# **Programming Assignment #1 ADT for Very Long Integers**

#### **Problem Statement**

The java.math.BigInteger class of Java can represent arbitrary-precision (i.e., unbounded) integers and provides methods to perform arithmetic operations on them. For this programming assignment, we design a similar abstract data type (ADT) called LongInt, which defines a subset of the methods provided by the java.math.BigInteger class.

### **Requirements & Implementation**

- You are to write a Java application that implements the LongInt ADT. A skeleton of the ADT is provided at eTL. The skeleton file is named LongIntSkel.java. You can copy it to your working directory and rename it to LongInt.java. You should then provide implementations of all the methods defined in the class skeleton. You can add more methods as you wish, but are not allowed to remove or change any method defined in the class skeleton.
- The goal of this assignment is to learn how to build an ADT using primitive data types. In order not to defeat the purpose, you are not allowed to use anything that trivializes the implementation of the LongInt ADT (e.g., java.math.BigInteger class or java.math.BigDecimal class).
- No main() method is necessary in your class implementation. We will test and evaluate your class implementation with our own test program (MainInt.java) containing the main() method, which is available at eTL. This test program uses TextInputStream class for input and output, which is also provided. So, there is no need to worry about I/O and no need to turn in any additional class containing a main() method.
- Once you have compiled your classes and MainInt.java successfully, you can type the following at the Unix/Linux shell prompt to run and test your code.

```
% java MainInt test1
```

Sample input files (e.g., test1) and their output files (e.g., test1.out) are provided at eTL.

• Each input file has one or more lines each of which contains two decimal integers connected by an arithmetic operator. Assume input integers are *well formed* in the sense that all characters are numeric between 0 and 9 except a leading minus sign and there are no leading zeros or commas. The output integers must be well formed too.

## **Grading**

This assignment is worth 5 percent of your final grade. Efficiency is not considered for grading this assignment. However, if your program does not terminate within a reasonable amount of time (*e.g.*, 100 times the average runtime of the class) and needs to be aborted, it will be considered incorrect. General grading guidelines are:

10 points Program compiles without errors and is on the right track,

0-50 points Works on *simple* test cases, 0-40 points Works on *complex* test cases.

The late submission and regrading policies are described in the course syllabus.

# **Submission**

Turning in your programming assignment must be done at eTL. Do not submit any .class or test files. Submit only .java files in a single archive (e.g., zip or tar). Refer to the course syllabus for general submission instructions. More specific instructions will be given by TAs.

#### **Due date**

The programming assignment is handed out on Wednesday September 07, 2022, and due by 11pm on Tuesday September 20, 2022.