

Initialize the pure wave function $|\psi(t = 0)\rangle$

Generate a random number $\epsilon \in [0, 1]$

$$\delta p_m = \delta t \langle \psi(t) | L_m^\dagger L_m | \psi(t) \rangle$$
$$\delta p \equiv \sum_{i=0}^m \delta p_m$$

Yes

$$\epsilon > \delta p?$$

No

Time evolution by the non-Hermitian Hamiltonian:

$$|\psi(t + \delta t)\rangle = \frac{(1 - i H_{\text{eff}} \delta t) |\psi(t)\rangle}{\sqrt{1 - \delta p}}$$

The m th jump operator occurs with probability δp_m

$$\sum_{i=0}^{m-1} \delta p_i \leq p < \sum_{i=0}^m \delta p_i, \text{ then}$$

$$|\psi(t + \delta t)\rangle = \frac{L_m |\psi(t)\rangle}{\sqrt{\langle \psi(t) | L_m^\dagger L_m | \psi(t) \rangle}}$$

$$t = t + \delta t$$