

Example 6-3 Examples of different ARM instructions showing a variety of operand 2 types:

add	R0, R1, #1	R0 = R2 + 1
add	R0, R1, R2	R0 = R1 + R2
add	R0, R1, R2, LSL #4	R0 = R1 + R2<<#4
add	R0, R1, R2, LSL R3	R0 = R1 + R2<<R3

Example 6-4 Examples of addressing modes

- (1) LDR R0, [R1] @ address pointed to by R1
 - (2) LDR R0, [R1, R2] @ address pointed to by R1 + R2
 - (3) LDR R0, [R1, R2, LSL #2] @ address is R1 + (R2<4)
 - (4) LDR R0, [R1, #32]! @ address pointed to by R1 + 32, then R1:=R1 + 32
 - (5) LDR R0, [R1], #32 @ read R0 from address pointed to by R1, then R1:=R1 + 32
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Table 6-1 Conditional execution suffixes

Suffix	Flags	Description
EQ	Z=1	zero (EQual to 0)
NE	Z=0	not zero (Not Equal to 0)
CS/HS	C=1	Carry Set / unsigned Higher or Same
CC/LO	C=0	Carry Clear / unsigned LOwer
MI	N=1	negative (MInus)
PL	N=0	positive or zero (PLus)
VS	V=1	sign overflow (oVerflow Set)
VC	V=0	no sign overflow (oVerflow Clear)
HI	C=1 AND Z=0	unsigned HIgher
LS	C=0 OR Z=1	unsigned Lower or Same
GE	N=V	signed Greater or Equal
LT	N != V	signed Less Than
GT	Z=0 AND N=V	signed Greater Than
LE	Z=1 OR N != V	signed Less or Equal
AL	-	ALways (default)

Table 6-3 Summary of data processing operations in assembly language

Opcode	Operands	Description	Function
Arithmetic operations			
ADC	Rd, Rn, Op2	Add with Carry	$Rd = Rn + Op2 + C$
ADD	Rd, Rn, Op2	Add	$Rd = Rn + Op2$
MOV	Rd, Op2	Move	$Rd = Op2$
MVN	Rd, Op2	Move NOT	$Rd = \sim Op2$
RSB	Rd, Rn, Op2	Reverse Subtract	$Rd = Op2 - Rn$
RSC	Rd, Rn, Op2	Reverse Subtract with Carry	$Rd = Op2 - Rn - !C$
SBC	Rd, Rn, Op2	Subtract with carry	$Rd = Rn - Op2 - !C$
SUB	Rd, Rn, Op2	Subtract	$Rd = Rn - Op2$
Logical operations			
AND	Rd, Rn, Op2	AND	$Rd = Rn \& Op2$
BIC	Rd, Rn, Op2	Bit Clear	$Rd = Rn \& \sim Op2$
EOR	Rd, Rn, Op2	Exclusive OR	$Rd = Rn \wedge Op2$
ORR	Rd, Rn, Op2	OR (OR NOT)	$Rd = Rn Op2$ $Rd = Rn \sim Op2$
Flag Setting instructions			
CMP	Rn, Op2	Compare	$Rn - Op2$
CMN	Rn, Op2	Compare Negative	$Rn + Op2$
TEQ	Rn, Op2	Test EQuivalence	$Rn \wedge Op2$
TST	Rn, Op2	Test	$Rn \& Op2$

LDR{Type}

- B – unsigned Byte. (Zero extend to 32 bits on loads.)
 - SB – signed Byte. (Sign extend to 32 bits.)
 - H – unsigned Halfword. (Zero extend to 32 bits on loads.)
 - SH – signed Halfword. (Sign extend to 32 bits.)
- or omitted, for a Word load.

STR{Type}

- B – unsigned Byte
 - H – unsigned Halfword
- or omitted, for a Word store.