

DESCRIPTION

Table: Delivery

+-----+-----+			
Column Name		Type	
+-----+-----+			
delivery_id		int	
customer_id		int	
order_date		date	
customer_pref_delivery_date		date	
+-----+-----+			

delivery_id is the column of unique values of this table.

The table holds information about food delivery to customers that make orders at some date and specify a preferred delivery date (on the same order date or after it).

If the customer's preferred delivery date is the same as the order date, then the order is called **immediate**; otherwise, it is called **scheduled**.

The **first order** of a customer is the order with the earliest order date that the customer made. It is guaranteed that a customer has precisely one first order.

Write a solution to find the percentage of immediate orders in the first orders of all customers, **rounded to 2 decimal places**.

The result format is in the following example.

Example 1:

Input:

Delivery table:

+-----+-----+-----+-----+			
delivery_id		customer_id	order_date customer_pref_delivery_date
+-----+-----+-----+-----+			
1	1	2019-08-01	2019-08-02
2	2	2019-08-02	2019-08-02

3	1	2019-08-11	2019-08-12	
4	3	2019-08-24	2019-08-24	
5	3	2019-08-21	2019-08-22	
6	2	2019-08-11	2019-08-13	
7	4	2019-08-09	2019-08-09	

+-----+-----+-----+-----+

Output:

```
+-----+
| immediate_percentage |
+-----+
| 50.00              |
+-----+
```

Explanation:

The customer id 1 has a first order with delivery id 1 and it is scheduled.

The customer id 2 has a first order with delivery id 2 and it is immediate.

The customer id 3 has a first order with delivery id 5 and it is scheduled.

The customer id 4 has a first order with delivery id 7 and it is immediate.

Hence, half the customers have immediate first orders.

SOLUTION

MySQL:

- Calculate immediate_percentage using AVG(), and round the result to 2 decimals using ROUND()
- In the subquery, select customer_id with minimum order_date using MIN() and grouped by customer_id
- Select all customers with immediate first order using WHERE and IN

```
SELECT ROUND(AVG(IF(order_date = customer_pref_delivery_date, 1, 0))*100, 2) immediate_percentage
FROM Delivery
WHERE (customer_id, order_date) IN
(SELECT customer_id, MIN(order_date)
FROM Delivery
GROUP BY customer_id);
```

PostgreSQL:

- Using CTE, select customer_id with minimum order_date using MIN() and grouped by customer_id
- Calculate immediate_percentage using AVG(), and round the result to 2 decimals using ROUND()
- Join t1 and Delivery

```
WITH t1 AS(  
    SELECT customer_id, MIN(order_date) first_order  
    FROM DELIVERY  
    GROUP BY 1)  
SELECT ROUND(AVG(CASE WHEN d.order_date = d.customer_pref_delivery_date THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) * 100, 2)  
immediate_percentage  
FROM Delivery d  
JOIN t1  
ON t1.customer_id = d.customer_id AND t1.first_order = d.order_date;
```