

## DESCRIPTION

Table: Employee

+-----+-----+			
Column Name   Type			
+-----+-----+			
id   int			
name   varchar			
department   varchar			
managerId   int			
+-----+-----+			

id is the primary key (column with unique values) for this table.

Each row of this table indicates the name of an employee, their department, and the id of their manager.

If managerId is null, then the employee does not have a manager.

No employee will be the manager of themselves.

Write a solution to find managers with at least **five direct reports**.

Return the result table in **any order**.

The result format is in the following example.

### Example 1:

#### Input:

Employee table:

+----+-----+-----+-----+			
id   name   department   managerId			
+----+-----+-----+-----+			
101   John   A   null			
102   Dan   A   101			
103   James   A   101			
104   Amy   A   101			

105	Anne	A	101
106	Ron	B	101

```

+-----+-----+-----+-----+

```

### Output:

```

+-----+
| name |
+-----+
| John |
+-----+

```

## SOLUTION

### Option 1:

- First, get a dataframe with 'managerId' column and its occurrence counts using value\_counts(), and reset index using reset\_index()
- Join the above dataframe where 'idx' is at least 5 with 'employee' using merge()
- Return a dataframe with 'name' column

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
def find_managers(employee: pd.DataFrame) -> pd.DataFrame:
    df = employee['managerId'].value_counts().reset_index(name='idx')
    dfr = df[df.idx >= 5].merge(employee, left_on='managerId',
right_on='id',how='inner')
    return dfr[['name']]
```

- Snapshot of the same code above for readability purposes

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
def find_managers(employee: pd.DataFrame) -> pd.DataFrame:
    df = employee['managerId'].value_counts().reset_index(name='idx')
    dfr = df[df.idx >= 5].merge(employee, left_on='managerId', right_on='id',how='inner')
    return dfr[['name']]
```

### Option 2:

- Using size() and iloc

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
def find_managers(employee: pd.DataFrame) -> pd.DataFrame:
    df = employee.groupby('managerId').size().reset_index(name='idx')
    return df[df.idx >= 5].merge(employee, left_on='managerId',
right_on='id',how='inner').iloc[:,[3]]
```

- Snapshot of the same code above for readability purposes

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
def find_managers(employee: pd.DataFrame) -> pd.DataFrame:
    df = employee.groupby('managerId').size().reset_index(name='idx')
    return df[df.idx >= 5].merge(employee, left_on='managerId', right_on='id',how='inner').iloc[:,[3]]
```