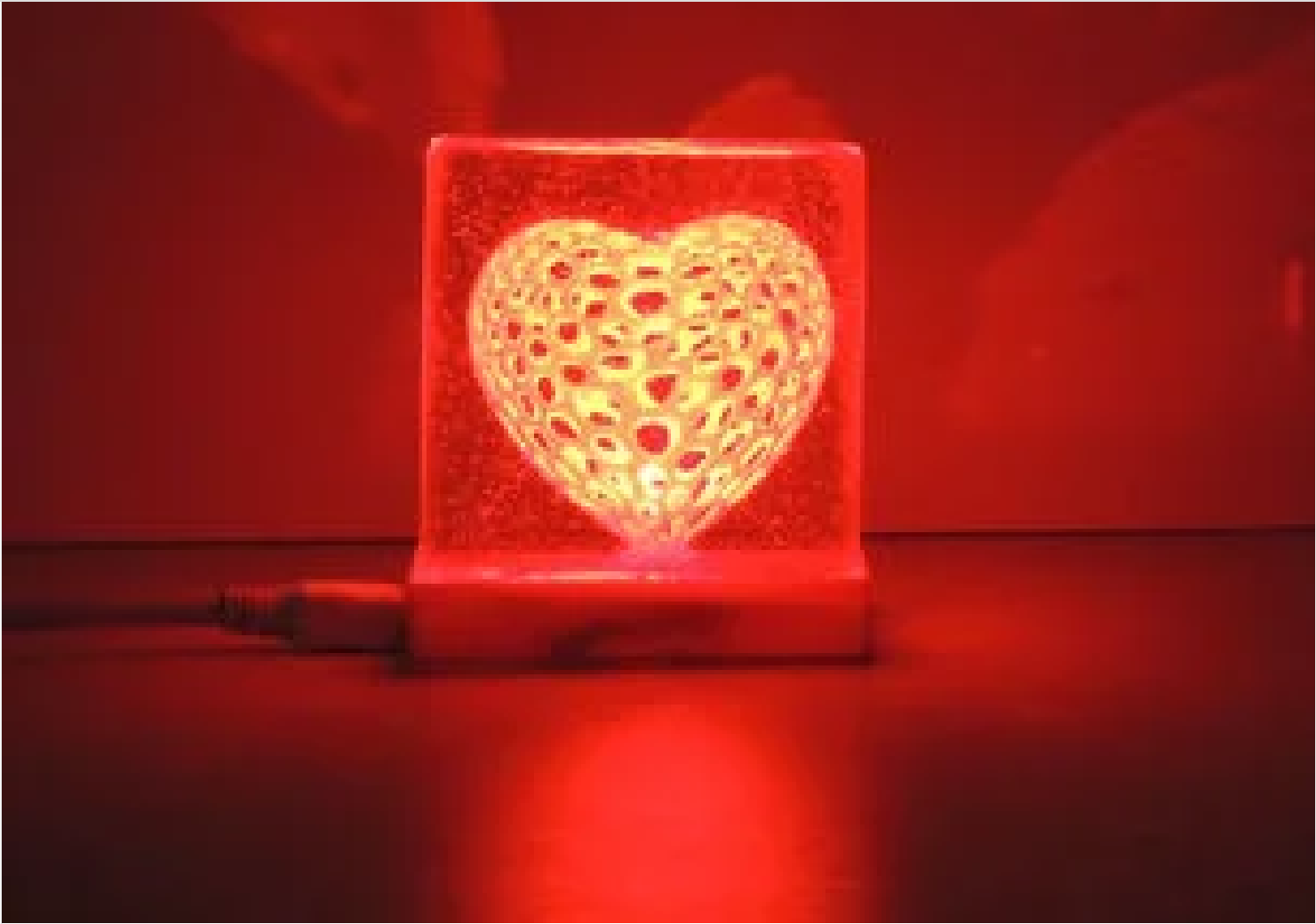
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(/id/VORONOI-HEART-LAMP/)

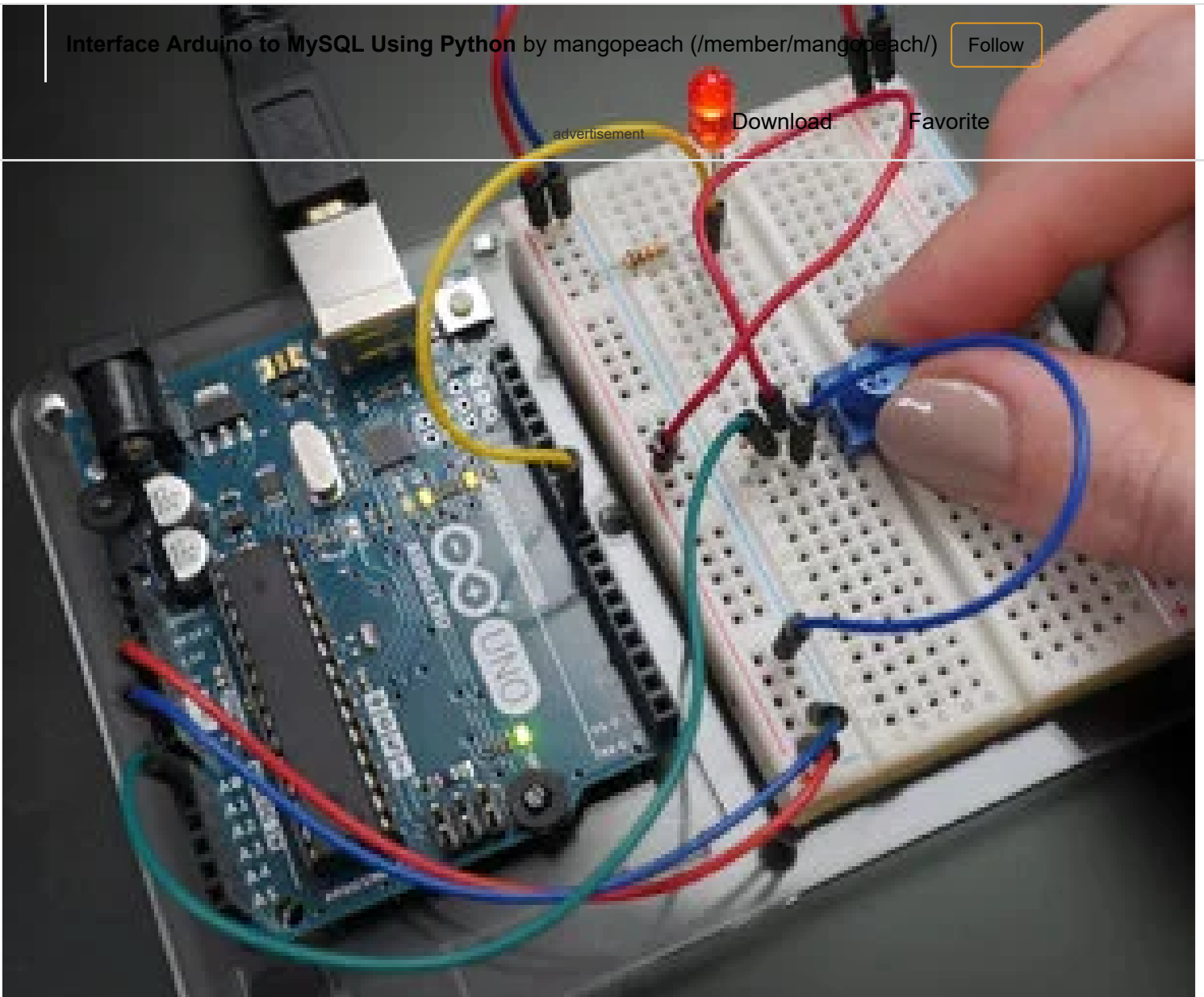
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Please be positive and constructive.

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(/member/jamcry/) jamcry (/member/jamcry/) 1 year ago

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Hello, thanks for this helpful tutorial. Is it possible to reverse this process? What I mean is can arduino read data from the database ?

1 reply ▼

(/member/hiraa.arooj96/) hiraa.arooj96 (/member/hiraa.arooj96/) 1 year ago

Reply

▲ Upvote

Hello, i followed this instructable but i am getting an error

This is my python code

```
import serial
```

```
import pgdb
```

```
import psycopg2
```

```
#establish connection to MySQL. You'll have to change this for your database.
```

```
dbConn = psycopg2.connect(database="SensorData", user="postgres", password="postgres") or  
die ("could not connect to database")
```

```
#open a cursor to the database
```

```
cursor = dbConn.cursor()
```

#device = '/dev/tty.usbmodem1411' #this will have to be changed to the serial port you are using
Interface Arduino to MySQL Using Python by mangopeach (/member/mangopeach/) Follow

```
data = arduino.readline()
```

```
pieces = data.split("\t")
```

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```
cursor.execute("INSERT INTO DHT22_data (humidity,temperature) VALUES (%s,%s)",  
(pieces[0],pieces[1]))
```

```
dbConn.commit() #commit the insert
```

```
cursor.close()
```

"Error i am getting is:

Traceback (most recent call last):

File "F:/Final Year Project/Python files/sendToDatabase.py", line 15, in <module>

```
cursor.execute("INSERT INTO DHT22_data (humidity,temperature) VALUES (%s,%s)",  
(pieces[0],pieces[1]))
```

IndexError: list index out of range

>>>

Kindly help me in this, its urgent

1 reply ▼

(/member/russ_hensel/) russ_hensel (/member/russ_hensel/) 3 years ago

Reply

▲ Upvote

I love the combination of Python and the Arduino. So I have created a collection about it. I have added your instructable, you can see the collection at: >> <https://www.instructables.com/id/Arduino-and-Pytho...> (<https://www.instructables.com/id/Arduino-and-Python-and-perhaps-a-Raspberry-Pi/>)

(/member/falexis19/) falexis19 (/member/falexis19/) 3 years ago

Reply

▲ Upvote

goooooo

(/member/armorer243/) armorer243 (/member/armorer243/) 4 years ago on Step 4

Reply

▲ Upvote

A little help, if you would be so kind. I am a python noob so please bear with me. This script seems to insert the data once and then exit. Is there a way for this to run as a loop over and over, inserting data every time it receives a new string?

3 replies ▼

Interface Arduino to MySQL Using Python by mangopeach (/member/mangopeach/) 3 years ago on Introduction

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I made this one through lot of other referencing .But I have to say this tutorial was my major reference.Now I am finding a way to insert data continuously to my database.This script runs only once.Thank you so very much for sharing :)

Here's a good guide on installing MySQLdb in Kali -Linux

<http://blog.mysqlboy.com/2010/08/installing-mysqldb-python-module.html>

3 replies ▼

(/member/purehektik/) purehektik (/member/purehektik/) 3 years ago on Introduction

Reply

▲ Upvote

Thanks for this tutorial! But you forget to explain the important last step and therefor I am not able to complete this tutorial. In step 4 you just paste the python script. But what should I do with it? It needs somehow to be executed, or not? This isn't explained anywhere :(

(/member/khios78/) khios78 (/member/khios78/) 3 years ago on Introduction

Reply

▲ Upvote

Worked well. I had to do a little fault finding but that might have been my typing. Just got to make it loop. Now.

Would you mind if I used your code as my base (with the right thanks and links back to you of cause) building a automated hydro setup that I can view from online but rather code it myself as least I know what's in it etc ;)

1 reply ▼

(/member/gembong.wijang/) gembong.wijang (/member/gembong.wijang/) 3 years ago on Introduction

Reply

▲ Upvote

umm.. bro, i'm python newbie. how to run the python program?

(/member/JackCouls/) JackCouls (/member/JackCouls/) 4 years ago on Introduction

Reply

▲ Upvote

why am i always failed to connect to usb port? i am using windows and arduino uno with serial cable attached to usb port COM3, it always printed that failed to get data from Arduino as written in the codes on the last except section.

any help would be appreciated

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thanks

(/member/florianagr/) florianagr (/member/florianagr/) 4 years ago on Introduction

Reply

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Hi,

your tutorial is great!!!

But i still have a problem.

My Sql database is empty.

I'm getting no error, only a warning: "Warning: Out of range value for column 'tempC' at row 1"

I only use one sensor: temerature sensor (DS18S20).

In my python code i only delete the humidity data

try:

```
cursor.execute("INSERT INTO weatherData (tempC) VALUE (%s)", (pieces[0]))
```

```
dbConn.commit() #commit the insert
```

```
cursor.close() #close the cursor
```

Nothing is happening in my Database.

What can be the reason.

Thanks for helping me

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