

1. (a) (15 pts)

$$O(g(n)) = \{f(n) : \exists c, n_0 \text{ such that } 0 \leq f(n) \leq cg(n) \text{ for } \forall n \geq n_0\}$$

- (b) (20 pts) Need to find constants
- c
- and
- n_0
- such that
- $(n+3)^2 \leq cn^2$
- for all
- $n \geq n_0$
- .

For $n \geq 1$, we have

$$(n+3)^2 = n^2 + 6n + 9 \leq n^2 + 6n^2 + 9n^2 = 16n^2$$

Therefore, we can choose $c = 16$ and $n_0 = 1$. **Other pairs (c, n_0) are possible.**

2. (25 pts) Here is the ordering

$$\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^n, \quad \lg^2 n, \quad n^3 = 8^{\lg n}, \quad n!$$

3. (a) (10 pts) By the iteration

$$T(n) = 3 \cdot T(n-3) = 3^2 T(n-3 \cdot 2) = \dots = 3^k T(n-3 \cdot k) = \Theta(3^k) = \Theta(3^{n/3})$$

- (b) (10 pts) Since
- $\frac{n^{\log_2 3}}{n^{\log_2 3-1}} = n^{\log_2 3-1}$
- and
- $\log_2 3 - 1 > 0$
- , by case 1 of the master theorem, we have
- $T(n) = \Theta(n^{\log_2 3})$

- (c) (10 pts) Since

$$\frac{\sqrt{n}}{n^{\log_4 2}} = \frac{\sqrt{n}}{n^{1/2}} = 1.$$

By case 2 of the master theorem, we have $T(n) = \Theta(n^{\log_4 2} \lg n) = \Theta(\sqrt{n} \lg n)$.

4. (a) (10 pts) This is false. Since when
- $n \bmod 2 \neq 0$
- ,
- $T(n)$
- is
- $\Theta(n^2)$
- , which cannot be bounded by
- $O(n \log n)$
- .

- (b) (10 pts) This is true.
- $\Omega(n \log n)$
- is an asymptotic lower bound for
- HybridSort**
- .

- (c) (10 pts) This is false. Since when
- $n \bmod 2 \neq 0$
- ,
- $T(n)$
- is
- $\Theta(n^2)$
- , which cannot be bounded by
- $\Theta(n \log n)$
- .

5. (a) (20 pts) The important part of this question is figuring out what the
- OR**
- operation does in the worst case. If the first
- FIND**
- returns
- FALSE**
- , then the second
- FIND**
- must be run to determine the final value returned. In the worst case, both
- FIND**
- functions are executed. The
- if ... else ..**
- statement is a constant time operation for each iteration

$$T(n) = 2T(n/2) + c.$$

where c is a constant.

- (b) (10 pts) By the master theorem,

$$T(n) = \Theta(n).$$