

V2.3 LBE Specification

1. Overview

The Permissionless Liquidity Bootstrapping Event (LBE) is a major initiative by [Minswap](#), supported by [Project Catalyst](#). The goal of the LBE is to facilitate a fair-price liquidity bootstrapping event for projects that wish to launch a token on Cardano.

For more information, refer to:

- [Minswap Liquidity Bootstrapping for DAOs](#).
- [Introducing the Minswap Launch Bowl](#).

2. The LBE Parameters:

Various parameters are to be determined for projects to configure before launching their tokens. These will depend on the project's needs, and must also reflect their communities' needs.

Therefore, we propose the following parameters:

- **Base Asset:** (require) Asset project aims to list. Example: MIN, FLDT, ...
- **Reserve Base:** (require) The amount of *Base Asset* that project provided. The main goal of this Reserve Base is to create an AMM Pool.
- **Raise Asset:** (require) Asset project aims to raise. Example: ADA, USDC, ...
- **Start Time:** (require) The start time of the discovery phase.
- **End Time:** (require) The end time of the discovery phase.
- **Owner:** (require) The address of project's owner.
- ~~**Receiver:** (require) Project's LP token receiving address.~~
- ~~**Receiver Datum Hash:** (optional) The Datum Hash of the output after returning the LP token to the project.~~
- ~~**Allocation List:** (optional) The rule defines how many funds will go to pool.~~
- **Minimum Order Amount:** (optional) Minimum amount in a single order.
- **Minimum Raise:** (optional) The minimum amount expected to raise. If the amount of *Raise Asset* is lower than this threshold, the LBE will be canceled.
- **Maximum Raise:** (optional) The maximum amount of raise asset expected to raise. If the amount of *Raise Asset* exceed this threshold, the excess amount should be returned to the users.
- **Penalty Config:** (optional) Penalty on participants for early withdrawal.
- **Revocable:** (optional) The project owner has the ability to cancel the LBE during the discovery phase.

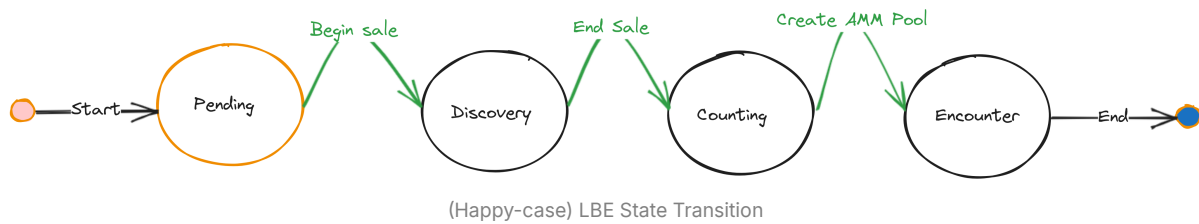
3. Specifications

3.1. Architecture

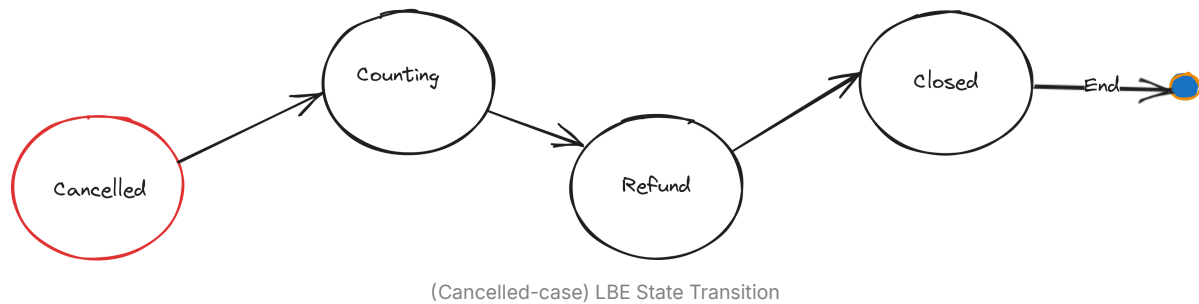
3.1.1 LBE State Transition:

- Happy-case scenario: the LBE is successful:
 1. The new LBE has been initialized (Pending Phase).
 2. During the discovery phase, users have the ability to create orders (Discovery Phase).
 3. Once the discovery phase concludes, order creation is no longer possible. At this point, the system starts gathering Manager, Seller, and Order UTxOs for calculation, as well as funds for setting up the AMM pool (Counting Phase).

4. Upon successful creation of the pool, users start receiving their LP tokens (Encounter Phase).



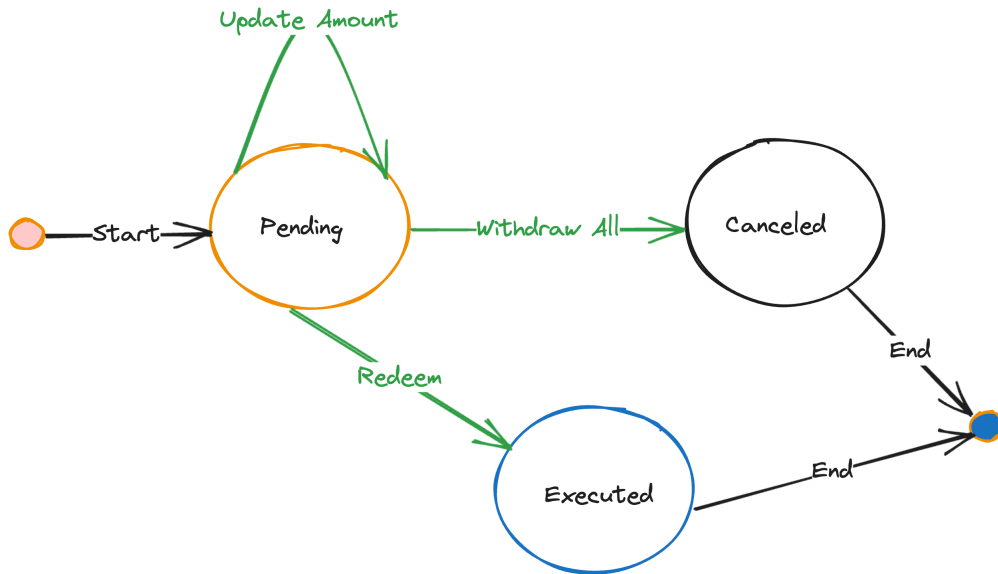
- Cancelled-case scenario: the LBE is cancelled:
 - The LBE has been cancelled (Cancelled).
 - After the LBE is cancelled, it's no longer possible to create orders. The system then begins to gather Manager, Seller, and Order UTXOs for computations, along with funds intended for refunding to users (Counting).
 - Refunding to users (Refund).
 - Once all users have received their refunds, the project owner is able to close the LBE (Close).



- Scenarios leading to the cancellation of LBE:
 - Prior to the discovery phase, the project owner intends to cancel LBE.
 - During the discovery phase, the project owner plans to terminate the LBE.
 - Before the encounter phase, the AMM Pool has already been created.

3.1.2 Order State Transition

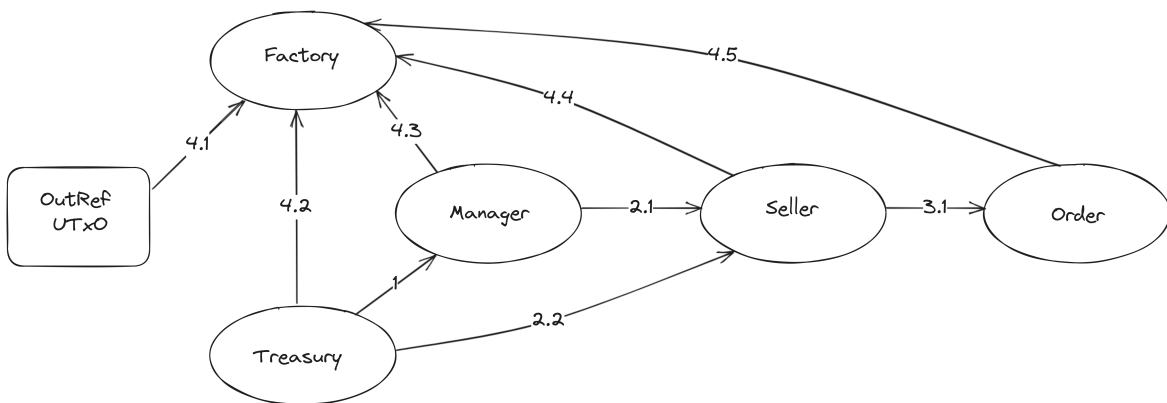
- Please refer to the following diagram for each deposit:



Order State Transition

3.1.3 Parameterized Validators

The LBE validators consist of a collection of parameterized validators. It's crucial to apply these parameters to each validator in a specific sequence.



- Order Validator:

```
-- ValidatorHash of Seller Validator
seller_hash: ValidatorHash
```

- Each Order UTxO functions as a purchase receipt for a user. It logs the order details, secures the user's funds, and stands ready for the Seller to collect.

- Seller Validator:

```
-- ValidatorHash of Manager Validator
manager_hash: ValidatorHash
-- ValidatorHash of Treasury Validator
treasury_hash: ValidatorHash
```

- Seller is similar to a seller giving a bill to a customer. The Seller understands how much Raise Asset they've gotten and the quantity of the penalty.

- Take responsibility for validate logic create | update order.
- Manager Validator:


```
-- ValidatorHash of Treasury Validator
treasury_hash: ValidatorHash
```

 - Every LBE has 1 Manager UTxO.
 - Manager is similar to a supervisor overseeing sellers. They're aware of the total number of sellers, and after counting all the sellers, they can determine the total funds raised and the total penalty amount.
 - Take responsibility for validate logic for add more sellers and collect sellers.
- Treasury Validator:
 - Each Treasury UTxO present for different LBE, 1 LBE has 1 Treasury UTxO.
 - The Treasury Datum holds LBE parameters.
 - With Treasury Datum, we can know the state of LBE.
 - In discovery phase, Treasury UTxO is a reference input, ensure Manager, Sellers work correctly.
 - Treasury UTxO use as input to create AMM pool.
 - Act like a Treasury. Ensure the use of these funds is correct.
- Factory Validator:


```
-- a reference of an UTxO,
-- ensure redeemer `Initialization` be called only one.
out_ref: OutputReference
-- ValidatorHash of Treasury Validator
treasury_hash: ValidatorHash
-- ValidatorHash of Manager Contract
manager_hash: ValidatorHash
-- ValidatorHash of Seller Validator
seller_hash: ValidatorHash
-- ValidatorHash of Order Validator
order_hash: ValidatorHash
```

 - Each **Factory** UTxO is a node of **Factory Linked List**.
 - Factory is a Minting Policy, that response for minting all Authenticate Tokens.
 - Factory Spend Validator will validate logic Create or Close a LBE.
 - Additionally, the Factory is a representative that handles the logic of checking the correctness of *Collecting | Redeeming | Refunding Orders*.

3.2 Interaction Flow for Validators

3.2.1 Happy-Case Flow

1. Project Owner start LBE by creating Treasury, Manager, Sellers and adding 1 node to Factory Linked List.
2. Users create Orders.
3. Manager collects all Sellers.
4. Treasury collects Manager.
5. Treasury collects all Orders.

6. Treasury create AMM Pool, also return LP Tokens to Project.

7. Treasury return LP Tokens to Users.

3.2.2 Cancelling Flow

1. Project Owner updates Treasury `is_cancelled == True`

2. Manager collects all Sellers.

3. Treasury collects Manager.

4. Treasury collects all Orders if any.

5. Treasury refund to Users if any.

6. Project Owner close event.

3.3 Tokens

Notes:

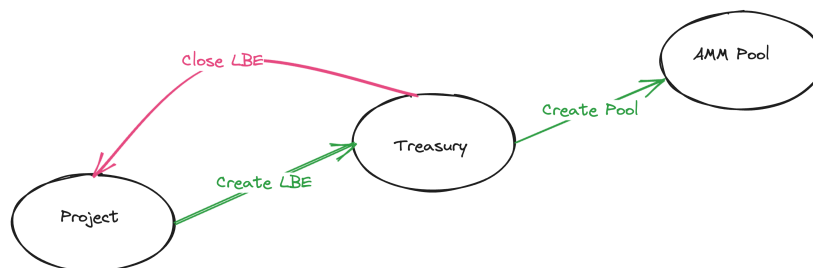
- There are 5 types of authenticate tokens corresponding exactly to 5 validators.
- Each Legitimate UTxO must always contains exactly 1 Authenticate Token. Example: Order UTxO contains 1 `Order Token`.

Token	Policy ID	Asset Name	Explain
Factory Token	Factory Policy ID	factory_auth_an	check legitimate <code>Factory</code> UTxO
Treasury Token	Factory Policy ID	treasury_auth_an	check legitimate <code>Treasury</code> UTxO
Manager Token	Factory Policy ID	manager_auth_an	check legitimate <code>Manager</code> UTxO
Seller Token	Factory Policy ID	seller_auth_an	check legitimate <code>Seller</code> UTxO
Order Token	Factory Policy ID	order_auth_an	check legitimate <code>Order</code> UTxO
LP Token	AMM Authen Policy ID	lp asset	LP Tokens for redeeming to users
AMM Pool Authen Token	AMM Authen Policy ID	amm_pool_auth_asset_name	check legitimate <code>AMM Pool</code> UTxO
AMM Factory Authen Token	AMM Authen Policy ID	amm_factory_auth_asset_name	check legitimate <code>AMM Factory</code> UTxO

- Besides Authentication tokens, *Base Asset*, *Raise Asset*, *LP Token* are essential to successfully setting up an LBE. The three diagrams that follow illustrate the cash flow associated with these tokens:

- Base Asset:

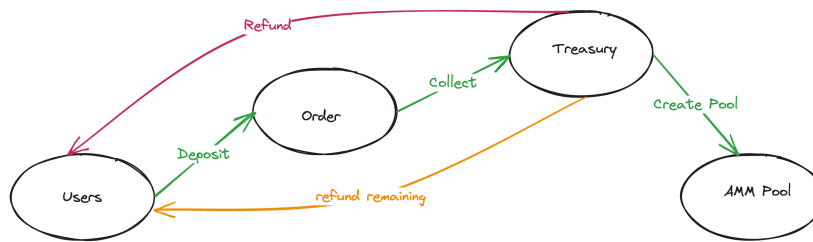
- The project deposits their *Base Asset* funds into the Treasury to create a LBE.
- Pass-Case: Treasury use *Base Asset* funds to create AMM Pool.
- Fail-Case: Treasury return *Base Asset* funds to Project to close LBE.



Base Asset Cash-Flow Diagram

- Raise Asset:

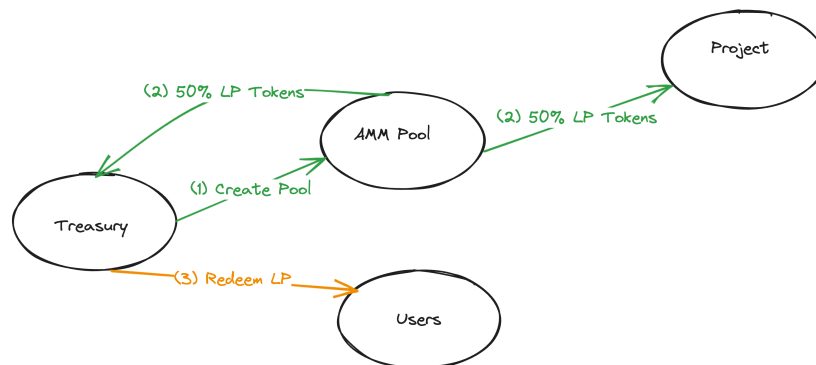
- Users deposit their *Raise Asset* funds into Order to create an order.
- After discovery phase or the LBE is cancelled, Treasury will collect funds from Orders.
- Pass-Case: Treasury use *Raise Asset* funds to create AMM Pool.
- Fail-Case: Treasury return *Raise Asset* funds to Users.
- There is one edge case where users may receive a remaining *Raise Asset* amount. This occurs when the total raised exceeds the *Maximum Raise* amount. In such instances, each user will receive the same percentage of their deposit as LP Tokens, and the remaining *Raise Asset* will be returned to them. For instance, if project A aims to raise a maximum of 10M ADA and users deposit a total of 11M ADA, then 10M ADA will be used to create a pool. The remaining 1M ADA will be returned to the users.



Raise Asset Cash-Flow Diagram

LP Token:

- Treasury use *Base Asset*, *Raise Asset* funds to create Pool.
- 50% LP Tokens return to Project and 50% remains back to Treasury.
- Treasury redeem LP Tokens to Users.



LP Token Cash-Flow Diagram

3.4 Validator

3.4.1 Order Validator

3.4.1.1 Structure

- Parameters: *(described above)*
- Purpose: Spend
- ▼ Redeemer:

```

OrderRedeemer {
  // Update Order Amount
  UpdateOrder
  // Feed Type

```

```
CollectOrder
// Feed Type
RedeemOrder
}
```

▼ Datum:

```
OrderDatum {
  // ValidatorHash of Factory Validator
  factory_policy_id: PolicyId,
  // Asset aims to list
  base_asset: Asset,
  // Asset aims to raise
  raise_asset: Asset,
  // Update order require owner authorize
  // System will redeem | refund to owner address
  owner: Address,
  // Amount of Raise Asset
  amount: Int,
  // Default is False. Become True after Order is collected by Treasury
  is_collected: Bool,
  // Amount of Raise Asset being penalty.
  // Default is zero.
  penalty_amount: Int,
}
```

3.4.1.2 Notes

- Everyone can deposit *Raise Asset* into the Order Validator Address to participate in the LBE.
- The Order Validator manages user's order information, including funds and details. The Order UTxO maintains the user's funds, while the Order Datum stores details such as "Owner, Amount, Total Penalty".
- Users can create or update orders during the *discovery phase* as long as the LBE is not *cancelled*.

▼ 3.4.1.3 Validation

- **UpdateOrder** :
 - This redeemer is invoked when a user wants to update their orders. Users can either increase or decrease the order amount. The transaction will use the previous order input and create a new order output with the updated amount. If a user wishes to withdraw the entire amount, no new order output is created. If a user reduces the order amount after the *Penalty Start Time* begins, a penalty will be applied.
 - The validation is delegate to **Seller** Validator. This transaction must include a Seller UTxO and Seller redeemer **UsingSeller** should be invoked → Check Seller Validation for details.
- **CollectOrder** :
 - This is *feed-type* redeemer. Actually, anything except **UpdateOrder** can trigger this redeemer.
 - This transaction involves looking up uncollected orders and using them to accumulate *Raise Asset* funds into the Treasury Value. The process is complete when all orders have been collected. This is confirmed when **TreasuryDatum** ensures that `collected_fund == reserve_raise + total_penalty`.
 - The validation is delegate to **Factory** Withdrawal Validator → Check Factory Validation for details.
- **RedeemOrder** :
 - This is *feed-type* redeemer. Actually, anything except **UpdateOrder** can trigger this redeemer.

- The validation is delegate to `Factory` Withdrawal Validator → Check Factory Validation for details.

3.4.2 Seller Validator

3.4.2.1 Structure

- Parameters: *(described above)*
- Purpose: `Spend`

▼ Redeemer

```
pub type SellerRedeemer {
    // use a seller for create | update orders
    UsingSeller
    // Collect Seller UTxOs
    CountingSeller
}
```

▼ Datum

```
pub type SellerDatum {
    // ValidatorHash of Factory Validator
    factory_policy_id: PolicyId,
    // Asset aims to list
    base_asset: Asset,
    // Asset aims to raise
    raise_asset: Asset,
    // Total amount this seller manage. It can be negative
    amount: Int,
    // Total penalty amount this seller manage. It can be negative
    penalty_amount: Int,
}
```

3.4.2.2 Notes

- Every action that changes orders, such as creating new ones or updating, must go through Seller Validation.
- The `amount` and `penalty_amount` values in Seller Datum can be negative.
- Total Reserve Raise calculate by collecting all Sellers:

$$\text{total_reserve_raise} = \sum_{s \in \text{sellors}} (s.\text{amount} + s.\text{penalty_amount})$$

3.4.2.3 Validation

- `UsingSeller` :
 - The LBE is not cancelled.
 - Validate Output:
 - Paying Order Outputs correctly!
 - Paying Seller Output correctly!
 - Find exactly 1 treasury reference input to get information about LBE(Is it in discovery phase)
 - seller, orders have the same LBE ID with treasury's LBE ID.
 - Valid time range of Tx in discovery phase

- penalty config of this LBE.
- Find n Order inputs then calculate the total amount and penalty in all of those inputs.
- Find m Order outputs then calculate the total amount and penalty in all of those outputs.
- The Validator will calculate the amount deposited or withdrawn from a transaction (Tx) by comparing the total amounts in order inputs and outputs.
 - This delta is used to update the amount in the Seller Datum.
 - The same delta is also applied to calculate the penalty (determined by the amount of LBE withdrawn during penalty time) generated in this transaction.
- Check the number of `Order Tokens` minted or burned based on the number of Order Input and Order Output.
- `CountingSeller` :
 - In this action, the Manager will collect the Seller. Upon doing so, the Manager will gather information obtained from the Seller.
 - The validation is delegate to `Manager` Validator. This transaction must include a Manager UTxO and Manager redeemer `ManageSeller` should be invoked → Check Manager Validation for details.

3.4.3 Manager Validator

3.4.3.1 Structure

- Parameters: *(described above)*
- Purpose: `Spend`
- ▼ Redeemer:

```
pub type ManagerRedeemer {
  // Add more Seller UTxOs
  AddSellers
  // Collect Seller UTxOs
  CollectSellers
  // Collect Manager UTxO
  SpendManager
}
```

- ▼ Datum:

```
pub type ManagerDatum {
  // ValidatorHash of Factory Validator
  factory_policy_id: PolicyId,
  // Asset aims to list
  base_asset: Asset,
  // Asset aims to raise
  raise_asset: Asset,
  // The current number of seller utxo
  seller_count: Int,
  // The total amount the manager collected from sellers. \
  // Initially is zero. Changes when collecting sellers.
  reserve_raise: Int,
  // The total penalty amount the manager collected from sellers. \
  // Initially is zero. Changes when collecting sellers.
}
```

```
total_penalty: Int,
}
```

3.4.3.2 Notes

- The Manager has the responsibility to create the Seller before the discovery phase ends and collect all Sellers. When collecting Sellers, the Manager will also be responsible for calculating the total raise and penalty from all Sellers. After the Manager collects all Sellers, the Manager will also have the total raise and total penalty of this LBE.

3.4.3.3 Validation

- **AddSellers** :
 - **seller_count** increase
 - Mint **Seller Token**
- **CollectSellers** :
 - Burn **Seller Token**
 - **seller_count** decrease:

$$seller_count_out = seller_count_in - seller_input_count$$

- The manager will aggregate the amounts from the Seller to know the total raise of LBE:

$$reserve_raise_out = reserve_raise_in + \sum(seller.amount)$$

- The manager will calculate the seller's total penalty amount to determine the overall penalty of the LBE:

$$total_penalty_out = total_penalty_in + \sum(seller.penalty_amount)$$

- **SpendManager** :
 - With this redeemer, after collecting all Sellers, the Treasury will collect the Manager to know the total amount of raise and penalty of this LBE.
 - Validate there is exactly 1 Treasury Input using the **CollectManager** redeemer. This action will delegate to the Treasury Validator with the redeemer being **CollectManager**.

3.4.4 Treasury Validator

3.4.4.1 Structure

- Parameters: *(described above)*
- Purpose: **Spend**
- ▼ Redeemer:

```
pub type TreasuryRedeemer {
  // collect manager to update reserve_raise and total_penalty
  CollectManager
  // collect amount, penalty_amount from orders
  CollectOrders
  // Create AMM Pool
  CreateAmmPool
  // redeem LP Tokens or refund if cancel
  RedeemOrders
  // Close event when LBE is cancelled and finished counting, refund.
  CloseEvent
}
```

```

    // Cancel the LBE base on reason
    CancelLBE { reason: CancelReason }
    // update LBE Parameters before discovery phase
    UpdateLBE
}

```

▼ Datum:

```

pub type TreasuryDatum {
    // Protocol Info
    // ValidatorHash of Factory Validator
    factory_policy_id: PolicyId,
    // ValidatorHash of Manager Validator
    manager_hash: ValidatorHash,
    // ValidatorHash of Seller Validator
    seller_hash: ValidatorHash,
    // ValidatorHash of Order Validator
    order_hash: ValidatorHash,
    // Total fund accumulate by collecting orders (amount, penalty).
    // It increases when collect orders, descreases when redeem LP or refund
    collected_fund: Int,
    // LBE Parameters
    // Asset aims to list
    base_asset: Asset,
    // Asset aims to raise
    raise_asset: Asset,
    // The start time of discovery phase
    start_time: Int,
    // The end time of discovery phase
    end_time: Int,
    // Project Owner Address
    owner: Address,
    // Minimum amount in a order.
    minimum_order_raise: Option<Int>,
    // The minimum amount expected to raise.
    // If raised amount less than this threshold, the LBE will be cancelled.
    minimum_raise: Option<Int>,
    // The maximum amount expected to raise.
    // If raised amount exceed this threadhold, \
    //   the excess amount should be returned to the users.
    maximum_raise: Option<Int>,
    // Amont of Base Asset use to create Pool.
    reserve_base: Int,
    penalty_config: Option<PenaltyConfig>,
    // Indicates whether project's owner can cancel LBE during discovery phase.
    revocable: Bool,
    // Total Order Amount. Increasing when collect orders.
    reserve_raise: Int,
    // Total Order's penalty amount. Increasing when collect orders.
    total_penalty: Int,
    // Amount LP Tokens will distribute to users.
    total_liquidity: Int,
    // Indicates whether the LBE has cancelled.
    is_cancelled: Bool,
}

```

```
// Indicates whether the manager has collected
is_manager_collected: Bool,
}
```

3.4.4.2 Notes

3.4.4.3 Validation

- `CollectManager` :
- `CollectOrders` :
- `CreateAmmPool` :
 - `total_reserve_raise` is the amount of *Raise Asset* use to create Pool.
 - `total_reserve_raise` cannot greater than Maximum Raise threshold.
- `RedeemOrders` :
- `CloseEvent` :
 - Ensure transaction has 2 Factory Inputs.
 - The validation is delegate to `Factory` Spend Validator → Check Factory Validation for details.
- `CancelLBE { reason: CancelReason }` :
- `UpdateLBE` :
 - The LBE can only be updated before the start of the discovery phase.
 - The LBE can only be updated if it has not been cancelled.
 - The Project Owner must authorize the transaction.
 - Project Owner can update LBE Parameter fields except for the *Base Asset*, *Raise Asset* field. This is because the LBE ID cannot be updated once the LBE has been created.
 - The transaction does not mint anything.
 - The new Treasury Output must follow the same validation as creating a new LBE (value, datum).

3.4.5 Factory Validator

3.4.4.1 Structure

- Parameters: (*described above*)
- Purpose: `Spend`
- ▼ Redeemer:

```
pub type FactoryRedeemer {
  Initialization
  CreateTreasury { base_asset: Asset, raise_asset: Asset }
  CloseTreasury { base_asset: Asset, raise_asset: Asset }
  MintManager
  MintSeller
  BurnSeller
  MintOrder
  MintRedeemOrders
  // Withdrawal Purpose
  ManageOrder
}
```

- ▼ Datum:

```
pub type FactoryDatum {
  head: ByteArray,
  tail: ByteArray,
}
```

3.4.4.2 Notes

- The Factory Minting Policy is responsible for minting authentic tokens.
- The Factory Spending Validator manages the Factory Linked List, used to create or close an LBE.
- The Factory Withdrawal Validator is an optimized solution.

3.4.4.3 Validation

- **Initialization** : Run once, initialize the factory linked list.
- **MintManager** : Mint or burn Manager Token.
- **MintSeller** : Mint Seller Token.
- **BurnSeller** : Burn Seller Token.
- **MintOrder** : Mint Order Token.
- **MintRedeemOrders** : Burn Order Tokens.
- **ManageOrder** : Optimize for collecting orders and redeeming orders.
- **CreateTreasury { base_asset: Asset, raise_asset: Asset }** : Create a new LBE, add node to Factory Linked List.
- **CloseTreasury { base_asset: Asset, raise_asset: Asset }** : Close LBE, remove node from Factory Linked List.

3.5 Transaction

Notes:

- All Validator Inputs, Outputs require containing 1 Authenticate Token (Ex: Order Input Value must contains 1 **Order Token**). Therefore, the documentation below will omit the representation of Authenticate Token in the Value.
- All Validator Inputs and Outputs must contain a default ADA amount (for example, Order UTxO requires **order_minimum_ada** to be locked). Therefore, the documentation below will omit the representation of default ADA amount in the Value.
- All Validator Inputs and Outputs have **Reference Script is None** . This prevents UTxO from becoming heavy.

3.5.1 Initialization

Actor	Inputs	Outputs	Redeemer	Mint
Admin	OutRef UTxO	Change UTxOs		
Authen				
Factory		Factory Output	Initialization	+1 Factory Token

▼ Factory Output

- Datum:

```
FactoryDatum {
  head: "00",
  tail: "ffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffff00",
}
```

3.5.2 Create LBE

Notes:

- "n" is `default_number_seller`, defined in the code-base.
- `lp_asset_name` is asset name of AMM Pool LP Token compute from `base_asset, raise_asset`.
- `default_manager_datum` is default `ManagerDatum`, check function `build_default_manager_output` in code-base for details.
- `default_seller_datum` is default `SellerDatum`, check function `build_default_seller_output` in code-base for details.

Actor	Inputs	Outputs	Redeemer	Mint
Project's Owner	Project Input	Change UTxOs		
Factory	Factory Input	Factory Output 1 Factory Output 2	CreateTreasury { base_asset, raise_asset }	+1 Factory Token +1 Treasury Token +1 Manager Token +n Seller Token
Manager		Manager Output		
Seller		n Seller Outputs		
Treasury		Treasury Output		

▼ Project Input

- Value contains `reserve_base` amount of `Base Asset`

▼ Factory Input

- Datum:
 - `head`
 - `tail`
- Condition: `head < lp_asset_name < tail`

▼ Factory Output 1

- Datum:
 - `head`
 - `lp_asset_name`

▼ Factory Output 2

- Datum:
 - `lp_asset_name`
 - `tail`

▼ Manager Output

- Datum equals `default_manager_datum`

▼ Seller Outputs

- `default_number_seller` Seller Outputs
- Datum equals `default_seller_datum`

▼ Treasury Output

- Value contains `reserve_base` amount of `Base Asset`
- Datum: check code-base for details.

3.5.3 Update LBE

Actor	Inputs	Outputs	Redeemer	Notes
Project's Owner				require authorize
Treasury	Treasury Input	Treasury Output	UpdateLBE	

3.5.4 Cancel LBE

3.5.4.1 Cancel By CreatedPool

Actor	Ref Input	Inputs	Outputs	Redeemer
AMM Pool	AMM Pool Reference Input			
Treasury		Treasury Input	Treasury Output	CancelLBE(CreatedPool)

3.5.4.2 Cancel By NotReachMinimum

Actor	Inputs	Outputs	Redeemer
Treasury	Treasury Input	Treasury Output	CancelLBE(NotReachMinimum)

3.5.4.3 Cancel By ByOwner

Actor	Inputs	Outputs	Redeemer	Notes
Project's Owner				require authorize
Treasury	Treasury Input	Treasury Output	CancelLBE(ByOwner)	

3.5.5 Close LBE

Actor	Inputs	Outputs	Redeemer	Mint
Treasury	Treasury Input	Treasury Output	CloseEvent	
Factory	Factory Input 1 Factory Input 2	Factory Output	CloseTreasury	-1 Factory Token -1 Treasury Token

3.5.6 Add new Seller

Actor	Ref Input	Inputs	Outputs	Redeemer	Mint
Treasury	Treasury Ref Input				
Manager		Manager Input	Manager Output	ManageSeller	
Factory				MintSeller	+n Seller Token
Seller			n Seller Outputs	UsingSeller	

3.5.7 Using Seller

Actor	Ref Input	Inputs	Outputs	Redeemer	Mint	Notes
Treasury	Treasury Ref Input					Require
Factory				MintSeller	+n Order Token	Optional
Seller		Seller Input	Seller Output	UsingSeller		Require
Order		Order Inputs		UpdateOrder		Optional
User		User Inputs	User Outputs			Optional

3.5.8 Collect Sellers

Actor	Ref Input	Inputs	Outputs	Redeemer	Mint
Treasury	Treasury Ref Input				
Manager		Manager Input	Manager Output	ManageSeller	
Factory				MintSeller	-n Seller Token
Seller		n Seller Inputs		CountingSeller	

3.5.9 Collect Manager

Actor	Inputs	Outputs	Redeemer	Mint
Treasury	Treasury Input	Treasury Output	CollectManager	
Factory			MintManager	-1 Manager Token
Manager	Manager Input		SpendManager	

3.5.10 Collect Orders

Actor	Inputs	Outputs	Redeemer
Treasury	Treasury Input	Treasury Output	CollectOrders
Order	n Order Inputs	n Order Outputs	CollectOrder

3.5.11 Create AMM Pool

Actor	Inputs	Outputs	Redeemer	Mint
Treasury	Treasury Input	Treasury Output	CreateAmmPool	
Project Owner		Project Output		
AMM Factory	AMM Factory Input	AMM Factory Output 1 AMM Factory Output 2	anything	
AMM Authen Minting Policy			CreatePool	+1 AMM Factory Token +1 AMM Pool Token +n AMM LP Token
AMM Pool		AMM Pool Output		

3.5.12 Redeem or Refund Orders

Actor	Inputs	Outputs	Redeemer	Mint
Treasury	Treasury Input	Treasury Output	RedeemOrders	
Order	n Order Inputs	n Order Outputs	RedeemOrder	
Factory			MintOrder	-n Order Token
User		n User Outputs		