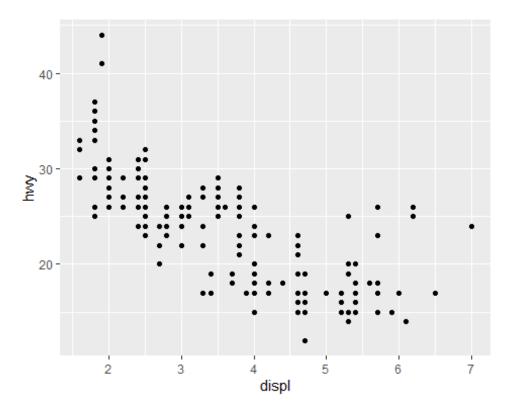
Chapter2: Overview

songminsoo

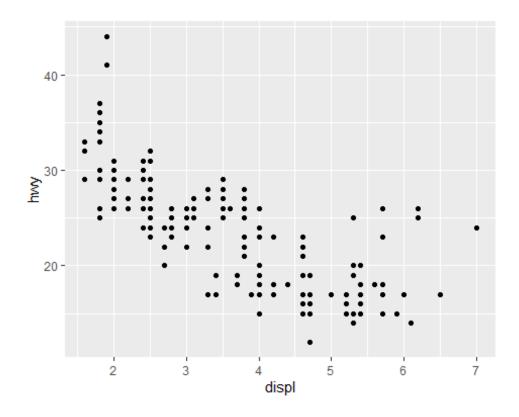
2.3 ggplot2's 3 key component

- 1. data
- 2. aesthetic mappings: between variable in the data and visual properties
- 3. geom: how to render each obs. layers are usaually created with a geom function

```
library(ggplot2)
ggplot(mpg, aes(x=displ, y=hwy))+
  geom_point()
```

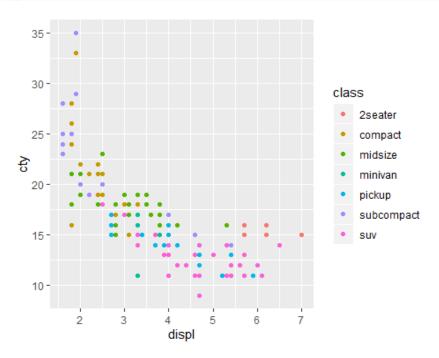


```
# without x, y notation
ggplot(mpg, aes(displ, hwy))+
  geom_point()
```

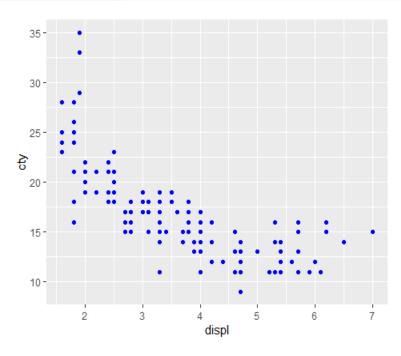


2.4 colour, size, shape and others

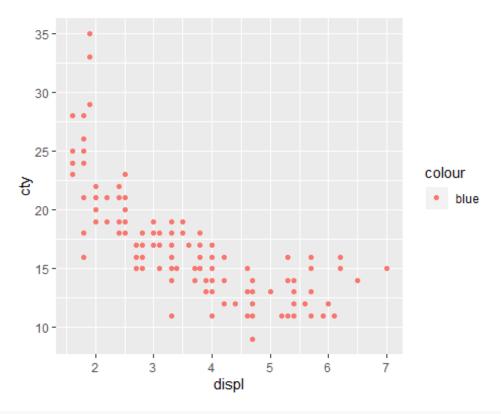
```
ggplot(mpg, aes(displ,cty,colour = class))+
  geom_point()
```



ggplot(mpg, aes(displ,cty))+
 geom_point(colour = 'blue')



```
ggplot(mpg, aes(displ,cty)) +
  geom_point(aes(colour = 'blue'))
```

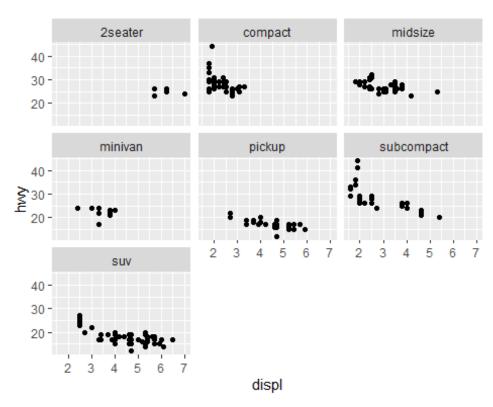


they are all different. we will see this later.

2.5 Facetting

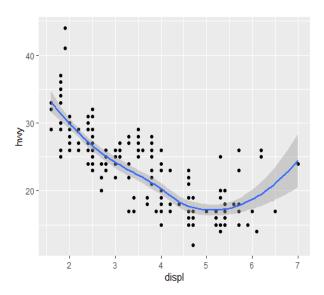
- displaying additional categorical variables on a plot
- creates tables of graphics by splitting the data into subsets and displaying the same graph for each subset
- two types of facetting: grid & wrapped
- see more details later

```
ggplot(mpg, aes(displ, hwy))+
  geom_point()+
  facet_wrap(~class)
```

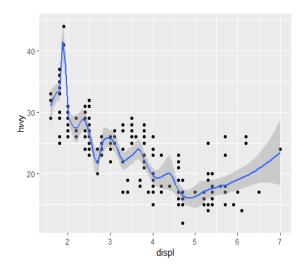


2.6 plot Geoms

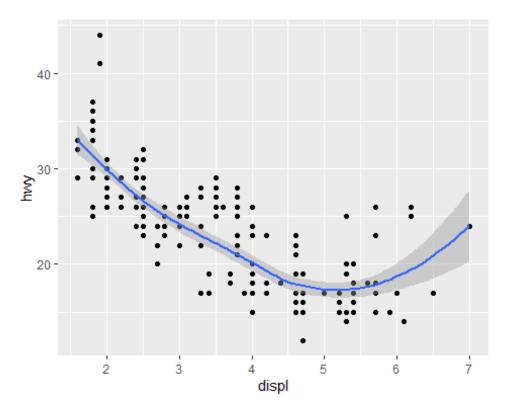
```
# add a smoothing
ggplot(mpg, aes(displ, hwy))+
  geom_point()+
  geom_smooth()
## `geom_smooth()` using method = 'loess' and formula 'y ~ x'
```



```
# method = 'Loess'
ggplot(mpg, aes(displ, hwy))+
  geom_point()+
  geom_smooth(span=0.2)
## `geom_smooth()` using method = 'loess' and formula 'y ~ x'
```



```
ggplot(mpg, aes(displ, hwy))+
  geom_point()+
  geom_smooth(span=0.8)
## `geom_smooth()` using method = 'loess' and formula 'y ~ x'
```

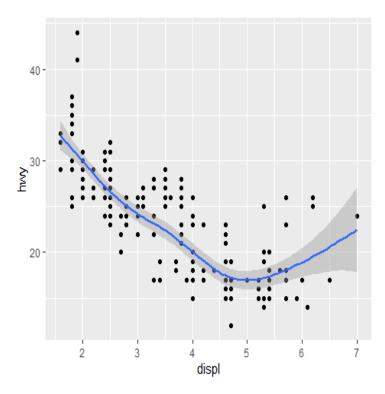


```
# method = 'gam'
# when n > 1000
library(mgcv)

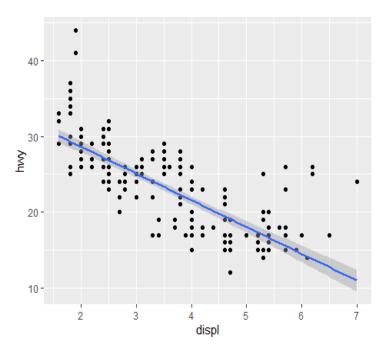
## Loading required package: nlme

## This is mgcv 1.8-31. For overview type 'help("mgcv-package")'.

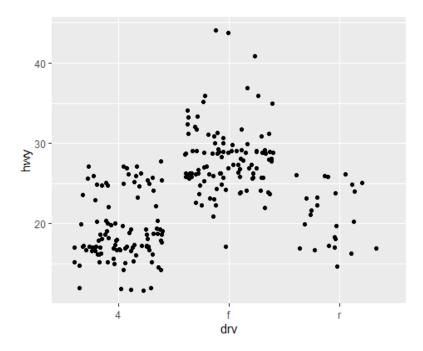
ggplot(mpg, aes(displ, hwy))+
  geom_point()+
  geom_smooth(method='gam',formula = y~s(x))
```



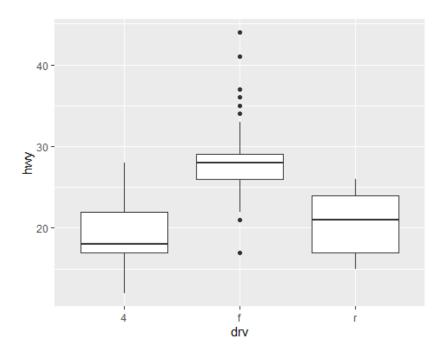
```
# method = 'lm'
ggplot(mpg, aes(displ, hwy))+
  geom_point()+
  geom_smooth(method = 'lm')
```



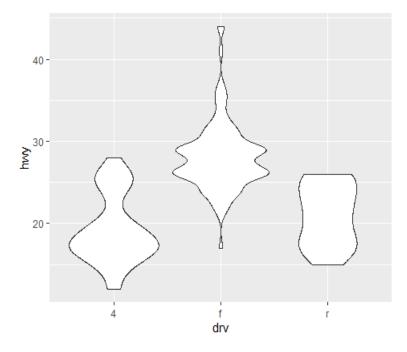
```
# Boxplot & Jittered points
ggplot(mpg, aes(drv, hwy))+
geom_jitter()
```



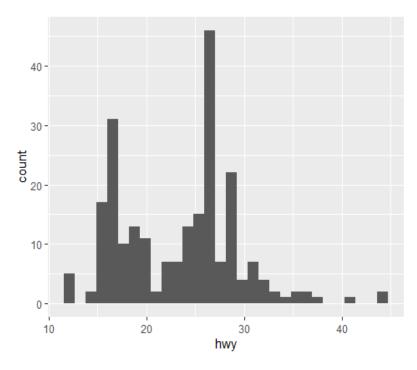
ggplot(mpg, aes(drv, hwy))+
 geom_boxplot()



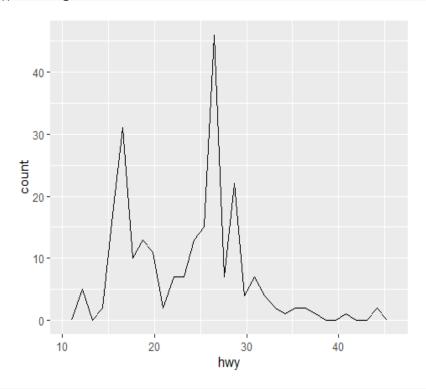
```
ggplot(mpg, aes(drv, hwy))+
  geom_violin()
```



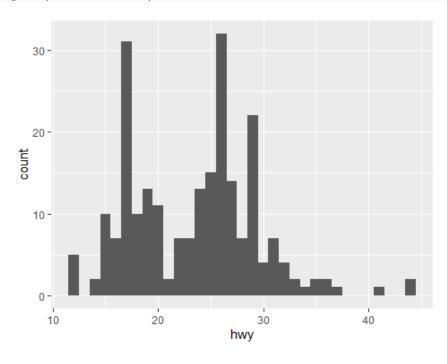
```
# Histogram, polygons
ggplot(mpg, aes(hwy)) + geom_histogram()
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
```



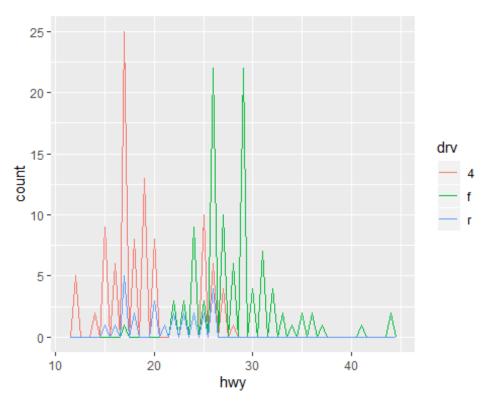
```
ggplot(mpg, aes(hwy)) + geom_freqpoly()
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
```



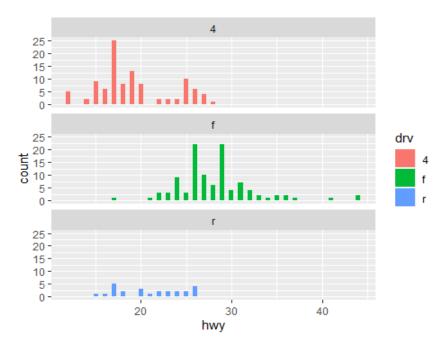
ggplot(mpg, aes(hwy)) + geom_histogram(binwidth = 1)



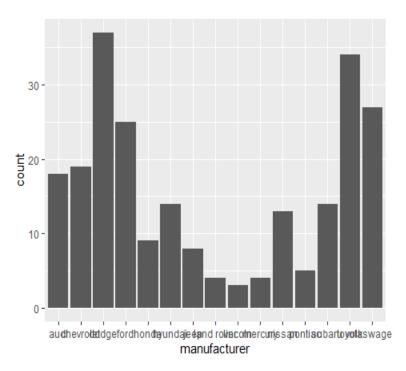
```
ggplot(mpg, aes(hwy, colour=drv)) +
  geom_freqpoly(binwidth = 0.5)
```



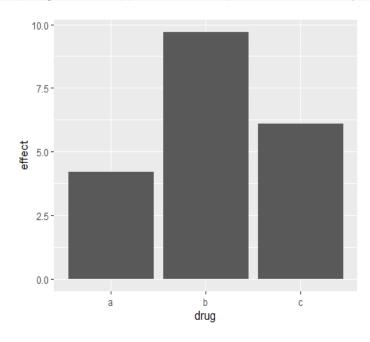
```
ggplot(mpg, aes(hwy, fill=drv)) +
  geom_histogram(binwidth = 0.5) +
  facet_wrap(~drv, ncol = 1)
```



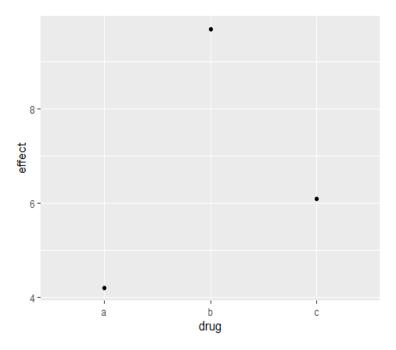
```
# Bar
## not for summary data
## for count plot
ggplot(mpg, aes(manufacturer))+
  geom_bar()
```



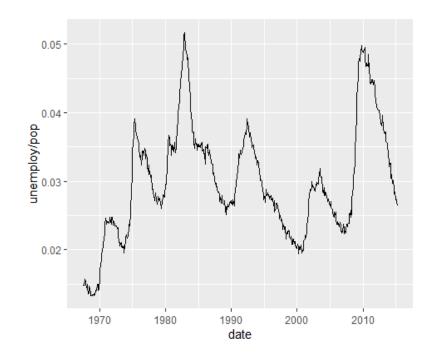
```
# to use in summaried data
drugs <- data.frame(drug = c("a", "b", "c"),effect = c(4.2, 9.7, 6.1))
ggplot(drugs, aes(drug, effect)) + geom_bar(stat = "identity")</pre>
```



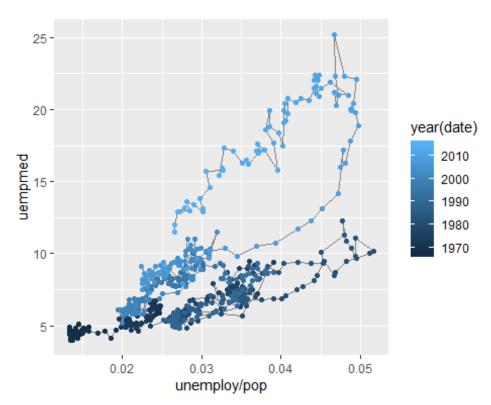
```
## u can use point plot
ggplot(drugs, aes(drug, effect)) + geom_point()
```



```
# line & path plot
## line : x-axis is usaully time
## path : two variables with time
ggplot(economics, aes(date, unemploy/pop))+
  geom_line()
```

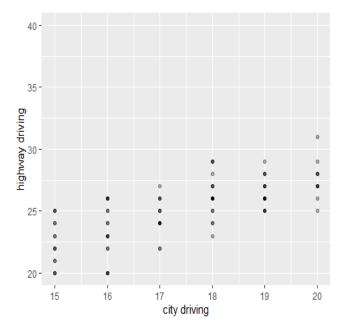


```
year = function(x) as.POSIXlt(x)$year + 1900
ggplot(economics, aes(unemploy / pop, uempmed)) +
  geom_path(colour = 'grey50') +
  geom_point(aes(colour = year(date)))
```

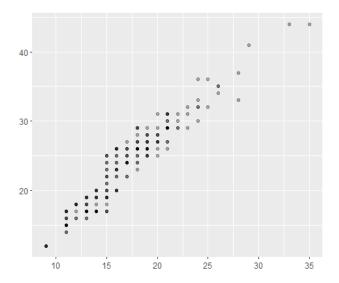


2.7 Modifying the axes

```
ggplot(mpg, aes(cty, hwy)) +
  geom_point(alpha = 0.3) +
  xlab('city driving') +
  ylab('highway driving') +
  xlim(15,20) +
  ylim(20,40)
```

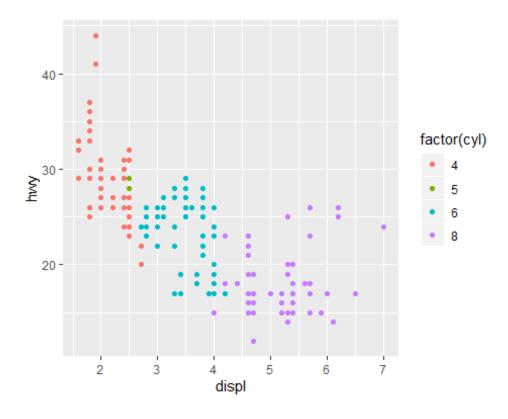


```
ggplot(mpg, aes(cty, hwy)) +
  geom_point(alpha = 0.3) +
  xlab(NULL) + # u can remove the xlab, ylab by NULL
  ylab(NULL)
```



2.8 Output

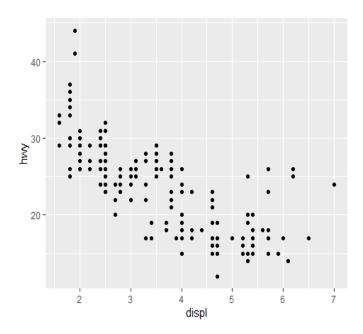
```
p = ggplot(mpg, aes(displ, hwy, colour = factor(cyl)))+
  geom_point()
print(p)
```



```
# save
ggsave('plot.png', width = 5, height = 5)
# summmary
summary(p)
## data: manufacturer, model, displ, year, cyl, trans, drv, cty, hwy, fl,
     class [234x11]
## mapping: x = \sim displ, y = \sim hwy, colour = \sim factor(cyl)
## faceting: <ggproto object: Class FacetNull, Facet, gg>
       compute layout: function
##
##
       draw back: function
       draw front: function
##
##
       draw_labels: function
##
       draw_panels: function
##
       finish_data: function
##
       init_scales: function
##
       map data: function
##
       params: list
##
       setup_data: function
##
       setup_params: function
       shrink: TRUE
##
##
       train_scales: function
##
       vars: function
##
       super: <ggproto object: Class FacetNull, Facet, gg>
## --
## geom_point: na.rm = FALSE
## stat identity: na.rm = FALSE
## position_identity
```

2.9 Quick plot

```
# using aplot() -> picking a geom by default
# not that recommeded
aplot(displ, hwy, data = mpg)
```



qplot(displ, data = mpg)
`stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.

