Miraj Shah 160050110

Internet Applications and Techniques Coursework Report

Basic Information about development

- Name and Student ID: Miraj Shah, 160050110

- Link to webpage: https://www.cs2410-web02pvm.aston.ac.uk/~shahm23/

- GitHub (link if needed): https://github.com/miraj26/AstonAnimalSanctuary

Staff login details: username: admin
 User login details: username: bobby19
 password: admin
 password: password

Brief description of key technologies and structure of your system

To complete this project, I used the Laravel framework and adhered to the MVC structure, where the views can be found in the resources folder, the controller and models can be found in the app folder. The database was created using phpMyAdmin using MySQL.

Required functions implemented

Feature	Source File(s)				
Register new user account	Auth\RegisterController.php				
	Auth\register.blade.php				
Login with user showing available	 LoginController.php (not in the auth folder) 				
pets	Auth\login.blade.php				
	 HomeController.php → pets() 				
	adoption_requests\availablepets.blade.php				
User makes an adoption request	 HomeController.php → requested() 				
	adoption_requests\requestsmade.blade.php				
	adoption_requests\edit.blade.php				
	 AdoptionRequestController.php 				
View all requests made by user	adoption_requests\requestsmade.blade.php				
	 HomeController.php → allrequest() 				
Admin login	 LoginController.php (not in the auth folder) 				
	Auth\login.blade.php				
	 DashboardController → pending() 				
	pending.blade.php				
Approve/Deny adoption request	 DashboardController.php → review() 				
List all animals in system and show	 AnimalController.php → index() 				
who owns them	animals\index.blade.php				
	animals\owner.blade.php				
	 UserController.php 				
All Requests made by all users	 DashboardController.php → requests() 				
	admin\requests.blade.php				
Add new animal to system	 AnimalController.php → create() and store() 				

Security features used

Feature	Source File(s)

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Authentication/Authorisation	 Auth\VerificationController.php web.php → group middleware for user and admin LoginController.php → login()
Form Validation	 register.blade.php Auth\RegisterController.php → validator() login.blade.php animals\create.blade.php AnimalController.php → store() and update() animals\edit.blade.php edituser.blade.php HomeController.php → edit() and update()
Hash password	 Auth\RegisterController.php → create()
Restrict file upload to only images	• AnimalController.php → store() and update()
CSRF	 Auth\register.blade.php Auth\login.blade.php edituser.blade.php adoption_requests\edit.blade.php animals\create.blade.php animals\edit.blade.php admin\pending.blade.php
Restrict URLs- so you have to be logged in to view them (middleware)	 web.php → group middleware for user and admin; each group contains a list of URLs, so they have to be logged into the write account in order to view them otherwise they will be redirected to the log in page Middleware\Admin.php Middleware\User.php User.php → is_admin()
Handling Injections	The Laravel framework used the Eloquent ORM, which uses PDO parameter binding to protect against SQL injections. Blade statements are automatically send through PHP's htmlspecialchars function to prevent again HTML injections.

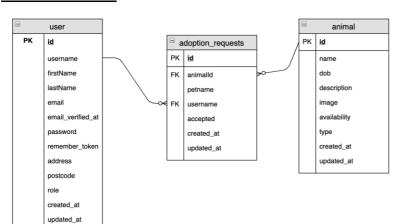
Stretchers

Feature	Source File(s)		
Different animal types	 migrations\ 2019_04_03_194234_create_animals_table.php AnimalController.php → store() 		
Filter Animals	 AnimalController.php → index() animals\index.blade.php HomeController.php → pets() adoption_requests\availablepets.blade.php 		

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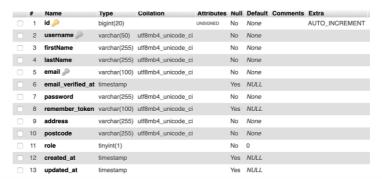
User can view their own information	 HomeContoller.php → index() home.blade.php
View the details of the owner through the admin view	 animals\owner.blade.php UserController.php → show()
User can edit some of their details	 edituser.blade.php HomeController.php → update() and edit()
Pagination	 AnimalController.php → index() HomeController.php → pets()
Admin can view, edit and delete a pet	 AnimalController.php: display → show(); edit → edit() and update(); delete → destroy;

Database Schema



- A user can make multiple requests to different animals and an animal can have many requests from different users.

Users Table Constraints:



Animals Table Constraints:



Adoption_Requests Table Constraints:

	#	Name	Туре	Collation	Attributes	Null	Default	Comments	Extra
	1	id 🔑	bigint(100)		UNSIGNED	No	None		AUTO_INCREMENT
	2	animalld	int(11)			No	None		
0	3	petname	varchar(255)	utf8mb4_unicode_ci		No	None		
	4	username	varchar(255)	utf8mb4_unicode_ci		No	None		
	5	accepted	enum('Approved', 'Pending', 'Rejected', ")	utf8mb4_unicode_ci		No	Pending		
	6	created_at	timestamp			Yes	NULL		
	7	updated_at	timestamp			Yes	NULL		