

C Programming

Tutorial 4

1. Discuss the difference between the following declarations and the use of them.

- a. `struct astruct { ... };`

- b. `typedef struct { ... } astruct;`

- c. `typedef struct astruct { ... } astruct;`

2. Do you see any problems with the following type definition?

```
typedef struct {  
    char *data;  
    ptr_node next;  
} *ptr_node;
```

3. `int func();` will return an integer. If I want `func()` returns an `int` and a `char`, can you do that? How many solutions can you give?

```
typedef struct {  
    int i;  
    char c;  
} int_char;
```

4. See the following struct type:

```
typedef struct {  
    int i;  
    float f;  
} int_float;  
  
int_float a, b, c;  
  
... /* a and b are defined */  
  
c = func(a, b);
```

Can you write a function func(), which do $c = a + b$?

5. See the following declarations:

```
typedef struct {  
    int i;  
    char c;  
    int ii;  
} int_char_int;
```

```
typedef struct {  
    int i;  
    char c;  
    char cc;  
    int ii;  
} int_char_char_int;
```

Can you tell the size of the two user-defined types on a 32-bit machine?

6. Discuss the difference between Structure and Union?

7. See the following enumeration declaration:

```
typedef enum day {mon, tue, wed, ... } day;  
day today;  
...
```

Can you print out "mon", "tue", "wed", ..., using the integral values behind them?

8. Do you see any problems from the following statements?

```
char a1[] = "ABCD", a2[] = "abcdef", a3[] = "12345";
```

```
strcpy(a1, a2);
```

```
strcat(a2, a3);
```