### **DESCRIPTION**

Table: Transactions
++
Column Name   Type
++
id
country   varchar
state   enum
amount int
trans_date   date
++

id is the primary key of this table.

The table has information about incoming transactions.

The state column is an enum of type ["approved", "declined"].

Write an SQL query to find for each month and country, the number of transactions and their total amount, the number of approved transactions and their total amount.

Return the result table in any order.

The query result format is in the following example.

# Example 1:

## Input:

Transactions table:

```
+-----+
| id | country | state | amount | trans_date |
+-----+
| 121 | US | approved | 1000 | 2018-12-18 |
| 122 | US | declined | 2000 | 2018-12-19 |
| 123 | US | approved | 2000 | 2019-01-01 |
```

### **SOLUTION**

#### MySQL:

- Select month in 'YYYY-MM' format using DATE\_FORMAT(), trans\_count using COUNT(), and approved\_count and approved\_total\_count using SUM() and IF()
- GROUP BY country, year, month

```
SELECT DATE_FORMAT(trans_date, '%Y-%m') month, country, COUNT(*) trans_count, SUM(IF(state =
'approved', 1, 0)) approved_count, SUM(amount) trans_total_amount, SUM(IF(state = 'approved',
amount, 0)) approved_total_amount
FROM Transactions
GROUP BY COUNTRY, YEAR(trans_date), MONTH(trans_date)
```

# PostgreSQL:

- Select month in 'YYYY-MM' format using TO\_CHAR(), trans\_count using COUNT(), and approved\_count and approved\_total\_count using SUM() and CASE
- GROUP BY month, country

```
SELECT TO_CHAR(trans_date, 'yyyy-mm') AS month, country, COUNT(*) trans_count, COUNT(CASE WHEN state = 'approved' THEN 1 END) AS approved_count, SUM(amount) AS trans_total_amount, SUM(CASE WHEN state = 'approved' THEN amount ELSE 0 END) AS approved_total_amount FROM Transactions
GROUP BY 1, 2;
```