

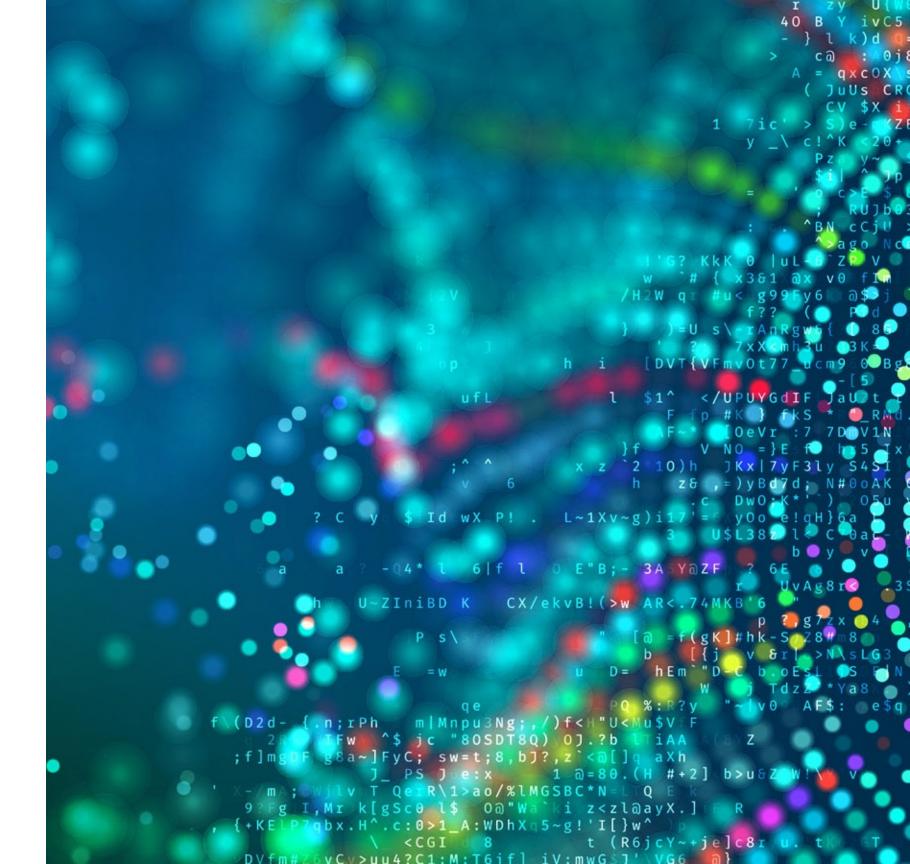


Hands-on Session

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PNNL is operated by Battelle for the U.S. Department of Energy



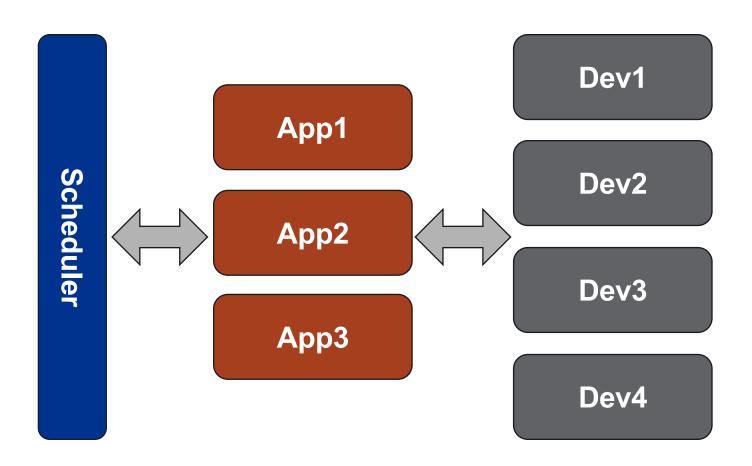


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MCL Environment

- 1 system-level scheduler
- 1+ MCL applications
 - Applications interact directly with hardware devices
 - No additional data copy between applications and scheduler
- 1+ (heterogeneous) devices
 - CPU cores can also be used as devices





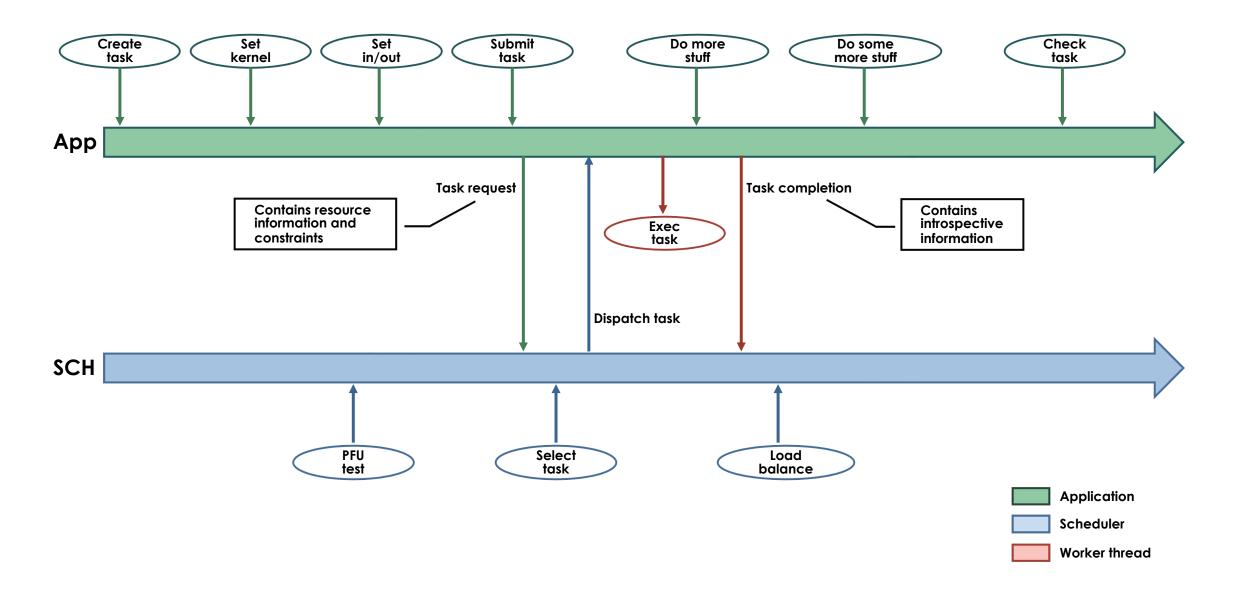
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Simple Execution Trace





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MCL Scheduler

- Manage hardware resources
- Perform load balancing
- Track memory objects allocated on devices
- Implement scheduling framework:
 - Multiple scheduling algorithms
 Additional schedulers can be added
 (MCL Scheduler ABI)
- Generally runs in background
- Trace resource utilization

Scheduler	Objective
First Fit (ff)	Power efficiency
Round-robin (rr)	Load balancing
Delay	Locality
Hybrid	Load Balancing + Locality

Current Scheduling Algorithms

Want to know more about MCL scheduler for multi-device? See last year tutorial!

```
Usage: ./src/sched/mcl_sched [options]
    -s, --sched-class {fifo|fffs} Select scheduler class (def = 'fifo')
    -p, --res-policy {ff|rr|delay|hybrid} Select resource policy (def = class dependent)
    -h, --help Show this help
```



return 0:

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Anatomy of an MCL application 1/4

```
#include <minos.h>
int main(int argc, ehar** argv){
          mcl handle**
                           hdl = NULL;
                           pes [MCL DEV DIMS] = \{N, N, 1\};
          uint64 t
                                    = N * N * sizeof(double);
          const size t
                           msize
                                                                                      Init function:
          mcl init(workers,0x0);
          A = (double*) malloc(size * size * sizeof(double));
          B = (double*) malloc(size * size * sizeof(double));
          C = (double*) malloc(size * size * sizeof(double));
          hdl = (mcl_handle**) malloc(sizeof(mcl_handle*) * rep);
          mcl prg load("./gemmN.cl","-DDOUBLE PRECISION", MCL PRG SRC);
          for(int i=0; i<rep; i++){</pre>
                     hdl[i] = mcl task create();
                     mcl_task_set_kernel(hdl[i], "gemmN", 4);
                     mcl_task_set_arg(hdl[i], 0, (void*) A, msize,
                                                                           MCL ARG INPUT MCL ARG BUFFER);
                     mcl task set arg(hdl[i], 1, (void*) B, msize,
                                                                           MCL ARG INPUT | MCL ARG BUFFER);
                     mcl_task_set_arg(hdl[i], 2, (void*) &n, sizeof(int), MCL_ARG_INPUT|MCL_ARG_SCALAR);
                     mcl task set arg(hdl[i], 3, (void*) C, msize,
                                                                           MCL ARG OUTPUT MCL ARG BUFFER);
                     mcl_exec(hdl[i], pes, NULL, MCL_TASK_GPU);
          mcl_wait_all();
                                                                                       Finit function:
          for(i=0; i<rep; i++)</pre>
                     mcl hdl free(hdl[i]);
          free(hdl):
          mcl_finit();
```

MCL API header file

- Define # MCL worker threads
- Register app w/ scheduler
- Device discovery

- Check pending tasks
- De-register app w/ scheduler



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Anatomy of an MCL application 2/4

```
#include <minos.h>
                                                                                    Task handle
int main(int argc, char** argv){
          mcl handle**
                          hdl = NULL;
                                                                                      Track status
                          pes[MCL_DEV_DIMS] = \{N, N, 1\};
          uint64 t
                                                                                       Report errors
                                   = N * N * sizeof(double);
          const size t
                          msize
                                                                                      Provide stats
          mcl init(workers,0x0);
          A = (double*) malloc(size * size * sizeof(double));
          B = (double*) malloc(size * size * sizeof(double));
          C = (double*) malloc(size * size * sizeof(double));
          hdl = (mcl_handle**) malloc(sizeof(mcl_handle*) * rep);
                                                                                    Create task
          mcl prg load("./gemmN.cl","-DDOUBLE PRECISION", MCL PRG SRC);
                                                                                        Allocate task resources
          for(int i\neq 0; i< rep; i++){
                    hdl[i] = mcl task create();
                    mcl task set kernel(hdl[i], "gemmN", 4);
                    mcl task set arg(hdl[i], 0, (void*) A, msize,
                                                                         MCL ARG INPUT MCL ARG BUFFER);
                    mcl task set arg(hdl[i], 1, (void*) B, msize,
                                                                         MCL ARG INPUT | MCL ARG BUFFER);
                    mcl_task_set_arg(hdl[i], 2, (void*) &n, sizeof(int), MCL_ARG_INPUT|MCL_ARG_SCALAR);
                    mcl task set arg(hdl[i], 3, (void*) C, msize,
                                                                         MCL ARG OUTPUT MCL ARG BUFFER);
                    mcl exec(hdl[i], pes, NULL, MCL TASK GPU);
          mcl_wait_all();
          for(i=0; <u>i<rep; i++)</u>
                                                                                    Remove task handle
                    mcl hdl free(hdl[i]);
          free(hdl);
          mcl_finit();
          return 0;
```

PPoPP'22 Tutorial

April 2nd, 2022



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Anatomy of an MCL application 3/4

```
#include <minos.h>
                                                                                  Load program:
int main(int argc, char** argv){
          mcl handle**
                          hdl = NULL;
                                                                                     Source file
                          pes[MCL_DEV_DIMS] = {N, N, 1};
          uint64 t
                                                                                     Compiler flags
                                  = N * N * sizeof(double);
          const size t
                          msize
                                                                                     Source type
          mcl init(workers,0x0);
          A = (double*) malloc(size * size * sizeof(double));
          B = (double*) malloc(size * size * sizeof(double));
                                                                                                   Select kernel:
          C = (double*) malloc(size * size * sizeof(double));
                                                                                                      Kernel name
          hdl = (mcl_handle**) malloc(sizeof(mcl_handle*) * rep);
          mcl prg load("./gemmN.cl","-DDOUBLE PRECISION", MCL PRG SRC);
                                                                                                      # args
          for(int i=0; i<rep; i++){</pre>
                    hdl[i] = mcl task create():
                    mcl_task_set_kernel(hdl[i], "gemmN", 4);
                    mcl task set arg(hdl[i], 0, (void*) A, msize,
                                                                         MCL ARG INPUT MCL ARG BUFFER);
                    mcl task set arg(hdl[i], 1, (void*) B, msize,
                                                                         MCL ARG INPUT | MCL ARG BUFFER);
                    mcl task set arg(hdl[i], 2, (void*) &n, sizeof(int).
                                                                         MCL ARG INPUTIMCL ARG SCALAR):
                    mcl task set arg(hdl[i], 3, (void*) C, msize,
                                                                         MCL ARG OUTPUT MCL ARG BUFFER);
                    mcl exec(hdl[i], pes, NULL, MCL TASK GPU);
                                                                           Set kernel argument
                                                                                Arg ID
          mcl_wait_all();
                                                                                Host address
          for(i=0; i<rep; i++)</pre>
                    mcl_hdl_free(hdl[i]);
                                                                                Size
          free(hdl);
                                                                                Input/output + scalar/buffer
          mcl_finit();
          return 0;
```



return 0;

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Anatomy of an MCL application 4/4

```
#include <minos.h>
int main(int argc, char** argv){
          mcl handle**
                           hdl = NULL;
                           pes[MCL_DEV_DIMS] = {N, N, 1};
          uint64 t
                                    = N * N * sizeof(double);
                           msize
          const size t
          mcl init(workers,0x0);
          A = (double*) malloc(size * size * sizeof(double));
          B = (double*) malloc(size * size * sizeof(double));
          C = (double*) malloc(size * size * sizeof(double));
          hdl = (mcl_handle**) malloc(sizeof(mcl_handle*) * rep);
          mcl prg load("./gemmN.cl","-DDOUBLE PRECISION", MCL PRG SRC);
          for(int i=0; i<rep; i++){</pre>
                     hdl[i] = mcl task create();
                     mcl_task_set_kernel(hdl[i], "gemmN", 4);
                     mcl_task_set_arg(hdl[i], 0, \( \lambda \text{oid} \text{*} \) A, msize,
                                                                             MCL ARG INPUT MCL ARG BUFFER);
                     mcl_task_set_arg(hdl[i], 1/, (void*) B, msize,
                                                                             MCL ARG INPUT | MCL ARG BUFFER);
                     mcl_task_set_arg(hdl[i], 2, (void*) &n, sizeof(int), MCL_ARG_INPUT|MCL_ARG_SCALAR);
                     mcl_task_set_arg(hdl[1], 3, (void*) C, msize,
                                                                             MCL ARG OUTPUT | MCL ARG BUFFER);
                     mcl_exec(hdl[i], pes, NULL, MCL_TASK_GPU);
          mcl_wait_all();
          for(i=0; i<rep; i++)</pre>
                     mcl_hdl_free(hdl[i]);
          free(hdl);
          mcl_finit();
```

Queue a task:

- # PEs (global, local)
- Device class or ANY
- Return immediately

Wait for completion

Block until all tasks are completed



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Computational Kernel

- OpenCL source code
 - Same code, many devices
- SPIRV binary IR
 - Same IR, many devices
- Binary (FPGA, NVDLA)
 - Device specific

```
#ifdef DOUBLE PRECISION
#define FPTYPE double
#else
#define FPTYPE float
#endif
 kernel void gemmN( const __global FPTYPE* A,
                     const __global FPTYPE* B, int N,
                     global FPTYPE* C)
          // Thread identifiers
          const int globalRow = get_global_id(0); // Row ID of C (0..N)
          const int globalCol = get global id(1); // Col ID of C (0..N)
          // Compute a single element (loop over K)
          FPTYPE acc = 0.0f;
          for (int k=0; k<N; k++) {</pre>
                     acc += A[globalRow*N + k] * B[k*N + globalCol];
          // Store the result
          C[globalRow*N + globalCol] = acc;
```

GemmN.cl



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MCL "Hello World" 1/2

- Kernel NxN GEMM
- MCL workers: 1,8
- Testbed: NVIDIA DGX-1 V100
 - 8 V100 GPUs
- Device Class: GPU

```
int main(int argc, char** argv)
              double *A, *B, *C;
               int i, j, ret = -1;
              mcl banner("GEMM N Test");
              parse_global_opts(argc, argv);
              mcl_init(1,0x0);
              A = (double*) malloc(size * size * sizeof(double));
              B = (double*) malloc(size * size * sizeof(double));
              C = (double*) malloc(size * size * sizeof(double));
              if(!A || !B || !C){
                              printf("Error allocating vectors. Aborting.");
                              goto err;
               srand48(13579862);
              for(i=0; i<size; ++i){</pre>
                              for(j=0; j<size; ++j){</pre>
                                             A[i*size+j] = (double)(0.5 + drand48()*1.5);
              for(i=0; i<size; ++i){</pre>
                             for(j=0; j<size; ++j){</pre>
                                             B[i*size+j] = (double)(0.5 + drand48()*1.5);
               ret = test_mcl(A,B,C,size);
              mcl_finit();
              free(A);
              free(B);
              free(C);
err:
               return ret;
```



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MCL "Hello World" 2/2

```
int test mcl(double* A, double* B, double* C, size t N)
              struct timespec start, end;
              mcl handle* hdl = NULL;
              uint64_t pes[MCL_DEV_DIMS] = {N, N, 1};
              const size_t msize = N * N * sizeof(double);
              uint64_t i;
              unsigned int errs = 0;
              float rtime;
              int ret;
              printf("MCL Test...");
              clock gettime(CLOCK MONOTONIC,&start);
              mcl_prg_load(hdl, "./gemmN.cl", "-DDOUBLE_PRECISION", MCL_PRG_SRC)
              hdl = mcl_task_create();
              mcl_task_set_kernel(hdl, "gemmN", 4);
              mcl_task_set_arg(hdl, 0, (void*) A, msize, MCL_ARG_INPUT | MCL_ARG_BUFFER);
              mcl_task_set_arg(hdl, 1, (void*) B, msize, MCL_ARG_INPUT | MCL_ARG_BUFFER);
              mcl_task_set_arg(hdl, 3, (void*) C, msize, MCL_ARG_OUTPUT|MCL_ARG_BUFFER);
              ret = mcl exec(hdl, pes, NULL, MCL TASK GPU));
              mcl wait(hdl);
              clock gettime(CLOCK MONOTONIC, &end);
              if(hdl->ret == MCL_RET_ERROR){
                            printf("Error executing task %"PRIu64"!\n", i);
                             errs++:
              if(errs)
                            printf("Detected %u errors!\n",errs);
              else{
                             rtime = ((float)tdiff(end,start))/BILLION;
                            printf("Done.\n Test time : %f seconds\n", rtime);
                            printf(" Throughput: %f tasks/s\n", ((float)rep)/rtime);
              mcl hdl free(hdl);
              return errs;
```

- Execute on a GPU class device
- Could use MCL_TASK_ANY to execute on any device class
- Use either MCL_TASK_ANY (or MCL_TASK_CPU) if running in the tutorial container



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Running MCL "Hello World!"

- Compile application:
 - gcc -Wall -O2 -I\$HOME/include -I. -o example1 example1.c utils.c -L\$HOME/lib -lmcl -lOpenCL -lm -lrt
- Launching the scheduler
 - mcl_sched -p rr &
- Run application
 - ./example1

```
Minos Computing Library
    GEMM N Test
Version:
            0.5
Start time: Fri Feb 26 00:42:07 2021
Parsed options:
           Number of workers
           Type of test
                                 = Async
           Matrix size
                                 = 64
           Number of repetitions = 1
           Type of PEs
           Verify test
                                 = No
MCL Test...Done.
  Test time: 0.007895 seconds
  Throughput: 126.655640 tasks/s
```



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MCL Demo







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MCL Improved "Hello World"

```
int test_mcl(double* A, double* B, double* C, size_t N)
                                                                                                     Execute multiple tasks across all GPUs
              struct timespec start, end;
              mcl handle** hdl = NULL;
              uint64_t pes[MCL_DEV_DIMS] = {N, N, 1};
              const size t msize = N * N * sizeof(double);
              uint64 t i;
              unsigned int errs = 0;
              float rtime;
              int ret;
              printf("MCL Test...");
              hdl = (mcl handle**) malloc(sizeof(mcl handle*) * rep);
              mcl_prg_load(hdl, "./gemmN.cl", DDOUBLE_PRECISION", MCL_PRG_SRC);
              clock gettime(CLOCK MONOTOWIC,&start);
              for(i=0; i<rep; i++){
                            hdl[i] = mcl_task_create();
                            mcl_task_set_kernel(hdl[i], "gemmN", 4);
                            mcl_task_set_arg(hdl[i], 0, (void*) A, msize, MCL_ARG_INPUT|MCL_ARG_BUFFER);
                            mcl_task_set_arg(hdl[i], 1, (void*) B, msize, MCL_ARG_INPUT|MCL_ARG_BUFFER);
                            mcl_task_set_arg(hdl[i], 2, (void*) &N, sizeof(int), MCL_ARG_INPUT|MCL_ARG_SCALAR);
                            mcl_task_set_arg(hdl[i], 3, (void*) C, msize, MCL_ARG_OUTPUT|MCL_ARG_BUFFER);
                            ret = mcl exec(hdl[i], pes, NULL, MCL TASK GPU);
                                                                                                                              Synchronous execution
                            mcl_wait(hdl[i]);
              clock_gettime(CLOCK_MONOTONIC, &end);
              rtime = ((float)tdiff(end,start))/BILLION;
              printf("Done.\n Test time : %f seconds\n", rtime);
              printf(" Throughput: %f tasks/s\n", ((float)rep)/rtime);
              for(i=0; i<rep; i++)</pre>
                            mcl_hdl_free(hdl[i]);
              free(hdl);
              return 0;
```

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Running MCL Improved "Hello World!"

- Compile application:
 - gcc -Wall -O2 -I\$HOME/include -I. -o example2 example2.c utils.c -L\$HOME/lib -lmcl -lOpenCL -lm -lrt
- Launching the scheduler
 - mcl_sched -p rr &
- Run application
 - ./example2 -r 1024

```
Minos Computing Library
    GEMM N Test
Version:
            0.5
Start time: Fri Feb 26 00:42:22 2021
Parsed options:
           Number of workers
           Type of test
                                 = Async
           Matrix size
                                 = 64
           Number of repetitions = 1024
           Type of PEs
           Verify test
                                 = No
MCL Test...Done.
  Test time: 0.354675 seconds
 Throughput: 2887.153076 tasks/s
```

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MCL Asynchronous "Hello World"

```
int test_mcl(double* A, double* B, double* C, size_t N)
                                                                                                    Execute multiple tasks across all GPUs
              struct timespec start, end;
              mcl handle** hdl = NULL;
              uint64_t pes[MCL_DEV_DIMS] = {N, N, 1};
              const size t msize = N * N * sizeof(double);
              uint64 t i;
              unsigned int errs = 0;
                                                                                                                                Multiple workers
              float rtime;
              int ret;
                                                                                                                                run/check tasks in
                                                                                         mcl init(8,0x0);
              printf("MCL Test...");
                                                                                                                                parallel
              hdl = (mcl handle**) malloc(sizeof(mcl handle*) * rep);
              mcl_prg_load(hdl, "./gemmN.cl"___DDOUBLE_PRECISION", MCL_PRG_SRC);
              clock gettime(CLOCK MONOTONIC,&start);
              for(i=0; i<rep; i++){
                           hdl[i] = mcl_task_create();
                           mcl_task_set_kernel(hdl[i], "gemmN", 4);
                           mcl_task_set_arg(hdl[i], 0, (void*) A, msize, MCL_ARG_INPUT|MCL_ARG_BUFFER);
                           mcl task set arg(hdl[i], 1, (void*) B, msize, MCL ARG INPUT|MCL ARG BUFFER);
                           mcl_task_set_arg(hdl[i], 2, (void*) &N, sizeof(int), MCL_ARG_INPUT|MCL_ARG_SCALAR);
                           mcl_task_set_arg(hdl[i], 3, (void*) C, msize, MCL_ARG_OUTPUT|MCL_ARG_BUFFER);
                            ret = mcl exec(hdl[i], pes, NULL, MCL TASK GPU);
              mcl_wait_all();
                                                                                                                       - Asynchronous execution
              clock_gettime(CLOCK_MONOTONIC, &end);
              rtime = ((float)tdiff(end,start))/BILLION;
              printf("Done.\n Test time : %f seconds\n", rtime);
              printf(" Throughput: %f tasks/s\n", ((float)rep)/rtime);
              for(i=0; i<rep; i++)</pre>
                           mcl_hdl_free(hdl[i]);
              free(hdl);
              return 0;
                                                              PPoPP'22 Tutorial
```

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Running MCL Asynchronous "Hello World!"

- Compile application:
 - gcc -Wall -O2 -I\$HOME/include -I. -o example3 example3.c utils.c -L\$HOME/lib -lmcl -lOpenCL -lm -lrt
- Launching the scheduler
 - mcl_sched -p rr &
- Run application
 - ./example3 -r 1024 -w 8

```
Minos Computing Library
    GEMM N Test
Version:
            0.5
Start time: Fri Feb 26 01:13:51 2021
Parsed options:
           Number of workers
                                 = 8
           Type of test
                                 = Async
           Matrix size
                                  = 64
           Number of repetitions = 1024
           Type of PEs
           Verify test
                                  = No
MCL Test...Done.
  Test time: 0.038343 seconds
  Throughput: 26706.570312 tasks/s
```



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Thank you

