HW3. Symbolic Execution

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A. Use Angr to find the exploit for stack buffer overflow

1. Describe the overall code structure of the script.

先跑 simply_exploit.py,得到:

只找到 over()的 overflow,是因為 unconstrained 的狀態,會直接結束該路徑的探索, 導致我們找不到第二個 if 裡面 func()的 overflow。

再跑 full_exploit.py,得到:

```
==find a pc overflow=
over for 0×8 bytes
[PC]stdout:
b'input your name:\nover!\n'
[PC]trigger overflow input:
\x00\x00'
WARNING | 2021-05-11 17:04:43,038 | angr.state_plugins.symbolic_memory | Filling memory at 0x 7fffffffff0000 with 96 unconstrained bytes referenced from 0×1000020 (strstr+0×0 in extern-a
ddress space (0×20))
WARNING | 2021-05-11 17:04:43,039 | angr.state_plugins.symbolic_memory | Filling memory at 0x 7fffffffffeff80 with 8 unconstrained bytes referenced from 0×1000020 (strstr+0×0 in extern-ad
dress space (0×20))
[====find a pc overflow=====]
over for 0×8 bytes
[PC]stdout:
b'input your name:\nover!\ninput admin password:\n'
[PC]trigger overflow input:
\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00'
(angr) angr@e16cd7e36340:/home/kali/Desktop/hw3$
```

full_exploit.py 會檢查 program 是否進入或離開一個 function · 並用 angr 函數檢查 rbp 和 rip 是否為文字 · 如果是就會回報 rbp overflow 或是 rip overflow。

2. Explain the purpose of the code on the lines marked with comment symbol.

1-1

unconstrained : with the instruction pointer controlled by user data or some other source of symbolic data •

若 save_unconstrained 選項為 true,則 states 為 unconstrained 會存在 sm.unconstrained.

1-2

找下列指令: push rbp mov rbp rsp

⇒ Callee 儲存 esp & ebp 檢查是否準備 step into new function

1-3

flag = 2 means ins.insn.mnemonic="leave" & ins.insn.mnemonic="ret" ⇒ 用來檢查 program 是否準備結束一個 function

1-4

rip has been rewrite, print overflow alert

1-5

rbp has been rewrite, print overflow alert

3. Test the exploit(input) on the C program and show your results.

```
Registers -
RAX: 0×1f
RDX: 0×20 (' ')

RSI: 0×20 (' ')

RSI: 0×7ffffffffdf30 ('a' <repeats 30 times>, "\n")

RDI: 0×0
                                                                  rax,0×ffffffffffff000)
RBP: 0×6161616161616161 ('aaaaaaaa')
RSP: 0×7ffffffffd48 → 0×a616161616161 ('aaaaaa\n')
RIP: 0×55555540079d (<over+65>: ret)
R8: 0×6
R9: 0×7fffff7f2f730 (<_memcpy_ssse3+9200>: mov edx,DWORD PTR [rsi-0×5])
R10: 0×6e ('n')
R11: 0×246
P12: 0×55555400610 (<_start>: xor ebp,ebp)
R15: 0×0
EFLAGS: 0×10203 (CARRY parity adjust zero sign trap INTERRUPT direction overflow)
                                                              - Registers
   : 0×1b
RBX: 0×0
                 dee8e (<_GI__libc_read+14>: cmp rax,0×fffffffffffff000)
RSI: 0×7fffffffdf30 ('a' <repeats 26 times>, "\nUUU")
 RP: 0×6161616161616161 ('aaaaaaaa')
                                      ffe068 \rightarrow 0 \times 7fffffffe394 ("/home/kali/Desktop/hw3/Question_A/stack1")
   : 0×5555550a6161 ('aa\nUUU')
                     30 (<__memcpy_ssse3+9200>: mov edx,DWORD PTR [rsi-0×5])
R11: 0×246
R12: 0×55555400610 (<_start>: xor ebp,ebp)
  5: 0×0
```