

Age Estimation System

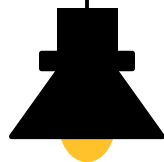
Natural Language Processing & Information Retrieval

어연자(Reverse-NL team)

20153378 Lee, Rohee

20150804 Jung, Minjoon

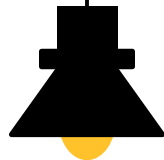
20131699 Jung, Inseok



Index



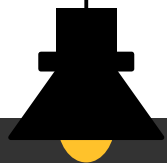
001/	Subject
002/	Schedule
003/	Process
004/	Result
005/	Conclusion



01



Subject



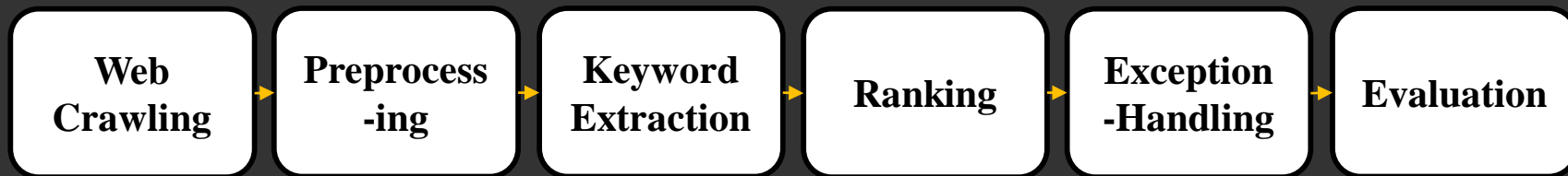
1. Introduction & Subject

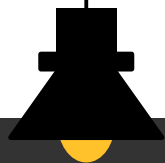
zaqa****

나 10대 청년인데 동년배들 다 문죄인이—싫어
한다

2018-11-28 14:50:22 | 신고

Age Estimation System





2. Summary

Process of building Age Estimation System

1. We collect data by age in Nate Pann.
2. We use the KoNLPy library to perform preprocessing process that extracts only Korean nouns.
3. We extract keywords that represent each age group using TF and IDF.
4. We calculate the cosine similarity using VSM, and select the vector of the document which is close to the vector of query.
5. Also, we process words that are not in the Indexing list.
6. We calculate Precision of test-dataset.

Web Crawling

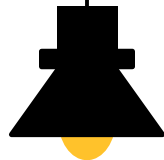
Preprocessing

Keyword Extraction

Ranking

Exception Handling

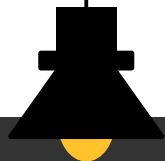
Evaluation



02

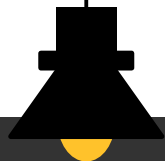


Schedule



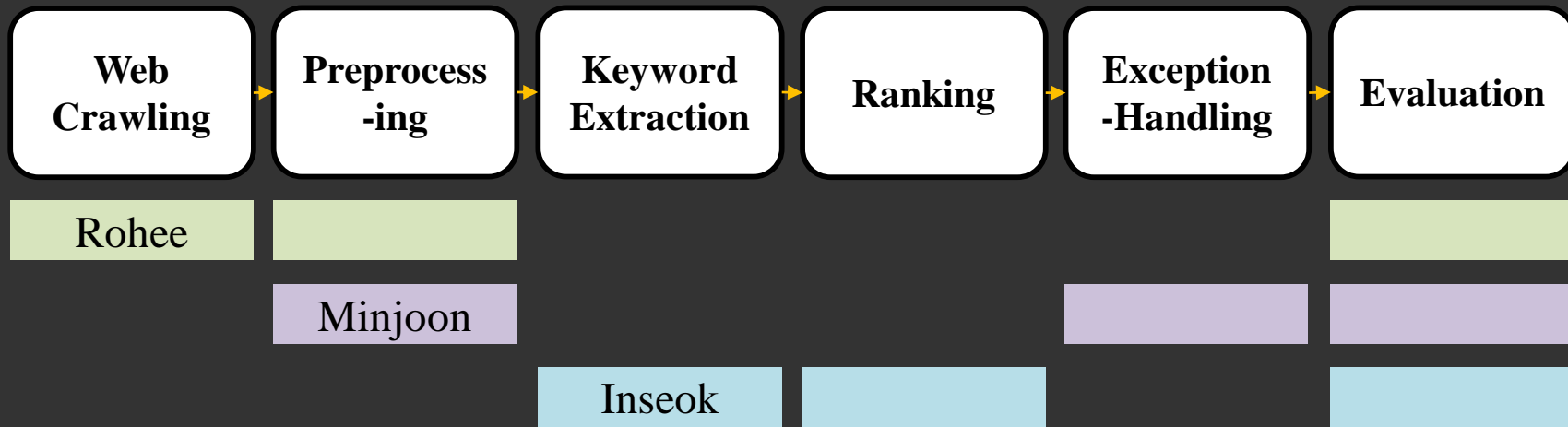
3. Schedule

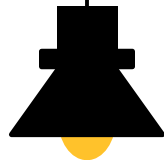
Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun
5/13	14	15	16	17	18 First Presentation	19
20	21	22 Meeting	23	24 New Subject	25	26
		New Idea		Web Crawling		
27	28	29 Meeting	30	31	6/1	2
Preprocessing			Keyword Extraction		Ranking	
3	4	5 Meeting	6	7	8	9
Merge			Exception Handling			
10	11	12	13	14	15 Final Presentation	
Evaluation						



3. Role

Age Estimation System

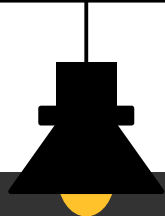




03



Process



1. Web Crawling

Process of building Age Estimation System

1. We collect data by age in Nate Pann.

2. We use the KoNLPy library to perform preprocessing process that extracts only Korean nouns.

3. We extract keywords that represent each age group using TF and IDF.

4. We calculate the cosine similarity using VSM, and select the vector of the document which is close to the vector of query.

5. Also, we process words that are not in the Indexing list.

6. We calculate Precision of test-dataset.

Web Crawling

Preprocessing

Keyword Extraction

Ranking

Exception Handling

Evaluation

1. Web Crawling

- We collect data from **Nate Pann**
- Use python package **bs4, selenium**
- Result : 10.txt, 20.txt, 30.txt, 40.txt, 50.txt

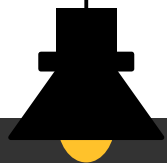


Nate Pann Board

10대 이야기
▶ 20대 이야기
30대 이야기
40대 이야기
50대 이야기

ㅎㅎㅎ 저도 아들 키우지만 넘 귀엽네요^^..뽕터졌어요..
ㅋㅋ너무 귀엽다ㅠㅠ 살맛나겠어요~!
공부가 희망입니다. 그 희망도 없다면....., 자식의 빛을
대학원이 비전이있는건지요?장남인데 벌어놓은거로 대학원을
힘든시기는 누구나 다 있습니다 얼마큼 버티느냐~ 버티면 그
나중에 반드시 좋은 날이 올겁니다. 힘내세요~
훌륭하네요 반드시 봄날이 올 것이라 생각합니다.

Result Example – 40대



2. Preprocessing

Process of building Age Estimation System

1. We collect data by age in Nate Pann.
2. We use the KoNLPy library to perform preprocessing process that extracts only Korean nouns.
3. We extract keywords that represent each age group using TF and IDF.
4. We calculate the cosine similarity using VSM, and select the vector of the document which is close to the vector of query.
5. Also, we process words that are not in the Indexing list.
6. We calculate Precision of test-dataset.

Web Crawling

Preprocessing

Keyword Extraction

Ranking

Exception Handling

Evaluation

2. Preprocessing

Twitter – KoNLPy

Python package

1. POS tagging

Ex) Noun, Josa, Verb, Number, KoreanParticle, Eomi ..

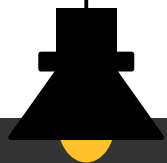


2. Extract necessary word

Noun + KoreanParticle

```
[('난', 'Noun'), ('앞', 'Noun'), ('모습', 'Noun'), ('크췌', 'KoreanParticle'), ('은데', 'Eomi'),  
('옆집', 'Noun'), ('아줌마', 'Noun'), ('그럼', 'Adjective')]  
['예뻐서', 'Adjective'), ('그런거', 'Adjective'), ('아님', 'Adjective'), ('?', 'Punctuation')]  
['진로', 'Noun'), ('바뀐', 'Verb'), ('이유', 'Noun'), ('확실히만', 'Adjective'), ('하면', 'Verb')]
```

3. Word processing by age group



3. Keyword Extraction

Process of building Age Estimation System

1. We collect data by age in Nate Pann.
2. We use the KoNLPy library to perform preprocessing process that extracts only Korean nouns.
3. We extract keywords that represent each age group using TF and IDF.
4. We calculate the cosine similarity using VSM, and select the vector of the document which is close to the vector of query.
5. Also, we process words that are not in the Indexing list.
6. We calculate Precision of test-dataset.

Web Crawling

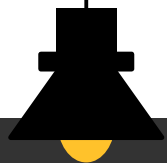
Preprocessing

Keyword Extraction

Ranking

Exception Handling

Evaluation



3. Keyword Extraction

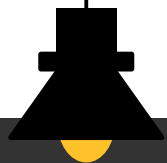
Indexing

TF

IDF

Weight

Keyword



3. Keyword Extraction

Indexing

TF

IDF

Weight

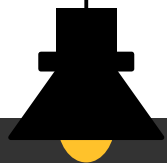
Keyword

Indexing_list [Dictionary]

= { word0: index0, word1: index1, word2: index2, ... }

It contains all words of dataset and assign unique number to each word.

기분 : 332, 새 : 333, 눈치 : 334, 이념 : 335, 의제 : 336, 기 : 337, 배극 : 338, 세경 : 339, 수준 : 314, 잠 : 315, 눈치 : 316, 후 : 317, 가꿈 : 318, 거지 : 319, 페미 : 320, 성인 : 321, 오지 : 326, 일주일 : 327, 효과 : 328, 실제 : 329, 개네 : 330, 제대로 : 331, 알바 : 332, 풀 : 333, 아마 : 338, 마 : 339, 만 : 340, 정신 : 341, 입술 : 342, 오즈 : 343, 서울 : 344, 외 : 349, 기도 : 350, 블랙 : 351, 피 : 352, 갑자기 : 353, 인 : 354, 몸매 : 355, 코 : 356, 질든 : 361, 집중 : 362, 책 : 363, 초 : 364, 연 : 365, 먹음 : 366, 안보 : 367, 지주 : 368, 슬 : 373, 생기 : 374, ㅎㅎㅎ : 375, 한국 : 376, 최고 : 377, 자꾸 : 378, 담임 : 379, 나라 : 380, 심 : 385, 옛날 : 386, 목 : 387, 영상 : 388, 임신 : 389, 직업 : 390, 여동생 : 391, 수시 : 96, 화 : 397, 신발 : 398, 상처 : 399, 몸 : 400, 상태 : 401, 연애 : 402, 왕따 : 403, 문 : 404, 현재 : 409, 아저씨 : 410, 정리 : 411, 기본 : 412, 내용 : 413, 하자 : 414, 경험 : 415, 돼지 : 420, 사바ㅋㅋㅋ : 421, 존에 : 422, 모의고사 : 423, 꼬리 : 424, 전교 : 425, 전체 : 426, 열등감 : 431, 졸업 : 432, 어깨 : 433, 크게 : 434, 지문 : 435, 순간 : 436, 중 : 437, 자연 : 438, 거 : 443, 팩트 : 444, 비교 : 445, 세 : 446, 보지 : 447, 사서 : 448, 웃기 : 449, 술 : 450, 다종감 : 455, 은근 : 456, 평 : 457, 사이즈 : 458, 김치 : 459, 남사 : 460, 편 : 461, 자살 : 462, 마지막 : 467, 응원 : 468, 이야기 : 469, 고백 : 470, 차이 : 471, 안나 : 472, 부 : 473, 힘 :



3. Keyword Extraction

Indexing

TF

IDF

Weight

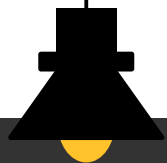
Keyword

tf_list [List]

= [[(size of indexing_list)], [], [], [], []]

TF = The number of times the word corresponding to the index appeared in the document / the highest number of each vector

$$tf_{ij} = f_{ij} / \max_i \{f_{ij}\}$$



3. Keyword Extraction

Indexing

TF

IDF

Weight

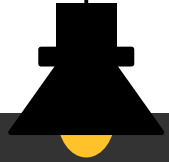
Keyword

idf_list [List]
= [(size of indexing_list)]

IDF = whole number of documents / The number of documents
in which the word corresponding to the index appeared

$$idf_i = \log_2 (N / df_i)$$

(N: total number of documents)



3. Keyword Extraction

Indexing

TF

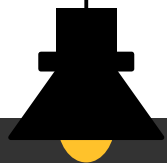
IDF

Weight

Keyword

```
weighting_list [List]  
= [[ (size of indexing_list) ], [ ], [ ], [ ], [ ]]
```

$\text{Weight} = \text{TF} * \text{IDF}$



3. Keyword Extraction

Indexing

TF

IDF

Weight

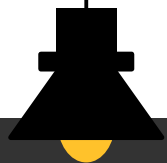
Keyword

keyword_list [List]

= [[(top K keyword of each age)], [], [], [], []]

Keyword = top K(number) in order of Weight by age

뿌어엉	곶슬	봄웜	이과	쌈
장자연	한남	여대	학기	클럽
연봉	햄스터	북문	비혼	연하
신천지	키다리	비진리	성경	안상홍
노영심	손호영	환성	심리테스트	해변



4. Ranking

Process of building Age Estimation System

1. We collect data by age in Nate Pann.
2. We use the KoNLPy library to perform preprocessing process that extracts only Korean nouns.
3. We extract keywords that represent each age group using TF and IDF.
4. We calculate the cosine similarity using VSM, and select the vector of the document which is close to the vector of query.
5. Also, we process words that are not in the Indexing list.
6. We calculate Precision of test-dataset.

Web Crawling

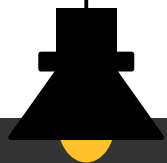
Preprocessing

Keyword Extraction

Ranking

Exception Handling

Evaluation



4. Ranking

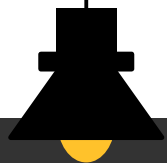
Normalize

Similarity

Ranking

$$\cos(\vec{q}, \vec{d}) = \frac{\vec{q} \cdot \vec{d}}{|\vec{q}| |\vec{d}|} = \frac{\vec{q}}{|\vec{q}|} \cdot \frac{\vec{d}}{|\vec{d}|}$$

The diagram illustrates the relationship between the dot product and unit vectors in the context of cosine similarity. It shows the equation $\cos(\vec{q}, \vec{d}) = \frac{\vec{q} \cdot \vec{d}}{|\vec{q}| |\vec{d}|} = \frac{\vec{q}}{|\vec{q}|} \cdot \frac{\vec{d}}{|\vec{d}|}$. A box labeled "Dot product" points to the numerator $\vec{q} \cdot \vec{d}$ of the first fraction. A box labeled "Unit vectors" points to the terms $\frac{\vec{q}}{|\vec{q}|}$ and $\frac{\vec{d}}{|\vec{d}|}$ in the second fraction, indicating that the cosine of the angle between two vectors is equal to the dot product of their corresponding unit vectors.



5. Exception Handling

Process of building Age Estimation System

1. We collect data by age in Nate Pann.
2. We use the KoNLPy library to perform preprocessing process that extracts only Korean nouns.
3. We extract keywords that represent each age group using TF and IDF.
4. We calculate the cosine similarity using VSM, and select the vector of the document which is close to the vector of query.
5. Also, we process words that are not in the Indexing list.
6. We calculate Precision of test-dataset.

Web Crawling

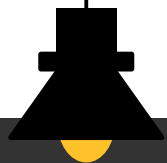
Preprocessing

Keyword Extraction

Ranking

Exception Handling

Evaluation

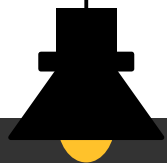


5. Exception Handling

If the comment include new word?

Word decomposition

감 → ‘ ㄱ ’ ‘ ㅓ ’ ‘ ㅓ ’ ‘ ㅓ ’



5. Exception Handling

심쿵
심쿵

대마초
대마도

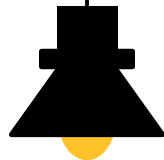
움짤
움짤

글렀다
글렀어

살랭
살랑

죽죽
죽집

Replacing with words which is similar to the words in the Indexing list.



04



Result & Evaluation

4-1. Result

C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe

```
[ '뿌어엉', '곱슬', '봄원', '이과', '쌤' ]  
[ '장자연', '한남', '여대', '학기', '쌤' ]  
[ '연봉', '햄스터', '북문', '비혼', '연하' ]  
[ '신천지', '키다리', '비진리', '성경', '안상홍' ]  
[ '노영심', '손호영', '환성', '심리테스트', '해변' ]
```

어느부분에서 심쿵해야하는걸까... 흠...

심쿵 -> 심쿵

```
[{'30대': 7.402687197885112e-34, '40대': 6.860813958254373e-34, '20대': 6.190804718052582e-34, '10대': 4.065825677777035e-34, '50대': 8.263779490652477e-35}]
```

헉 개이쁜데 너무비싸다 드드너 금수저야?

```
[{'30대': 0.0738582420878815, '20대': 0.032371873724511564, '10대': 0.008951707295350912, '40대': 4.37354556447165e-66, '50대': 1.4460875667956343e-66}]
```

모하고싶은데 ㅋㅋㅋ

```
[{'20대': 1.1293220437057587e-32, '30대': 8.511562032094523e-33, '10대': 5.0740749917996546e-33, '40대': 2.3202003833804713e-33, '50대': 1.2672102381910142e-33}]
```

글쎄 공부 잘하는 애들은 무조건 공부머리가 좋다는 편견 자체가 생긴 이유가 공부머리 좋은 애들은 좀만 해도 성적 잘 오르니까 공부할 맛 나자나 반면에 공부머리 보통 혹은 안 좋은 애들은 노력해도 안 오르는 경우도 있으니까 포기하고

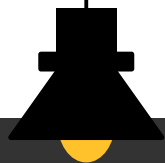
```
[{'20대': 0.01818033229566099, '30대': 0.011544279513773176, '40대': 0.008672368303568951, '10대': 0.002073785364851907, '50대': 2.2588908231609185e-65}]
```

공부머리 좋으면 조금만 해도 죽죽 오름...

죽죽 -> 죽집

```
[{'30대': 0.0023322966651719867, '10대': 0.0019551835922829355, '20대': 0.0008570290833657786, '50대': 0.0002220711766130804, '40대': 1.632395619138766e-65}]
```

ㅂ ㅋ



4-2. Evaluation

Process of building Age Estimation System

1. We collect data by age in Nate Pann.
2. We use the KoNLPy library to perform preprocessing process that extracts only Korean nouns.
3. We extract keywords that represent each age group using TF and IDF.
4. We calculate the cosine similarity using VSM, and select the vector of the document which is close to the vector of query.
5. Also, we process words that are not in the Indexing list.
6. We calculate Precision of test-dataset.

Web Crawling

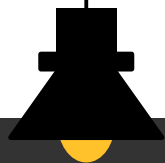
Preprocessing

Keyword Extraction

Ranking

Exception Handling

Evaluation



4-2. Evaluation

Precision –
input_data

input/10.txt

전체 댓글 : 8713

결과 : 4834

정확도 : 0.554803

input/20.txt

전체 댓글 : 4974

결과 : 3318

정확도 : 0.667069

input/30.txt

전체 댓글 : 19829

결과 : 13429

정확도 : 0.677240

input/40.txt

전체 댓글 : 2612

결과 : 1589

정확도 : 0.608346

input/50.txt

전체 댓글 : 1727

결과 : 522

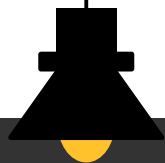
정확도 : 0.302258

input_data

총 댓글 : 37855

결과 : 23692

정확도 : 0.625861



4-2. Evaluation

Precision –
test_data

test_data/test_10.txt
전체 댓글 : 479
결과 : 155
정확도 : 0.323591

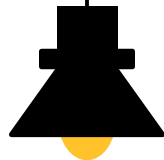
test_data/test_20.txt
전체 댓글 : 58
결과 : 25
정확도 : 0.431034

test_data/test_30.txt
전체 댓글 : 280
결과 : 127
정확도 : 0.453571

test_data/test_40.txt
전체 댓글 : 29
결과 : 10
정확도 : 0.344828

test_data/test_50.txt
전체 댓글 : 80
결과 : 26
정확도 : 0.325000

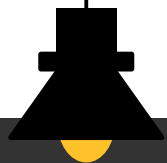
test_data
총 댓글 : 926
결과 : 343
정확도 : 0.37041036



05



Conclusion



5. Conclusion

Unfortunately..<Dataset>

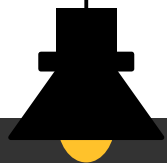
1. Dataset don't reflect common attributes because they are made up of data from specific group.
2. The data for 10, 40, and 50 are too low compared to the 20s and 30s.
3. Some people use a board that does not fit their age.

톡톡 > 50대 이야기 > 채널보기

여기가 바로 틀딱이들 모임?!

ㅇㅇ (판) 2019.06.02 01:51

뒤져~~



5. Conclusion

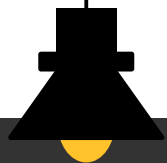
Unfortunately..<Tech>

1. Problems with finding similar words

The composition of a vowel or consonant is similar to a word, but it is small in terms of finding similar words.

2. Preprocessing Problem

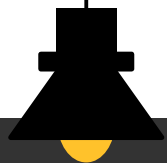
It often happens that words are separated and preprocessed in a form that does not preserve the meaning of words.



5. Conclusion

We could find little data on the Internet about our subject.
One of the papers used deep-learning, which made it difficult to access.

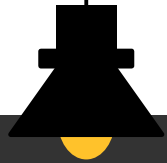
Therefore, it is very valuable that we select unique subject,
and apply Vector Space Model (which we learned from lecture) to real project.



5. Conclusion

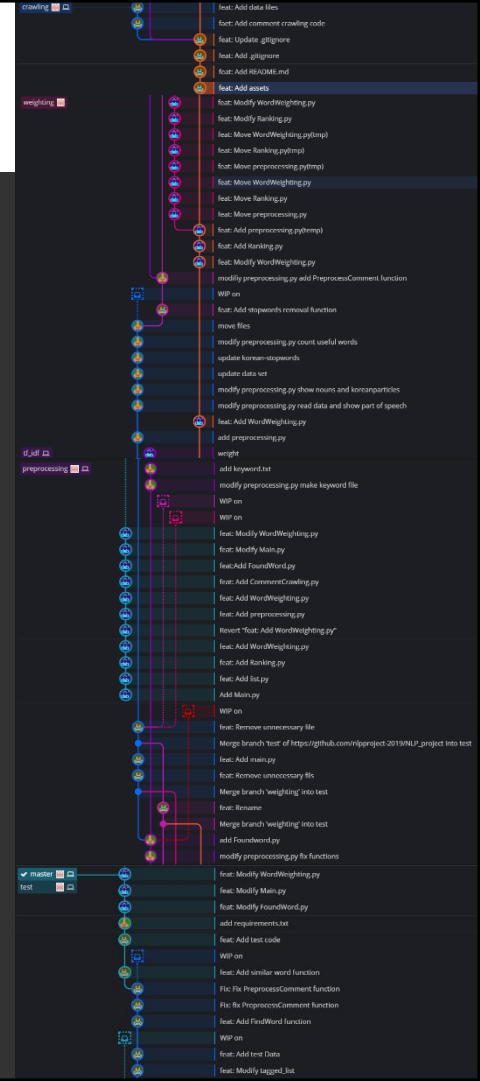
We conducted the **project based on Korean language** that was familiar to us. Because the Korean dataset is significantly less than that of English, I think it is one of the unique aspects of our project that **we collect the necessary parts directly through crawling**.

Also, I was worried about how to handle words that were not in the indexing list when they came into the query. **Finally we apply solutions in terms of morphology.**



5. Github

https://github.com/nlpproject-2019/NLP_project.git





Thank you