

MAT434: Theory of Mathematical Statistics

Miraj Samarakkody

Tougaloo College

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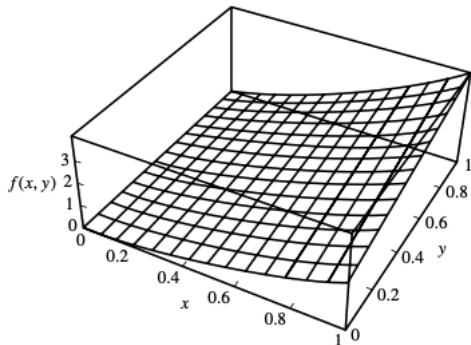
Continuous Random Variables [1]

Example A

Consider the bivariate density function

$$f(x, y) = \frac{12}{7}(x^2 + xy), \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1, \quad 0 \leq y \leq 1.$$

Calculate $P(X > Y)$.



Continuous Random Variables

The **marginal cdf** of X , of F_X , is

$$\begin{aligned} F_X(x) &= P(X \leq x) \\ &= \lim_{y \rightarrow \infty} F(x, y) \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^x \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(u, y) \, dy \, du \end{aligned}$$

The marginal density of X is

$$f_X(x) = F'_X(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x, y) \, dy$$

Example B

Consider the bivariate density function

$$f(x, y) = \frac{12}{7}(x^2 + xy), \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1, \quad 0 \leq y \leq 1.$$

Find the marginal density of X .

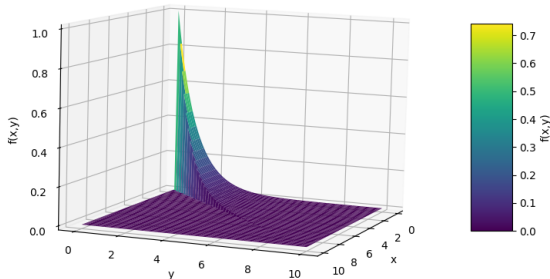
Example D

Consider the following joint density:

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \lambda^2 e^{-\lambda y}, & 0 \leq x \leq y, \lambda > 0 \\ 0, & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$

Find the marginal densities.

Joint Density $f(x, y)$



Continuous Random Variables

- ▶ In some applications, it is useful to analyze distributions that are uniform over some region space.
- ▶ For example, in the plane, the random point (X, Y) is uniform over a region R , if for any $A \subset R$,

$$P((X, Y) \in A) = \frac{|A|}{|R|}$$

Example E

A point is chosen randomly in a disk of radius 1. Since the area of the disk is π ,

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{\pi} & \text{if } x^2 + y^2 \leq 1 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Find $F_R(r)$, $f_R(r)$, $f_X(x)$ and $f_Y(y)$.

References



John A. Rice.

Mathematical Statistics and Data Analysis.

Cengage Learning, 3rd edition, 2006.