Assignment - 1

(60 marks) & beyond deadline: 30 marks

- 1. Write a program to run TCP client and server socket programs (client and server must run in different Mininet hosts) where -
- a. Client first says "Hi" and in response server says "Hello". (10 marks)
- b. Server will interpret command "calc expr" where "expr" will look like a+b, a-b, ab, a/b. calc command will operate as the calculator. Calc command will be sent by the client and server will compute and return the results. (20 marks)
- c. Server will maintain a fruit store and multiple clients will do transactions with the server. (30 marks)
 - a. Store will have initially 20 apples and 10 Kg mango. b. Client will send command "buy fruit name quantity"
 - b. Server will show the client IP and port and will assign a unique id to the transaction. This id should be shown to the client
 - c. Server will further deduct the quantities based on the client transactions. If buy 5 apples, it should show 15 apples remaining to you once you connect to the server i.e., remaining items quantity must be shown to the clients before transactions.
 - d. If a requested quantity is not available, server must reply "quantity not available message to that client.

Solution:

(a) server.c program

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>

int main(){
    int welcomeSocket, newSocket;
    char buffer[1024];
    struct sockaddr_in serverAddr;
    struct sockaddr_in serverStorage;
    socklen_t addr_size;

/*---- Create the socket. The three arguments are: ----*/
    /* 1) Internet domain 2) Stream socket 3) Default protocol (TCP in this case) */
    welcomeSocket = socket(PF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);
```

```
/*---- Configure settings of the server address struct ----*/
 /* Address family = Internet */
 serverAddr.sin_family = AF_INET;
 /* Set port number, using htons function to use proper byte order */
 serverAddr.sin port = htons(7891);
 /* Set IP address to localhost */
 serverAddr.sin_addr.s_addr = inet_addr("10.0.0.1");
 /* Set all bits of the padding field to 0 */
 memset(serverAddr.sin zero, '\0', sizeof serverAddr.sin zero);
 /*---- Bind the address struct to the socket ----*/
 bind(welcomeSocket, (struct sockaddr *) &serverAddr, sizeof(serverAddr));
 /*---- Listen on the socket, with 5 max connection requests queued ----*/
 if(listen(welcomeSocket,5)==0)
  printf("Server Listening on port %d\n", serverAddr.sin_port);
 else
  printf("Error\n");
 /*---- Accept call creates a new socket for the incoming connection ----*/
while(1) {
 addr_size = sizeof serverStorage;
 newSocket = accept(welcomeSocket, (struct sockaddr *) &serverStorage, &addr_size);
 /*---- Identify clients like this. The following information of client are taken from client due to connect function -
//Change of the following information at client side can not be done. However, padding field may be changed
and that may be tried
 struct sockaddr_in* cliIP = (struct sockaddr_in*)&serverStorage;
 struct in_addr ipAddr = cliIP->sin_addr;
 char str[INET_ADDRSTRLEN];
 inet_ntop(AF_INET, &ipAddr, str, INET_ADDRSTRLEN);
 char* ID = cliIP->sin zero;
 char str2[8];
 inet_ntop(AF_INET, &ID, str2, 8);
 int i;
 for (i=0;i<8;i++){
         printf("%c", serverStorage.sin_zero[i]);
 }
 /* ---- Receive message from client, if any ---- */
 recv(newSocket, buffer, 1024, 0);
 printf("\n From Client: %s\n", buffer);
 /*---- Send message to the socket of the incoming connection ----*/
 strcpy(buffer, "Hello");
 send(newSocket,buffer,23,0);
 close(newSocket);
```

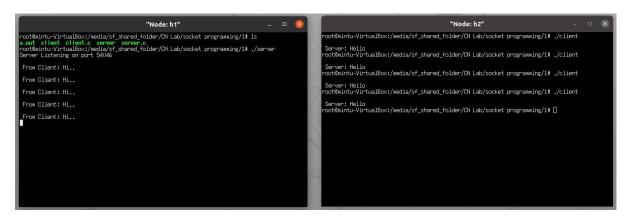
```
}
return 0;
}
```

client.c program

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
int main(){
 int clientSocket;
 char buffer[1024];
 struct sockaddr_in serverAddr, clientAddr;
 socklen_t addr_size;
 /*---- Create the socket. The three arguments are: ----*/
 /* 1) Internet domain 2) Stream socket 3) Diefault protocol (TCP in this case) */
 clientSocket = socket(PF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);
 /*---- Configure settings of the server address struct ----*/
 /* Address family = Internet */
 serverAddr.sin_family = AF_INET;
 /* Set port number, using htons function to use proper byte order */
 serverAddr.sin_port = htons(7891);
 /* Set IP address to localhost */
 serverAddr.sin_addr.s_addr = inet_addr("10.0.0.1");
 /* Set all bits of the padding field to 0 */
 memset(serverAddr.sin_zero, '\0', sizeof serverAddr.sin_zero);
 /*---- Connect the socket to the server using the address struct ----*/
 connect(clientSocket, (struct sockaddr *) &serverAddr, sizeof(serverAddr));
 /* ---- Send something to server ---- */
 strcpy(buffer, "Hi..");
 send(clientSocket,buffer, 1024, 0);
```

```
/*---- Read the message from the server into the buffer ----*/
recv(clientSocket, buffer, 1024, 0);
/*---- Print the received message ----*/
printf("\n From server: %s\n",buffer);
return 0;
}
```

Program 1(a) output:



(b) server.c program

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>

int calc(char ch[255]);
int main(){
  int welcomeSocket, newSocket;
  char buffer[1024];
  int result;

struct sockaddr_in serverAddr;
  struct sockaddr_in serverStorage;
```

```
socklen_t addr_size;
 /*---- Create the socket. The three arguments are: ----*/
 /* 1) Internet domain 2) Stream socket 3) Default protocol (TCP in this case) */
 welcomeSocket = socket(PF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);
 /*---- Configure settings of the server address struct ----*/
 /* Address family = Internet */
 serverAddr.sin_family = AF_INET;
 /* Set port number, using htons function to use proper byte order */
 serverAddr.sin_port = htons(7891);
 /* Set IP address to localhost */
 serverAddr.sin_addr.s_addr = inet_addr("10.0.0.1");
 /* Set all bits of the padding field to 0 */
 memset(serverAddr.sin zero, '\0', sizeof serverAddr.sin zero);
 /*---- Bind the address struct to the socket ----*/
 bind(welcomeSocket, (struct sockaddr *) &serverAddr, sizeof(serverAddr));
 /*---- Listen on the socket, with 5 max connection requests queued ----*/
 if(listen(welcomeSocket,5)==0)
  printf("Listening\n");
 else
  printf("Error\n");
 /*---- Accept call creates a new socket for the incoming connection ----*/
while(1) {
 addr_size = sizeof serverStorage;
 newSocket = accept(welcomeSocket, (struct sockaddr *) &serverStorage, &addr_size);
 /*---- Identify clients like this. The following information of client are taken from client due to connect function ----*/
 //Change of the following information at client side can not be done. However, padding field may be changed and that
may be tried
 struct sockaddr in* cliIP = (struct sockaddr in*)&serverStorage;
 struct in addr ipAddr = cliIP->sin addr;
```

```
char str[INET_ADDRSTRLEN]
inet_ntop(AF_INET, &ipAddr, str, INET_ADDRSTRLEN);
 char* ID = cliIP->sin_zero;
 char str2[8];
 inet_ntop(AF_INET, &ID, str2, 8);
 int i;
 for (i=0;i<8;i++){
          printf("%c", serverStorage.sin_zero[i]);
 }
 /* ---- Receive message from client, if any ---- */
 recv(newSocket, buffer, 1024, 0);
 printf("\n From Client: calc %s\n", buffer);
 /*---- Send message to the socket of the incoming connection ----*/
// strcpy(res, calc(buffer));
  result = calc(buffer);
 send(newSocket,&result,4,0);
 close(newSocket);
 return 0;
}
// function defs
int calc(char ch[255]){
int num1 = 0,num2 = 0;
char op;
int state = 0;
int result =0;
  int i=0;
  for (i = 0; i < strlen(ch); i++) {
      if (ch[i] != '\n'){
         if (ch[i] \ge 0' \&\& ch[i] \le 9'){ //Checks if the character is a number
           if (state == 0)
```

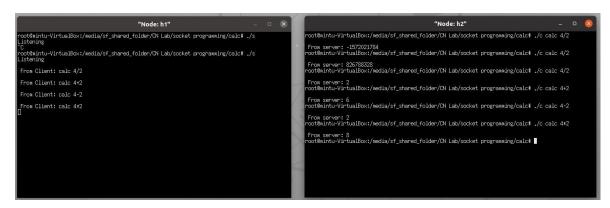
```
num1 = num1*10 + ch[i] - '0'; // Convert ASCII to decimal
          else
          num2 = num2*10 + ch[i] - '0'; // Convert ASCII to decimal
      }
      else{
        op = ch[i] ;
        state = 1;
      }
    }
   switch(op)
   {
    case '+': result = num1 + num2;
    break;
    case '-': result = num1 - num2;
    break;
    case '*': result = num1 * num2;
    break;
    case '/': result = num1 / num2;
    break;
   }
 return result;
Client.c program
// calc client
#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
```

}

int main(int argc, char* argv[]){

```
int clientSocket;
char buffer[1024];
int result;
 struct sockaddr_in serverAddr, clientAddr;
 socklen taddr size;
 /*---- Create the socket. The three arguments are: ----*/
 /* 1) Internet domain 2) Stream socket 3) Dlefault protocol (TCP in this case) */
 clientSocket = socket(PF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);
 /*---- Configure settings of the server address struct ----*/
 /* Address family = Internet */
 serverAddr.sin_family = AF_INET;
 /* Set port number, using htons function to use proper byte order */
 serverAddr.sin_port = htons(7891);
 /* Set IP address to localhost */
 serverAddr.sin_addr.s_addr = inet_addr("10.0.0.1");
 /* Set all bits of the padding field to 0 */
 memset(serverAddr.sin_zero, '\0', sizeof serverAddr.sin_zero);
 /*---- Connect the socket to the server using the address struct ----*/
 connect(clientSocket, (struct sockaddr *) &serverAddr, sizeof(serverAddr));
 /* ---- Send something to server ---- */
 strcpy(buffer, argv[2]);
 send(clientSocket,buffer, 1024, 0);
 /*---- Read the message from the server into the buffer ----*/
 recv(clientSocket, &result, 4, 0);
 /*---- Print the received message ----*/
 printf("\n From server: %d\n",result);
 return 0;
}
```

Output 1(b):



(C)

```
Server.c code
#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <time.h>
int main()
 int welcomeSocket, newSocket;
 char buffer[1024];
 int result;
 int mango_availble = 10;
 int apple_available = 20;
 int txn_id;
 char * fruit;
 int qty;
 struct sockaddr_in serverAddr;
 struct sockaddr_in serverStorage;
```

socklen_t addr_size;

```
/*---- Create the socket. The three arguments are: ----*/
 /* 1) Internet domain 2) Stream socket 3) Default protocol (TCP in this case) */
 welcomeSocket = socket(PF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);
 /*---- Configure settings of the server address struct ----*/
 /* Address family = Internet */
 serverAddr.sin_family = AF_INET;
 /* Set port number, using htons function to use proper byte order */
 serverAddr.sin_port = htons(7891);
 /* Set IP address to localhost */
 serverAddr.sin_addr.s_addr = inet_addr("10.0.0.1");
 /* Set all bits of the padding field to 0 */
 memset(serverAddr.sin_zero, '\0', sizeof serverAddr.sin_zero);
 /*---- Bind the address struct to the socket ----*/
 bind(welcomeSocket, (struct sockaddr *) &serverAddr, sizeof(serverAddr));
 /*---- Listen on the socket, with 5 max connection requests queued ----*/
 if(listen(welcomeSocket,5)==0)
  printf("Listening\n");
 else
  printf("Error\n");
 /*---- Accept call creates a new socket for the incoming connection ----*/
while(1) {
 addr_size = sizeof serverStorage;
 newSocket = accept(welcomeSocket, (struct sockaddr *) &serverStorage, &addr_size);
 /*---- Identify clients like this. The following information of client are taken from client due to connect function ----*/
 //Change of the following information at client side can not be done. However, padding field may be changed and that
may be tried
 struct sockaddr_in* cliIP = (struct sockaddr_in*)&serverStorage;
 struct in_addr ipAddr = cliIP->sin_addr;
 char str[INET ADDRSTRLEN];
 inet ntop(AF INET, &ipAddr, str, INET ADDRSTRLEN);
```

```
char* ID = cliIP->sin_zero;
 char str2[8];
 inet_ntop(AF_INET, &ID, str2, 8);
 int i;
 for (i=0;i<8;i++){
          printf("%c", serverStorage.sin_zero[i]);
 }
/*---- Send message to the socket of the incoming connection ----*/
 send(newSocket,&apple_available,4,0);
 send(newSocket,&mango_availble,4,0);
 /* ---- Receive message from client, if any ---- */
 recv(newSocket, buffer, 1024, 0);
 recv(newSocket, fruit, 1024, 0);
 recv(newSocket, &qty, 1024, 0);
 printf("\nData received from client <%s, %d>: %s %d\n",inet_ntoa(serverStorage.sin_addr), serverStorage.sin_port,
buffer, fruit, qty);
 if(strcmp(fruit, "apple") == 0){
   if(apple_available < qty){</pre>
     strcpy(buffer, "Requested qty not available");
     send(newSocket,buffer,1024,0);
   }
   else{
     char txnId[30];
     apple_available = apple_available - qty;
     txn_id = (int)time(NULL);
     sprintf(buffer, "%d", txn_id);
     send(newSocket,buffer,1024,0);
   }
 }
 if(strcmp(fruit, "mango") == 0){
```

```
if(mango_availble < qty){</pre>
     strcpy(buffer, "Requested qty not available");
     send(newSocket,buffer,1024,0);
   }
   else{
     mango_availble = mango_availble - qty;
     txn_id = (int)time(NULL);
     sprintf(buffer, "%d", txn_id);
     send(newSocket,buffer,1024,0);
   }
 }
 close(newSocket);
}
 return 0;
}
client.c Program
// calc client
#include <stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
int main(int argc, char* argv[]){
 int clientSocket;
 char buffer[1024];
 int result;
 int mango_availble = -1;
 int apple_available = -1;
 char* fruit = argv[2];
 int qty = atoi(argv[3]);
```

```
struct sockaddr_in serverAddr, clientAddr;
 socklen_t addr_size;
 /*---- Create the socket. The three arguments are: ----*/
 /* 1) Internet domain 2) Stream socket 3) Diefault protocol (TCP in this case) */
 clientSocket = socket(PF INET, SOCK STREAM, 0);
 /*---- Configure settings of the server address struct ----*/
 /* Address family = Internet */
 serverAddr.sin_family = AF_INET;
 /* Set port number, using htons function to use proper byte order */
 serverAddr.sin port = htons(7891);
 /* Set IP address to localhost */
 serverAddr.sin_addr.s_addr = inet_addr("10.0.0.1");
 /* Set all bits of the padding field to 0 */
 memset(serverAddr.sin_zero, '\0', sizeof serverAddr.sin_zero);
 /*---- Connect the socket to the server using the address struct ----*/
 connect(clientSocket, (struct sockaddr *) &serverAddr, sizeof(serverAddr));
 /*---- Read the message from the server into the buffer ----*/
 recv(clientSocket, &apple_available, 4, 0);
 recv(clientSocket, &mango_availble, 4, 0);
 printf("\nFrom server: ");
 printf("\nMango available: %d \t Apple Available: %d\n", mango_availble, apple_available);
 /* ---- Send something to server ---- */
 strcpy(buffer, argv[1]);
 send(clientSocket,buffer, 1024, 0);
 strcpy(buffer, argv[2]);
 send(clientSocket,buffer, 1024, 0);
 send(clientSocket,&qty, 4, 0);
 // receive response fomr server
 recv(clientSocket, buffer, 1024, 0);
 printf("\nFrom server: %s\n\n", buffer);
 return 0;
}
```

1(c) output:

