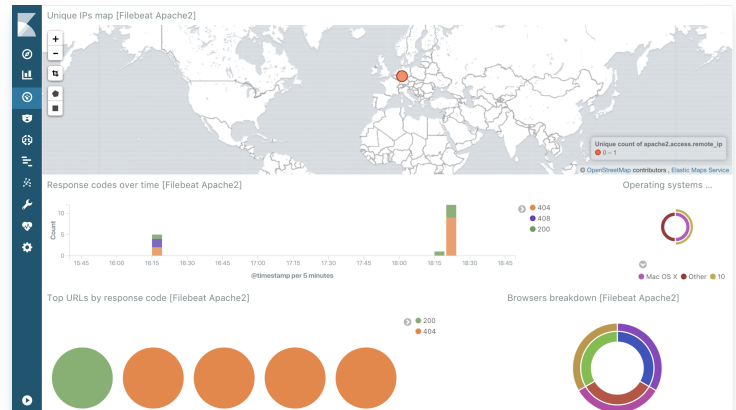




Apache logs

The apache Filebeat module parses access and error logs created by the Apache HTTP server. [Learn more.](#)

[View exported fields](#)[Self managed](#)[Elastic Cloud](#)

Getting Started

[macOS](#) [DEB](#) [RPM](#) [Windows](#)

1 Download and install Filebeat

First time using Filebeat? See the [Getting Started Guide](#).

[Copy snippet](#)

```
curl -L -O
https://artifacts.elastic.co/downloads/beats/filebeat/filebeat-7.6.1-
x86_64.rpm
sudo rpm -vi filebeat-7.6.1-x86_64.rpm
```

Looking for the 32-bit packages? See the [Download page](#).

2 Edit the configuration

Modify `/etc/filebeat/filebeat.yml` to set the connection information:

[Copy snippet](#)

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e

```
hosts: [ "<es_url>" ]
username: "elastic"
password: "<password>"
setup.kibana:
  host: "<kibana_url>"
```

Where `<password>` is the password of the `elastic` user, `<es_url>` is the URL of Elasticsearch, and `<kibana_url>` is the URL of Kibana.

3 Enable and configure the apache module

[Copy snippet](#)

```
sudo filebeat modules enable apache
```

Modify the settings in the `/etc/filebeat/modules.d/apache.yml` file.

4 Start Filebeat

The `setup` command loads the Kibana dashboards.
If the dashboards are already set up, omit this command.


[Copy snippet](#)


```
sudo filebeat setup
sudo service filebeat start
```


Module status

Check that data is received from the Filebeat `apache`

[Check data](#)










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Apache logs



When all steps are complete, you're ready to explore your data.

Apache logs dashboard