Pràctica 1

Programació de Microprocessadors

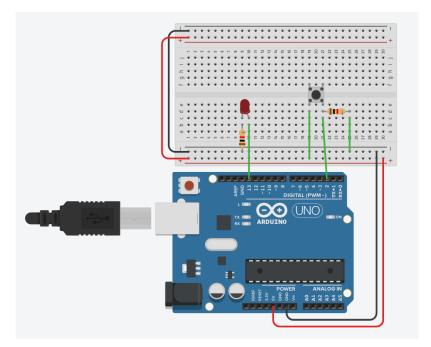
Miquel Rodríguez Juvany

2on Trimestre

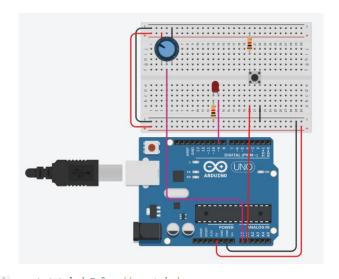
1r GEISI

Índex

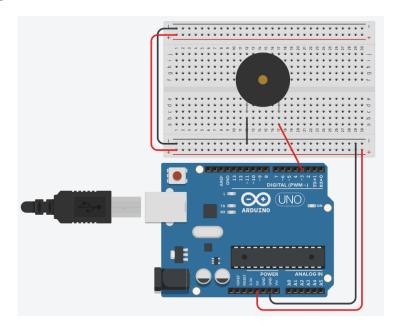
Activitat 1	3
Activitat 2	4
Activitat 3	5
Activitat 4	6
Activitat 5	7
Activitat 6	9



```
1 // C++ code
  4 int led = 13;
 6 int boto = 2;
 8 int estat;
 9 int valor;
 10 int valorAntic;
 12
    void setup()
 13
 14
     pinMode(led, OUTPUT);
                               // Declarem el boto com a entrada
      pinMode (boto, INPUT);
 15
 16 }
 17
 18 void loop()
 19 {
 20
      valor = digitalRead(boto); // Llegim l'estat del boto i el gua
 21
      // Aquest if serveix per mirar si ha canviat l'estat del // botó, és a dir, si l'hem tornat a polsar  
 22
 23
 24
 25
      if((valor==HIGH) && (valorAntic == LOW))
 26
 27
        estat = 1 - estat;
 28
 29
 30
      // Guardem el valor a una altre variable per evitar que es
 31
      // sobrescrigui
 32
      valorAntic = valor;
 34
      // Si l'estat del botó és 1, s'encén, sino s'apaga
 35
 36
 37
      if(estat==1)
 38
 39
        digitalWrite(led, HIGH);
 40
 41
       else
 42
        digitalWrite(led, LOW);
 43
 44
45 }
```



```
const int led = 9; // port led
int estat = 0; // estat boto
int valor = 0; // valor actual
int valorAntic = 0; // valor antic
const int potenciometre = 0; // port potenciometre
int intensitat; // valor intensitat
                              // valor on // valor off
      int on = 255;
   9 int off = 0;
  11 int a;
12 int b;
  14 void setup()
15 {
  16
17
18 }
        pinMode(led, OUTPUT);
         Serial.begin(9600);
  20 void loop()
21 {
         int a = analogRead(A0);
  23
24
         a = map(a, 0, 1023, 0, 255);
         int b = analogRead(A1);
  26
27
28
         b = map(b, 0, 1023, 0, 255);
         // A mida que incrementem el valor del potenciòmetre
  29
30
31
         // el LED s'anira il·luminant gradualment
         // Aquest if serveix per mirar si ha canviat l'estat del // botó, és a dir, si l'hem tornat a polsar
  32
33
34
35
         valor = b;
  36
37
38
         intensitat = a;
         analogWrite(led, intensitat);
  39
         if((valor==HIGH) && (valorAntic == LOW))
  40
  41
 42
43
           estat = 1 - estat;
         }
 44
 45
         // Guardem el valor a una altre variable per evitar que es
 46
         // sobrescrigui
 47
         valorAntic = valor;
  48
  49
         if (estat==1) {
  51
           analogWrite(led,a);
  52
53
         analogWrite(led,off);
 54
55
  56
  57
         Serial.println(a);
 58
         delay(100);
 59
  60
```

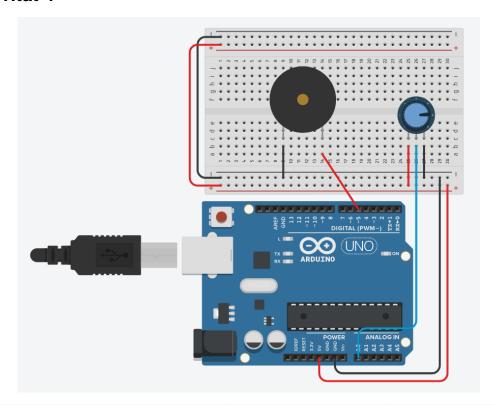


```
int brunzidor = 3;
int freq = 1000;
int segons = 2;

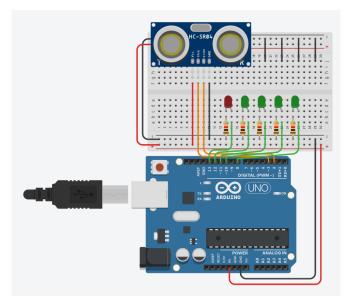
void setup()
{
  pinMode(brunzidor, OUTPUT);
}

void loop()

tone(brunzidor, freq);
}
```

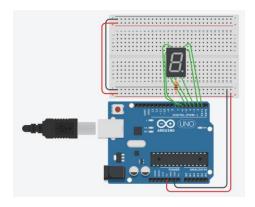


```
1 int brun = 5;
 2 int freq;
   int freqLow = 500;
 4 int freqHigh = 20000;
 5 int poten = A0;
 6 int valorPoten;
8 void setup()
9 {
    pinMode(brun, OUTPUT);
10
11
12
13 void loop()
14 {
15
    valorPoten = analogRead(poten);
    freq = map(valorPoten, 0, 1023, freqLow, freqHigh);
16
   tone(brun, valorPoten);
17
18 }
19
```



```
int echo = 2; //la pota echo del CI va al pin 2
int trigger = 3; //la pota trigger del CI va al pin 3
     int t, d;
int led1 = 8;
int led2 = 10;
     int led3 = 11;
     int led4 = 12;
int ledVermel1 = 13;
     void setup() {
         pinMode(echo, INPUT); //definim el pin 2 como entrada (echo)
pinMode(trigger, OUTPUT); //definim el pin 3 com sortida (tr:
pinMode(led1, OUTPUT);
pinMode(led2, OUTPUT);
           pinMode(led3, OUTPUT);
pinMode(led4, OUTPUT);
15
16
17
           pinMode(ledVermell, OUTPUT);
18 }
19
20 void loop() {
21
        digitalWrite(trigger, LOW); //al començar el loop el trigger ha
        digitalWrite(trigger, HIGH); //genera el pols de trigger por 0
24
        delay(0.01);
       digitalWrite(trigger, LOW);
       t = pulseIn(echo, HIGH);
d = t/58;
28
29
30
           if (d > 30 && d < 300) {
32
             digitalWrite(ledVermell, LOW);
if (d <= 47.5) {
   digitalWrite(led1, HIGH);</pre>
34
 35
                 digitalWrite(led2, LOW);
36
37
38
                 digitalWrite(led3, LOW);
              digitalWrite(led4, LOW);
} else if (d <= 65) {</pre>
 39
                digitalWrite(led1, HIGH);
40
                 digitalWrite(led2, HIGH);
41
                 digitalWrite(led3, LOW);
digitalWrite(led4, LOW);
42
              } else if (d <= 82.5)
                 digitalWrite(led1, HIGH);
digitalWrite(led2, HIGH);
44
45
46
                 digitalWrite(led3. HIGH):
```

```
47
                         digitalWrite(led4, LOW);
                    digitalWrite(led1, HoW),
} else if (d <= 100) {
   digitalWrite(led1, HIGH);
   digitalWrite(led2, HIGH);
   digitalWrite(led3, HIGH);
}</pre>
  48
  49
  50
  51
  52
                        digitalWrite(led4, HIGH);
  53
  54
  55
                 } else {
                        digitalWrite(led1, LOW);
digitalWrite(led2, LOW);
digitalWrite(led3, LOW);
digitalWrite(led4, LOW);
  56
  57
  58
  59
  60
                         digitalWrite(ledVermell, HIGH);
61
62 }
```



```
1 int A = 1;
  2 int B = 2;
  3
    int C = 3;
     int D = 4;
  4
    int E = 5;
  5
  6
    int F = 6;
    int G = 7;
  7
  8
    int inc = 9;
  9 int dec = 8;
 10 int cont = 0;
 11
 12 int pin[7] = {A,B,C,D,E,F,G};
 13 int cas[10][8] = {
 14
 15
       { 0,0,0,0,0,0,1 },
 16
       { 1,0,0,1,1,1,1 },
       { 0,0,1,0,0,1,0 },
 17
       { 0,0,0,0,1,1,0 },
 18
 19
       { 1,0,0,1,1,0,0 },
       { 0,1,0,0,1,0,0
 20
       { 0,1,0,0,0,0,0 },
 21
 22
       { 0,0,0,1,1,1,1 },
 23
       { 0,0,0,0,0,0,0 },
 24
       { 0,0,0,1,1,0,0 }
 25 };
 26
 27
    void setup()
 28
 29
       for(int i=1;i<=7; i++) {
 30
        pinMode(i, OUTPUT);
 31
 32
 33
 34 void loop()
 35
     {
 36
       if(digitalRead(inc) == LOW) {
 37
        if(cont == 9) {
 38
          cont = 0;
         } else cont++;
 39
 40
         delay(300);
 41
       }else if(digitalRead(dec) == LOW) {
        if(cont == 0) {
 42
 43
          cont = 9;
         } else cont--;
 44
 45
        delay(300);
 46
 47
47
48
     for (int i=0; i<7; i++) {
49
       digitalWrite(pin[i], cas[cont][i]);
50
51
      delay(300);
52
53 }
```