

Linux Tracing

What Why and How?

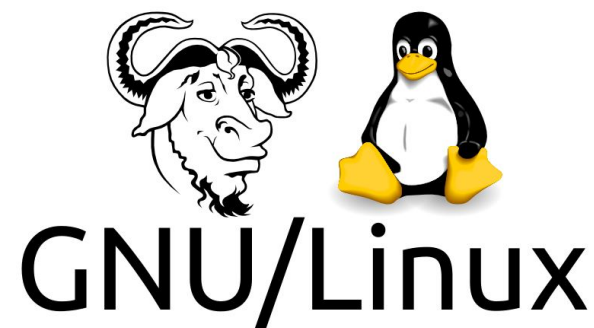
Minto Joseph

whoami

Devops Engineer

Pythian
love your data

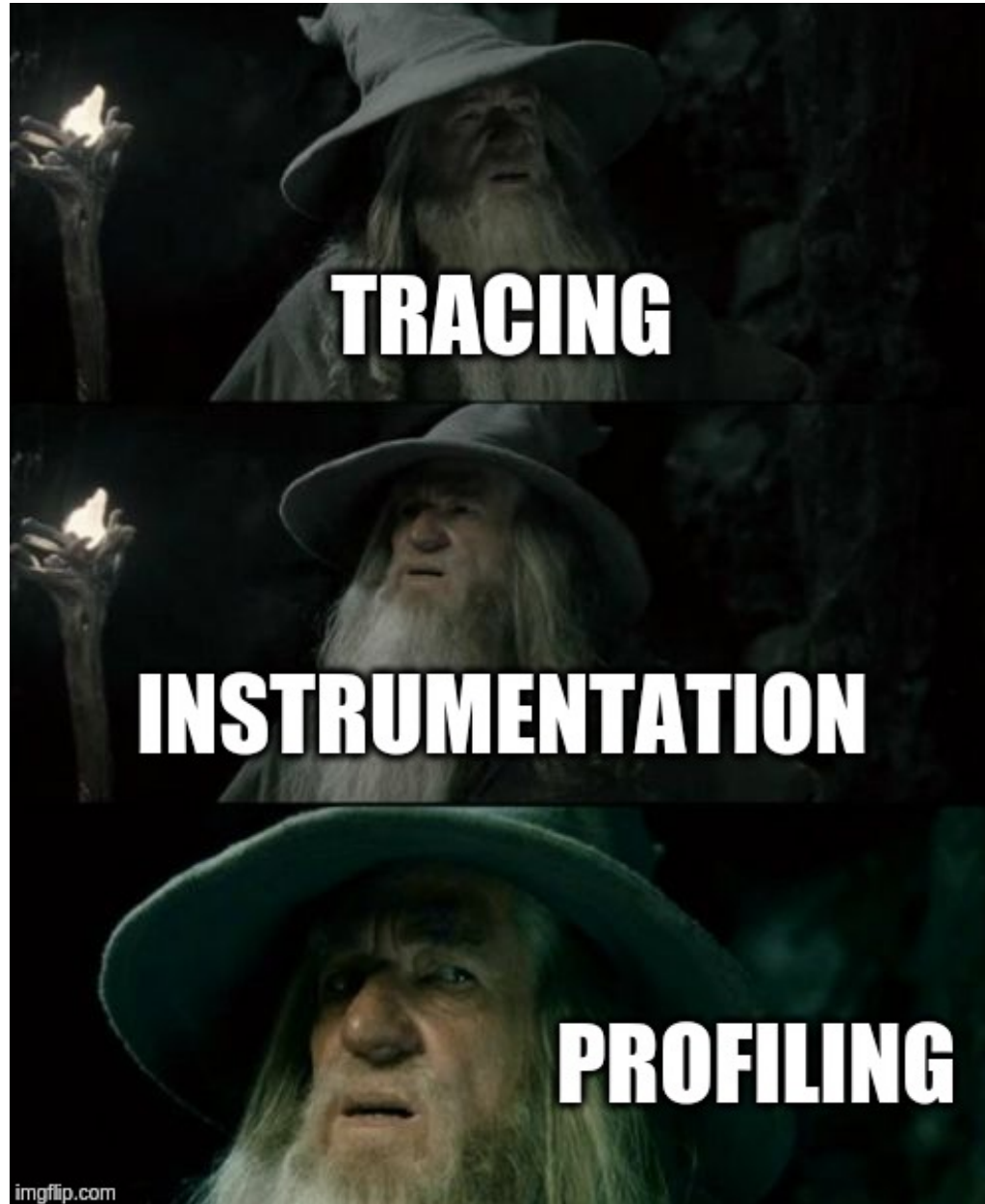
Over 17 years in IT industry



Why?



What?



How?



strace

system calls, signals

```
strace -p <pid>
```

```
strace <command>
```

```
strace -c <command>
```

- k Print the execution stack trace of the traced processes after each system call (experimental).

<https://blog.pythian.com/using-strace-to-debug-application-errors-in-linux/>

sysrq

```
/etc/sysctl.conf  
kernel.sysrq = 1
```

```
echo 1 > /proc/sys/kernel/sysrq
```

```
echo m > /proc/sysrq-trigger  
alt+sysrq+ <key>
```

<https://blog.pythian.com/lessons-learned-from-debugging-application-performance-in-cloud/>

Ftrace

/sys/kernel/debug/tracing

trace-cmd list -f

trace-cmd record -p function -l __do_page_fault

trace-cmd report

perf

perf_events

oprofile 0.9.8 onwards uses perf counters.

<https://blog.pythian.com/debugging-high-cpu-usage-using-perf-tool-and-vmcore-analysis/>

systemtap

Need to load kernel module.

```
stap -v -e 'probe vfs.read {printf("read  
performed\n"); exit()}'
```

ebpf

- bpftrace
- bcc-tools
/usr/share/bcc/tools/

